Started on	Friday, 11 April 2025, 10:22 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 11 April 2025, 12:44 PM
Time taken	2 hours 22 mins
Overdue	22 mins 7 secs
Grade	<b>80.00</b> out of 100.00

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a python program to implement merge sort using iterative approach on the given list of float values.

# For example:

Test	Input	Result
Merge_Sort(S)	5 10.2 21.3 3.5 7.8 9.8	The Original array is: [10.2, 21.3, 3.5, 7.8, 9.8] Array after sorting is: [3.5, 7.8, 9.8, 10.2, 21.3]
Merge_Sort(S)		The Original array is: [20.3, 41.2, 5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 65.2] Array after sorting is: [5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 20.3, 41.2, 65.2]

# **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 ▼ def Merge_Sort(S):
 2 🔻
        if len(S) > 1:
 3
             mid = len(S) // 2
 4
             L = S[:mid]
             R = S[mid:]
 5
 6
 7
             Merge_Sort(L)
 8
             Merge_Sort(R)
 9
10
             i = j = k = 0
11
12
13 •
             while i < len(L) and j < len(R):</pre>
14 ▼
                 if L[i] < R[j]:</pre>
15
                     S[k] = L[i]
16
                      i += 1
17 •
                 else:
18
                     S[k] = R[j]
19
                     j += 1
20
                 k += 1
21
22
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Merge_Sort(S)	5 10.2 21.3 3.5 7.8 9.8	The Original array is: [10.2, 21.3, 3.5, 7.8, 9.8] Array after sorting is: [3.5, 7.8, 9.8, 10.2, 21.3]	The Original array is: [10.2, 21.3, 3.5, 7.8, 9.8] Array after sorting is: [3.5, 7.8, 9.8, 10.2, 21.3]	~

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Merge_Sort(S)	6 20.3 41.2 5.3 6.2 8.1 65.2	The Original array is: [20.3, 41.2, 5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 65.2] Array after sorting is: [5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 20.3, 41.2, 65.2]	The Original array is: [20.3, 41.2, 5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 65.2] Array after sorting is: [5.3, 6.2, 8.1, 20.3, 41.2, 65.2]	~
•	Merge_Sort(S)	4 2.3 6.1 4.5 96.5	The Original array is: [2.3, 6.1, 4.5, 96.5] Array after sorting is: [2.3, 4.5, 6.1, 96.5]	The Original array is: [2.3, 6.1, 4.5, 96.5] Array after sorting is: [2.3, 4.5, 6.1, 96.5]	*

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

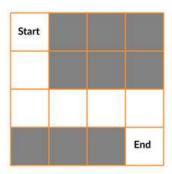
Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **2**Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

# **Rat In A Maze Problem**

You are given a maze in the form of a matrix of size n \* n. Each cell is either clear or blocked denoted by 1 and 0 respectively. A rat sits at the top-left cell and there exists a block of cheese at the bottom-right cell. Both these cells are guaranteed to be clear. You need to find if the rat can get the cheese if it can move only in one of the two directions - down and right. It can't move to blocked cells.



Provide the solution for the above problem(Consider n=4)

The output (Solution matrix) must be 4\*4 matrix with value "1" which indicates the path to destination and "0" for the cell indicating the absence of the path to destination.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
N = 4
 1
    def printSolution( sol ):
 2 ▼
 3 •
        for i in sol:
 4 •
            for j in i:
                print(str(j) + " ", end ="")
 5
 6
            print("")
 7
 8 •
    def isSafe( maze, x, y ):
 9 ,
        if x \ge 0 and x < N and y \ge 0 and y < N and maze[x][y] == 1:
10
            return True
11
        return False
12
    def solveMaze( maze ):
13
        sol = [ [ 0 for j in range(4) ] for i in range(4) ]
14
        if solveMazeUtil(maze, 0, 0, sol) == False:
15
16
            print("Solution doesn't exist");
17
            return False
        printSolution(sol)
18
19
        return True
20
21 v def solveMazeUtil(maze, x, y, sol):
22 ▼
        if x == N - 1 and y == N - 1:
```

	Expected			G	ot				
~	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	~
	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	

Passed all tests! 🗸

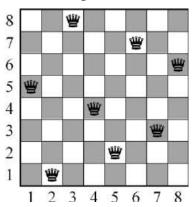
Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question \bf 3
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

You are given an integer N. For a given N x N chessboard, find a way to place 'N' queens such that no queen can attack any other queen on the chessboard.

A gueen can be attacked when it lies in the same row, column, or the same diagonal as any of the other gueens. You have to print one such configuration.



#### Note:

Get the input from the user for N . The value of N must be from 1 to 8

If solution exists Print a binary matrix as output that has 1s for the cells where queens are placed

If there is no solution to the problem print "Solution does not exist"

# For example:

Input	R	es	ul	t	
5	1	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	1	0
	0	1	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	1	0	0

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
global N
 1
    N = int(input())
 2
 3
    def printSolution(board):
 4
 5 •
        for i in range(N):
 6
            for j in range(N):
 7
                print(board[i][j], end = " ")
 8
            print()
 9
10
11
    def isSafe(board, row, col):
12 •
        for i in range(col):
13 •
            if board[row][i] == 1:
14
15
                return False
16
17
        for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1), range(col, -1, -1)):
            if board[i][j] == 1:
18
19
                return False
20
21 •
        for i, j in zip(range(row, N, 1), range(col, -1, -1)):
            if board[i][j] == 1:
22 🔻
```

