## Program 1. Write a java program for Creation and Casting of Variables.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
public class Casting1{
        public static void main(String args[]){
               Intro.print("Type casting");
               //implicit castings
               byte byt = 2;
               short srt = byt;
               int nt = srt;
               float flt = nt;
               double dbl = flt;
               dbl = 25434.545345;
               // explicit casting
               flt = (float)dbl;
               nt = (int)flt;
               srt = (short)nt ;
               byt = (byte)srt;
               out.println("flt : "+flt);
               out.println("nt:"+nt);
               out.println("srt : "+srt);
               out.println("byt : "+byt);
```

### **Output:**

### Program 2. Write a java program to demonstrate the various Operators.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
public class Operator{
       public static void main(String args[]){
               Intro.print("Different kind of operators in JAVA");
               // Arithmetic Operators
               out.println("Arithmetic Operators");
               int a = 5, b = 6;
               out.println(a + " + " + b + " = " + (a+b));
               out.println(a + " - " + b + " = " + (a-b));
               out.println(a + " * " + b + " = " + (a*b));
               out.println(a + " / " + b + " = " + (a/b));
               out.println(a + "\%" + b + " = " + (a\%b));
                // Comparison Operators
               out.println("\nComparison Operators");
               out.println(a + " = " + b + " = " + (a=b));
               out.println(a + "! = " + b + " = " + (a! = b));
               out.println(a + "<" + b +" = " + (a < b));
               out.println(a + ">" + b +" = " + (a>b));
               out.println(a + " <= " + b +" = " + (a <= b));
               out.println(a + ">= " + b + " = " + (a>=b));
               // Bitwise operators
               out.println("\nBitwise Operators");
               out.println(a + "\&" + b +" = " + (a\&b));
               out.println(a + " | " + b + " = " + (a|b));
               out.println(a + " ^ " + b + " = " + (a^b));
               out.println(a + "<<" + b +" = " + (a << b));
               out.println(a + ">>" + b +" = " + (a>>b));
               out.println(" \sim " + b +" = " + (\simb));
               // Logical operators
               int d = 7, e = 8;
               out.println("\nLogical Operators");
               out.println(a + " == " + b + "\&\&" + d + " == " + e + " : " + ( a == b \&\& d == e));
               out.println(a + " == " + b + " || " + d + " == " + e + " : " + ( a == b || d == e));
```

```
Programming in Python  out.println("!("+a+"=="+b+"):"+!(a==b)); \\ \}
```

## **Output:**

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Different kind of operators in JAVA
Arithmetic Operators
5 + 6 = 11
5 - 6 = -1
5 * 6 = 30
5 / 6 = 0
5 % 6 = 5
Comparison Operators
5 = 6 = 6
6 != 6 = false
6 < 6 = false
6 > 6 = false
6 <= 6 = true
6 >= 6 = true
Bitwise Operators
6 & 6 = 6
6 | 6 = 6
6 ^ 6 = 0
6 << 6 = 384
6 >> 6 = 0
\sim 6 = -7
Logical Operators
6 == 6 && 7 == 8 : false
6 == 6 || 7 == 8 : true
!(6 == 6) : false
```

## Program 3. Write a java program for printing the current date in different formats.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;
public class CurrentDateInVariousFormat{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Intro.print("Printing current date in defferent formates");
        Date currentDate = new Date();
        SimpleDateFormat f1 = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/MM/yyyy");
        SimpleDateFormat f2 = new SimpleDateFormat("dd-MMM-yyyy");
        SimpleDateFormat f3 = new SimpleDateFormat("MMM dd yyyy");
        System.out.println("Current date in format1 : "+f3.format(currentDate));
        System.out.println("Current date in format2 : "+f2.format(currentDate));
        System.out.println("Current date in format3 : "+f3.format(currentDate));
}
```

# **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Printing current date in defferent formates

Current date in format1: Apr 21 2024
Current date in format2: 21-Apr-2024
Current date in format3: Apr 21 2024
```

# Program 4. Write a java program for Inputting Data From Keyboard through Scanner Class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class InputWithScanner{
       public static void main(String args[]){
              Intro.print("Input using Scanner");
              // creating object
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
              float a;
              String s;
              // input number
              out.print("Enter number: ");
              a = sc.nextFloat();
              sc.nextLine();// to escap line
              out.print("Enter string: ");
              s = sc.nextLine();
              sc.close();
              out.println("Number: " + a);
              out.println("String: " + s);
       }
}
```

# **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Input using Scanner

CONTROL STATE

Enter number: 51
Enter string: Jitendra Kumar
Number: 51.0
String: Jitendra Kumar
```

# Program 5. Write a java program for Inputting Data From Keyboard through BufferedReader Class.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.IOException;
public class BufferedInputReaderExample{
       public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException {
              Intro.print("");
              BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
              out.print("Enter a number : ");
              float flt = Float.parseFloat(br.readLine());
              out.print("Enter string : ");
              String s = br.readLine();
              out.println("Number: +5:"+(flt+5));
              out.println("String: +9: "+s+9);
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic:

CONTROL STATE STATE

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic:

CONTROL STATE

Author: 550.5

Enter a number: 550.5

Enter string: what symbole of nine?

Number: + 5: 555.5

String: + 9: what symbole of nine?9
```

# Program 6. Write a java program for Inputting Data From Keyboard through Console Class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
import java.io.*;
public class InputWithConsoleClass{
       public static void main(String args[]){
               Intro.print("Input output using console");
               Console cl = System.console();
               if(cl == null) {
                      out.println("console not found");
                 return;
               // taking input from console
               cl.printf("Enter a number : ");
               float number = Float.parseFloat(cl.readLine());
               cl.printf("Enter a string : ") ;
               String s = cl.readLine();
               cl.printf("Enter you password : ");
               char[] pass = cl.readPassword();
               cl.printf("\number + 5 : %f",number) ;
               s = s+5;
               cl.printf("\nstring + 5: %s",s);
               cl.printf("\npassword : ");
               out.println(pass);
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : Input output using console

Enter a number : 4533.232 Enter a string : JitendraG

Enter you password :

umber + 5 : 4533.231934 string + 5: JitendraG5 password : hardPassword

## Program 7. Write a java program to demonstrate the use of for-each loop.

### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
public class ForEachLoop{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Intro.print("Demostration of for each loop");

        int arr[] = {12,34,56,7,87,98,9,45,43,3};

        out.println("Items of array are:");
        //using for each loop to iterate over array elements and printing values for (int i: arr) out.print(i+"");
        out.println();
    }
}
```

# **Output:**

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Demostration of for each loop
```

## Program 8. Write a java program to demonstrate ragged arrays.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
public class RaggedArrayInJava{
       public static void main(String args[]){
               Intro.print("Program to demonstrate ragged array");
               int raggedArray[][] = {
                      {34,5,5,3,5},
                      {23,6,87,2},
                      {23,87,34},
                      {34,3},
                      {32,5,769,98,0,067}
               };
               // printing ragged array
               out.println("printing ragged array ");
               for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
                      for(int j : raggedArray[i] ) out.print(j+"") ;
                      out.println();
               }
       }
```

# **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Program to demonstrate ragged array
printing ragged array
34 5 5 3 5
23 6 87 2
23 87 34
34 3
32 5 769 98 0 55
```

## Program 9. Write a java program to demonstrate anonymous arrays.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import static java.lang.System.*;
public class AnonymousArray{
       static void printArray(int arr[]){
               for (int i : arr) out.print(i+"");
       }
       static float getAvg(int arr[]){
               int sum = 0;
               for (int i : arr) sum += i;
               return sum / arr.length;
       public static void main(String args[]){
               Intro.print("Program to Anonymous array");
               out.println("Array elements : ");
               printArray(new int[] {3,4,5,6,7,8,9,12});
               out.println("\n e getAvg(new int[] {3,4,5,6,7,8,9,12}));
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Program to Anonymous array
Array elements:
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 12
Avg: 6.0
```

# Program 10. Write a java program to demonstrate the methods of Arrays Class. Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class MethodsOfArraysClass{
       public static void main(String args[]){
              Intro.print("Methods of Arrays Class");
              // Demonstrating some methods of Arrays class
              int[] numbers = \{5, 3, 8, 2, 9\};
              Arrays.sort(numbers);
              System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(numbers));
              System.out.println("Index of 8: " + Arrays.binarySearch(numbers, 8));
              // Additional functions
              int[] copiedArray = Arrays.copyOf(numbers, 3);
              System.out.println("Copied array: " + Arrays.toString(copiedArray));
              int[] filledArray = new int[5];
              Arrays.fill(filledArray, 10);
              System.out.println("Filled array: " + Arrays.toString(filledArray));
       }
}
Output:
     กกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกกก
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Methods of Arrays Class
Sorted array: [2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
Index of 8: 3
Copied array: [2, 3, 5]
Filled array: [10, 10, 10, 10, 10]
```

