

# VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



**LAB REPORT**  
**on**

## **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

*Submitted by*

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*in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of*  
**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**  
*in*  
**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**



**B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

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(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)  
**Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “OPERATING SYSTEMS” carried out by **JITENDAR EY (1BM21CS268)**, who is a bonafide student of **B.M.S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic semester June-2023 to September-2023. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **OPERATING SYSTEMS (22CS4PCOPS)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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## Course Outcome

CO1	Apply the different concepts and functionalities of Operating System.
CO2	Analyse various Operating system strategies and techniques.
CO3	Demonstrate the different functionalities of Operating System.
CO4	Conduct practical experiments to implement the functionalities of Operating system.

## PROGRAM -1

Write a C program to simulate the following non-pre-emptive CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.

☐ FCFS

☐ SJF (pre-emptive & non-pre-emptive)

### FCFS

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
typedef struct
```

```
{
```

```
    int pID, aT, bT, sT, cT, taT, wT;
```

```
} Process;
```

```
double avgTAT;
```

```
double avgWT;
```

```
void calculateTimes(Process p[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int currT = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        p[i].sT = currT;
```

```
        p[i].cT = currT + p[i].bT;
```

```
        p[i].taT = p[i].cT - p[i].aT;
```

```
        p[i].wT = p[i].taT - p[i].bT;
```

```
        currT = p[i].cT;
```



```

{
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    Process p[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter the arrival time and burst time for process %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d %d", &p[i].aT, &p[i].bT);
        p[i].pID = i + 1;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
        {
            if (p[j].aT > p[j + 1].aT)
            {
                Process temp = p[j];
                p[j] = p[j + 1];
                p[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    calculateTimes(p, n);
    displayp(p, n);
    return 0;
}

```



## OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS  DEBUG CONSOLE  OUTPUT  TERMINAL  Code + v [ ] [ ] ... ^ X

PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft" ; if ($?) { gcc fcfs.c -o fcfs } ; if ($?) { .\fcfs }
Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the arrival time and burst time for process 1: 0 8
Enter the arrival time and burst time for process 2: 1 4
Enter the arrival time and burst time for process 3: 2 9
Enter the arrival time and burst time for process 4: 3 5
Process Arrival Time    Burst Time    Start Time    Completion Time    Turnaround Time    Waiting Time
1      0           8          0           8           02           1           4           8           12           11           7
3      2           9          12          21          19           10
4      3           5          21          26          23           18
Average Turnaround time = 15.25
Average Waiting time = 8.75
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> [ ]
```

### *SJF (pre-emptive & non-pre-emptive)*

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
```

```
#define MAX_PROCESSES 10
```

```
struct Process
```

```
{  
    int pid;  
    int arr_time;  
    int burst_time;  
    int rem_time;  
    int tat;  
    int wt;  
};
```

```
void sjf_nonpreemptive(struct Process p[], int n)
```

```
{  
    int i, j, count = 0, m;  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    {  
        if (p[i].arr_time == 0)  
            count++;  
    }  
    if (count == n || count == 1)  
    {  
        if (count == n)
```

```

{
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
        {
            if (p[j].burst_time > p[j + 1].burst_time)
            {
                struct Process temp = p[j];
                p[j] = p[j + 1];
                p[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = 1; i < n - 1; i++)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= n - i - 1; j++)
        {
            if (p[j].burst_time > p[j + 1].burst_time)
            {
                struct Process temp = p[j];
                p[j] = p[j + 1];
                p[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

int total_time = 0;
double total_tat = 0;
double total_wt = 0;

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    total_time += p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].tat = total_time - p[i].arr_time;
    p[i].wt = p[i].tat - p[i].burst_time;

    total_tat += p[i].tat;
    total_wt += p[i].wt;
}

printf("Process\tTurnaround Time\tWaiting Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", p[i].pid, p[i].tat, p[i].wt);
}

printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", total_tat / n);
printf("Average Waiting Time: %.2f\n", total_wt / n);
}

void sjf_preemptive(struct Process p[], int n)

```

```

{
    int total_time = 0, i;
    int completed = 0;

    while (completed < n)
    {
        int shortest_burst = -1;
        int next_process = -1;

        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            if (p[i].arr_time <= total_time && p[i].rem_time > 0)
            {
                if (shortest_burst == -1 || p[i].rem_time < shortest_burst)
                {
                    shortest_burst = p[i].rem_time;
                    next_process = i;
                }
            }
        }

        if (next_process == -1)
        {
            total_time++;
            continue;
        }

        p[next_process].rem_time--;
    }
}

```

```

    total_time++;

    if (p[next_process].rem_time == 0)
    {
        completed++;
        p[next_process].tat = total_time - p[next_process].arr_time;
        p[next_process].wt = p[next_process].tat - p[next_process].burst_time;
    }
}

double total_tat = 0;
double total_wt = 0;

printf("Process\tTurnaround Time\tWaiting Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", p[i].pid, p[i].tat, p[i].wt);
    total_tat += p[i].tat;
    total_wt += p[i].wt;
}

printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", total_tat / n);
printf("Average Waiting Time: %.2f\n", total_wt / n);
}

int main()
{
    int n, quantum, i, choice;
    struct Process p[MAX_PROCESSES];

```

```

printf("Enter the number of Processes: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("\nFor Process %d\n", i + 1);
    printf("Enter Arrival time, Burst Time: ");
    scanf("%d%d", &p[i].arr_time, &p[i].burst_time);
    p[i].pid = i + 1;
    p[i].rem_time = p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].tat = 0;
    p[i].wt = 0;
}
printf("\n>> SJF Non-preemptive Scheduling:\n");
sjf_nonpreemptive(p, n);
printf("\n>> SJF Preemptive Scheduling:\n");
sjf_preemptive(p, n);

return 0;
}

```

## OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\" ; if ($?) { gcc sjf.c -o sjf } ; if ($?) { .\sjf }
Enter the number of Processes: 4

For Process 1
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time: 0 5

For Process 2
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time: 1 3

For Process 3
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time: 2 3

For Process 4
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time: 4 1

>> SJF Non-preemptive Scheduling:
Process Turnaround Time Waiting Time
1      5      0
4      2      1
2      8      5
3     10      7
Average Turnaround Time: 6.25
Average Waiting Time: 3.25

>> SJF Preemptive Scheduling:
Process Turnaround Time Waiting Time
1     12      7
4      1      0
2      3      0
3      6      3
Average Turnaround Time: 5.50
Average Waiting Time: 2.50
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> █
```



## PROGRAM-2

**Write a C program to simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.**

- ☐ **Priority (pre-emptive & non-pre-emptive)**
- ☐ **Round Robin (Experiment with different quantum sizes for RR algorithm)**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
```

```
#define MAX_PROCESSES 10
```

```
struct Process
```

```
{
```

```
    int pid;
```

```
    int arr_time;
```

```
    int burst_time;
```

```
    int priority;
```

```
    int rem_time;
```

```
    int tat;
```

```
    int wt;
```

```
};
```

```
void priority_nonpreemptive(struct Process p[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, count = 0, m;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (p[i].arr_time == 0)
```

```

        count++;
    }
    if (count == n || count == 1)
    {
        if (count == n)
        {
            for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
            {
                for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
                {
                    if (p[j].priority > p[j + 1].priority)
                    {
                        struct Process temp = p[j];
                        p[j] = p[j + 1];
                        p[j + 1] = temp;
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }

    else
    {
        for (i = 1; i < n - 1; i++)
        {
            for (j = 1; j <= n - i - 1; j++)
            {
                if (p[j].priority > p[j + 1].priority)
                {

```

```

        struct Process temp = p[j];
        p[j] = p[j + 1];
        p[j + 1] = temp;
    }
}
}
}
}

int total_time = 0;
double total_tat = 0;
double total_wt = 0;

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    total_time += p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].tat = total_time - p[i].arr_time;
    p[i].wt = p[i].tat - p[i].burst_time;

    total_tat += p[i].tat;
    total_wt += p[i].wt;
}

printf("Process\tTurnaround Time\tWaiting Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n", p[i].pid, p[i].tat, p[i].wt);
}

```

```

printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", total_tat / n);
printf("Average Waiting Time: %.2f\n", total_wt / n);
}

void priority_preemptive(struct Process p[], int n)
{
    int total_time = 0, i;
    int completed = 0;

    while (completed < n)
    {
        int highest_priority = -1;
        int next_process = -1;

        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            if (p[i].arr_time <= total_time && p[i].rem_time > 0)
            {
                if (highest_priority == -1 || p[i].priority < highest_priority)
                {
                    highest_priority = p[i].priority;
                    next_process = i;
                }
            }
        }

        if (next_process == -1)

```

```

    {
        total_time++;
        continue;
    }

    p[next_process].rem_time--;
    total_time++;

    if (p[next_process].rem_time == 0)
    {
        completed++;
        p[next_process].tat = total_time - p[next_process].arr_time;
        p[next_process].wt = p[next_process].tat - p[next_process].burst_time;
    }
}

double total_tat = 0;
double total_wt = 0;

printf("Process\tTurnaround Time\tWaiting Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", p[i].pid, p[i].tat, p[i].wt);

    total_tat += p[i].tat;
    total_wt += p[i].wt;
}

```

```

    printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", total_tat / n);
    printf("Average Waiting Time: %.2f\n", total_wt / n);
}

```

