11. 고객 세그멘테이션 프로젝트

```
-- -- 컬럼 별 누락된 값의 비율 계산
SELECT column_name, ROUND((total - column_value) / total * 100, 2)
FROM
```

SELECT 'InvoiceNo' AS column_name, COUNT(InvoiceNo) AS column_value SELECT 'StockCode' AS column_name, COUNT(StockCode) AS column_value SELECT 'Description' AS column_name, COUNT(Description) AS column_value, C SELECT 'Quantity' AS column_name, COUNT(Quantity) AS column_value, C SELECT 'InvoiceDate' AS column_name, COUNT(InvoiceDate) AS column_value, SELECT 'UnitPrice' AS column_name, COUNT(UnitPrice) AS column_value, SELECT 'CustomerID' AS column_name, COUNT(CustomerID) AS column_value, CC) AS column_data;

행 //	column_name ▼	, f0_ ▼
	InvoiceNo	0.0
2	UnitPrice	0.0
3	Description	0.27
4	StockCode	0.0
5	CustomerID	24.93
6	Country	0.0
7	InvoiceDate	0.0
8	Quantity	0.0

-- 결측치 있는 행 제거

DELETE FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
WHERE Description IS NULL
OR CustomerID IS NULL

① 문으로 data4의 행 135,080개가 삭제되었습니다.

-- 중복된 행의 개수 확인

SELECT InvoiceNo, StockCode, Description, Quantity, InvoiceDate, UnitPrice,

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 GROUP BY InvoiceNo, StockCode, Description, Quantity, InvoiceDate, UnitPric HAVING COUNT(*) > 1



① 문으로 이름이 data4인 테이블이 교체되었습니다.

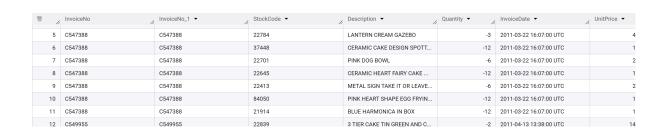
-- 중복값을 처리하고 난 후 남은 데이터의 행의 개수 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

행	, f0_ ▼
1	401604

-- -- 고유(unique)한 InvoiceNo의 개수를 출력 SELECT DISTINCT InvoiceNo FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 LIMIT 100

행 //	InvoiceNo ▼	
5	549222	
6	556201	
7	562032	
8	573511	
9	581180	
10	539318	
11	541998	
12	548955	

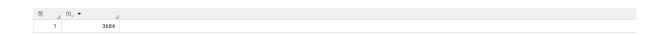
-- InvoiceNo가 'C'로 시작하는 행을 필터링 SELECT DISTINCT InvoiceNo, * FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 WHERE InvoiceNo LIKE 'C%' LIMIT 100



-- 구매 건 상태가 Canceled 인 데이터의 비율 SELECT ROUND(SUM(CASE WHEN InvoiceNo LIKE 'C%' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4



-- 고유한 StockCode의 개수를 출력 SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT StockCode) FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data1



-- StockCode 별 등장 빈도를 출력 SELECT StockCode, COUNT(StockCode) AS StockCode_cnt FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

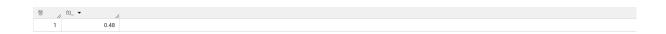
GROUP BY StockCode ORDER BY StockCode_cnt DESC LIMIT 10

```
-- StockCode의 문자열 내 숫자의 길이
WITH UniqueStockCodes AS (
SELECT DISTINCT StockCode
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
)
SELECT
LENGTH(StockCode) - LENGTH(REGEXP_REPLACE(StockCode, r'[0-9]', '')) / COUNT(*) AS stock_cnt
FROM UniqueStockCodes
GROUP BY number_count
ORDER BY stock_cnt DESC;
```

```
-- 숫자가 0~1개인 값들에는 어떤 코드들이 들어가 있는지를 확인
SELECT DISTINCT StockCode, number_count
FROM (
SELECT StockCode,
LENGTH(StockCode) - LENGTH(REGEXP_REPLACE(StockCode, r'[0-9]', ''))
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
)
WHERE number_count = 0 OR number_count = 1
```



-- 해당 코드 값들을 가지고 있는 데이터 수는 전체 데이터 수 대비 몇 퍼센트? SELECT ROUND(SUM(CASE WHEN StockCode IN ('POST','D','C2', 'M', 'BANK FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4



-- 제품과 관련되지 않은 거래 기록을 제거하는 쿼리문 DELETE FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 WHERE StockCode IN ('POST','D','C2', 'M', 'BANK CHARGES', 'PADS', 'DOT', '(

① 민으로 data4의 행 1,915개가 삭제되었습니다.

-- 고유한 Description 별 출현 빈도를 계산하고 상위 30개를 출력 SELECT Description, COUNT(*) AS description_cnt FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 GROUP BY Description LIMIT 30;



-- 대소문자가 혼합된 Description이 있는지 확인 SELECT DISTINCT Description FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 WHERE REGEXP_CONTAINS(Description, r'[a-z]')



-- -- 서비스 관련 정보를 포함하는 행들을 제거

DELETE

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
WHERE Description IN ('High Resolution Image','Next Day Carriage')

① 이 문으로 data4의 행 83개가 삭제되었습니다.

