

## PDS Assignment – 1

### Question 2

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#### Loading the Data:

- The code starts by loading student performance data from a CSV file named `clean_data_file.csv` using pandas.

#### Printing Dataset Info:

- The `info()` function is called to display information about the dataset, including the column names, data types, and non-null counts. This helps understand the structure and completeness of the data.

#### Generating DataFrame:

- A DataFrame named `Stu_data` is created to hold the loaded dataset.

#### Understanding the Data:

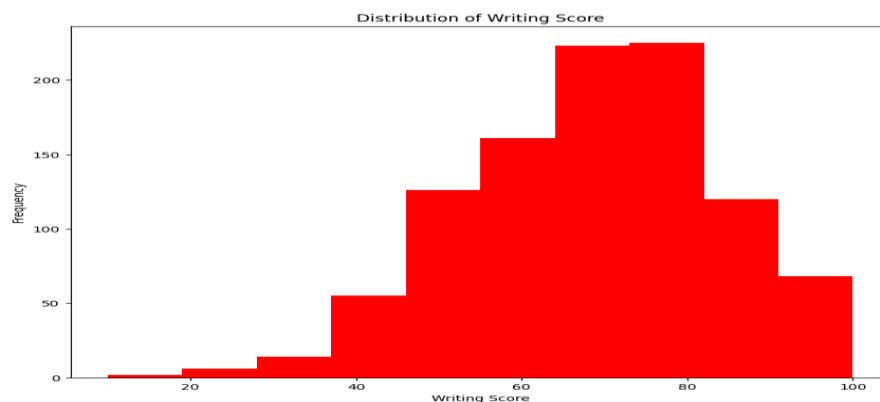
- The code snippet prints:
- Column names using `columns`.
- Dataset shape (number of rows and columns) using `shape`.
- First few rows of the dataset using `head()`.
- Summary statistics of the numerical columns using `describe()`.

These steps provide insights into the structure, content, and statistical summary of the dataset.

#### Visualizing the Data:

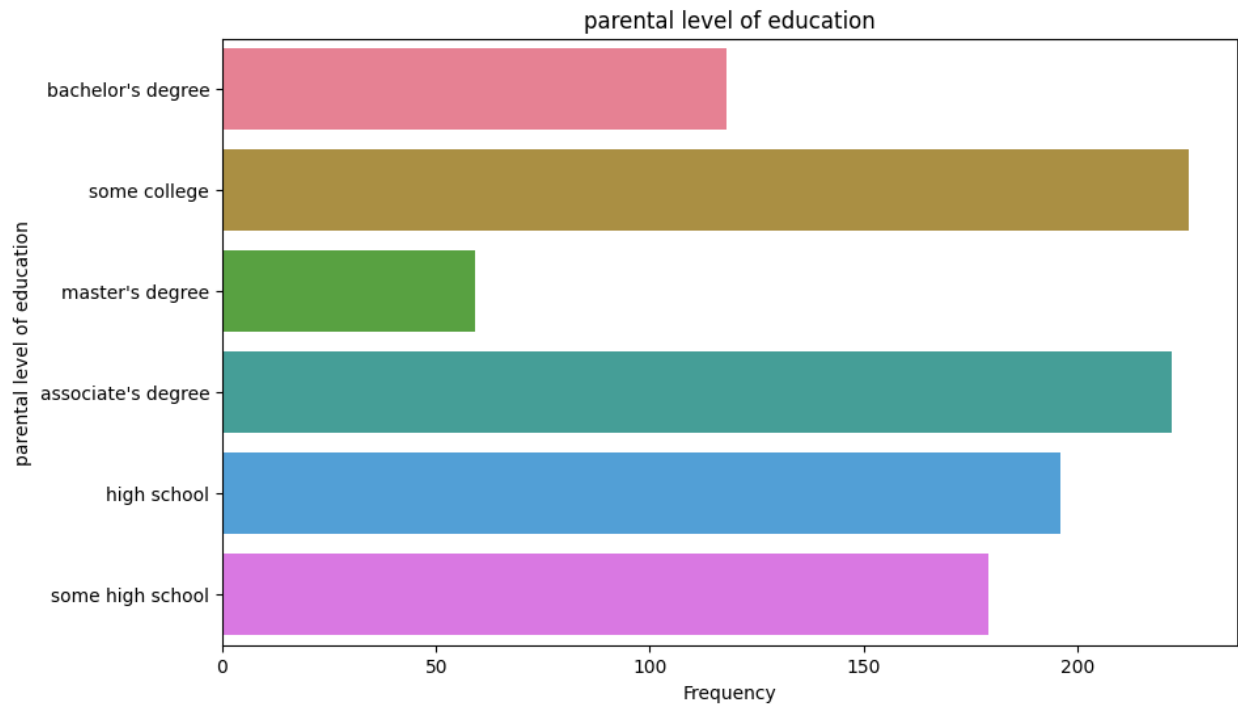
##### 1. Histogram Plot (Distribution of Writing Score):