# Program 11. Write a java program for Application Of Classes And Objects.

#### Code:

import myPack.Intro;

```
Programming in Python
                                                                                             MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
        class Person{
               String name;
               int age;
                Person(String name, int age){
                       this.name = name;
                       this.age = age;
                }
                void show(){
                       System.out.println("Person name : "+name) ;
                       System.out.println("Person age : "+age) ;
                }
                void eat(){
                       System.out.println(name + " is eating rice and curry");
                }
        }
        public class ClassesAndObject{
                public static void main(String args[]){
                       Intro.print("Demonstration of classes and object");
                       Person a = new Person("Jitendra Kumar", 22);
                       Person b = new Person("Purusottam", 21);
                       a.show();
                       a.eat();
                       System.out.println();
                       b.show();
                       b.eat();
                }
Output:
```

ClassesAndObject

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : Demonstration of classes and object

Person name : Jitendra Kumar

Person age : 22

Jitendra Kumar is eating rice and curry

Person name : Purusottam

Person age : 21

Purusottam is eating rice and curry

## Program 12. Write a java program to demonstrate method overloading.

### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
class Adder {
       void printSum(int a, int b){
              System.out.println("sum = "+ (a+b));
       }
       void printSum(int a, int b, int c){
              System.out.println("sum = "+ (a+b+c));
       }
       void printSum(float a, float b){
              System.out.println("sum = "+ (a+b));
       }
}
public class MethodOverloading{
       public static void main(String args[]){
              Intro.print("Demonstration of method overloading");
              Adder a = new Adder();
              a.printSum(3, 5);
              a.printSum(5.2f, 6.3f);
              a.printSum(2, 3,6);
       }
}
```

Programming in Python

MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM

## **Output:**

C:\Users\Jitendra Sahu GT\Nextcloud\MCA\Java\assignment\programs>execJava.bat MethodOverloadi MethodOverloading

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : Demonstration of method overloading

 $\alpha$ 

sum = 8 sum = 11.5 sum = 11

### Program 13. Write a java program to demonstrate constructor overloading.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
class DemoConstOverloading {
// Constructor overloading
DemoConstOverloading() {
System.out.println("Default constructor");
}
DemoConstOverloading(int x) {
System.out.println("Parameterized constructor with one parameter: " + x);
}
DemoConstOverloading(int x, String str) {
System.out.println("Parameterized constructor with two parameters: " + x + ", " + str);
}
}
public class ConstructorOverloading {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Intro.print("Constructor Overloading demonstration");
DemoConstOverloading obj1 = new DemoConstOverloading();
DemoConstOverloading obj2 = new DemoConstOverloading(5);
DemoConstOverloading obj3 = new DemoConstOverloading(5, "Hello");
}
```

## **Output:**

```
ConstructorOverloading

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: Constructor Overloading demonstration

Author Samult constructor

Default constructor

Parameterized constructor with one parameter: 5

Parameterized constructor with two parameters: 5, Hello
```

## Program 14. Write a java program Using Single Inheritance.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
class ParentClass {
       void displayParent() {
               System.out.println("Parent class method");
       }
}
class ChildClass extends ParentClass {
       void displayChild() {
               System.out.println("Child class method");
        }
}
public class SingleInheritance {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               Intro.print("Single Inheritance");
               // Single inheritance demonstration
               ChildClass obj = new ChildClass();
               obj.displayParent();
               obj.displayChild();
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Single Inheritance
Parent class method
Child class method
```

## Program 15. Write a java program Using Super And This Keyword.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
class ParentClass {
       void display() {
              System.out.println("Parent class method");
       }
}
class ChildClass extends ParentClass {
       void display() {
              super.display(); // Calls the parent class method
              System.out.println("Child class method");
       }
}
public class SuperAndThisKeyword {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              Intro.print("Super and This Keyword demonstration");
              ChildClass obj = new ChildClass();
              obj.display();
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Super and This Keyword demonstration

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Super and This Keyword demonstration

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Super and This Keyword demonstration

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Super and This Keyword demonstration

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Program Topic: Super and This Keyword demonstration

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Super and This Keyword demonstration

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Author: Jitendra K
```

## Program 16. Write a java program to demonstrate multilevel inheritance.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
class GrandParentClass {
       void displayGrandParent() {
              System.out.println("GrandParent class method");
       }
}
class ParentClass extends GrandParentClass {
       void displayParent() {
              System.out.println("Parent class method");
       }
}
class ChildClass extends ParentClass {
       void displayChild() {
              System.out.println("Child class method");
       }
}
public class MultilevelInheritance {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              Intro.print("Multilevel Inheritance");
              // Multilevel inheritance demonstration
              ChildClass obj = new ChildClass();
              obj.displayGrandParent();
              obj.displayParent();
              obj.displayChild();
       }
}
```

# **Output:**

MultilevelInheritance

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : Multilevel Inheritance

GrandParent class method

Parent class method Child class method

## Program 17. Write a java program to demonstrate method overriding.

```
Code:
```

```
import myPack.Intro;
class ParentClass {
      void func1(){
             System.out.println("func1 one from parent");
      void display() {
             System.out.println("Parent class method");
       }
}
class ChildClass extends ParentClass {
       @Override
      void display() {
             System.out.println("Child class method");
       }
}
class MethodOverriding {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Intro.print("Method Overriding");
             // Method overriding demonstration
             ChildClass obj = new ChildClass();
             obj.func1();
             obj.display();
       }
}
Output:
     Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Method Overriding
func1 one from parent
Child class method
```

# Program 18. Write a java program Using Multiple Inheritance Concept through interfaces.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
interface Interface1 {
       void method1();
interface Interface2 {
       void method2();
}
class TestClass implements Interface1, Interface2 {
       public void method1() {
              System.out.println("Method1 implementation");
       public void method2() {
              System.out.println("Method2 implementation");
       }
}
public class MultipleInhritWithInf {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              Intro.print("Multiple Inheritance through Interfaces");
       TestClass obj = new TestClass();
              obj.method1();
              obj.method2();
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

## Program 19. Write a java program to demonstrate the concept of inner class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class InnerClassDemo {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
       Intro.print("Concept of Inner Class");
       // Creating object of Outer class
       Outer outer = new Outer();
       // Accessing inner class method
       outer.display();
       }
       static class Outer {
       void display() {
              System.out.println("Inside Outer class method");
              // Inner class definition
              class Inner {
              void innerMethod() {
                     System.out.println("Inside Inner class method");
              }
       }
       // Creating object of Inner class
       Inner inner = new Inner();
              inner.innerMethod();
       }
}
Output:
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Concept of Inner Class
Inside Outer class method
Inside Inner class method
```

## Program 20. Write a java program to demonstrate the concept of local class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class LocalClassDemo {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               Intro.print("Concept of Local Class");
               // Calling method with local class
               displayMessage();
       }
       static void displayMessage() {
       System.out.println("Inside method");
       // Local class definition
       class Local {
               void localMethod() {
                      System.out.println("Inside local method");
               }
// Creating object of Local class
       Local local = new Local();
       local.localMethod();
       }
}
```

# **Output:**

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Concept of Local Class

Inside method
Inside local method
```

## Program 21. Write a java program that creates its own package containing two classes.

#### Code:

```
Animal.java
package AnimalPack;
public class Animal{
       String name, breed;
       public void setName(String name) {
              this.name = name;
       }
       public void setBreed(String breed) {
              this.breed = breed;
       }
}
Dog.java
package AnimalPack;
public class Dog extends Animal{
              public Dog(String name , String breed){
                     setName(name) ;
                     setBreed(breed);
       }
       public void print(){
              System.out.println("Dog properties : ") ;
              System.out.println("name : " +name) ;
              System.out.println("breed: "+breed);
       }
}
Cat.java
package AnimalPack;
public class Cat extends Animal{
              public Cat(String name , String breed){
              setName(name);
              setBreed(breed);
       public void print(){
              System.out.println("Cat properties : ");
              System.out.println("name : " +name) ;
Jitendra Kumar Sahu
                                                                                              Page 26
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                                            MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
               System.out.println("breed: "+breed);
        }
 }
 TestAnimal.java
 import myPack.Intro;
 import AnimalPack.Dog;
 import AnimalPack.Cat; // imported two classes from AnimalPack
 public class TestAnimals{
        public static void main(String arg[]){
                 Intro.print("Package having two Classes");
                 Dog dg = new Dog("Diggu", "Pug");
                 dg.print();
                 System.out.println();
                 Cat ct = new Cat("Kittu", "Beagle");
                 ct.print();
        }
 }
```