	Input	Expected Got	
~	5	10000 10000	~
		0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	
		0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	
		0 0 0 0 1	
		0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	
~	2	Solution does not exist Solution does not $\epsilon$	exist 🗸
~	8	1000000 1000000	~
		0000010 0000010	
		00001000 00001000	
		00000001 00000001	
		01000000 01000000	
		00010000 00010000	
		00000100 00000100	
		0010000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

1

# Question 4 Correct Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

# **SUBSET SUM PROBLEM**

Given a set of positive integers, and a value sum, determine that the sum of the subset of a given set is equal to the given sum.

Write the program for subset sum problem.

#### **INPUT**

1.no of elements

2.Input the given elements

3.Get the target sum

#### **OUTPUT**

True, if subset with required sum is found

False, if subset with required sum is not found

# For example:

Input	Result
5	4
4	16
16	5
5	23
23	12
12	True, subset found
9	

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

# Reset answer

```
1 ▼ def SubsetSum(a,i,sum,target,n):
 2 •
        if i==n:
 3
            return sum==target
        if sum==target:
 4
 5
            return False
 6 ▼
        if sum>target:
 7
            return True
 8
        return SubsetSum(a,i+1,sum,target,n) or SubsetSum(a,i+1,sum+a[i],target,n)
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
    a=[]
19
    size=int(input())
20 √ for i in range(size):
21
        x=int(input())
22
        a.append(x)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	4	4	~
	4	16	16	
	16	5	5	
	5	23	23	
	23	12	12	
	12	True,subset found	True, subset found	
	9			
~	4	1	1	~
	1	2	2	
	2	3	3	
	3	4	4	
	4	False, subset not found	False, subset not found	
	11			
~	7	10	10	~
	10	7	7	
	7	5	5	
	5	18	18	
	18	12	12	
	12	20	20	
	20	15	15	
	15	True, subset found	True,subset found	
	35			

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question 5
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 20.00
```

**Greedy coloring doesn't always use the minimum number of colors possible to color a graph.** For a graph of maximum degree x, greedy coloring will use at most x+1 color. Greedy coloring can be arbitrarily bad;

Create a python program to implement graph colouring using Greedy algorithm.

#### For example:

Test	Result
colorGraph(graph, n)	Color assigned to vertex 0 is BLUE
	Color assigned to vertex 1 is GREEN
	Color assigned to vertex 2 is BLUE
	Color assigned to vertex 3 is RED
	Color assigned to vertex 4 is RED
	Color assigned to vertex 5 is GREEN

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 v class Graph:
2
       def __init__(self, edges, n):
3
           self.adjList = [[] for _ in range(n)]
4
5
           # add edges to the undirected graph
           for (src, dest) in edges:
6
7
               self.adjList[src].append(dest)
8
               self.adjList[dest].append(src)
9
   def colorGraph(graph, n):
       10
       _name__ == '__main__':
colors = ['', 'BLUE', 'GREEN', 'RED', 'YELLOW', 'ORANGE', 'PINK',
11 •
12
               'BLACK', 'BROWN', 'WHITE', 'PURPLE', 'VOILET']
13
       edges = [(0, 1), (0, 4), (0, 5), (4, 5), (1, 4), (1, 3), (2, 3), (2, 4)]
14
15
16
       graph = Graph(edges, n)
17
       colorGraph(graph, n)
```

Syntax Error(s)

Sorry: IndentationError: expected an indented block (\_\_tester\_\_.python3, line 11)

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0.00/20.00.