A histogram is plotted to visualize the distribution of writing scores among students.



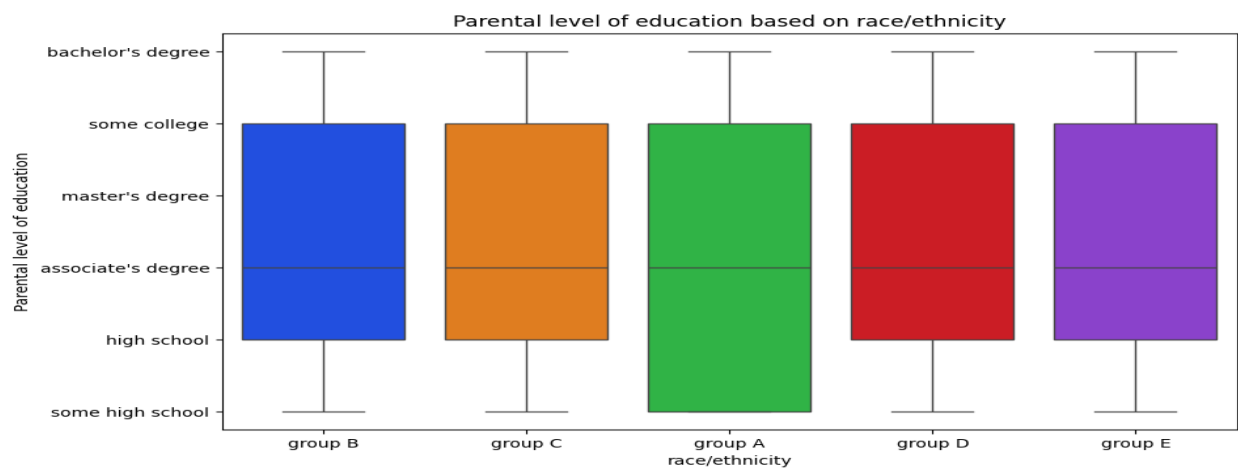
## 2. Count Plot (Parental Level of Education):

A count plot is created to display the frequency of each category in the "parental level of education" feature.