## **Output:**

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Package having two Classes

Dog properties :
name : Diggu
breed : Pug

Cat properties :
name : Kittu
breed : Beagle
```

## Program 22. Write a java program Using Try And Catch Statement.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class TryAndCatch{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Intro.print("Try catch statement");
    int arr[] = {3,4,5,7,8};
    try{
        for (int i = 0; i <= 5; i++) {
            System.err.print(arr[i]+" ");
        }
        }catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException e){
            System.err.println("\nException caught: ");
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

# **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: Try catch statement

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: Try catch statement

Author: Jry catch statement

Author: Jry catch statement

Author: Jry catch statement

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Frogram Topic : Try catch statement

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Author: Jitendra Kumar
```

### Program 23. Write a java program Using Multiple Catch Statements.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class MultpleCatch {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Intro.print("Multiple catch block in try catch statement");
     int arr[] = \{ 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 \};
     float c = 0;
     try {
       c = arr[1] / (arr.length - 5);
       System.err.println("c = " + c);
       for (int i = 0; i \le 5; i++) {
          System.err.print(arr[i] + " ");
       }
     } catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       e.printStackTrace();
     } catch (ArithmeticException ae) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       ae.printStackTrace();
     } catch (Exception e) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       e.printStackTrace();
     }
  }
```

## **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: Multiple catch block in try catch statement

**Control Control

**Exception caught:

java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero

at MultpleCatch.main(MultpleCatch.java:10)
```

#### Program 24. Write a java program to demonstrate the MultiCatch feature.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class MultipleCatchFeature {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Intro.print("Multiple catch block in try catch statement");
     int arr[] = \{ 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 \};
     float c = 0;
     try {
       c = arr[1] / (arr.length - 5);
       System.err.println("c="+c);
       for (int i = 0; i \le 5; i++) {
          System.err.print(arr[i] + " ");
     } catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException | ArithmeticException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
     } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
     }
```

## **Output:**

## Program 25. Write a java program to demonstrate the use of finally block.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class FinallyTryCatch {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Intro.print("Finally block in try catch statement");
     int arr[] = \{ 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 \};
     float c = 0;
     try {
       c = arr[1] / (arr.length - 5);
       System.err.println("c = " + c);
       for (int i = 0; i \le 5; i++) {
          System.err.print(arr[i] + " ");
       }
     } catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       e.printStackTrace();
     } catch (ArithmeticException ae) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       ae.printStackTrace();
     } catch (Exception e) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       e.printStackTrace();
     }finally{
       System.out.println("any how executed from finally block");
     }
```

# **Output:**

## Program 26. Write a java program Using Nested Try Statements.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class NestedTryAndCatch {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Intro.print("Nested Try catch statement");
     int arr[] = \{ 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 \};
     try {
       for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
          System.err.print(arr[i] + " ");
       }
       try {
          float div = arr[0] / (9 - 5 - 4);
          System.out.println("div: " + div);
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
     } catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
       System.err.println("\nException caught : ");
       e.printStackTrace();
     }
```

# **Output:**

# Program 27. Write a java program To Create Your Own Exception Class And Display Corresponding Error Message.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
class myOwnException extends Exception {
       myOwnException(){
              super("your own exception occurred >_<");</pre>
       }
}
public class MakingOwnException{
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              Intro.print("Creating my own exception");
              try{
                     throw new myOwnException();
              }catch(myOwnException e){
                     System.err.println(e);
              }
       }
}
```

# **Output:**

# Program 28. Write a java program For Creating And Executing Threads by extending the Thread class.

#### Code:

```
class ConcurrentFun extends Thread {
       char c;
       ConcurrentFun(char c) {
               this.c = c;
       public void run() {
               for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
                      System.out.println(c + " = " + i);
               }
       System.out.println("Finished " + c);
       }
}
public class MultiThreading {
       public static void main(String args[]) {
               ConcurrentFun f1 = new ConcurrentFun('i');
               ConcurrentFun f2 = new ConcurrentFun('k');
               f1.start();
               f2.start();
               for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
                      System.out.println("m = " + i);
               System.out.println("Finished Main");
       }
}
```

# **Output:**

# Program 29. Write a java program To run Three Threads by implementing the Runnable Interface.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
class Counter implements Runnable {
       char ch;
       Counter(char c) {
              ch = c;
       }
       public void run() {
               for (int i = 1; i \le 5; i++) {
                      System.out.printf("%c%d\n",ch,i);
               System.out.println("Executed thread "+ch);
       }
}
public class MultithreadRunnable {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               Intro.print("multithreading with runnable");
               Thread ct1 = new Thread(new Counter('a'));
               Thread ct2 = new Thread(new Counter('b'));
               Thread ct3 = new Thread(new Counter('c'));
               ct1.start();
              ct2.start();
              ct3.start();
       }
}
```

## **Output:**

MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM Programming in Python MultithreadRunnable Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU Program Topic : multithreading with runnable c1 b1 b2 a1 b3 c2 b4 a2 b5 с3 а3 a4 с4 c5 a5 Executed thread a Executed thread b Executed thread c

## Program 30. Write a java program to demonstrate the use of join() method.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
class Counter implements Runnable {
               char ch;
               Counter(char c) {
               ch = c;
       }
       public void run() {
               for (int i = 1; i \le 5; i++) {
                      System.out.printf("%c%d\n", ch, i);
       System.out.println("Executed thread " + ch);
       }
}
class AnotherThread extends Thread {
       public void run() {
               for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
               try {
                      Thread.sleep(1000);
               } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                      e.printStackTrace();
               System.out.println("i = " + i);
       System.out.println("Executed AN THREAD");
       }
}
public class JoinThread {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               Intro.print("Join function in multithreading");
               Thread ct1 = new Thread(new Counter('a'));
               Thread ct2 = new Thread(new Counter('b'));
               AnotherThread AN = new AnotherThread();
               AN.start();
               try {
                      AN.join(2100); // thread name an will continue
```

```
Programming in Python

// it's execution for 2100 ms then only another thread will get chance

catch (InterruptedException e) {

System.out.println(e);

}

ct1.start();

ct2.start();

}
```

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Join function in multithreading
i = 0
i = 1
a1
a2
b1
b2
b3
b4
b5
a3
a4
a5
Executed thread b
Executed thread a
i = 2
i = 3
i = 4
Executed AN THREAD
```

# Program 31. Write a java program to demonstrate Multithreading using wait () & notify().

```
Code:
```

```
import myPack.*;
public class WaitAndNotify {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              new Intro("Wait and notify method");
              SharedData shared = new SharedData();
              Thread proThread = new Thread(() -> {
                      try {
                             shared.produce("how are you");
                      } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                             e.printStackTrace();
                      }
              });
              Thread conThread = new Thread(() -> {
                      try {
                             shared.consume();
                      } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                             e.printStackTrace();
                      }
              });
              proThread.start();
              conThread.start();
       }
}
class SharedData {
       private String msg;
       private boolean isProduced = false;
       public synchronized void produce(String msg) throws InterruptedException {
              while (isProduced) {
                      wait();
              this.msg = msg;
              System.out.println("Produced: " + msg);
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                              MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
             isProduced = true;
             notify();
       }
       public synchronized void consume() throws InterruptedException {
             while (!isProduced) {
                   wait();
             System.out.println("consumed : " + msg);
             isProduced = !isProduced;
             notify();
       }
}
Output:
 Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
```

Produced : how are you consumed : how are you

Program Topic : Wait and notify method

## Program 32. Write a java program to demonstrate The String Class & its methods.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
public class StringClassAndMethod {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("The String Class & its methods");
     String str = "Hello, World!";
     System.out.println("Original String: " + str);
     // Length of the string
     System.out.println("Length: " + str.length());
    // Character at a specific index
     System.out.println("Character at index 7: " + str.charAt(7));
     // Substring
     System.out.println("Substring (7, 12): " + str.substring(7, 12));
     // Replace
     String replacedStr = str.replace("World", "Java");
     System.out.println("Replaced String: " + replacedStr);
     System.out.println("Uppercase: " + str.toUpperCase());
     System.out.println("Lowercase: " + str.toLowerCase());
     // Check if string contains a sequence
     System.out.println("Contains 'Hello': " + str.contains("Hello"));
  }
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: The String Class & its methods

Original String: Hello, World!

Length: 13

Character at index 7: W

Substring (7, 12): World

Replaced String: Hello, Java!

Uppercase: HELLO, WORLD!

Lowercase: hello, world!

Contains 'Hello': true
```

