#### U Probability

definition
$$F : \text{set of events}$$

$$P : F \rightarrow Co, i \exists = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 0 \leq x \leq 1\}$$

$$\Omega : \{H_1 + 7\} | F_1: \{\emptyset\}, \{H_1, \{T_1, \{H_1, T_1\}\}\}$$

$$P(\emptyset) = 0 \quad Pr(\{H_1\}) = \frac{1}{2} \quad Pr(\{T_1\}) = \frac{1}{2} \quad Pr(\{H_1, T_1\}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Ex 5x5 binong

$$|F| = 5^{25}$$

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#### Random voriable

2] Information theory
(~ Information Measures)

Entropy

$$X:r.v$$
  
 $\% = \{0,1,...,M-1^{q}\}$   
 $P_{X}(x):pmf$ 

• det Surprisol of x

$$S(\pi) = \log_2 \frac{1}{P_X(\pi)} = -\log_2 f_X(\pi)$$

ex> x=1 if earthquilde 0 else et Entropy of random variable X

$$H(x) = \mathbb{E}[S(x)]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[\log_2 \frac{1}{P_X(x)}] = \frac{1}{x \in X} (\log_2 \frac{1}{P_X(x)}) \cdot P_X(x)$$
ex ) X: Inany random variable

ex) X: binary random variable

Bern Cp)

Entropy = measure of uncertainty (rondomness)

= amount of information

std us entropy 7 some entropy 100 different standard deviation \* Enthopy can also be used as image hardness A: pot dog

B: pot cat mage1: [0.05] image2: [0.67]

C: pot fish D: p of table

OH(x) property: non-negativity  $H(x) \ge 0$   $&H(x) = 0 \Leftrightarrow x : deterministic$  (Pr(x=x)=1)

Ex> 
$$P_X(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^X$$
 ( $x \ge 1$ , integer)

A. 
$$H(X) = \mathbb{E} \left[ \log_2 \frac{1}{R(X)} \right] = \mathbb{E} \left[ \log_2 2^{X} \right] = \mathbb{E}[X] = \sum_{X=1}^{\infty} x \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^X$$

$$gp \neq \sum_{X=1}^{\infty} p^X = \frac{1}{1-p} \quad \text{when} \quad |p| < 1$$

$$\frac{dS}{dp} = \sum_{X=1}^{\infty} x \cdot p^X = \frac{1}{dp} \left( -1 + \frac{1}{1-p} \right) = \frac{1}{(p+1)^2} = 4$$

$$\therefore \sum_{X=1}^{\infty} x \cdot p^X = 4 \cdot p^2 = 4$$

· M. Convexivity (Concavity)

f: N→1P 75 convex if nfx) + (+n)fey) ≥ f(nx+ (+n)y) to 5n≤1, tx,y ∈ X

: counex

f: N→R is concome if Affx)+(LA) fly) = f(Nx+(LA)y)

: ON Cave

ex> X ~ Bom Cp)

HCX) = plog = + CI-b) log = H2 Cb) : carcons.

· Jensen's inequality

f: N -> IR can cave

EC f(X)] =f(ECXJ)

> Max Entropy when unitorm

· Mismatch

 $H(X) = \mathbb{E} \left[ \log \frac{1}{R_{k}(x_{k})} \right] = \sum_{x_{k}} P_{k}(x_{k}) \frac{1}{\log \frac{1}{R_{k}(x_{k})}}$ 

Suppose! X~Q

H(X) < Epox[10g 000]

⇒ KL- Divergence

• KL- Divergence (= relative entropy) → non negative by mismatch

\* Not distance or metric but divergence

i) unstable: certain event  $\Rightarrow$  divergence  $5\infty$  ii) symmetry  $\chi$ 

\*Earth Mover dist (= Wassersten dist) : symmetric site

generate realistic image

GAN: true distribution img = Px (riv)

→ image Q minimize dist bothern Px and Q

# · Cross Entropy

dof 5 Px(x) log a(x)

Indep det ) X & Y are indep inter Px, y (x), y) = fx (x) Px(y) tr(y

## def Rondom Vector

$$X_{0} = (\chi^{1}\chi^{5}, \dots \chi^{5}) \quad x_{0} = (\chi^{5}, \dots \chi^{5})$$