```

void round_robin(struct Process p[], int n, int quantum)

```

```

{
    int total_time = 0, i;
    int completed = 0;

    printf("\nGantt Chart: \n");
    while (completed < n)
    {

        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            if (p[i].arr_time <= total_time && p[i].rem_time > 0)
            {
                if (p[i].rem_time <= quantum)
                {
                    printf("P%d ", p[i].pid);
                    total_time += p[i].rem_time;
                    p[i].rem_time = 0;
                    p[i].tat = total_time - p[i].arr_time;
                    p[i].wt = p[i].tat - p[i].burst_time;
                    completed++;
                }
                else
                {

```

```

        printf("P%d ", p[i].pid);
        total_time += quantum;
        p[i].rem_time -= quantum;
    }
}
}

double total_tat = 0;
double total_wt = 0;

printf("\n");
printf("\nProcess\tTurnaround Time\tWaiting Time\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", p[i].pid, p[i].tat, p[i].wt);

    total_tat += p[i].tat;
    total_wt += p[i].wt;
}

printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", total_tat / n);
printf("Average Waiting Time: %.2f\n", total_wt / n);
}

int main()
{
    int n, quantum, i, choice;

```

```

struct Process p[MAX_PROCESSES];

printf("Enter the number of Processes: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("\nFor Process %d\n", i + 1);
    printf("Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:\n");
    scanf("%d%d%d",&p[i].arr_time,&p[i].burst_time,&p[i].priority);
    p[i].pid = i + 1;
    p[i].rem_time = p[i].burst_time;
    p[i].tat = 0;
    p[i].wt = 0;
}

printf("\nSelect a scheduling algorithm:\n");

printf("1. Priority (Preemptive & Non-preemptive)\n");
printf("2. Round Robin\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
switch (choice)
{
case 1:
    printf("\n>> Priority Non-preemptive Scheduling:\n");
    priority_nonpreemptive(p, n);
    printf("\n>> Priority Preemptive Scheduling:\n");
    priority_preemptive(p, n);

```



```
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("\nEnter the quantum size for Round Robin: ");
        scanf("%d", &quantum);
        printf("\n>> Round Robin Scheduling (Quantum: %d):\n", quantum);
        round_robin(p, n, quantum);
        break;
    default:
        printf("Invalid choice!\n");
        return 1;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\priority\" ; if ($?) { gcc priority.c -o priority } ; if ($?) { .\priority }
Enter the number of Processes: 5

For Process 1
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
0 10 4

For Process 2
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
0 3 1

For Process 3
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
3 8 2

For Process 4
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
4 16 3

For Process 5
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
7 2 5

Select a scheduling algorithm:
1. Priority (Preemptive & Non-preemptive)
2. Round Robin
Enter your choice: 1

>> Priority Non-preemptive Scheduling:
Process Turnaround Time Waiting Time
1      10           0
2      13          10
3      18          10
4      33          17
```

### Priority (pre-emptive & non-pre-emptive):

```
>> Priority Non-preemptive Scheduling:
Process Turnaround Time Waiting Time
1      10          0
2      13          10
3      18          10
4      33          17
5      32          30
Average Turnaround Time: 21.20
Average Waiting Time: 13.40

>> Priority Preemptive Scheduling:
Process Turnaround Time Waiting Time
1      37          27
2       3           0
3       8           0
4      23           7
5      32          30
Average Turnaround Time: 20.60
Average Waiting Time: 12.80
PS C:\Users\jjiten\Desktop\os lab soft\priority> []
```

## Round Robin:

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\priority\" ; if ($?) { gcc priority.c -o priority } ; if ($?) { .\priority }
Enter the number of Processes: 5

For Process 1
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
0 8 0

For Process 2
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
1 1 0

For Process 3
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
3 2 0

For Process 4
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
4 1 0

For Process 5
Enter Arrival time, Burst Time, Priority:
2 5 0

Select a scheduling algorithm:
1. Priority (Preemptive & Non-preemptive)
2. Round Robin
Enter your choice: 2

Enter the quantum size for Round Robin: 2

>> Round Robin Scheduling (Quantum: 2):

Gantt Chart:
P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P1 P5 P1 P5 P1

Process Turnaround Time Waiting Time
1      17          9
2       2          1
3       2          0
4       2          1
5      13          8
Average Turnaround Time: 7.20
Average Waiting Time: 3.80
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\priority> |
```

### PROGRAM-3

**Write a C program to simulate multi-level queue scheduling algorithm considering the following scenario. All the processes in the system are divided into two categories – system processes and user processes. System processes are to be given higher priority than user processes. Use FCFS scheduling for the processes in each queue.**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX_QUEUE_SIZE 100

int totalTime = 0;
int userProcess = 0, systemProcess = 0;

typedef struct {
    int processID;
    int arrivalTime;
    int burstTime;
    int remainingTime;
    int priority; // 0 for system process, 1 for user process
} Process;

void executeProcess(Process process) {
    printf("Executing Process %d\n", process.processID);
    for (int i = 1; i <= process.burstTime; i++) {
        printf("Process %d: %d/%d\n", process.processID, i, process.burstTime);
    }
    printf("Process %d executed\n", process.processID);
}
```

```

void scheduleFCFS(Process system[], Process user[]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < systemProcess; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < systemProcess; j++) {
            if (system[i].arrivalTime > system[j].arrivalTime) {
                Process temp = system[i];
                system[i] = system[j];
                system[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < userProcess; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < userProcess; j++) {
            if (user[i].arrivalTime > user[j].arrivalTime) {
                Process temp = user[i];
                user[i] = user[j];
                user[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    int completed = 0;
    int currentProcess = -1;
    int isUserProcess = 0; // Changed bool to int
    int size = userProcess + systemProcess;
    while (1) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < systemProcess; i++) {
            if (system[i].remainingTime <= 0) {
                count++;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
for (int j = 0; j < userProcess; j++) {
    if (user[j].remainingTime <= 0) {
        count++;
    }
}
if (count == size) {
    printf("\n end of processes");
    exit(0);
}
for (int i = 0; i < systemProcess; i++) {
    if (totalTime >= system[i].arrivalTime && system[i].remainingTime > 0) {
        currentProcess = i;
        isUserProcess = 0; // Changed true to 0
        break;
    }
}
if (currentProcess == -1) {
    for (int j = 0; j < userProcess; j++) {
        if (totalTime >= user[j].arrivalTime && user[j].remainingTime > 0) {
            currentProcess = j;
            isUserProcess = 1; // Changed true to 1
            break;
        }
    }
}
if (currentProcess == -1) {

```

```

        totalTime++;

        printf("\n %d  idle time...", totalTime);

        if (totalTime == 1000) {
            exit(0);
        }
        continue;
    }

    if (isUserProcess == 1) { // Changed true to 1
        user[currentProcess].remainingTime--;

        printf("\n User process %d will execute at %d ", user[currentProcess].processID,
(totalTime));

        totalTime++;

        isUserProcess = 0; // Changed true to 0

        currentProcess = -1;

        if (user[currentProcess].remainingTime == 0) {
            completed++;
        }
    } else {

        int temp = totalTime;

        while (system[currentProcess].remainingTime-->0) {
            totalTime++;
        }

        if (system[currentProcess].remainingTime == 0) {
            completed++;
        }

        printf("\n System process %d will execute from %d to %d ",
system[currentProcess].processID, temp, (totalTime));

        isUserProcess = 0; // Changed true to 0

        currentProcess = -1;
    }
}

```



```

    }
}

int main() {
    int numProcesses;

    Process processes[MAX_QUEUE_SIZE];

    // Reading the number of processes
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &numProcesses);

    // Reading process details
    for (int i = 0; i < numProcesses; i++) {
        printf("Process %d:\n", i + 1);
        printf("Arrival Time: ");
        scanf("%d", &processes[i].arrivalTime);
        printf("Burst Time: ");
        scanf("%d", &processes[i].burstTime);
        printf("System(0)/User(1): ");
        scanf("%d", &processes[i].priority);
        processes[i].processID = i + 1;
        processes[i].remainingTime = processes[i].burstTime;
        if (processes[i].priority == 1) {
            userProcess++;
        } else {
            systemProcess++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

Process systemQueue[MAX_QUEUE_SIZE];
int systemQueueSize = 0;
Process userQueue[MAX_QUEUE_SIZE];
int userQueueSize = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < numProcesses; i++) {
    if (processes[i].priority == 0) {
        systemQueue[systemQueueSize++] = processes[i];
    } else {
        userQueue[userQueueSize++] = processes[i];
    }
}
printf("Order of Execution:\n");
scheduleFCFS(systemQueue, userQueue);
return 0;
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\multiqueue\" ;
Enter the number of processes: 6
Process 1:
Arrival Time: 0
Burst Time: 3
System(0)/User(1): 0
Process 2:
Arrival Time: 2
Burst Time: 2
System(0)/User(1): 0
Process 3:
Arrival Time: 4
Burst Time: 4
System(0)/User(1): 1
Process 4:
Arrival Time: 4
Burst Time: 2
System(0)/User(1): 1
Process 5:
Arrival Time: 8
Burst Time: 2
System(0)/User(1): 0
Process 6:
Arrival Time: 10
Burst Time: 3
System(0)/User(1): 1
```

```
System(0)/User(1): 1  
Order of Execution:
```

```
System process 1 will execute from 0 to 3  
System process 2 will execute from 3 to 5  
User process 3 will execute at 5  
User process 3 will execute at 6  
User process 3 will execute at 7  
System process 5 will execute from 8 to 10  
User process 3 will execute at 10  
User process 4 will execute at 11  
User process 4 will execute at 12  
User process 6 will execute at 13  
User process 6 will execute at 14  
User process 6 will execute at 15  
end of processes
```

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\multiqueue> █
```