## Program 33. Write a java program to demonstrate StringBuffer Class & its methods.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class StringBufferDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("StringBuffer Class & its methods");
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
     String initialString = scanner.nextLine();
     StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer(initialString);
     System.out.println("Original StringBuffer: " + sb);
     // Append
     System.out.print("Enter a string to append: ");
     String appendString = scanner.nextLine();
     sb.append(appendString);
     System.out.println("After append: " + sb);
     // Insert
     System.out.print("Enter the position to insert: ");
     int insertPosition = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     System.out.print("Enter a string to insert: ");
     String insertString = scanner.nextLine();
     if (insertPosition >= 0 && insertPosition <= sb.length()) {
       sb.insert(insertPosition, insertString);
       System.out.println("After insert: " + sb);
     } else {
       System.out.println("Invalid position");
     }
     // Replace
     System.out.print("Enter start index for replace: ");
     int replaceStart = scanner.nextInt();
     System.out.print("Enter end index for replace: ");
     int replaceEnd = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     System.out.print("Enter a string for replacement: ");
     String replaceString = scanner.nextLine();
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                                                MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
      if (replaceStart >= 0 && replaceEnd <= sb.length() && replaceStart < replaceEnd) {
        sb.replace(replaceStart, replaceEnd, replaceString);
        System.out.println("After replace: " + sb);
      } else {
        System.out.println("Invalid indices");
      }
      // Delete
      System.out.print("Enter start index for delete: ");
      int deleteStart = scanner.nextInt();
      System.out.print("Enter end index for delete: ");
      int deleteEnd = scanner.nextInt();
      scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
      if (deleteStart >= 0 && deleteEnd <= sb.length() && deleteStart < deleteEnd) {
        sb.delete(deleteStart, deleteEnd);
        System.out.println("After delete: " + sb);
      } else {
        System.out.println("Invalid indices");
      // Reverse
      sb.reverse();
      System.out.println("After reverse: " + sb);
      // Length
      System.out.println("Length: " + sb.length());
 }
```

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : StringBuffer Class & its methods

Enter a string: Jitendra had added some string

Original StringBuffer: Jitendra had added some string

Enter a string to append: APPENDED text

After append: Jitendra had added some stringAPPENDED text

Enter the position to insert: 10

Enter a string to insert: INSERTED texT

After insert: Jitendra hINSERTED texT ad added some stringAPPENDED text

Enter start index for replace:

14

Enter end index for replace: 17 Enter a string for replacement:

After replace: Jitendra hINSED texT ad added some stringAPPENDED text

Enter start index for delete: 5 Enter end index for delete: 8

After delete: Jiten hINSED texT ad added some stringAPPENDED text
After reverse: txet DEDNEPPAgnirts emos dedda da Txet DESNIh netiJ

Length: 51

## Program 34. Write a java program to demonstrate various Wrapper Classes.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class WrapperClassesDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("Various Wrapper Classes");
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Integer
    System.out.print("Enter an integer: ");
    int intInput = scanner.nextInt();
    Integer intObj = Integer.valueOf(intInput);
    System.out.println("Integer value: " + intObj);
    // Double
    System.out.print("Enter a double: ");
    double doubleInput = scanner.nextDouble();
    Double doubleObj = Double.valueOf(doubleInput);
    System.out.println("Double value: " + doubleObj);
    // Boolean
    System.out.print("Enter a boolean (true/false): ");
    boolean boolInput = scanner.nextBoolean();
    Boolean boolObj = Boolean.valueOf(boolInput);
    System.out.println("Boolean value: " + boolObj);
    // Character
    System.out.print("Enter a character: ");
    char charInput = scanner.next().charAt(0);
    Character charObj = Character.valueOf(charInput);
    System.out.println("Character value: " + charObj);
    // Auto-boxing
    int primitiveInt = intObj;
    double primitiveDouble = doubleObj;
    boolean primitiveBool = boolObj;
    char primitiveChar = charObj;
    System.out.println("Unboxed values: " + primitiveInt + ", " + primitiveDouble + ", " + primitiveBool +
   + primitiveChar);
```

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## **Output:**

}

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Program Topic : Various Wrapper Classes

Enter an integer: 54 Integer value: 54

Enter a double: 454.454 Double value: 454.454

Enter a boolean (true/false): false

Boolean value: false Enter a character: c Character value: c

Unboxed values: 54, 454.454, false, c

## Program 35. Write a java program to demonstrate HashSet Class & its methods.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HashSetDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("HashSet Class & its methods");
    HashSet<String> set = new HashSet<>();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Adding elements
    System.out.println("Enter elements for the HashSet (type 'exit' to stop):");
    while (true) {
       String input = scanner.nextLine();
       if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
         break;
       }
       set.add(input);
    System.out.println("HashSet: " + set);
    // Check if set contains an element
    System.out.print("Enter an element to check: ");
    String elementToCheck = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.println("Contains" + elementToCheck + "': " + set.contains(elementToCheck));
    // Remove an element
    System.out.print("Enter an element to remove: ");
    String elementToRemove = scanner.nextLine();
    set.remove(elementToRemove);
    System.out.println("After removing "+ elementToRemove + ": " + set);
    // Size of the set
    System.out.println("Size of HashSet: " + set.size());
    // Iterating over the elements
    System.out.println("Iterating over HashSet:");
    for (String item : set) {
       System.out.println(item);
     }
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
}
Output:
     Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : HashSet Class & its methods
 Enter elements for the HashSet (type 'exit' to stop):
 jitendra
 kumar
 sahu
 58
 59
 india
 exit
HashSet: [58, 59, jitendra, india, kumar, sahu]
 Enter an element to check: india
 Contains 'india': true
Enter an element to remove:
After removing '': [58, 59, jitendra, india, kumar, sahu]
 Size of HashSet: 6
Iterating over HashSet:
 58
 59
jitendra
india
 kumar
sahu
```

## Program 36. Write a java program to demonstrate ArrayList Class & its methods.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ArrayListDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("ArrayList Class & its methods");
     ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     // Adding elements
     System.out.println("Enter elements for the ArrayList (type 'exit' to stop):");
     while (true) {
       String input = scanner.nextLine();
       if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
          break:
       }
       list.add(input);
     System.out.println("ArrayList: " + list);
     // Accessing elements
     System.out.print("Enter an index to access: ");
     int index = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     if (index \ge 0 \&\& index < list.size()) {
       System.out.println("Element at index " + index + ": " + list.get(index));
     } else {
       System.out.println("Index out of bounds");
     }
     // Removing an element
     System.out.print("Enter an index to remove: ");
     int removeIndex = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     if (removeIndex >= 0 && removeIndex < list.size()) {
       list.remove(removeIndex);
       System.out.println("After removing element at index " + removeIndex + ": " + list);
     } else {
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                              MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
       System.out.println("Index out of bounds");
    // Size of the list
     System.out.println("Size of ArrayList: " + list.size());
    // Iterating over the elements
     System.out.println("Iterating over ArrayList:");
     for (String item: list) {
       System.out.println(item);
     }
   }
}
Output:
 Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
 Program Topic : ArrayList Class & its methods
  Enter elements for the ArrayList (type 'exit' to stop):
 jsdf
 23
 dgfsdf
 fdsf
 jiteu
 dff
 jiteu
 jiteu
 exit
 ArrayList: [jsdf, 23, dgfsdf, fdsf, jiteu, dff, jiteu, jiteu]
 Enter an index to access: 1
 Element at index 1: 23
 Enter an index to remove: 2
 After removing element at index 2: [jsdf, 23, fdsf, jiteu, dff, jiteu, jiteu]
 Size of ArrayList: 7
```

