DATA ANALYST INTERNSHIP

Task 4: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Selected Dataset: Titanic Dataset

Raw Data:

Passen 🔻	Survive ▼	Pclass 🔻	Name 🔻	Sex	v	Age ▼	SibSp ▼	Parch 🔻	Ticket ▼		Cabin 🔻	Embarked 🔻
1	0	3	Braund, N	male		22	1	0	A/5 21171	7.25		S
2	1	1	Cumings,	female		38	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
3	1	3	Heikkiner	female		26	0	0	STON/O2. 310128	7.925		S
4	1	1	Futrelle, I	female		35	1	0	113803	53.1	C123	S
5	0	3	Allen, Mr.	male		35	0	0	373450	8.05		S
6	0	3	Moran, M	male			0	0	330877	8.4583		Q
7	0	1	McCarthy	male		54	0	0	17463	51.8625	E46	S
8	0	3	Palsson, N	male		2	3	1	349909	21.075		S
9	1	. 3	Johnson,	female		27	0	2	347742	11.1333		S
10	1	. 2	Nasser, M	female		14	1	0	237736	30.0708		С
11	1	3	Sandstror	female		4	1	1	PP 9549	16.7	G6	S
12	1	1	Bonnell, N	female		58	0	0	113783	26.55	C103	S
13	0	3	Saundero	male		20	0	0	A/5. 2151	8.05		S
14	0	3	Andersso	male		39	1	5	347082	31.275		S
15	0	3	Vestrom,	female		14	0	0	350406	7.8542		S
16	1	2	Hewlett,	female		55	0	0	248706	16		S
17	0	3	Rice, Mas	male		2	4	1	382652	29.125		Q
18	1	2	Williams,	male			0	0	244373	13		S
19	0	3	Vander Pl	female		31	1	0	345763	18		S
20	1	3	Masselma	female			0	0	2649	7.225		С
21	0	2	Fynney, N	male		35	0	0	239865	26		S
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Tools used: Python (Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn)

```
DATA ANALYSIS ON TITANIC DATASET

importing libraries

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Load the dataset

```
# load the dataset

df = pd.read_csv('Titanic.csv')
 df.head(5)
```

Overview:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	
0				Braund, Mr. Owen Harris					A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN		11
1	2			Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0			PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С	
2				Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0			STON/02. 3101282	7.9250	NaN		
3	4			Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0			113803	53.1000	C123		
4				Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0			373450	8.0500	NaN		

Data Exploration:

```
# Data exploratiom
df.info()
```

Output:

#	Column `	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	PassengerId	891 non-null	int64
1	Survived	891 non-null	int64
2	Pclass	891 non-null	int64
3	Name	891 non-null	object
4	Sex	891 non-null	object
5	Age	714 non-null	float64
6	SibSp	891 non-null	int64
7	Parch	891 non-null	int64
8	Ticket	891 non-null	object
9	Fare	891 non-null	float64
10	Cabin	204 non-null	object
11	Embarked	889 non-null	object

df.describe()										
	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare			
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000			
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208			
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	14.526497	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429			
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000			
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	20.125000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400			
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	28.000000	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200			
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	38.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000			
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200			

Missing Values count:

```
# checking data missing values
missing_values = df.isnull().sum()
print(missing_values)
PassengerId
Survived
                0
Pclass
                0
Name
                0
                0
             177
Age
SibSp
              0
               0
Parch
               0
Ticket
                0
Fare
Cabin
              687
Embarked
                2
```

Handle Missing values:

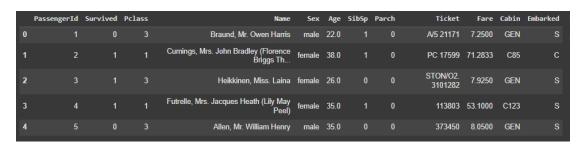
```
# handle missing values

df['Age'].fillna(df['Age'].mean(), inplace=True)

df['Cabin'].fillna("GEN", inplace=True)

df.head(5)
```

Overview of Modified Data:



Exploratory Data Analysis:

Data Modification:

```
def survive(survived):
    if survived == 1:
        return "Survived"
    else:
        return "Not Survived"

df['Survived'] = df['Survived'].apply(survive)
    df.head(5)
```

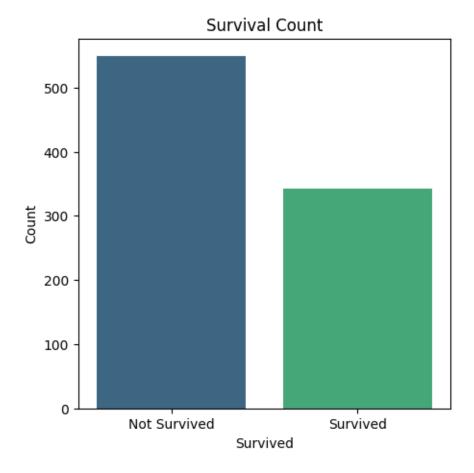
Output:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0		Not Survived		Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0		0	A/5 21171	7.2500	GEN	
1	2	Survived		Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0		0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
2	3	Survived		Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0		0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	GEN	
3	4	Survived		Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0		0	113803	53.1000	C123	
4		Not Survived		Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0		0	373450	8.0500	GEN	

Survival Counts:

```
survival_counts = df['Survived'].value_counts()
print(survival_counts)

plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
sns.countplot(x='Survived', data=df, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Survival Count')
plt.xlabel('Survived')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



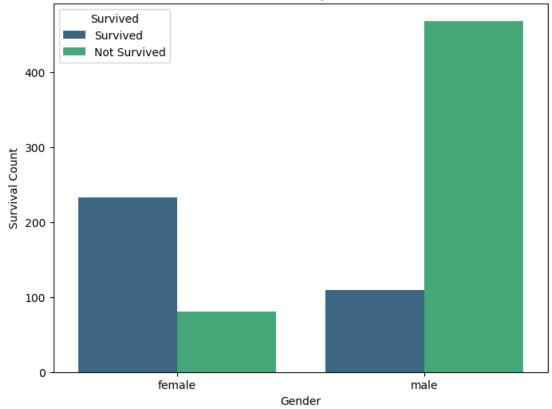
Gender wise survival rate:

```
# gender wise survivaral rate

survival_by_gender = df.groupby('Sex')['Survived'].value_counts().reset_index()

plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.barplot(x='Sex', y='count', hue='Survived', data=survival_by_gender, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Survival Rate by Gender')
plt.xlabel('Gender')
plt.ylabel('Gender')
plt.ylabel('Survival Count')
plt.show()
```





Passenger Class and Survival:

```
# passenger_class by survival

def passenger_class(pclass):
    if pclass == 1:
        return "First Class"
    elif pclass == 2:
        return "Second Class"
    elif pclass == 3:
        return "Third Class"
    else:
        return "Unknown"

df['Pclass'] = df['Pclass'].apply(passenger_class)
    df.head(5)
```

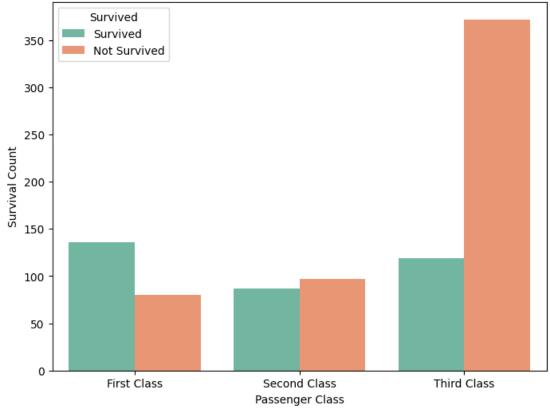
	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0		Not Survived	Third Class	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0			A/5 21171	7.2500	GEN	
1	2	Survived	First Class	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0		0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
2		Survived	Third Class	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0			STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	GEN	
3	4	Survived	First Class	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0		0	113803	53.1000	C123	s
4		Not Survived	Third Class	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0			373450	8.0500	GEN	