## PROGRAM-4

**Write a C program to simulate Real-Time CPU Scheduling algorithms:**

**a) Rate- Monotonic**

**b) Earliest-deadline First**

### **a) Rate- Monotonic**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#define MAX_PROCESS 10
```

```
int num_of_process = 3;
```

```
int execution_time[MAX_PROCESS], period[MAX_PROCESS],  
remain_time[MAX_PROCESS];
```

```
// collecting details of processes
```

```
void get_process_info()
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("Enter total number of processes (maximum %d): ", MAX_PROCESS);
```

```
    scanf("%d", &num_of_process);
```

```
    if (num_of_process < 1)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Do you really want to schedule %d processes? -_-\\n", num_of_process);
```

```
        exit(0);
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < num_of_process; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\\nProcess %d:\\n", i + 1);
```

```

    printf("==> Execution time: ");
    scanf("%d", &execution_time[i]);
    remain_time[i] = execution_time[i];

    printf("==> Period: ");
    scanf("%d", &period[i]);
}
}

// get maximum of three numbers
int max(int a, int b, int c)
{
    if (a >= b && a >= c)
        return a;
    else if (b >= a && b >= c)
        return b;
    else
        return c;
}

// calculating the observation time for scheduling timeline
int get_observation_time()
{
    return max(period[0], period[1], period[2]);
}

// print scheduling sequence
void print_schedule(int process_list[], int cycles)

```

```

{
    printf("\nScheduling:-\n\n");
    printf("Time: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < cycles; i++)
    {
        if (i < 9)
            printf("| 0%d ", i + 1);
        else
            printf("| %d ", i + 1);
    }
    printf("\n");

    for (int i = 0; i < num_of_process; i++)
    {
        printf("P[%d]: ", i + 1);
        for (int j = 0; j < cycles; j++)
        {
            if (process_list[j] == i + 1)
                printf("####");
            else
                printf("  ");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

void rate_monotonic(int time)
{

```

```

float utilization = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < num_of_process; i++)
{
    utilization += (1.0 * execution_time[i]) / period[i];
}
int n = num_of_process;
if (utilization > n * (pow(2, 1.0 / n) - 1))
{
    printf("\nGiven problem is not schedulable under said scheduling algorithm.\n");
    exit(0);
}

int process_list[time];
int min = 999, next_process = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < time; i++)
{
    min = 1000;
    for (int j = 0; j < num_of_process; j++)
    {
        if (remain_time[j] > 0)
        {
            if (min > period[j])
            {
                min = period[j];
                next_process = j;
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

    if (remain_time[next_process] > 0)
    {
        process_list[i] = next_process + 1; // +1 for catering 0 array index.
        remain_time[next_process] -= 1;
    }

    for (int k = 0; k < num_of_process; k++)
    {
        if ((i + 1) % period[k] == 0)
        {
            remain_time[k] = execution_time[k];
            next_process = k;
        }
    }
}

print_schedule(process_list, time);
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Rate Monotonic Scheduling\n");
    printf("-----\n");

    get_process_info(); // collecting processes detail
    int observation_time = get_observation_time();
    rate_monotonic(observation_time);
    return 0;
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\ratemonotic\" ; if ($?) { gcc rate.c -o rate }
Rate Monotonic Scheduling
-----
==> Period: 20

Process 2:-
==> Execution time: 2
==> Period: 5

Process 3:-
==> Execution time: 2
==> Period: 10

Scheduling:-

Time: | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
P[1]: |   |   |   |   | #### |   |   | #### | #### |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
P[2]: | #### | #### |   |   |   | #### | #### |   |   |   | #### | #### |   |   |   | #### | #### |   |   |
P[3]: |   |   | #### | #### |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | #### | #### |   |   |   |   |   |   |
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\ratemonotic>
```

**b) Earliest-Deadline First**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
#define arrival 0
```

```
#define execution 1
```

```
#define deadline 2
```

```
#define period 3
```

```
#define abs_arrival 4
```

```
#define execution_copy 5
```

```
#define abs_deadline 6
```

```
typedef struct
```

```
{
```

```
    int T[7], instance, alive;
```

```
} task;
```

```
#define IDLE_TASK_ID 1023
```

```
#define ALL 1
```

```
#define CURRENT 0
```

```
void get_tasks(task *t1, int n);
```

```
int hyperperiod_calc(task *t1, int n);
```

```
float cpu_util(task *t1, int n);
```

```
int gcd(int a, int b);
```

```
int lcm(int *a, int n);
```

```
int sp_interrupt(task *t1, int tmr, int n);
```

```
int min(task *t1, int n, int p);  
void update_abs_arrival(task *t1, int n, int k, int all);  
void update_abs_deadline(task *t1, int n, int all);  
void copy_execution_time(task *t1, int n, int all);
```

```
int timer = 0;
```

```
int main()  
{  
    task *t;  
    int n, hyper_period, active_task_id;  
    float cpu_utilization;  
    printf("Enter number of tasks\n");  
    scanf("%d", &n);  
    t = (task *)malloc(n * sizeof(task));  
    get_tasks(t, n);  
    cpu_utilization = cpu_util(t, n);  
    printf("CPU Utilization %f\n", cpu_utilization);  
  
    if (cpu_utilization < 1)  
        printf("Tasks can be scheduled\n");  
    else  
        printf("Schedule is not feasible\n");  
  
    hyper_period = hyperperiod_calc(t, n);  
    copy_execution_time(t, n, ALL);  
    update_abs_arrival(t, n, 0, ALL);  
    update_abs_deadline(t, n, ALL);
```

```
while (timer < hyper_period)
```

```
{
```

```
    ++timer;
```

```
    if (timer < 10)
```

```
        printf("| %d", timer);
```

```
    else
```

```
        printf("| %d", timer);
```

```
}
```

```
printf("\n");
```

```
timer = 0;
```

```
while (timer < hyper_period)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (sp_interrupt(t, timer, n))
```

```
    {
```

```
        active_task_id = min(t, n, abs_deadline);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (active_task_id == IDLE_TASK_ID)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("|Idl");
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (active_task_id != IDLE_TASK_ID)
```

```
    {
```

```

    if (t[active_task_id].T[execution_copy] != 0)
    {
        t[active_task_id].T[execution_copy]--;
        printf("T-%d", active_task_id + 1);
    }

    if (t[active_task_id].T[execution_copy] == 0)
    {
        t[active_task_id].instance++;
        t[active_task_id].alive = 0;
        copy_execution_time(t, active_task_id, CURRENT);
        update_abs_arrival(t, active_task_id, t[active_task_id].instance, CURRENT);
        update_abs_deadline(t, active_task_id, CURRENT);
        active_task_id = min(t, n, abs_deadline);
    }
}

++timer;
}

printf("\n");
free(t);
return 0;
}

void get_tasks(task *t1, int n)
{
    int i = 0;
    while (i < n)
    {

```

```

    printf("Enter Task %d parameters\n", i + 1);
    t1->T[arrival] = 0;
    printf("Execution time: ");
    scanf("%d", &t1->T[execution]);
    printf("Deadline time: ");
    scanf("%d", &t1->T[deadline]);
    printf("Period: ");
    scanf("%d", &t1->T[period]);
    t1->T[abs_arrival] = 0;
    t1->T[execution_copy] = 0;
    t1->T[abs_deadline] = 0;
    t1->instance = 0;
    t1->alive = 0;
    t1++;
    i++;
}
}

```

```

int hyperperiod_calc(task *t1, int n)
{
    int i = 0, ht, a[10];
    while (i < n)

    {
        a[i] = t1->T[period];
        t1++;
        i++;
    }
}

```

```

    ht = lcm(a, n);

    return ht;
}

int gcd(int a, int b)
{
    if (b == 0)
        return a;
    else
        return gcd(b, a % b);
}

int lcm(int *a, int n)
{
    int res = 1, i;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        res = res * a[i] / gcd(res, a[i]);
    }
    return res;
}

int sp_interrupt(task *t1, int tmr, int n)
{
    int i = 0, n1 = 0, a = 0;
    task *t1_copy;
    t1_copy = t1;

```



```
while (i < n)
{
    if (tmr == t1->T[abs_arrival])
    {
        t1->alive = 1;
        a++;
    }
    t1++;
    i++;
}
```

```
t1 = t1_copy;
i = 0;
```

```
while (i < n)
{
    if (t1->alive == 0)
        n1++;
    t1++;
    i++;
}
```

```
if (n1 == n || a != 0)
{
    return 1;
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void update_abs_deadline(task *t1, int n, int all)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i = 0;
```

```
    if (all)
```

```
    {
```

```
        while (i < n)
```

```
        {
```

```
            t1->T[abs_deadline] = t1->T[deadline] + t1->T[abs_arrival];
```

```
            t1++;
```

```
            i++;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        t1 += n;
```

```
        t1->T[abs_deadline] = t1->T[deadline] + t1->T[abs_arrival];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void update_abs_arrival(task *t1, int n, int k, int all)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i = 0;
```

```
    if (all)
```

```
    {
```

```
        while (i < n)
```

```
        {
```

```

        t1->T[abs_arrival] = t1->T[arrival] + k * (t1->T[period]);
        t1++;
        i++;
    }
}
else
{
    t1 += n;
    t1->T[abs_arrival] = t1->T[arrival] + k * (t1->T[period]);
}
}