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Iterating over ArrayList:

jsdf 23 fdsf jiteu dff jiteu jiteu

## Program 37. Write a java program to copy a File.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class FileCopyDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("Copy a File");
     String sourcePath = "myFile.txt";
     String destinationPath = "myNewFile.txt" ;
     File inputFile = new File(sourcePath);
     File outputFile = new File(destinationPath);
     try (FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(inputFile);
        FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(outputFile)) {
       byte[] buffer = new byte[1024];
       int length;
       while ((length = fis.read(buffer)) > 0) {
          fos.write(buffer, 0, length);
       }
       System.out.println("File copied successfully.");
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());
}
```



Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU Program Topic : Copy a File

File copied successfully.

C:\Users\Jitendra Sahu GT\Nextc.

## Program 38. Write a java program to Count the numbers of Characters in a File.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.io.*;
public class CharacterCountFileDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("Count the numbers of Characters in a File");
     String filePath ="myFile.txt";
     File file = new File(filePath);
     int charCount = 0;
     try (FileReader fr = new FileReader(file)) {
       int character;
       while ((character = fr.read()) != -1) {
          charCount++;
       System.out.println("Number of characters in the file: " + charCount);
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());
}
```

## **Output:**

```
CharacterCountFileDemo

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: Count the numbers of Characters in a File

Author of characters in the file: 94
```

## Program 39. Write a java program to demonstrate Object Serialization.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.io.*;
class Person1 implements Serializable {
  private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
  String name;
  int age;
  Person1(String name, int age) {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
  }
}
public class ObjectSerializationDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("Object Serialization");
    Person1 person = new Person1("John Doe", 30);
    try (FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream("person.ser");
         ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(fos)) {
       oos.writeObject(person);
       System.out.println("Object has been serialized");
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());
    try (FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream("person.ser");
         ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(fis)) {
       Person1 deserializedPerson = (Person1) ois.readObject();
       System.out.println("Object has been deserialized");
       System.out.println("Name: " + deserializedPerson.name);
       System.out.println("Age: " + deserializedPerson.age);
     } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
       System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());
```

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## **Output:**

}

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : Object Serialization

Object has been serialized Object has been deserialized

Name: John Doe

Age: 30

## Program 40. Write a java program to demonstrate Keyboard Event.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.KeyEvent;
import java.awt.event.KeyListener;
public class KeyboardEventDemo extends JFrame implements KeyListener {
  private JTextArea textArea;
  public KeyboardEventDemo() {
    Intro.print("Keyboard Event");
    textArea = new JTextArea();
    textArea.addKeyListener(this);
    add(new JScrollPane(textArea));
    setTitle("Keyboard Event Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setVisible(true);
  }
  @Override
  public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
    textArea.append("Key Typed: " + e.getKeyChar() + "\n");
  }
  @Override
  public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
    textArea.append("Key Pressed: " + e.getKeyChar() + "\n");
  }
  @Override
  public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {
```

```
Programming in Python

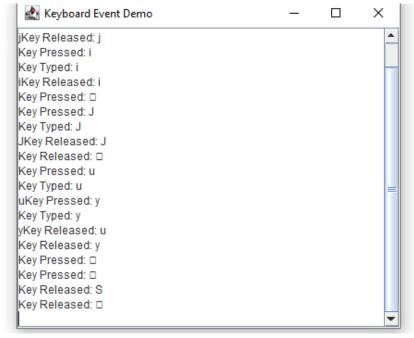
textArea.append("Key Released: " + e.getKeyChar() + "\n");

public static void main(String[] args) {

new KeyboardEventDemo();

}
```

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU Program Topic : Keyboard Event



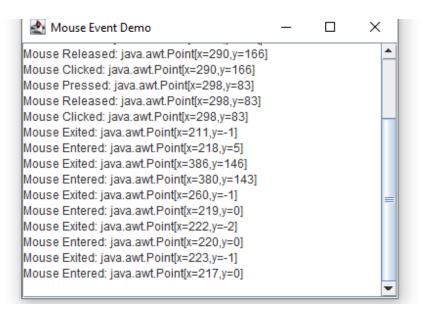
## Program 41. Write a java program to demonstrate Mouse Event.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.MouseEvent;
import java.awt.event.MouseListener;
public class MouseEventDemo extends JFrame implements MouseListener {
  private JTextArea textArea;
  public MouseEventDemo() {
    Intro.print("Mouse Event");
    textArea = new JTextArea();
    textArea.addMouseListener(this);
    add(new JScrollPane(textArea));
    setTitle("Mouse Event Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setVisible(true);
  }
  @Override
  public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
    textArea.append("Mouse Clicked: " + e.getPoint() + "\n");
  }
  @Override
  public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {
    textArea.append("Mouse Pressed: " + e.getPoint() + "\n");
  }
  @Override
  public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {
```

```
Programming in Python
textArea.append("Mouse Released: " + e.getPoint() + "\n");
}
@Override
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {
textArea.append("Mouse Entered: " + e.getPoint() + "\n");
}
@Override
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {
textArea.append("Mouse Exited: " + e.getPoint() + "\n");
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
new MouseEventDemo();
}
}
```

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU Program Topic : Mouse Event



## Program 42. Write a java program to establish connection to the database.

#### **Code:**

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
public class DatabaseConnectionDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("Establish connection to the database");
     final String dbString = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test";
     Connection con = null;
     Statement stmt = null;
     ResultSet rset = null;
     try {
       con = DriverManager.getConnection(dbString, "root", "");
       System.out.println("Connection stablized");
       stmt = con.createStatement();
       String query = "select id, sname from student";
       rset = stmt.executeQuery(query);
       while (rset.next()) {
          System.out.println("id:" + rset.getInt("id") + " name: " + rset.getString("sname"));
       }
     } catch (SQLException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
     } finally {
       try {
         if (rset != null) rset.close();
         if (stmt != null) stmt.close();
         if (con != null) con.close();
       } catch (SQLException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
```

Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : Establish connection to the database

Connection stablized id : 1 name : Jitendra id : 2 name : Ravindra

Program 43. Write a java program to create a table named employee with fields as emp\_id, emp\_name, age, dept.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
public class CreateEmployeeTable {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
              new Intro("create employee table in db");
    final String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost/test";
              final String username = "root";
              final String password = "";
              try(Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl,username,password) ){
                     Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
                     String sql = "create TABLE employee(emp_id int(2), emp_name varchar(15),age
int(2), dept varchar(20))";
                     stmt.execute(sql);
                     System.out.println("Table created!\n");
              }catch(SQLException e){
                     e.printStackTrace();
              }
}
Output:
```

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : create employee table in db
```

## Program 44. Write a java program to create a table and drop it.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CreateAndDropTable {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
              new Intro("create and delete a table in db");
              final String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://192.168.1.43/test";
              final String username = "root";
              final String password = "root";
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
              try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl, username, password)) {
                     Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
                     String sql_createTable = "create TABLE temp(id int(2), tname varchar(15))";
                     String sql_dropTable = "drop TABLE temp";
                     stmt.execute(sql_createTable);
                     System.out.println("Table created!\n");
                     System.out.println("Enter to delete table!\n");
                     sc.nextLine();
                     stmt.execute(sql_dropTable);
                     System.out.println("Table Dropped!\n");
               } catch (SQLException e) {
                     e.printStackTrace();
               }
       }
}
```

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Below DBconfig Class is used in following several classes that deals with database connection.

#### DBconfig.java

```
package jkdatabase;
public class DBconfig {
   static String db_name = "test" ;
   public static final String dbString = "jdbc:mysql://192.168.30.128:3306/"+db_name;
   public static final String username = "root";
   public static final String password = "root";
}
```

## Program 45. Write a java program to insert multiple rows in a table using prepared statement.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import jkdatabase.DBconfig;
public class InsertMultipleWithPrepare {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("Multiple Insert Using Prepare Statement");
    Statement stmt = null;
    ResultSet rset = null;
    try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(DBconfig.dbString, DBconfig.username,
DBconfig.password)) {
      String insertQuery = "insert into employee (emp_id, emp_name, age, dept) values (?,?,?,?)";
      PreparedStatement prepStmt = con.prepareStatement(insertQuery);
       System.out.println("connection established!");
       con.setAutoCommit(false);
       prepStmt.setString(1, "1");
       prepStmt.setString(2, "Jitendra Sahu");
       prepStmt.setString(3, "21");
       prepStmt.setString(4, "CS&IT");
       prepStmt.addBatch();
       prepStmt.setString(1, "2");
       prepStmt.setString(2, "Mohan Markam");
       prepStmt.setString(3, "26");
       prepStmt.setString(4, "Social");
       prepStmt.addBatch();
       prepStmt.setString(1, "3");
       prepStmt.setString(2, "Kanhaiya");
       prepStmt.setString(3, "41");
       prepStmt.setString(4, "LibraryScience");
       prepStmt.addBatch();
```

```
Programming in Python
    int[] affectedRecords = prepStmt.executeBatch();
    con.commit();
    System.out.println("Rows inserted : " + affectedRecords.length);
} catch (SQLException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
    try {
        if (rset != null) rset.close();
        if (stmt != null) stmt.close();
        } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
} catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
}
```

```
Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic: Multiple Insert Using Prepare Statement

connection established!
Rows inserted: 3
```