EDA:

```
survival_by_class = df.groupby('Pclass')['Survived'].value_counts().reset_index()

plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.barplot(x='Pclass', y='count', hue='Survived', data=survival_by_class, palette='Set2')
plt.title('Survival Rate by Passenger Class')
plt.xlabel('Passenger Class')
plt.ylabel('Survival Count')
plt.show()
```



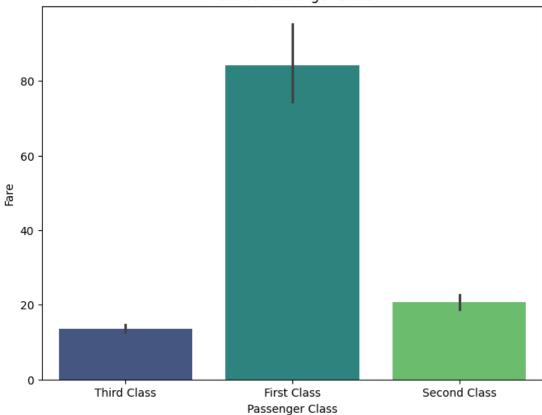


Fare vs Passenger Class Relation:

```
# FARE VS Plcass correlaration

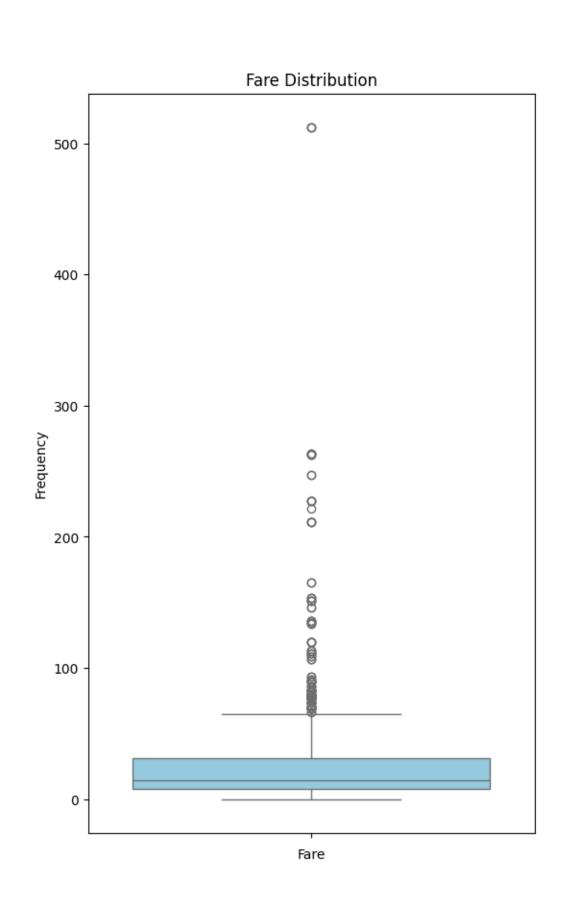
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.barplot(x='Pclass', y='Fare', data=df, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Fare vs Passenger Class')
plt.xlabel('Passenger Class')
plt.ylabel('Fare')
```

Fare vs Passenger Class



```
# Fare distribution

plt.figure(figsize=(6,10))
sns.boxplot(df['Fare'], color='skyblue')
plt.title('Fare Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Fare')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



Insights:

Visual Insights

- 1. Survival Count
 - o About 38% survived, 62% did not.
 - o Dataset is slightly imbalanced.
- 2. Gender vs Survival
 - o Females had a much higher survival rate than males.
 - o Majority of passengers were male.
- 3. Passenger Class vs Survival
 - o 1st class passengers survived the most.
 - o Survival dropped significantly in 3rd class.
- 4. Fare Distribution by Class
 - o 1st class had higher fares and more variation.
 - o Some outliers in fare among all classes.

Thank You