Executive Summary Telecom Customer Churn Analysis

This customer churn analysis leverages a combination of exploratory data analysis (EDA) and visual storytelling to identify the key factors influencing customer retention and churn in a telecom company. The primary goal was to uncover hidden patterns, identify risk groups, and support strategic decisions aimed at improving customer loyalty.

Data Preprocessing & Cleanup

- The dataset had 7,043 records and 21 features including demographics, account details, and service usage.
- We handled missing values most notably in the TotalCharges column by identifying and removing 11 rows with blank or non-numeric entries.
- Duplicate records were checked using df.duplicated().sum() and confirmed as zero, ensuring clean data.
- The SeniorCitizen column (originally 0/1) was converted into "Yes"/"No" for better readability in visualizations.

Key Customer Demographics & Behavior

- Senior Citizens make up only 16% of customers, yet their churn rate is 42%, significantly higher than the 26% churn among younger customers.
- Customers with a tenure of 0 2 months accounted for over 50% of total churn, suggesting dissatisfaction during the onboarding or early service phase.
- Gender showed no significant correlation with churn, indicating equal behavior across male and female customers.

Visual Insights from Service Features (Countplots)

Nine crucial service features were visualized using sns.countplot() with hue="Churn" to identify service-related churn triggers. Here's what stood out:

Internet Service

- Fiber Optic users represent 44% of the customer base but contribute to 59% of total churn.
- DSL users showed a churn rate of 27%, and customers with no internet service had a much lower churn rate of just 7%.

Phone Services & Multiple Lines

- Customers with no phone service had negligible churn.
- Those with multiple lines churned more (32%) than those without (22%).

Online Security & Tech Support

- Customers without online security had a churn rate of 45%, compared to 26% for those with it.
- Similarly, lack of Tech Support led to a 41% churn rate, whereas customers with tech support only churned at 24%.

Entertainment Features (Streaming TV/Movies)

- Streaming services showed moderate impact:
- Churn was 38% among those without StreamingTV, and 35% for those without StreamingMovies.
- Those with both services churned slightly less (~30%), suggesting minimal retention effect.

Each of these plots was creatively arranged in a 3 3 grid of subplots, making it easy to visually compare the impact of each feature.

Strategic Takeaways

1. Prioritize retention in the first 2 months: Over 50% of churning customers were in their first quarter of service. This suggests the need for onboarding improvements, welcome offers, and customer satisfaction checks early in the lifecycle.

- 2. Re-evaluate Fiber Optic plans: High churn among these users (59%) indicates possible issues in pricing, service quality, or value perception. Customer feedback surveys or competitor analysis might reveal more.
- 3. Upsell value-added services: Services like OnlineSecurity, TechSupport, and DeviceProtection are linked to 15 20% lower churn. These should be bundled or promoted more aggressively, especially to new customers.
- 4. Targeted engagement for seniors: With a 42% churn rate, senior citizens may need simplified support, personalized outreach, or loyalty programs tailored to their needs.

Visual Strategy Recap

Your use of:

- Countplots with Churn hue for direct churn comparison.
- Subplot grids for side-by-side insights across multiple service categories.
- Pie charts and grouped bar charts for distribution summaries

made the analysis both intuitive and data-rich, making it easier for non-technical stakeholders to grasp patterns at a glance.