## Program 46. Write a java program to display contents of a table on the console.

#### Code:

```
DisplayTableContentToConsole.java
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.Statement;
import jkdatabase.DBconfig;
// import java.sql.
import myPack.Intro;
public class DisplayTableContentToConsole {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("Display table content to console");
    Statement stmt = null;
    ResultSet rset = null;
    try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(DBconfig.dbString, DBconfig.username,
DBconfig.password)) {
       System.out.println("Connection stabilized");
       stmt = con.createStatement();
       String sql = "select * from employee";
       rset = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
       int i = 1;
       System.out.println("Employee table data : ");
       while (rset.next()) {
         int emp_id = rset.getInt(1);
         String name = rset.getString(2);
         int age = rset.getInt(3);
         String dept = rset.getString(4);
         System.out.printf("row %d: %d\t%s\t%d\t%s\n", i++, emp id, name, age, dept);
       }
     } catch (SQLException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
     } finally {
```

```
Programming in Python

try {

if (rset != null)rset.close();

if (stmt != null)stmt.close();

} catch (SQLException e) {

e.printStackTrace();

}

}

}
```

```
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Display table content to console
 Connection stabilized
Employee table data :
row 1 : 1 Jitendra Sahu
                       21
                             CS&IT
                             Social
row 2 : 2
            Mohan Markam
                       26
row 3 : 3 Kanhaiya
                       41
                             LibraryScience
```

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## Program 47. Write a java program to update rows using result set.

#### Code:

```
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.util.Scanner;
import jkdatabase.DBconfig;
// import java.sql.
import myPack.Intro;
public class UpdateTableUsingResultSet {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("Update row using ResultSet");
    Statement stmt = null;
    ResultSet rset = null:
    try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(DBconfig.dbString, DBconfig.username,
DBconfig.password)) {
       System.out.println("Connection stabilized");
       stmt = con.createStatement(
            ResultSet.TYPE_SCROLL_INSENSITIVE,
            ResultSet.CONCUR_UPDATABLE);
       String sql = "select * from employee";
       rset = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
       int i = 1;
       System.out.println("Employee table data before update: ");
       while (rset.next()) {
         int emp_id = rset.getInt(1);
         String name = rset.getString(2);
         int age = rset.getInt(3);
         String dept = rset.getString(4);
         System.out.printf("row %d: %d\t%s\t%d\t%s\n", i++, emp_id, name, age, dept);
       }
       // update starts from here
Jitendra Kumar Sahu
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("\ nEnter name for id = 2");
  String newName = sc.nextLine();
  // re-initialize rset so it again point to starting record
  rset = stmt.executeQuery(sql);
  System.out.println("Employee table data after update: ");
  i = 1;
  while (rset.next()) {
    int emp_id = rset.getInt(1);
    if (emp_id == 2)
       rset.updateString("emp_name",newName);
       rset.updateRow();
    }
    String name = rset.getString(2);
    int age = rset.getInt(3);
    String dept = rset.getString(4);
    System.out.printf("row %d: %d\t%s\t%d\t%s\n", i++, emp_id, name, age, dept);
  }
} catch (SQLException e) {
  e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
  try {
    if (rset != null)
       rset.close();
    if (stmt != null)
       stmt.close();
  } catch (SQLException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
```

# **Output:**

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# Program 48. Write a java program to describe the functions of metadata objects. (resultset & database)

#### Code:

```
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DatabaseMetaData;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.ResultSetMetaData;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
import jkdatabase.DBconfig;
import myPack.Intro;
public class DBMetadataExample {
  // JDBC URL, username, and password of MySQL server
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Intro("printing database metadata");
    Connection connection = null;
    Statement statement = null;
    ResultSet resultSet = null;
    try {
       // Establish the connection
       connection = DriverManager.getConnection(DBconfig.dbString, DBconfig.username,
DBconfig.password);
       // Get DatabaseMetaData
       DatabaseMetaData dbMetaData = connection.getMetaData();
       // Print general database information
       System.out.println("Database Product Name: " + dbMetaData.getDatabaseProductName());
       System.out.println("Database Product Version: " + dbMetaData.getDatabaseProductVersion());
       System.out.println("Database URL: " + dbMetaData.getURL());
       System.out.println("Database User: " + dbMetaData.getUserName());
       // Print tables in the database
       ResultSet tables = dbMetaData.getTables(null, null, "%", new String[]{"TABLE"});
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                                             MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
        System.out.println("\nTables in the database:");
        // while (tables.next()) {
            System.out.println(tables.getString("emp_id"));
        // }
        // Create a statement to execute a query
        statement = connection.createStatement();
        resultSet = statement.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM employee");
        // Get ResultSetMetaData
        ResultSetMetaData rsMetaData = resultSet.getMetaData();
        // Print column information
        int columnCount = rsMetaData.getColumnCount();
        System.out.println("\nColumns in the Employee table:");
        for (int i = 1; i \le columnCount; i++) {
           System.out.println("Column " + i + ": " + rsMetaData.getColumnName(i) + " - " +
 rsMetaData.getColumnTypeName(i));
        }
      } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
      } finally {
        // Close resources in reverse order of their creation
        try {
          if (resultSet != null) resultSet.close();
          if (statement != null) statement.close();
          if (connection != null) connection.close();
        } catch (SQLException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
        }
 Output:
```

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Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic : printing database metadata

Database Product Name: MySQL

Database Product Version: 5.5.5-10.4.6-MariaDB

Database URL: jdbc:mysql://192.168.40.102:3306/test

Database User: root@192.168.40.227

Tables in the database:

Columns in the Employee table:

Column 1: emp\_id - INT

Column 2: emp\_name - VARCHAR

Column 3: age - INT

Column 4: dept - VARCHAR

## Program 49. Write a java program to demonstrate the ArrayList class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ArrayListDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("ArrayList Class & its methods");
     ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     // Adding elements
     System.out.println("Enter elements for the ArrayList (type 'exit' to stop):");
     while (true) {
       String input = scanner.nextLine();
       if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
          break:
       }
       list.add(input);
     System.out.println("ArrayList: " + list);
     // Accessing elements
     System.out.print("Enter an index to access: ");
     int index = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     if (index \ge 0 \&\& index < list.size()) {
       System.out.println("Element at index " + index + ": " + list.get(index));
     } else {
       System.out.println("Index out of bounds");
     }
     // Removing an element
     System.out.print("Enter an index to remove: ");
     int removeIndex = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     if (removeIndex >= 0 && removeIndex < list.size()) {
       list.remove(removeIndex);
       System.out.println("After removing element at index " + removeIndex + ": " + list);
     } else {
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                              MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
       System.out.println("Index out of bounds");
     // Size of the list
     System.out.println("Size of ArrayList: " + list.size());
     // Iterating over the elements
     System.out.println("Iterating over ArrayList:");
     for (String item: list) {
       System.out.println(item);
     }
   }
}
Output:
 Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
 Program Topic : ArrayList Class & its methods
  Enter elements for the ArrayList (type 'exit' to stop):
 jsdf
 23
 dgfsdf
 fdsf
 jiteu
 dff
 jiteu
 jiteu
 exit
 ArrayList: [jsdf, 23, dgfsdf, fdsf, jiteu, dff, jiteu, jiteu]
 Enter an index to access: 1
 Element at index 1: 23
 Enter an index to remove: 2
 After removing element at index 2: [jsdf, 23, fdsf, jiteu, dff, jiteu, jiteu]
```

Size of ArrayList: 7

jsdf 23 fdsf jiteu dff jiteu jiteu

Iterating over ArrayList:

## Program 50. Write a java program to demonstrate the HashSet class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HashSetDemo2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("HashSet Class & its methods");
    HashSet<String> set = new HashSet<>();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Adding elements
    System.out.println("Enter elements for the HashSet (type 'exit' to stop):");
    while (true) {
       String input = scanner.nextLine();
       if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
         break;
       }
       set.add(input);
    System.out.println("HashSet: " + set);
    // Check if set contains an element
    System.out.print("Enter an element to check: ");
    String elementToCheck = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.println("Contains "" + elementToCheck + "": " + set.contains(elementToCheck));
    // Remove an element
    System.out.print("Enter an element to remove: ");
    String elementToRemove = scanner.nextLine();
    set.remove(elementToRemove);
    System.out.println("After removing "+ elementToRemove + ": " + set);
    // Size of the set
    System.out.println("Size of HashSet: " + set.size());
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                    MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
    // Iterating over the elements
    System.out.println("Iterating over HashSet:");
    for (String item: set) {
      System.out.println(item);
    }
  }
}
Output:
 Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
 Program Topic : HashSet Class & its methods
 Enter elements for the HashSet (type 'exit' to stop):
 jks
 mks
 jks
 12
 25
 jks
 12
 exit
 HashSet: [12, jks, 25, mks]
 Enter an element to check: dks
```