```

```

void copy_execution_time(task *t1, int n, int all)
{
    int i = 0;
    if (all)
    {
        while (i < n)
        {
            t1->T[execution_copy] = t1->T[execution];
            t1++;
            i++;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        t1 += n;
        t1->T[execution_copy] = t1->T[execution];
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

int min(task *t1, int n, int p)
{
    int i = 0, min = 0x7FFF, task_id = IDLE_TASK_ID;
    while (i < n)
    {
        if (min > t1->T[p] && t1->alive == 1)
        {
            min = t1->T[p];
            task_id = i;
        }
        t1++;
        i++;
    }
    return task_id;
}

float cpu_util(task *t1, int n)
{
    int i = 0;
    float cu = 0;
    while (i < n)
    {
        cu = cu + (float)t1->T[execution] / (float)t1->T[deadline];
        t1++;
        i++;
    }
}

```

```
}  
return cu;  
}
```

## OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\edf\" ; if ($?) { gcc edf.c -o edf } ;
Enter number of tasks
3
Enter Task 1 parameters
Execution time: 3
Deadline time: 7
Period: 20
Enter Task 2 parameters
Execution time: 2
Deadline time: 4
Period: 5
Enter Task 3 parameters
Execution time: 2
Deadline time: 8
Period: 10
CPU Utilization 1.178571
Schedule is not feasible
| 1| 2| 3| 4| 5| 6| 7| 8| 9| 10| 11| 12| 13| 14| 15| 16| 17| 18| 19| 20|
|T-2|T-2|T-1|T-1|T-1|T-3|T-3|T-2|T-2|Idl|T-2|T-2|T-3|T-3|Idl|T-2|T-2|Idl|Idl|Idl|
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\edf> █
```

## **PROGRAM-5**

**Write a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int mutex = 1;
int full = 0;
int empty = 10;
int count = 0;
```

```
int wait(int s)
{
    while (s <= 0)
        ;
    s--;
    return s;
}
```

```
int signal(int s)
{
    s++;
    return s;
}
```

```
void producer()
{
```

```

    empty = wait(empty);
    mutex = wait(mutex);
    count++;
    printf("Producer produces an item %d\n", count);
    mutex = signal(mutex);
    full = signal(full);
}

void consumer()
{
    full = wait(full);
    mutex = wait(mutex);
    printf("Consumer consumes an item %d\n", count);
    count--;
    mutex = signal(mutex);
    empty = signal(empty);
}

void main()
{
    int choice;
    printf("\n>Enter 1 for Producer\n>Enter 2 for Consumer\n>Enter 3 for Exit\n");
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:

```



```
        if (empty == 0)
        {
            printf("\nBuffer is full!!\n");
        }
        else
        {
            producer();
        }
        break;
    case 2:
        if (full == 0)
        {
            printf("\nBuffer is empty!!\n");
        }
        else
        {
            consumer();
        }
        break;
    case 3:
        exit(0);
        break;
    default:
        printf("Invalid choice\n");
    }
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\producer\" ; if ($?) { gcc
>Enter 1 for Producer
>Enter 2 for Consumer
>Enter 3 for Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Buffer is empty!!

Enter your choice: 1
Producer produces an item 1

Enter your choice: 1
Producer produces an item 2

Enter your choice: 1
Producer produces an item 3

Enter your choice: 1
Producer produces an item 4

Enter your choice: 2
Consumer consumes an item 4

Enter your choice: 2
Consumer consumes an item 3

Enter your choice: 2
Consumer consumes an item 2

Enter your choice: 2
Consumer consumes an item 1

Enter your choice: 3
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\producer> █
```

## **PROGRAM-6**

**Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.**

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define N 5
#define THINKING 2
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 0
#define LEFT (phnum + 4) % N
#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N

int state[N];
int phil[N] = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4};

sem_t mutex;
sem_t S[N];

void test(int phnum)
{
    if (state[phnum] == HUNGRY && state[LEFT] != EATING && state[RIGHT] != EATING)
    {
        state[phnum] = EATING;
        sleep(2);
        printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n", phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
        printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n", phnum + 1);
```

```

        sem_post(&S[phnum]);
    }
}

void take_fork(int phnum)
{

    sem_wait(&mutex);
    state[phnum] = HUNGRY;
    printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n", phnum + 1);
    test(phnum);
    sem_post(&mutex);
    sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
    sleep(1);
}

void put_fork(int phnum)
{

    sem_wait(&mutex);
    state[phnum] = THINKING;
    printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n", phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
    printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phnum + 1);
    test(LEFT);
    test(RIGHT);
    sem_post(&mutex);
}

```

```

void *philosopher(void *num)
{

    while (1)
    {

        int *i = num;
        sleep(1);
        take_fork(*i);
        sleep(0);
        put_fork(*i);
    }
}

int main()
{

    int i;
    pthread_t thread_id[N];
    sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);

    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
        sem_init(&S[i], 0, 0);

    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        pthread_create(&thread_id[i], NULL, philosopher, &phil[i]);
        printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", i + 1);
    }
}

```

```
}  
  
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)  
    pthread_join(thread_id[i], NULL);  
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
Philosopher 1 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 5 is thinking
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
Philosopher 2 is Eating
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
Philosopher 4 is Eating
Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
Philosopher 2 is thinking
Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
Philosopher 1 is Eating
Philosopher 3 is Hungry
Philosopher 4 putting fork 3 and 4 down
Philosopher 4 is thinking
Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
Philosopher 3 is Eating
Philosopher 2 is Hungry
```

## **PROGRAM-7**

**Write a C program to simulate Banker's algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int N, M = 3, ind = 0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("Enter the number of resources: ");
    scanf("%d", &M);

    int alloc[N][M], max[N][M], need[N][M], finished[N], ans[N], avail[M];

    printf("\nEnter allocated resources\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        printf("For Process %d: ", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
        {
            scanf("%d", &alloc[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("\nEnter Maximum resources\n");
```



```

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    printf("For Process %d: ", i);
    for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
    }
}

printf("\nEnter available resources\n");
for (int i = 0; i < M; i++)
{
    scanf("%d", &avail[i]);
}

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    finished[i] = 0;
}

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
    {
        need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];
    }
}

```

```

for (int k = 0; k < N; k++)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        if (finished[i] == 0)
        {
            int flag = 0;
            for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
            {
                if (need[i][j] > avail[j])
                {
                    flag = 1;
                    break;
                }
            }

            if (flag == 0)
            {
                ans[ind++] = i;
                for (int p = 0; p < M; p++)
                {
                    avail[p] += alloc[i][p];
                }
                finished[i] = 1;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

printf("\nProcess\tAllocation\tMax\tNeed\tAvailable");
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    printf("\n P%d: \t", i);

    for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
        printf("%d ", alloc[i][j]);
    printf("\t\t");

    for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
        printf("%d ", max[i][j]);

    printf("\t");

    for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
        printf("%d ", need[i][j]);

    printf("\t");

    if (i == 0)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
            printf("%d ", avail[j]);
    }
}

int flag = 1;

```

```

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    if (finished[i] == 0)
    {
        flag = 0;
        printf("\n\nThe System is NOT in safe state(DeadLock Detected)\n");
        break;
    }
}

if (flag == 1)
{
    printf("\n\n--No DeadLock--\nSafe Sequence:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < N - 1; i++)
    {
        printf("P%d --> ", ans[i]);
    }
    printf("P%d\n", ans[N - 1]);
}
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\banker\" ; if ($?)
```

```
Enter the number of processes: 5
```

```
Enter the number of resources: 3
```

```
Enter allocated resources
```

```
For Process 0: 0 1 0
```

```
For Process 1: 2 0 0
```

```
For Process 2: 3 0 2
```

```
For Process 3: 2 1 1
```

```
For Process 4: 0 0 2
```

```
Enter Maximum resources
```

```
For Process 0: 7 5 3
```

```
For Process 1: 3 2 2
```

```
For Process 2: 9 0 2
```

```
For Process 3: 2 2 2
```

```
For Process 4: 4 3 3
```

```
Enter available resources
```

```
3 3 2
```

```
Enter available resources
```

```
3 3 2
```

Process	Allocation	Max	Need	Available
P0:	0 1 0	7 5 3	7 4 3	10 5 7
P1:	2 0 0	3 2 2	1 2 2	
P2:	3 0 2	9 0 2	6 0 0	
P3:	2 1 1	2 2 2	0 1 1	
P4:	0 0 2	4 3 3	4 3 1	

```
--No DeadLock--
```

```
Safe Sequence:
```

```
P1 --> P3 --> P4 --> P0 --> P2
```

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\banker> █
```

## **PROGRAM-8**

**Write a C program to simulate deadlock detection.**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int N, M, ind = 0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("Enter the number of resources: ");
    scanf("%d", &M);

    int alloc[N][M], max[N][M], need[N][M], finished[N], ans[N], avail[M];

    printf("\nEnter allocated resources\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        printf("For Process %d: ", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
        {
            scanf("%d", &alloc[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("\nEnter Maximum resources\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {

```

```

printf("For Process %d: ", i);
for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
{
    scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
}
}

printf("\nEnter available resources\n");
for (int i = 0; i < M; i++)
{
    scanf("%d", &avail[i]);
}

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    finished[i] = 0;
}

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
    {
        need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];
    }
}

for (int k = 0; k < N; k++)
{

