

Lab 2

Q.1. Ans:

```
int[] arrays (int n) {  
    int[] arr = new int[n];  
    loop1 {  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
            arr[i] = 1;  
        }  
    }  
    loop2 {  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {  
            for (int j = i; j < n; ++j) {  
                arr[i] += arr[j] + i + j;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    return arr;  
}
```

For loop1, the asymptotic notation for running time is $O(n)$.

And for loop2, the variable i runs upto n and the variable j runs as

0 to n times when $i = 0 \rightarrow n$

1 to n times when $i = 1 \rightarrow (n-1)$

\vdots

$\log n$

\therefore for loop2, running time is $O(n \log n)$.

\therefore for Overall program, $O(n) + O(n \log n)$
 $\approx O(n \log n)$.