-- 대소문자를 혼합하고 있는 데이터를 대문자로 표준화 CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 SELECT

* EXCEPT (Description), UPPER(Description) AS Description FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

-- UnitPrice의 최솟값, 최댓값, 평균 SELECT MIN(UnitPrice) AS min_price, MAX(UnitPrice) AS max_price, AVG(Uni

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.d



-- 단가가 0원인 거래의 개수, 구매 수량(Quantity)의 최솟값, 최댓값, 평균 SELECT COUNT(Quantity) AS cnt_quantity, MIN(Quantity) AS min_quantity, M. FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 WHERE UnitPrice = 0



-- -- DATE 함수를 활용하여 InvoiceDate 컬럼을 연월일 자료형으로 변경 SELECT DATE(InvoiceDate) AS InvoiceDay, * FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 ORDER BY InvoiceDay DESC



-- 가장 최근 구매 일자 MAX() 함수로 찾기 SELECT MAX(DATE(InvoiceDate)) AS most_recent_date FROM `hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4`;

```
행 ____most_recent_date ▼/
1 2011-12-09
```

-- 유저 별로 가장 큰 InvoiceDay를 찾아서 가장 최근 구매일로 저장 SELECT

CustomerID,

DATE(MAX(InvoiceDate)) AS most_recent_date FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4 GROUP BY CustomerID



-- 가장 최근 일자(most_recent_date)와 유저별 마지막 구매일(InvoiceDay)간의 차이를 SELECT

CustomerID,

EXTRACT(DAY FROM MAX(InvoiceDay) OVER () - InvoiceDay) AS recency

FROM (

SELECT

CustomerID,

MAX(DATE(InvoiceDate)) AS InvoiceDay

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

GROUP BY CustomerID

);



-- 전체 거래 건수 계산

SELECT

CustomerID,

COUNT(DISTINCT InvoiceNo) AS purchase_cnt

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

GROUP BY CustomerID



-- 구매한 아이템의 총 수량 계산

SELECT

CustomerID,

SUM(Quantity) AS item_cnt

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

GROUP BY CustomerID



CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_

-- (1) 전체 거래 건수 계산

WITH purchase_cnt AS (

SELECT

CustomerID,

COUNT(DISTINCT InvoiceNo) AS purchase_cnt

FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4

```
GROUP BY CustomerID
),
-- (2) 구매한 아이템 총 수량 계산
item_cnt AS (
 SELECT
  CustomerID,
 SUM(Quantity) AS item_cnt
 FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
 GROUP BY CustomerID
)
-- 기존의 user_r에 (1)과 (2)를 통합
SELECT
 pc.CustomerID,
 pc.purchase_cnt,
 ic.item_cnt,
 ur.recency
FROM purchase_cnt AS pc
JOIN item cnt AS ic
 ON pc.CustomerID = ic.CustomerID
JOIN hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_r AS ur
 ON pc.CustomerID = ur.CustomerID;
```

① 무으로 이름이 user_rf3인 새 테이블이 생성되었습니다.

```
-- 고객별 총 지출액 계산
SELECT
CustomerID,
SUM(Quantity * UnitPrice) AS user_total
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
GROUP BY CustomerID
```



```
-- -- 고객별 평균 거래 금액 계산
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE 'hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user
SELECT
 rf.CustomerID AS CustomerID,
 rf.purchase_cnt,
 rf.item_cnt,
 rf.recency,
 ut.user_total,
 SAFE_DIVIDE(ut.user_total, rf.purchase_cnt) AS user_average
FROM 'hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_rf3' AS rf
LEFT JOIN (
 -- 고객 별 총 지출액
 SELECT
  CustomerID,
  SUM(Quantity * UnitPrice) AS user_total
 FROM 'hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4'
 GROUP BY CustomerID
) ut
ON rf.CustomerID = ut.CustomerID;
```

```
-- 구매하는 제품의 다양성
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_
WITH unique_products AS (
SELECT
CustomerID,
```

```
COUNT(DISTINCT StockCode) AS unique_products
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
GROUP BY CustomerID
)
SELECT ur.*, up.* EXCEPT (CustomerID)
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_rfm2 AS ur
JOIN unique_products AS up
ON ur.CustomerID = up.CustomerID;
```

● 이 문으로 이름이 user_data2인 새 테이블이 생성되었습니다.

```
-- 평균 구매 주기
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_
WITH purchase_intervals AS (
 -- (2) 고객 별 구매와 구매 사이의 평균 소요 일수
 SELECT
  CustomerID,
  CASE WHEN ROUND(AVG(interval_), 2) IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE ROUND(AVG
 FROM (
  -- (1) 구매와 구매 사이에 소요된 일수
  SELECT
   CustomerID,
   DATE_DIFF(InvoiceDate, LAG(InvoiceDate) OVER (PARTITION BY Custome
  FROM
   hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
  WHERE CustomerID IS NOT NULL
 GROUP BY CustomerID
)
SELECT u.*, pi.* EXCEPT (CustomerID)
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_data2 AS u
```

```
LEFT JOIN purchase_intervals AS pi
ON u.CustomerID = pi.CustomerID;
```

● 이 문으로 이름이 user_data2인 테이블이 교체되었습니다.

```
-- 취소 비율
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user.
WITH TransactionInfo AS (
SELECT
CustomerID,
COUNT(DISTINCT InvoiceNo) AS total_transactions,
COUNT(DISTINCT IF(STARTS_WITH(InvoiceNo, 'C'), InvoiceNo, NULL)) AS
FROM hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.data4
WHERE CustomerID IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY CustomerID
)

SELECT u.*, t.* EXCEPT(CustomerID), SAFE_DIVIDE(t.cancel_frequency, t.tota
FROM `hardy-aleph-464902-v8.modulabs_project.user_data2` AS u
LEFT JOIN TransactionInfo AS t
ON u.CustomerID = t.CustomerID;
```