```

```

for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    if (finished[i] == 0)
    {
        int flag = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < M; j++)
        {
            if (need[i][j] > avail[j])
            {
                flag = 1;
                break;
            }
        }

        if (flag == 0)
        {
            ans[ind++] = i;
            for (int p = 0; p < M; p++)
            {
                avail[p] += alloc[i][p];
            }
            finished[i] = 1;
        }
    }
}

```

```

int flag = 1;

```



```
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    if (finished[i] == 0)
    {
        flag = 0;
        printf("\nSystem is in a DeadLock state.\n");
        break;
    }
}

if (flag == 1)
{
    printf("\nSystem is in a safe state(No DeadLock).\n");
}
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\deadlock\" ; if ($?)  
  
Enter the number of processess: 3  
Enter the number of resources: 3  
  
Enter allocated resources  
For Process 0: 3 3 3  
For Process 1: 2 0 3  
For Process 2: 1 2 4  
  
Enter Maximum resources  
For Process 0: 3 6 8  
For Process 1: 4 3 3  
For Process 2: 3 4 4  
  
Enter available resources  
1 2 0  
  
System is in a DeadLock state.  
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\deadlock> █
```

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\deadlock\" ; i
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter the number of resources: 3

Enter allocated resources
For Process 0: 0 0 1
For Process 1: 1 3 6
For Process 2: 9 5 1

Enter Maximum resources
For Process 0: 1 0 2
For Process 1: 2 0 9
For Process 2: 1 1 0

Enter available resources
1 2 4

System is in a safe state(No DeadLock).
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\deadlock> █
```

## PROGRAM-9

**Write a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory allocation techniques**

**a) Worst-fit**

**b) Best-fit**

**c) First-fit**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define max 25
```

```
int frag[max], b[max], f[max], i, j, nb, nf, temp, highest = 0, lowest = 10000, ch;
```

```
static int bf[max], ff[max];
```

```
void firstfit();
```

```
void bestfit();
```

```
void worstfit();
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    printf("\n\t Memory Management Scheme\n");
```

```
    printf("\t-----");
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the number of blocks: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &nb);
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of files: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &nf);
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks\n");
```

```
    for (i = 1; i <= nb; i++)
```

```

{
    printf("Block %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &b[i]);
}

printf("\nEnter the size of the files\n");
for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++)
{
    printf("File %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &f[i]);
}

printf("\n1.First Fit || 2.Best Fit || 3.Worst Fit ||\nEnter the Allocation Technique: ");
scanf("%d", &ch);
switch (ch)
{
case 1:
    firstfit();
    break;
case 2:
    bestfit();
    break;
case 3:
    worstfit();
    break;
default:
    printf("Invalid choice");
}

```

```

}

void firstfit()
{
    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= nb; j++)
        {
            if (bf[j] != 1)
            {
                temp = b[j] - f[i];
                if (temp >= 0)
                {
                    ff[i] = j;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
        frag[i] = temp;
        bf[ff[i]] = 1;
    }
    printf("\nFile No\tFile Size\tBlock No\tBlock Size\tFragement");
    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++)
        printf("\nF%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d", i, f[i], ff[i], b[ff[i]], frag[i]);
}

void bestfit()
{

```

```

for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++)
{
    for (j = 1; j <= nb; j++)
    {
        if (bf[j] != 1)
        {
            temp = b[j] - f[i];
            if (temp >= 0)
                if (lowest > temp)
                {
                    ff[i] = j;
                    lowest = temp;
                }
        }
    }
    frag[i] = lowest;
    bf[ff[i]] = 1;
    lowest = 10000;
}

printf("\nFile No\tFile Size \tBlock No\tBlock Size\tFragment");
for (i = 1; i <= nf && ff[i] != 0; i++)
    printf("\nF%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d", i, f[i], ff[i], b[ff[i]], frag[i]);
}

void worstfit()
{
    for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++)
    {

```

```

for (j = 1; j <= nb; j++)
{
    if (bf[j] != 1)
    {
        temp = b[j] - f[i];
        if (temp >= 0)
            if (highest < temp)
            {
                ff[i] = j;
                highest = temp;
            }
    }
}
frag[i] = highest;
bf[ff[i]] = 1;
highest = 0;
}
printf("\nFile No\tFile Size\tBlock No\tBlock Size\tFragement");
for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++)
    printf("\nF%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d", i, f[i], ff[i], b[ff[i]], frag[i]);
}

```



## OUTPUT:

### 1) Worst-fit

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fit\" ;

      Memory Management Scheme
      -----
Enter the number of blocks: 8
Enter the number of files: 3

Enter the size of the blocks
Block 1: 10
Block 2: 4
Block 3: 20
Block 4: 18
Block 5: 7
Block 6: 9
Block 7: 12
Block 8: 15

Enter the size of the files
File 1: 12
File 2: 10
File 3: 9

1.First Fit || 2.Best Fit || 3.Worst Fit ||
Enter the Allocation Technique: 3

File No File Size      Block No      Block Size      Fragement
F1         12          3           20             8
F2         10          4           18             8
F3          9          8           15             6
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fit> █
```

## 2) Best-Fit

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fit\" ; if ($?) {  
  
    Memory Management Scheme  
    -----  
    Enter the number of blocks: 8  
    Enter the number of files: 3  
  
    Enter the size of the blocks  
    Block 1: 10  
    Block 2: 4 20  
    Block 3: Block 4: 18  
    Block 5: 7  
    Block 6: 9  
    Block 7: 12  
    Block 8: 15  
  
    Enter the size of the files  
    File 1: 12  
    File 2: 10  
    File 3: 9  
  
    1.First Fit || 2.Best Fit || 3.Worst Fit ||  
    Enter the Allocation Technique: 2  
  
    File No File Size      Block No      Block Size      Fragment  
    F1          12          7              12              0  
    F2          10          1              10              0  
    F3           9          6              9              0  
    PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fit> █
```

### 3) First Ft

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fit\" ; i
```

#### Memory Management Scheme

-----  
Enter the number of blocks: 8

Enter the number of files: 3

Enter the size of the blocks

Block 1: 10

Block 2: 4

Block 3: 20

Block 4: 18

Block 5: 7

Block 6: 9

Block 7: 12

Block 8: 15

Enter the size of the files

File 1: 12

File 2: 10

File 3: 9

1.First Fit || 2.Best Fit || 3.Worst Fit ||

Enter the Allocation Technique: 1

File No	File Size	Block No	Block Size	Fragement
F1	12	3	20	8
F2	10	1	10	0
F3	9	4	18	9

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fit> █
```

## **PROGRAM-10**

**Write a C program to simulate paging technique of memory management.**

```
#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int ms, ps, nop, np, rempages, i, j, x, y, pa, offset;
    int s[10], fno[10][20];

    printf("\nEnter the memory size: ");
    scanf("%d", &ms);

    printf("Enter the page size: ");
    scanf("%d", &ps);

    nop = ms / ps;
    printf("\nThe no. of pages available in memory are: %d ", nop);

    printf("\nEnter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &np);
    rempages = nop;
    for (i = 1; i <= np; i++)

    {
        printf("\nEnter no. of pages required for P[%d]: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &s[i]);

        if (s[i] > rempages)
```

```

    {
        printf("\nMemory is Full\n");
        break;
    }
    rempages = rempages - s[i];

    printf("Enter PageTable for P[%d]: ", i);
    for (j = 0; j < s[i]; j++)
        scanf("%d", &fno[i][j]);
}

printf("\nEnter Logical Address to find Physical Address ");
printf("\nEnter Process No. and PageNumber and Offset: ");

scanf("%d %d %d", &x, &y, &offset);

if (x > np || y >= s[i] || offset >= ps)
    printf("\nInvalid Process or Page Number or offset\n");
else
{
    pa = fno[x][y] * ps + offset;
    printf("\nThe Physical Address is: %d", pa);
}
}

```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft"

Enter the memory size: 1000
Enter the page size: 100

The no. of pages available in memory are: 10
Enter number of processes: 3

Enter no. of pages required for P[1]: 4
Enter PageTable for P[1]: 8 6 9 5

Enter no. of pages required for P[2]: 5
Enter PageTable for P[2]: 1 4 5 7 3

Enter no. of pages required for P[3]: 5

Memory is Full

Enter Logical Address to find Physical Address
Enter Process No. and PageNumber and Offset: 2 3 60

The Physical Address is: 760
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\paging> |
```

## **PROGRAM-11**

**Write a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms**

**a) FIFO**

**b) LRU**

**c) Optimal**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define MAX_FRAMES 3
```

```
#define MAX_PAGES 20
```

```
void fifo(int pages[], int n, int frames)
```

```
{
```

```
    int frame[frames];
```

```
    int front = 0, rear = 0;
```

```
    int page_faults = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < frames; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        frame[i] = -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        int found = 0;
```

```
        for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if (frame[j] == pages[i])
```

```

        {
            found = 1;
            break;
        }
    }

    if (!found)
    {
        frame[rear] = pages[i];
        rear = (rear + 1) % frames;
        page_faults++;
    }

    printf("Page %d: ", pages[i]);
    for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)
    {
        if (frame[j] == -1)
            printf("- ");
        else
            printf("%d ", frame[j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

printf("Total Page Faults (FIFO): %d\n", page_faults);
}

void lru(int pages[], int n, int frames)