Joint pmf  $P_{X^n}(x^n) = P_n(X^n = x^n) = P_n(X_1 = x_1, \dots X_n = x_n)$ det Diffusion Overview diffusion MNIST

$$H(X_1/X_2) = \sum_{(a_1/32)} P_{X_1/32}(y_1/y_2) \log \frac{1}{P_{X_1/32}(x_1/x_2)}$$

$$X_1 \in X_1 = \{1,2,\dots,M\}$$
  
 $X_2 \in X_2 = \{1,2,\dots,M\}$ 

>total uncertainty of poin (X11/2) total amount of information Special case: XIII /2 ( PXIX (X))=PXI (X) PX(X)

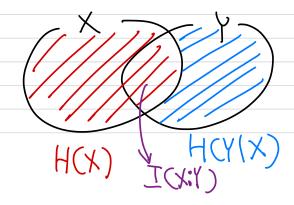
- (2) H(X1, X2)= H(X1)+ H(X2/X1)

## = Conditional Entropy

· Constitional Entropy

$$\frac{del}{del} H(X|Y) = \text{amount of info in } X \text{ when } Y = \text{is given}$$

$$= \mathbb{E} \left[\log \frac{1}{2}\right]$$



I(X:Y): Mutual Information

L> nonnegative L> symmetric

· Data processing inequality

 $\mathbb{O}_{t; \mathcal{X} \to \mathbb{K}}$ 

②f: n→R I(x;y)≥I(f(x);y)

3 Markovity: seq of r.v

Markov triplet X-Y-Z: iff X&Z are indep given Y  $I(Z:X) \geq I(Z:Y)$ 

### · Random Process

(1) (1) d

2 Markov Process (1st order)

der Px1/x1-1 x1 = Px1/x1-1

(namely, Probability in ith stage only depend on previous stage (di-1)th process)

3) Kth order Markov Process

def Px1/x+... x1 = Px1/x+... xx

4 Stationary

 $\chi'_{0} = \chi_{i+1}^{i+n} \forall i,n$ 

# · Continuous random variable

$$F_{X}(x) = P_{F}(X \leq x)$$
: Cumulative distribution function  $f_{X}(x) = \frac{dF_{X}(x)}{dx}$ ; probability density function

#### Jarobian?

If 
$$\lambda = \mu(x) \Rightarrow \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial x} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial x} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial y} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial x} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial y} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial x} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial y} \right| = \left| \frac{\partial \lambda}{$$

$$(Y_{1},Y_{2}) = H(X_{1},X_{2})$$
  
 $f_{Y_{1},Y_{2}}(y_{1},y_{2}) = \int \frac{dx_{1}dx_{2}}{dy_{1}dy_{2}} f_{X_{1},X_{2}}(x_{1},x_{2})$ 

$$f_{x}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}6^2} \exp\left(-\frac{(2(711)^2)}{26^2}\right)$$

Jointly Gaussian ~
$$N(\mu, \Sigma)$$
 $\mu = \begin{pmatrix} \mu_1 \\ \mu_2 \end{pmatrix} \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_1^2 & \rho \delta_1 \delta_2 \\ \rho \delta_1 \delta_2 & \delta_2^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_1^2 & \delta_1 2 \\ \delta_1 \delta_2 & \delta_2^2 \end{pmatrix}$ 
 $f_{X_1, X_2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^2 |\Sigma|}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(X-\mu)\Xi^{-1}(X-\mu)\right)$ 
 $f_{X_1, X_2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^2 |\Sigma|}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x^n-\mu)\Xi^{-1}(x^n-\mu)\right)$ 

· Differential Entropy

(when discrete:  $D(f|g) = \mathbb{E}_{f} \mathcal{L} \log \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \mathcal{I} = \int_{f(x)} \log \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} dx$ ; ratio (when confirmous:  $D(f|Q) = \mathbb{E}_{f} \mathcal{L} \log \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \mathcal{I} = \sum_{x} p(x) \log \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ ; guantity

> In confinuous case

differential entropy h(x):= IEtx [log tx(x)]

Properties

Oh(x)+h(ax)=h(x)+log(a)

(2)  $h(X_1, X_2) = h(X_1) + h(X_2|X_1)$ 

3 I (x; Y) = h(x)+h(Y)-h(x,Y)

p(X,Y)= Efxy [log fxy(X,Y)-