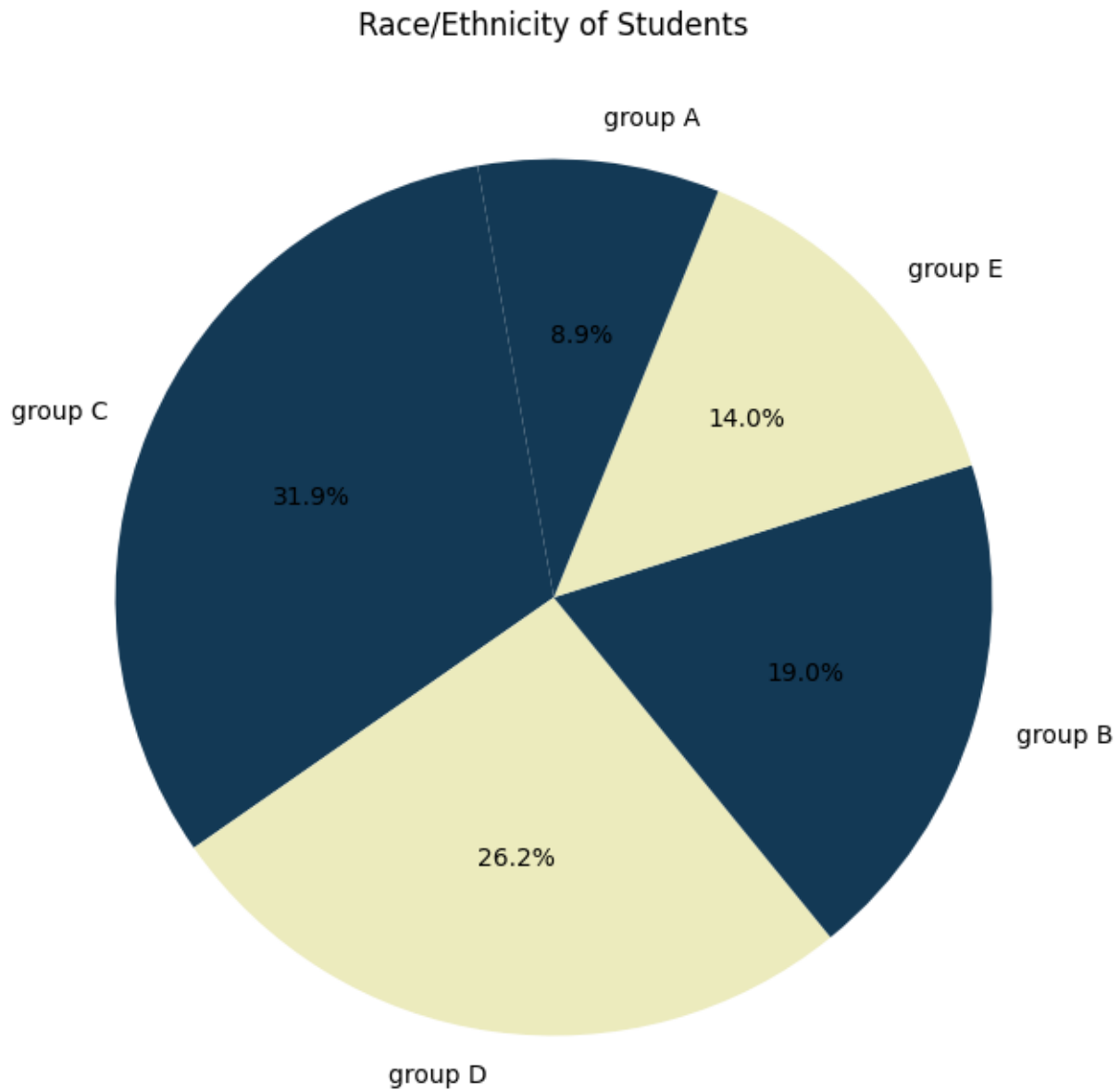
## 3. Boxplot (Parental Level of Education vs. Race/Ethnicity):

A box plot is generated to show the parental level of education based on race/ethnicity, providing insights into educational disparities among different ethnic groups.