```



```

{
    int frame[frames];
    int page_faults = 0;
    int used[MAX_PAGES] = {0};

    for (int i = 0; i < frames; i++)
    {
        frame[i] = -1;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        int found = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)
        {
            if (frame[j] == pages[i])
            {
                found = 1;
                used[j] = i;
                break;
            }
        }

        if (!found)
        {
            int min = 0;
            for (int j = 1; j < frames; j++)
            {

```

```

        if (used[j] < used[min])
        {
            min = j;
        }
    }
    frame[min] = pages[i];
    used[min] = i;
    page_faults++;
}

printf("Page %d: ", pages[i]);
for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)
{
    if (frame[j] == -1)
        printf("- ");
    else
        printf("%d ", frame[j]);
}
printf("\n");
}

printf("Total Page Faults (LRU): %d\n", page_faults);
}

void optimal (int pages[], int n, int frames)
{
    int frame[frames];
    int page_faults = 0;

```

```
for (int i = 0; i < frames; i++)  
{  
    frame[i] = -1;  
}
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
{  
    int found = 0;  
    for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)  
    {  
        if (frame[j] == pages[i])  
        {  
            found = 1;  
            break;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
if (!found)  
{  
    if (i < frames)  
    {  
        frame[i] = pages[i];  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        int max_dist = -1;  
        int replace_page = -1;
```

```

    for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)
    {
        int dist = MAX_PAGES;
        for (int k = i + 1; k < n; k++)
        {
            if (pages[k] == frame[j])
            {
                dist = k - i;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (dist > max_dist)
        {
            max_dist = dist;
            replace_page = j;
        }
    }
    frame[replace_page] = pages[i];
}
page_faults++;
}

```

```

printf("Page %d: ", pages[i]);
for (int j = 0; j < frames; j++)
{
    if (frame[j] == -1)
        printf("- ");
    else

```

```

        printf("%d ", frame[j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

printf("Total Page Faults (Optimal): %d\n", page_faults);
}

int main()
{
    int pages[MAX_PAGES];
    int n, frames;

    printf("Enter the number of pages: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter the reference string: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &pages[i]);
    }

    printf("Enter the number of frames: ");
    scanf("%d", &frames);

    printf("\nFIFO Page Replacement:\n");
    fifo(pages, n, frames);
}

```

```
printf("\nLRU Page Replacement:\n");  
lru(pages, n, frames);  
  
printf("\nOptimal Page Replacement:\n");  
optimal(pages, n, frames);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

### **a) FIFO**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\pagereplacement\
ent }
Enter the number of pages: 14
Enter the reference string: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3 0 3 2 3
Enter the number of frames: 4

FIFO Page Replacement:
Page 7: 7 - - -
Page 0: 7 0 - -
Page 1: 7 0 1 -
Page 2: 7 0 1 2
Page 0: 7 0 1 2
Page 3: 3 0 1 2
Page 0: 3 0 1 2
Page 4: 3 4 1 2
Page 2: 3 4 1 2
Page 3: 3 4 1 2
Page 0: 3 4 0 2
Page 3: 3 4 0 2
Page 2: 3 4 0 2
Page 3: 3 4 0 2
Total Page Faults (FIFO): 7
```

## b) LRU

LRU Page Replacement:

Page 7: 7 - - -

Page 0: 0 - - -

Page 1: 0 1 - -

Page 2: 0 1 2 -

Page 0: 0 1 2 -

Page 3: 0 1 2 3

Page 0: 0 1 2 3

Page 4: 0 4 2 3

Page 2: 0 4 2 3

Page 3: 0 4 2 3

Page 0: 0 4 2 3

Page 3: 0 4 2 3

Page 2: 0 4 2 3

## c) Optimal

Page 0: 0 4 2 3

Page 3: 0 4 2 3

Page 2: 0 4 2 3

Page 3: 0 4 2 3

Total Page Faults (LRU): 6

Optimal Page Replacement:

Page 7: 7 - - -

Page 0: 7 0 - -

Page 1: 7 0 1 -

Page 2: 7 0 1 2

Page 0: 7 0 1 2

Page 3: 3 0 1 2

Page 0: 3 0 1 2

Page 4: 3 0 4 2

Page 2: 3 0 4 2

Page 3: 3 0 4 2

Page 0: 3 0 4 2

Page 3: 3 0 4 2

Page 2: 3 0 4 2

Page 3: 3 0 4 2

Total Page Faults (Optimal): 6



## **PROGRAM-12**

**Write a C program to simulate the following file allocation strategies.**

**a) Sequential**

**b) Indexed**

**c) Linked**

**a) Sequential**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_FILES 100
#define MAX_FILE_NAME 20
struct File
{
    char name[MAX_FILE_NAME];
    int startBlock;
    int length;
};
struct File fileTable[MAX_FILES];
int totalFiles = 0;
int currentBlock = 0;

void allocateSequential(char *fileName, int length)
{
    if (currentBlock + length <= MAX_FILES)
    {
        strcpy(fileTable[totalFiles].name, fileName);
        fileTable[totalFiles].startBlock = currentBlock;
```

```

        fileTable[totalFiles].length = length;
        currentBlock += length;
        totalFiles++;

        printf("\n>>>File %s allocated sequentially from block %d to %d.\n", fileName,
fileTable[totalFiles - 1].startBlock, currentBlock - 1);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nNot enough space for file allocation.\n");
    }
}

int main()
{
    int numFiles;
    printf("Enter the number of files: ");
    scanf("%d", &numFiles);
    for (int i = 0; i < numFiles; i++)
    {
        char fileName[MAX_FILE_NAME];
        int fileLength;
        printf("\nEnter the name of file %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%s", fileName);
        printf("Enter the length of file %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", &fileLength);
        allocateSequential(fileName, fileLength);
    }
    return 0;
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fileallocation"
Enter the number of files: 4

Enter the name of file 1: file1.txt
Enter the length of file 1: 5

>>>File file1.txt allocated sequentially from block 0 to 4.

Enter the name of file 2: oslab.c
Enter the length of file 2: 3

>>>File oslab.c allocated sequentially from block 5 to 7.

Enter the name of file 3: file3.java
Enter the length of file 3: 5

>>>File file3.java allocated sequentially from block 8 to 12.

Enter the name of file 4: file4.cpp
Enter the length of file 4: 6

>>>File file4.cpp allocated sequentially from block 13 to 18.
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fileallocation> █
```

**b) Indexed**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX_FILES 100
#define MAX_FILE_NAME 20
#define MAX_BLOCKS 100

struct File {
    char name[MAX_FILE_NAME];
    int indexBlock;
    int length;
};

struct File fileTable[MAX_FILES];
int totalFiles = 0;
int currentBlock = 0;
int freeBlocks[MAX_BLOCKS]; // List of free blocks

void initializeFreeBlocks() {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_BLOCKS; i++) {
        freeBlocks[i] = 1;
    }
}

int allocateBlock() {
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < MAX_BLOCKS; i++) {
    if (freeBlocks[i]) {
        freeBlocks[i] = 0;
        return i;
    }
}

return -1; // No free block available
}

void allocateIndexed(char *fileName, int length) {
    if (totalFiles < MAX_FILES) {
        strcpy(fileTable[totalFiles].name, fileName);
        fileTable[totalFiles].indexBlock = allocateBlock();
        fileTable[totalFiles].length = length;

        if (fileTable[totalFiles].indexBlock != -1) {
            printf(">>>File %s allocated with index block %d\n", fileName,
fileTable[totalFiles].indexBlock);

            for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
                int dataBlock = allocateBlock();
                if (dataBlock != -1) {
                    printf(">Data block %d allocated for %s\n", dataBlock, fileName);
                } else {
                    printf("Not enough space for data block allocation.\n");
                    break;
                }
            }
            totalFiles++;

```

```

    } else {
        printf("\nNot enough space for index block allocation.\n");
    }
} else {
    printf("\nFile table is full.\n");
}
}

```

```

int main() {
    initializeFreeBlocks();
    int numFiles;
    printf("Enter the number of files: ");
    scanf("%d", &numFiles);

    for (int i = 0; i < numFiles; i++) {
        char fileName[MAX_FILE_NAME];
        int fileLength;

        printf("\nEnter the name of file %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%s", fileName);
        printf("Enter the length of file %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", &fileLength);

        allocateIndexed(fileName, fileLength);
    }

    return 0;
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fileallocation\" ; if ($?) {
Enter the number of files: 3

Enter the name of file 1: file1.txt
Enter the length of file 1: 3
>>>File file1.txt allocated with index block 0
>Data block 1 allocated for file1.txt
>Data block 2 allocated for file1.txt
>Data block 3 allocated for file1.txt

Enter the name of file 2: file2.cpp
Enter the length of file 2: 2
>>>File file2.cpp allocated with index block 4
>Data block 5 allocated for file2.cpp
>Data block 6 allocated for file2.cpp

Enter the name of file 3: file3.java
Enter the length of file 3: 4
>>>File file3.java allocated with index block 7
>Data block 8 allocated for file3.java
>Data block 9 allocated for file3.java
>Data block 10 allocated for file3.java
>Data block 11 allocated for file3.java
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fileallocation> |
```

**c) Linked**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

void main()
{
    int f[50], p, i, st, len, j, c, k, a;
    for (i = 0; i < 50; i++)
        f[i] = 0;
    printf("\nEnter how many blocks already allocated: ");
    scanf("%d", &p);
    printf("Enter blocks already allocated: ");
    for (i = 0; i < p; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &a);
        f[a] = 1;
    }
x:
    printf("\nEnter index starting block and length: ");
    scanf("%d%d", &st, &len);
    k = len;
    if (f[st] == 0)
    {
        for (j = st; j < (st + k); j++)
        {
            if (f[j] == 0)
            {
```



