Solve 
$$Z_1 = Z_2$$
 for  $x_1$ 

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## 1 Given:

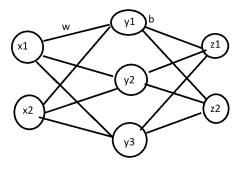


Figure 1: Given Neural Net

Figure 1 shows the given Neural Net that will be analysed.

 $x_1, x_2$  are the input neurons

[x] is the columnised vector notation of all "x" neurons of dimentions 1Xx  $y_1, y_2, y_3$  are the hidden layers neurons

[y] is the columnised vector notation of all "y" neurons of dimentions 1Xy  $z_1, z_2$  are the output neurons

[z] is the columnised vector notation of all "z" neurons of dimentions 1Xz

w denotes a weight

 $w_{y_1->z_2}$  denotes the weight from  $y_1$  to  $z_2$ 

 $[w_1]$  is the columnised vector notation of all " $w_1$ " weights of dimentions yXx  $w_{11}w_{12}w_{13}...w_{1x}$ 

$$[w_1] = [ & \vdots \\ w_{ij} \\ \vdots \\ w_{y1}w_{y2}w_{y3}...w_{yx}$$

 $[w_2]$  is the columnised vector notation of all " $w_2$ " weights of dimentions zXy

$$[w_2] = [ \begin{array}{c} w_{11}w_{12}w_{13}...w_{1y} \\ \vdots \\ w_{ij} \\ \vdots \\ w_{z1}w_{z2}w_{z3}...w_{zy} \end{array} ]$$

b deontes a bias

 $b_{y_3}$  deontes the bias associated with neuron  $y_3$ 

 $[b_1]$  is the columnised vector notation of all " $b_1$ " biases of dimentions 1 Xy

$$[b_1] = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} \\ b_{21} \\ \vdots \\ b_{1y} \end{bmatrix}$$

 $[b_2]$  is the columnised vector notation of all " $b_2$ " biases of dimentions 1Xz

$$[b_2] = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} \\ b_{21} \\ \vdots \\ b_{1z} \end{bmatrix}$$

The input to a  $y_i$  neuron will be denoted as:

$$y_i = \sigma(w_{x_1->y_i} * x_1 + w_{x_2->y_i} * x_2 + b_{y_i})$$

OR in vector notation:

$$[y] = \sigma([x][w_1] + [b_1])$$

Where 
$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} = \frac{1}{1 + \exp[-x]}$$

The input to a  $z_i$  neuron will be denoted as:

$$z_i = \sigma(w_{y_1->z_i} * y_1 + w_{y_2->z_i} * y_2 + w_{y_3->z_i} * y_3 + b_{z_i})$$

OR in vector notation:

$$[z] = \sigma([y][w_2] + [b_2])$$

## **2** Solve $z_1 = z_2$ for $x_1$

$$z_1 = z_2 \tag{1}$$

NOTE: Observe I as the identity matrix

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

NOTE: Observe [x]I

$$[x]I = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

NOTE: Observe:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Denote:

$$[I_1] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Denote:

$$[I_2] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

we can rewrite:  $z_1 = z_2$  as:

$$[z][I_1] = [z][I_2] \tag{3}$$

move everything to one side

$$[z][I_1] - [z][I_2] = 0 (4)$$

factor [z]

$$[z]([I_1] - [I_2]) = 0 (5)$$

expand  $[I_1]$  and  $[I_2]$ 

simplify

$$\begin{bmatrix} z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \tag{7}$$

Denote:

$$[I_{1-2}] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (8)

return to matrix notation

$$[z][I_{1-2}] = 0 (9)$$

expand [z]

$$[z] = \sigma([y][w_2] + [b_2]) \tag{10}$$

$$[z] = \sigma(\sigma([x][w_1] + [b_1])[w_2] + [b_2])$$
(11)

substatute eq.11 into eq.9

$$\sigma(\sigma([x][w_1] + [b_1])[w_2] + [b_2])[I_{1-2}] = 0$$
(12)

Go back to equ. 3  $\,$ 

$$[z][I_1] = [z][I_2] (13)$$

expand  $\mathbf{Z}$