Contains 'dks': false

Iterating over HashSet:

Size of HashSet: 3

12 jks mks

Enter an element to remove: 25

After removing '25': [12, jks, mks]

# Program 51. Write a java program to demonstrate the HashMap class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HashMapDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Intro.print("HashMap Class & its methods");
    HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Adding elements
    System.out.println("Enter elements for the HashMap (key-value pairs, type 'exit' to stop):");
    while (true) {
       System.out.print("Enter key: ");
       String key = scanner.nextLine();
       if (key.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
         break;
       }
       System.out.print("Enter value: ");
       int value = scanner.nextInt();
       scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
       map.put(key, value);
    System.out.println("HashMap: " + map);
    // Accessing a value
    System.out.print("Enter a key to get its value: ");
    String keyToGet = scanner.nextLine();
    if (map.containsKey(keyToGet)) {
       System.out.println("Value for key "' + keyToGet + "': " + map.get(keyToGet));
     } else {
       System.out.println("Key not found");
     }
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                          MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
    // Removing an element
    System.out.print("Enter a key to remove: ");
    String keyToRemove = scanner.nextLine();
    map.remove(keyToRemove);
    System.out.println("After removing key "" + keyToRemove + "": " + map);
    // Size of the map
    System.out.println("Size of HashMap: " + map.size());
    // Iterating over the elements
    System.out.println("Iterating over HashMap:");
    for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry: map.entrySet()) {
      System.out.println("Key: " + entry.getKey() + ", Value: " + entry.getValue());
}
Output:
      Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
 Program Topic : HashMap Class & its methods
  Enter elements for the HashMap (key-value pairs, type 'exit' to stop):
 Enter key: 1
 Enter value: 222
 Enter key: 2
 Enter value: 333
 Enter key: 3
 Enter value: 444
 Enter key: 4
 Enter value: 555
 Enter key: exit
 HashMap: {1=222, 2=333, 3=444, 4=555}
 Enter a key to get its value: 3
 Value for key '3': 444
 Enter a key to remove: 1
 After removing key '1': {2=333, 3=444, 4=555}
 Size of HashMap: 3
 Iterating over HashMap:
 Key: 2, Value: 333
 Key: 3, Value: 444
 Key: 4, Value: 555
```

# Program 52. Write a java program to demonstrate the Vector class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.Vector;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class VectorDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("Vector class demonstration");
     Vector<String> vector = new Vector<>();
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Menu:");
       System.out.println("1. Add element");
       System.out.println("2. Display elements");
       System.out.println("3. Exit");
     while (true) {
       System.out.print(">> ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
       switch (choice) {
          case 1:
            System.out.print("Enter element to add: ");
            String element = scanner.nextLine();
            vector.add(element);
            break;
          case 2:
            System.out.println("Vector Elements:");
            for (String elem: vector) {
               System.out.println(elem);
            }
            break;
          case 3:
            System.out.println("Exiting...");
```

```
Programming in Python
                                                                  MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
         scanner.close();
         return;
       default:
         System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
     }
    }
}
Output:
 Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
Program Topic : Vector class demonstration
 Menu:

    Add element

 Display elements
 Exit
 >> 1
 Enter element to add: 23
 >> 1
 Enter element to add: 34
 Enter element to add: 56
 Enter element to add: 789
 Enter element to add: 89
```

>> 2

Vector Elements:

Exiting...

## Program 53. Write a java program to demonstrate the LinkedList class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class LinkedListDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Intro.print("LinkedList Class & its methods");
     LinkedList<String> linkedList = new LinkedList<>();
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     // Adding elements
     System.out.println("Enter elements for the LinkedList (type 'exit' to stop):");
     while (true) {
       String input = scanner.nextLine();
       if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
          break;
       }
       linkedList.add(input);
     }
     System.out.println("LinkedList: " + linkedList);
     // Adding element at the first position
     System.out.print("Enter an element to add at the first position: ");
     String firstElement = scanner.nextLine();
     linkedList.addFirst(firstElement);
     System.out.println("After adding at the first position: " + linkedList);
     // Adding element at the last position
     System.out.print("Enter an element to add at the last position: ");
     String lastElement = scanner.nextLine();
     linkedList.addLast(lastElement);
     System.out.println("After adding at the last position: " + linkedList);
     // Accessing elements
     System.out.print("Enter an index to access: ");
     int index = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
     if (index \ge 0 \&\& index < linkedList.size()) {
Jitendra Kumar Sahu
```

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```
Programming in Python
                                                                                              MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
        System.out.println("Element at index " + index + ": " + linkedList.get(index));
      } else {
        System.out.println("Index out of bounds");
      }
      // Removing an element
      System.out.print("Enter an index to remove: ");
      int removeIndex = scanner.nextInt();
      scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
      if (removeIndex >= 0 && removeIndex < linkedList.size()) {
        linkedList.remove(removeIndex);
        System.out.println("After removing element at index " + removeIndex + ": " + linkedList);
      } else {
        System.out.println("Index out of bounds");
      // Size of the LinkedList
      System.out.println("Size of LinkedList: " + linkedList.size());
      // Iterating over the elements
      System.out.println("Iterating over LinkedList:");
      for (String item : linkedList) {
        System.out.println(item);
      }
```

# **Output:**

```
Programming in Python
                                                                       MCA 2<sup>nd</sup> SEM
        Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
 Program Topic : LinkedList Class & its methods
 Enter elements for the LinkedList (type 'exit' to stop):
 12
 23
 23
 45
 465
 445
 exit
 LinkedList: [, 12, 23, 23, 45, 465, 445]
 Enter an element to add at the first position: 1111
 After adding at the first position: [1111, , 12, 23, 23, 45, 465, 445]
 Enter an element to add at the last position: 9999
 After adding at the last position: [1111, , 12, 23, 23, 45, 465, 445, 9999]
 Enter an index to access: 2
 Element at index 2: 12
 Enter an index to remove: 1
 After removing element at index 1: [1111, 12, 23, 23, 45, 465, 445, 9999]
 Size of LinkedList: 8
 Iterating over LinkedList:
 1111
 12
 23
 23
 45
 465
 445
 9999
```

# Program 54. Write a java program to demonstrate the JTextField class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class JTextFieldDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextField inputField;
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  public JTextFieldDemo() {
    Intro.print("JTextField demonstration");
    setTitle("JTextField Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    JLabel inputLabel = new JLabel("Enter text:");
    inputPanel.add(inputLabel);
    inputField = new JTextField(15);
    inputPanel.add(inputField);
    JButton addButton = new JButton("Add");
    inputPanel.add(addButton);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    addButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
       @Override
       public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
         String text = inputField.getText();
         if (!text.isEmpty()) {
            displayArea.append(text + "\n");
            inputField.setText("");
         }
```

```
Programming in Python

});

setVisible(true);

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

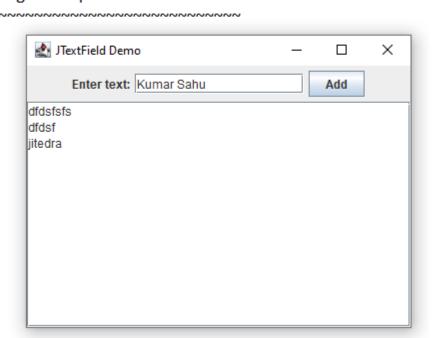
new JTextFieldDemo();

}

Output:

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

Program Topic: JTextField demonstration
```



## Program 55. Write a java program to demonstrate the JButton class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class JButtonDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextField inputField;
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  public JButtonDemo() {
    Intro.print("JButton demonstration");
    setTitle("JTextField Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    JLabel inputLabel = new JLabel("Enter text:");
    inputPanel.add(inputLabel);
    inputField = new JTextField(15);
    inputPanel.add(inputField);
    JButton addButton = new JButton("Add");
    inputPanel.add(addButton);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    addButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
       @Override
       public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
         String text = inputField.getText();
         if (!text.isEmpty()) {
            displayArea.append(text + "\n");
            inputField.setText("");
         }
```

```
Programming in Python

});

setVisible(true);
}

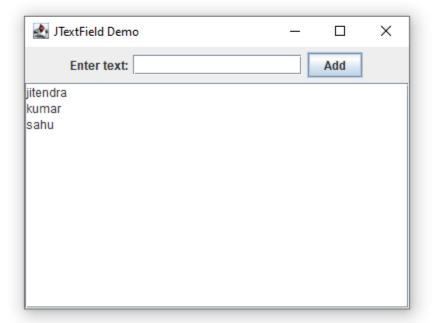
public static void main(String[] args) {

new JButtonDemo();
}

Output:

Author: Jitendra Kumar SAHU

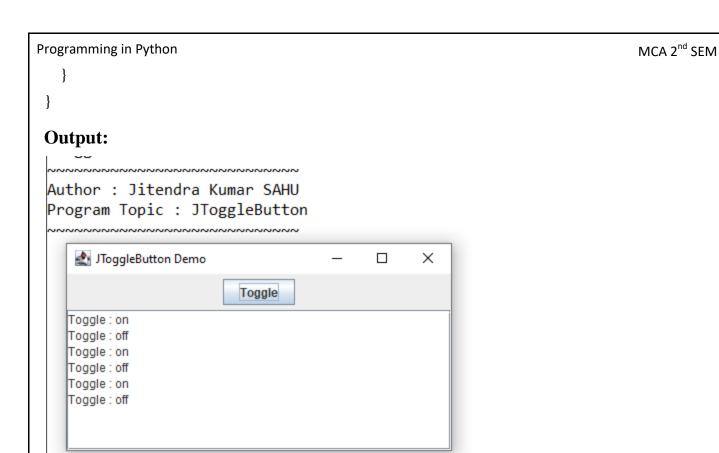
Program Topic: JButton demonstration
```



## Program 56. Write a java program to demonstrate the JToggleButton class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class JToggleButtonDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  private JToggleButton toggleButton;
  public JToggleButtonDemo() {
    Intro.print("JToggleButton");
    setTitle("JToggleButton Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    toggleButton = new JToggleButton("Toggle");
    inputPanel.add(toggleButton);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    toggleButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
       @Override
       public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
         if (toggleButton.isSelected())
           displayArea.append("Toggle: on\n");
         else
           displayArea.append("Toggle : off\n") ;
       }
    });
    setVisible(true);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    new JToggleButtonDemo();
```

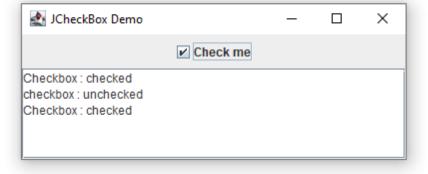


## Program 57. Write a java program to demonstrate the JCheckbox class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class JCheckBoxDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  private JCheckBox checkBox;
  public JCheckBoxDemo() {
    Intro.print("JCheckBox");
    setTitle("JCheckBox Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    checkBox = new JCheckBox("Check me");
    inputPanel.add(checkBox);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    checkBox.addActionListener(new ActionListener(){
       @Override
       public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
         if (checkBox.isSelected()) displayArea.append("Checkbox : checked\n");
         else displayArea.append("checkbox : unchecked\n");
       }
    });
    setVisible(true);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    new JCheckBoxDemo();
  }
```

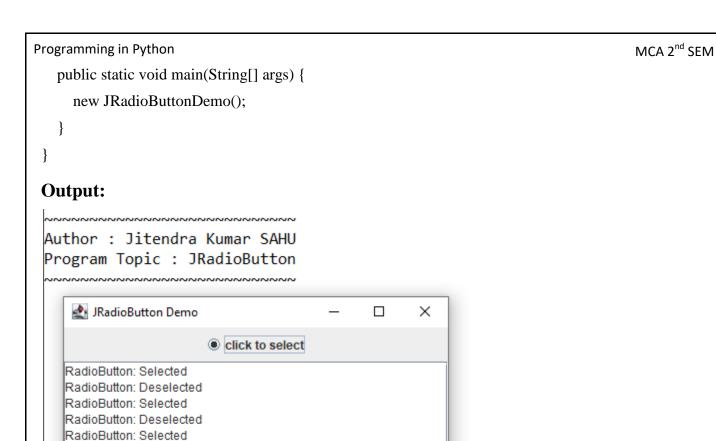
Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU Program Topic : JCheckBox



### Program 58. Write a java program to demonstrate the JRadioButton class.

#### Code:

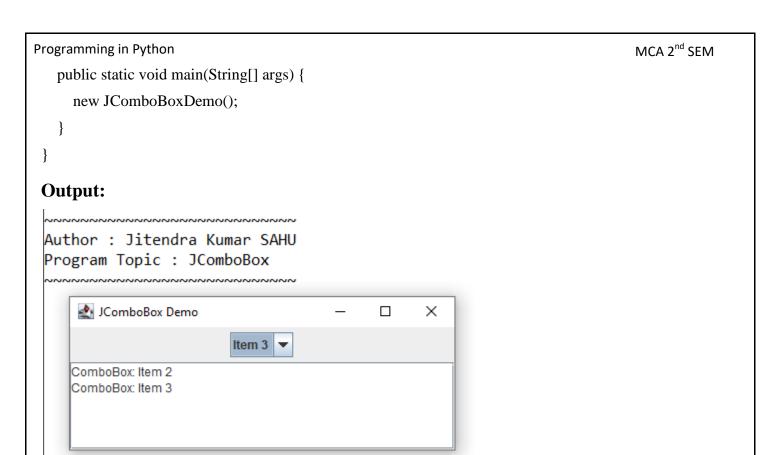
```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class JRadioButtonDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  private JRadioButton radioButton;
  public JRadioButtonDemo() {
    Intro.print("JRadioButton");
    setTitle("JRadioButton Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    radioButton = new JRadioButton("click to select");
    inputPanel.add(radioButton);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    radioButton.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
       @Override
       public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
         if (radioButton.isSelected()) {
           displayArea.append("RadioButton: Selected\n");
         } else {
           displayArea.append("RadioButton: Deselected\n");
         }
    });
    setVisible(true);
  }
```



## Program 59. Write a java program to demonstrate the JComboBox class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
public class JComboBoxDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  private JComboBox<String> comboBox ;
  public JComboBoxDemo() {
    Intro.print("JComboBox");
    setTitle("JComboBox Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    String[] comboBoxItems ={"Item 1", "Item 2", "Item 3"};
    comboBox = new JComboBox<<> (comboBoxItems);
    inputPanel.add(comboBox);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    comboBox.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
       @Override
      public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
         displayArea.append("ComboBox: " + comboBox.getSelectedItem() + "\n");
       }
    });
    setVisible(true);
  }
```



# Program 60. Write a java program to demonstrate the JList class.

#### Code:

```
import myPack.Intro;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
public class JListDemo extends JFrame {
  private JTextArea displayArea;
  private JList<String> list;
  public JListDemo() {
    Intro.print("JList");
    setTitle("JList Demo");
    setSize(400, 300);
    setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    setLayout(new BorderLayout());
    JPanel inputPanel = new JPanel();
    inputPanel.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
    String[] listItems = {"Item A", "Item B", "Item C"};
    list = new JList<>(listItems);
    list.setSelectionMode(ListSelectionModel.SINGLE_SELECTION);
    JScrollPane listScrollPane = new JScrollPane(list);
     listScrollPane.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(100, 60));
    inputPanel.add(listScrollPane);
    add(inputPanel, BorderLayout.NORTH);
    displayArea = new JTextArea();
    displayArea.setEditable(false);
    add(new JScrollPane(displayArea), BorderLayout.CENTER);
    list.addListSelectionListener(e -> {
       if (!e.getValueIsAdjusting()) {
         displayArea.append("List: " + list.getSelectedValue() + "\n");
       }
     });
    setVisible(true);
  }
```

```
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Programming in Python
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     new JListDemo();
 }
Output:
 Author : Jitendra Kumar SAHU
 Program Topic : JList
                                                  ×
    🔬 JList Demo
                                            Item A
                      Item B
                      Item C
   List: Item B
   List: Item C
  List: Item B
  List: Item A
   List: Item B
```

List: Item C