```

        f[j] = 1;
        printf("%d----->%d\n", j, f[j]);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Block %d is already allocated \n", j);
        k++;
    }
}
}
else
    printf("%d starting block is already allocated \n", st);

printf("\nDo you want to enter more file(Yes - 1/No - 0)\n>> ");
scanf("%d", &c);
if (c == 1)
    goto x;
else
    exit(0);
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
ab soft\fileallocation\" ; if ($?) { gcc linked.c -o linked } ;
```

```
Enter how many blocks already allocated: 3
```

```
Enter blocks already allocated: 1 3 5
```

```
Enter index starting block and length: 2 3
```

```
2----->1
```

```
Block 3 is already allocated
```

```
4----->1
```

```
Block 5 is already allocated
```

```
6----->1
```

```
Do you want to enter more file(Yes - 1/No - 0)
```

```
>> 1
```

```
Enter index starting block and length: 7 2
```

```
7----->1
```

```
8----->1
```

```
Do you want to enter more file(Yes - 1/No - 0)
```

```
>> 1
```

```
Enter index starting block and length: 8 3
```

```
8 starting block is already allocated
```

```
Do you want to enter more file(Yes - 1/No - 0)
```

```
>> 0
```

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\fileallocation> █
```

### **PROGRAM-13**

**Write a C program to simulate the following file organization techniques**

- a) Single level directory**
- b) Two level directories**
- c) Hierarchical**

#### ***a) Single level directory***

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int nf = 0, i = 0, j = 0, ch;
```

```
    char mdname[10], fname[10][10], name[10];
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the directory name: ");
```

```
    scanf("%s", mdname);
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of files: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &nf);
```

```
    do
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\nEnter file name to be created: ");
```

```
        scanf("%s", name);
```

```
        for (i = 0; i < nf; i++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if (!strcmp(name, fname[i]))
```

```
                break;
```

```
        }
```

```
    if (i == nf)
```

```

    {
        strcpy(fname[j++], name);
        nf++;
    }
else
    printf("\nFile nam already exists!\n", name);
printf("\nDo you want to enter another file(yes - 1 or no - 0)\n>> ");
scanf("%d", &ch);
} while (ch == 1)
printf("\nDirectory name: %s\n", mdname);
printf("Files:");
for (i = 0; i < j; i++)
    printf("\n> %s", fname[i]);
}

```

## OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os
Enter the directory name: OSLAB
Enter the number of files: 3

Enter file name to be created: lab1.c

Do you want to enter another file(yes - 1 or no - 0)
>> 1

Enter file name to be created: lab2.c

Do you want to enter another file(yes - 1 or no - 0)
>> 0

Directory name: OSLAB
Files:
> lab1.c
> lab2.c
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\directory> █
```

***b) Two level directories***

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
struct File
{
    char name[50];
};
```

```
struct UserDirectory
{
    char name[50];
    struct File files[100];
    int fileCount;
};
```

```
struct RootDirectory
{
    struct UserDirectory users[10];
    int userCount;
};
```

```
int main()
{
    struct RootDirectory rootDir;
    rootDir.userCount = 0;
```

```

int choice;

printf("\nTwo Level Directory\n");
printf("1. Create User Directory\n");
printf("2. Create File\n");
printf("3. List Files\n");
printf("4. Exit\n");
do
{
    printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);

    switch (choice)
    {
    case 1:
        if (rootDir.userCount < 10)
        {
            printf("Enter user name: ");
            scanf("%s", rootDir.users[rootDir.userCount].name);
            rootDir.users[rootDir.userCount].fileCount = 0;
            rootDir.userCount++;
            printf(">User directory created.\n");
        }
        else
        {
            printf(">User directory limit reached.\n");
        }
        break;

```

case 2:

```
if (rootDir.userCount > 0)
{
    printf("Enter user index: ");
    int userIndex;
    scanf("%d", &userIndex);
    if (userIndex >= 0 && userIndex < rootDir.userCount)
    {
        struct UserDirectory *userDir = &rootDir.users[userIndex];
        if (userDir->fileCount < 100)
        {
            printf("Enter file name: ");
            scanf("%s", userDir->files[userDir->fileCount].name);
            userDir->fileCount++;
            printf(">File created.\n");
        }
        else
        {
            printf(">User directory is full.\n");
        }
    }
    else
    {
        printf(">Invalid user index.\n");
    }
}
else
{
```



```

        printf(">No user directories available.\n");
    }
    break;
case 3:
    printf("Files in user directories:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < rootDir.userCount; i++)
    {
        struct UserDirectory *userDir = &rootDir.users[i];
        printf("User: %s\n", userDir->name);
        for (int j = 0; j < userDir->fileCount; j++)
        {
            printf("  %s\n", userDir->files[j].name);
        }
    }
    break;
case 4:
    printf("Exiting...\n");
    break;
default:
    printf("Invalid choice.\n");
}
} while (choice != 4);

return 0;
}

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\directory\"
```

```
Two Level Directory
1. Create User Directory
2. Create File
3. List Files
4. Exit
```

```
Enter your choice: 1
Enter user name: OSLAB
>User directory created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 1
Enter user name: ADALAB
>User directory created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter user index: 0
Enter file name: bankers_Algo.c
>File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter user index: 0
Enter file name: Producer_Consumer.c
>File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter user index: 0
Enter file name: Producer_Consumer.c
>File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter user index: 1
Enter file name: QuickSort.c
>File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter user index: 1
Enter file name: HeapSort.c
>File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 4
Exiting...
```

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\directory> |
```

**c) Hierarchical**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
struct File
{
    char name[50];
};
```

```
struct Directory
{
    char name[50];
    struct File files[100];
    int fileCount;
    struct Directory *subdirectories[10];
    int subdirCount;
};
```

```
void createSubdirectory(struct Directory *parentDir)
{
    if (parentDir->subdirCount < 10)
    {
        struct Directory *subDir = (struct Directory *)malloc(sizeof(struct Directory));
        printf("Enter subdirectory name: ");
        scanf("%s", subDir->name);
        subDir->fileCount = 0;
```

```

        subDir->subdirCount = 0;
        parentDir->subdirectories[parentDir->subdirCount] = subDir;
        parentDir->subdirCount++;
        printf("Subdirectory created.\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Subdirectory limit reached.\n");
    }
}

```

```

int main()
{
    struct Directory rootDir;
    strcpy(rootDir.name, "Root");
    rootDir.fileCount = 0;
    rootDir.subdirCount = 0;

    int choice;
    printf("\nHierarchical Directory\n");
    printf("1. Create Subdirectory\n");
    printf("2. Create File\n");
    printf("3. List Files and Directories\n");
    printf("4. Exit\n");
    do
    {
        printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
    }
    while(choice < 1 || choice > 4);
}

```

```

switch (choice)
{
case 1:
    createSubdirectory(&rootDir);
    break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter directory name: ");
    char dirName[50];
    scanf("%s", dirName);

    struct Directory *targetDir = NULL;
    for (int i = 0; i < rootDir.subdirCount; i++)
    {
        if (strcmp(rootDir.subdirectories[i]->name, dirName) == 0)
        {
            targetDir = rootDir.subdirectories[i];
            break;
        }
    }

    if (targetDir != NULL)
    {
        if (targetDir->fileCount < 100)
        {
            printf("Enter file name: ");
            scanf("%s", targetDir->files[targetDir->fileCount].name);
            targetDir->fileCount++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        printf("File created.\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Directory is full.\n");
    }
}
else
{
    printf("Directory not found.\n");
}
break;
case 3:
    printf("Files and subdirectories:\n");
    printf("Root:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < rootDir.subdirCount; i++)
    {
        printf(" %s (directory)\n", rootDir.subdirectories[i]->name);

        for (int j = 0; j < rootDir.subdirectories[i]->fileCount; j++)
        {
            printf("  %s (file)\n", rootDir.subdirectories[i]->files[j].name);
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < rootDir.fileCount; i++)
    {
        printf(" %s (file)\n", rootDir.files[i].name);
    }
}

```

```
        break;
    case 4:
        printf("Exiting...\n");
        break;
    default:
        printf("Invalid choice.\n");
    }
} while (choice != 4);

return 0;
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter directory name: Labs
Enter file name: Program1.c
File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 3
Files and subdirectories:
Root:
  Docs (directory)
    notes.pdf (file)
  Labs (directory)
    Program1.c (file)
```

```
Enter your choice: 4
```

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\directory\" ; if ($?)
```

```
Hierarchical Directory
1. Create Subdirectory
2. Create File
3. List Files and Directories
4. Exit
```

```
Enter your choice: 1
Enter subdirectory name: Docs
Subdirectory created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 1
Enter subdirectory name: Labs
Subdirectory created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter directory name: Docs
Enter file name: notes.pdf
File created.
```

```
Enter your choice: 2
Enter directory name: Labs
Enter file name: Program1.c
File created.
```



## PROGRAM-14

**Write a C program to simulate disk scheduling algorithms**

**a) FCFS**

**b) SCAN**

**c) C-SCAN**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void FCFS()
```

```
{
```

```
    int RQ[100], i, n, TotalHeadMoment = 0, initial;
```

```
    printf("\n>>> FCFS Algorithm <<<");
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the number of Requests: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf("Enter the Requests sequence: ");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &RQ[i]);
```

```
    printf("Enter initial head position: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &initial);
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
```