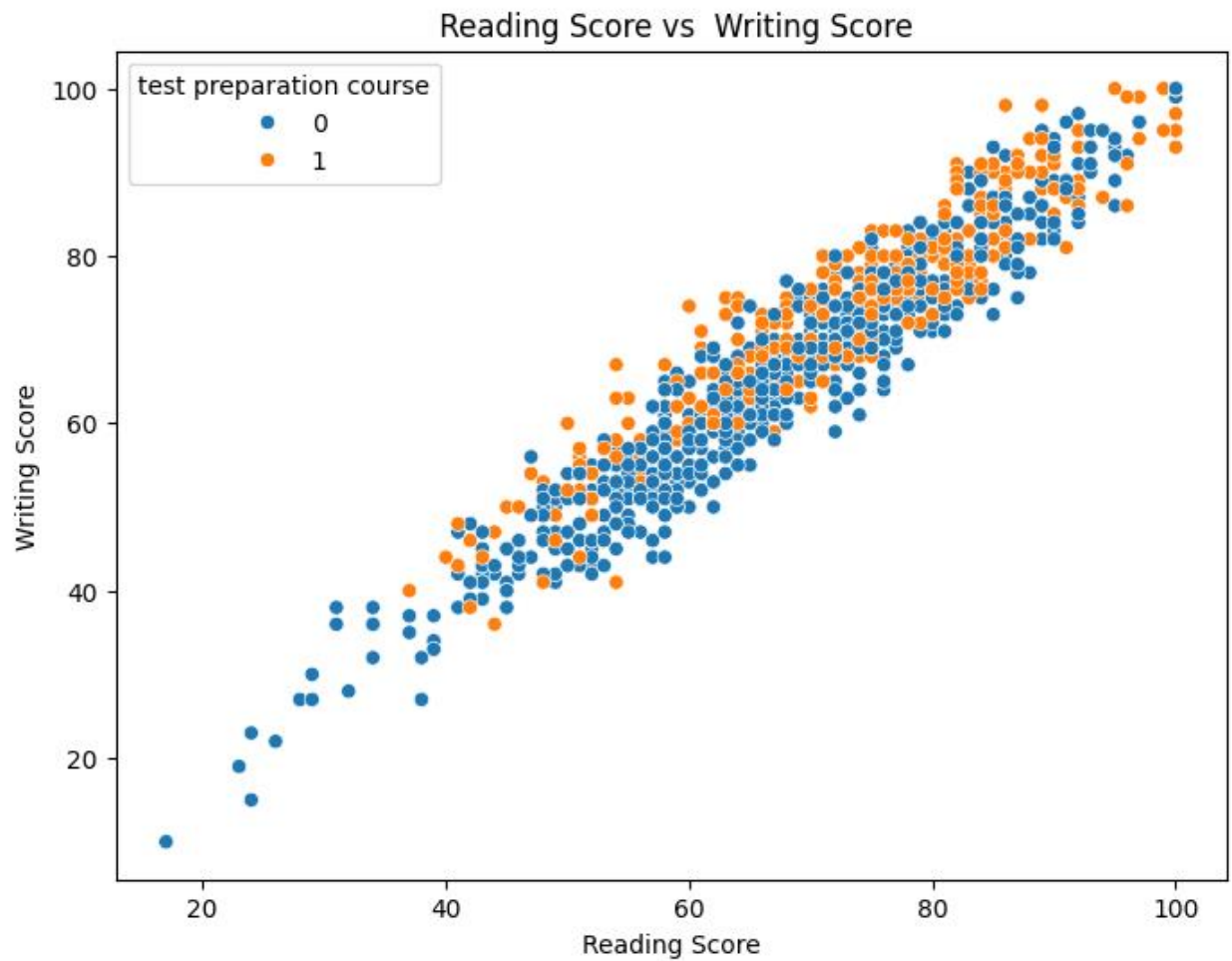
#### 4. Pie Plot (Race/Ethnicity Distribution):

A pie chart is drawn to illustrate the distribution of race/ethnicity among students, showing the relative proportions of each group.



### 5. Scatter Plot (Reading Score vs. Writing Score):

A scatter plot is created to explore the relationship between reading scores and writing scores, with the test preparation course indicated by color.



### Results:

- The visualizations provide insights into various aspects of student performance, including score distributions, demographic representations, and relationships between variables.
- For example, the box plot reveals disparities in parental education levels across different racial/ethnic groups, while the scatter plot indicates the impact of test preparation courses on reading and writing scores.

**Conclusion:**

Overall, the code efficiently loads, explores, and visualizes the student performance dataset, facilitating better understanding and interpretation of the data.