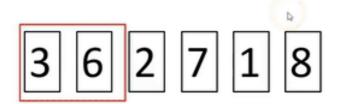
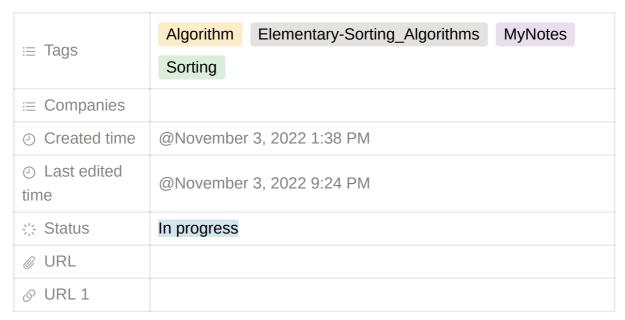
Bubble Sort:



Bubble Sort



Bubble Sort is the simplest sorting algorithm that works by repeatedly swapping the adjacent elements if they are in the wrong order.

it is a in-place sorting algorithm so $\frac{\text{space complexity}}{\text{space complexity}}$ of this algorithm is O(1). and it uses nested loop which makes its average/best/worst $\frac{\text{time complexity}}{\text{complexity}}$ to O(n^2).

How this works:

we start loop from 0 to array.size inside it we make a nested loop that runs from 1 to array.size-i in each iteration we

Bubble Sort 1

check if the Jth element is smaller then its to left adjacent element if it is then we swap them otherwise don't do anything this makes sure we always have the largest element in index j and in the end of the inside loop the largest element end up in the size-i and since we are incrementing i in each outer loop iteration we are excluding the element we set in size-i and after the loop we have a sorted array.

i = 0	j	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	0	5	3	1	9	8	2	4	7
	1	3 3 3	5	1	9	8	2 2 2 2	4	
	2	3	1	1 5	9	8	2	4	7 7 7
	2	3	1	5	9	8	2	4	7
		3	1	5	8	9	2	4	7
	4 5	3	1	5	8	2	9	4	7
	6	3 3 3 1	1	5	8	2 2 2 2 2 2 8	4	9	7
i =1	0	3	1	5	8	2	4 4 4 4 4	7 7 7 7 7	9
	1		3	5 5 5	8	2	4	7	
	2	1	3	5	8	2	4	7	
	2 3 4	1	3	5	8	2	4	7	
	4	1	3	5	2	8	4 8	7	
	5	1	3	5	2	4	8	7	
i = 2	0	1	3	5	2 2 2 2	4	7 7	8	
	1	1	3	5	2	4	7		
	2 3 4	1	3	5	5	4	7 7 7		
	3	1	3	2	5	4	7		
		1	3	2	4	5	7		
i = 3	0 1 2 3	1	3	2 2 2 3	4	5 5 5	7		
	1	1	3	2	4	5			
	2	1	2	3	4	5			
	3	1	2	3	4	5			
i =: 4	0	1	2	3 3	4	5			
	1	1	2	3	4				
	2	1	2	3	4				
i = 5	0	1	2	3	4				
	1	1	2	3					
i = 6	0	1	1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2	3					
		1	2						

```
void bubbleSort(vector<int> &arr){
  for (size_t i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++)
    for (size_t j = 1; j < arr.size() - i; j++)
    if (arr[j - 1] > arr[j])
        swap(arr[j - 1], arr[j]);
}
```

Bubble Sort 2