```
        initial = RQ[i];
```

```
    }
```

```

    printf("Total head moment is: %d", TotalHeadMoment);
}

void SCAN()
{
    int RQ[100], i, j, n, TotalHeadMoment = 0, initial, size, move;
    printf("\n>>> SCAN Algorithm <<<");
    printf("\nEnter the number of Requests: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the Requests sequence: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &RQ[i]);

    printf("Enter initial head position: ");
    scanf("%d", &initial);
    printf("Enter total disk size: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);

    printf(">>Choose the head movement direction\n>0.Towards the smaller value\n>1.Towards
the larger value\n>: ");
    scanf("%d", &move);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
        {
            if (RQ[j] > RQ[j + 1])
            {
                int temp;
                temp = RQ[j];

```

```

        RQ[j] = RQ[j + 1];
        RQ[j + 1] = temp;
    }
}
}

int index;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    if (initial < RQ[i])
    {
        index = i;
        break;
    }
}
if (move == 1)
{
    for (i = index; i < n; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
    TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(size - RQ[i - 1] - 1);
    initial = size - 1;
    for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
else
{
    for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
    TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i + 1] - 0);
    initial = 0;
    for (i = index; i < n; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}

printf("Total head movement is: %d", TotalHeadMoment);
}

void C_SCAN()
{
    int RQ[100], i, j, n, TotalHeadMoment = 0, initial, size, move;

    printf("\n>>> C-SCAN Algorithm <<<");
    printf("\nEnter the number of Requests: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the Requests sequence: ");

```

```

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &RQ[i]);

printf("Enter initial head position: ");
scanf("%d", &initial);
printf("Enter total disk size: ");
scanf("%d", &size);

printf(">>Choose the head movement direction\n0.Towards the smaller value\n1.Towards
the larger value\n>>: ");
scanf("%d", &move);

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
    {
        if (RQ[j] > RQ[j + 1])
        {
            int temp;
            temp = RQ[j];
            RQ[j] = RQ[j + 1];
            RQ[j + 1] = temp;
        }
    }
}

int index;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    if (initial < RQ[i])

```

```

    {
        index = i;
        break;
    }
}

if (move == 1)
{
    for (i = index; i < n; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
    TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(size - RQ[i - 1] - 1);
    TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(size - 1 - 0);
    initial = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < index; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}

```

```

    }
    TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i + 1] - 0);
    TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(size - 1 - 0);
    initial = size - 1;
    for (i = n - 1; i >= index; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}
printf("Total head movement is: %d", TotalHeadMoment);
}

```

```

void main()
{
    int ch;
    printf("\nDisk Scheduling Algorithms");
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\n\nChoose an Algorithm\n");
        printf("1.FCFS\n2.SCAN\n3.C-SCAN\n4.EXIT");
        printf("\n>>Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        {
            case 1:
                FCFS();
                break;

```

```
case 2:
    SCAN();
    break;
case 3:
    C_SCAN();
    break;
case 4:
    exit(0);
default:
    printf("Invalid choice\n");
}
}
}
```



## **OUTPUT:**

### **a) FCFS**

```
Disk Scheduling Algorithms

Choose an Algorithm
1.FCFS
2.SCAN
3.C-SCAN
4.EXIT
>>Enter your choice: 1

>>> FCFS Algorithm <<<
Enter the number of Requests: 7
Enter the Requests sequence: 82 170 43 140 24 16 190
Enter initial head position: 50
Total head moment is: 642
```

### **b) SCAN**

```
Choose an Algorithm
1.FCFS
2.SCAN
3.C-SCAN
4.EXIT
>>Enter your choice: 2

>>> SCAN Algorithm <<<
Enter the number of Requests: 7
Enter the Requests sequence: 82 170 43 140 24 16 190
Enter initial head position: 50
Enter total disk size: 200
>>Choose the head movement direction
>0.Towards the smaller value
>1.Towards the larger value
>>: 1
Total head movement is: 332
```

### c) C-SCAN

```
>>> C-SCAN Algorithm <<<
Enter the number of Requests: 7
Enter the Requests sequence: 82 170 43 140 24 16 190
Enter initial head position: 50
Enter total disk size: 200
>>Choose the head movement direction
>0.Towards the smaller value
>1.Towards the larger value
>>: 1
Total head movement is: 391

Choose an Algorithm
1.FCFS
2.SCAN
3.C-SCAN
4.EXIT
>>Enter your choice: 
```

## **PROGRAM-15**

**Write a C program to simulate disk scheduling algorithms**

**a) SSTF**

**b) LOOK**

**c) c-LOOK**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void SSTF()
```

```
{
```

```
    int RQ[100], i, n, TotalHeadMoment = 0, initial, count = 0;
```

```
    printf("\n>>> SSTF Algorithm <<<");
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the number of Requests: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf("Enter the Requests sequence: ");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &RQ[i]);
```

```
    printf("Enter initial head position: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &initial);
```

```
    while (count != n)
```

```
    {
```

```
        int min = 1000, d, index;
```

```
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            d = abs(RQ[i] - initial);
```

```
            if (min > d)
```

```
            {
```

```

        min = d;
        index = i;
    }
}

TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + min;
initial = RQ[index];
RQ[index] = 1000;
count++;
}

printf("Total head movement is: %d", TotalHeadMoment);
}

void LOOK()
{
    int RQ[100], i, j, n, TotalHeadMoment = 0, initial, size, move;
    printf("\n>>> LOOK Algorithm <<<");
    printf("\nEnter the number of Requests: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the Requests sequence: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &RQ[i]);
    printf("Enter initial head position: ");
    scanf("%d", &initial);
    printf(">>Choose the head movement direction\n>0.Towards the smaller value\n>1.Towards
the larger value\n>>: ");
    scanf("%d", &move);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)

```

```

{
    for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
    {
        if (RQ[j] > RQ[j + 1])
        {
            int temp;
            temp = RQ[j];
            RQ[j] = RQ[j + 1];
            RQ[j + 1] = temp;
        }
    }
}

```

```

int index;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    if (initial < RQ[i])
    {
        index = i;
        break;
    }
}

```

```

if (move == 1)
{
    for (i = index; i < n; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
    }
}

```

```

        initial = RQ[i];
    }

    for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }

    for (i = index; i < n; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}

printf("Total head movement is: %d", TotalHeadMoment);
}

void C_LOOK()

```

```

{
    int RQ[100], i, j, n, TotalHeadMoment = 0, initial, size, move;

    printf("\n>>> C-LOOK Algorithm <<<");
    printf("\nEnter the number of Requests: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the Requests sequence: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &RQ[i]);
    printf("Enter initial head position: ");
    scanf("%d", &initial);

    printf(">>Choose the head movement direction\n>0.Towards the smaller value\n>1.Towards
the larger value\n>>: ");
    scanf("%d", &move);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
        {
            if (RQ[j] > RQ[j + 1])
            {
                int temp;
                temp = RQ[j];
                RQ[j] = RQ[j + 1];
                RQ[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

int index;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    if (initial < RQ[i])
    {
        index = i;
        break;
    }
}

if (move == 1)
{
    for (i = index; i < n; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }

    for (i = 0; i < index; i++)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}
else
{
    for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {

```



```

        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }

    for (i = n - 1; i >= index; i--)
    {
        TotalHeadMoment = TotalHeadMoment + abs(RQ[i] - initial);
        initial = RQ[i];
    }
}

printf("Total head movement is: %d", TotalHeadMoment);
}

void main()
{
    int ch;
    printf("\nDisk Scheduling Algorithms");
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\n\nChoose an Algorithm\n");
        printf("1.SSTF\n2.LOOK\n3.C-LOOK\n4.EXIT");
        printf("\n>>Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        {
            case 1:
                SSTF();

```

```
        break;
    case 2:
        LOOK();
        break;
    case 3:
        C_LOOK();
        break;
    case 4:
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("Invalid choice\n");
    }
}
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

### **a) SSTF**

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\disk\disk.c\"
Disk Scheduling Algorithms

Choose an Algorithm
1.SSTF
2.LOOK
3.C-LOOK
4.EXIT
>>Enter your choice: 1

>>> SSTF Algorithm <<<
Enter the number of Requests: 7
Enter the Requests sequence: 82 170 43 140 24 16 190
Enter initial head position: 50
Total head movement is: 208
```

### **b) LOOK**

```
Choose an Algorithm
1.SSTF
2.LOOK
3.C-LOOK
4.EXIT
>>Enter your choice: 2

>>> LOOK Algorithm <<<
Enter the number of Requests: 7
Enter the Requests sequence: 82 170 43 140 24 16 190
Enter initial head position: 50
>>Choose the head movement direction
>0.Towards the smaller value
>1.Towards the larger value
>>: 1
Total head movement is: 314
```

### c) c-LOOK

```
PS C:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft> cd "c:\Users\jiten\Desktop\os lab soft\disk\disk.c\"
```

Disk Scheduling Algorithms

Choose an Algorithm

1.SSTF

2.LOOK

3.C-LOOK

4.EXIT

>>Enter your choice: 3

>>> C-LOOK Algorithm <<<

Enter the number of Requests: 7

Enter the Requests sequence: 82 170 43 140 24 16 190

Enter initial head position: 50

>>Choose the head movement direction

>0.Towards the smaller value

>1.Towards the larger value

>>: 1

Total head movement is: 341

Choose an Algorithm

1.SSTF

2.LOOK

3.C-LOOK

4.EXIT

>>Enter your choice: █