Report:

Title Page:

- Title: Retrospective Sprint 2 of Group AttackFlow1
- Building a dataset of real-world cyber-attacks with Attack Flow
- List of team members with their a-numbers:

Se Jin Yoon: a1706219
Ting-Wei Chin: a1782423
Faisal Hawsawi: a1822781
Lina Nehme: a1802697

Ran Qi: a1675122Joseph Toubia: a1753547

Zemin Wong: a1780385
Jixing Ye: a1798631
Yu Zheng: a1739446

Snapshots (Group):

I attended the sprint planning meetings on August 18&23&25&30 and September 1&6&8 with the teammates and meetings on August 23 and September 6 with tutor, here are the 2 snapshots we submitted:

Product Backlog (See Figure 1&2)

Task Board (See Figure 3&4)

Sprint Backlog (See Figure 5)

User Stories & DoD

After gathering user stories in the first sprint and having a sprint planning meeting with the tutor, we selected some user stories from the product backlog, which are the most fundamental functions of the project – upload and annotate. After selecting user stories, we were able to derive tasks for this sprint:

- "As a data annotator, I want to upload an incident report and save it so that I can further edit the file."
- Related tasks:

task 1.1: build a web interface of home page

task 1.1.2: Build a Mockup to show the layout of front end and user interactions

task 1.2: upload function

task 1.3.1: build a database schema

task 1.3.2: implement database to store original documents

• "As an annotator, I want to annotate incident report so I can generate attack flow."

- Related tasks:

task 2.1.1: decide how user annotate

task 2.1.2: implement user annotation function

• "As a viewer, I want to track the changes made by different users, so I compare the difference and revert changes if need to."

- Related tasks:

task 3.1: implement version control function in front end (I.e. allow users to retrieve history version or roll back annotations)

"User can log in as administrator, annotator, and general public."

- Related tasks:

task 4.1: implement log in

task 4.2: implement different user roles in the database

Definition of Done

Snapshot 2:

The individual DoD of each task can be seen on the screenshot of the task board.

In summary, the goals are:

- Testing the interface works as we expected.
- Explain and ensure that all the scrum members understand how to build up the implementation.
- Explain and declare the tasks to each scrum member regarding the web design.

Snapshot 3:

- The user interface and user experience adhere to the provided design specifications.
- The user story mockup is ready for presentation in the sprint review
- Sufficient documentation is provided.
- Coding standards are used.

Summary of Changes:

Snapshot 2:

The last snapshot was taken in the first sprint, which was mainly about collecting user stories, researching, and setting up the environment. This snapshot shifts the focus on implementing user stories gathered from the first sprint, emphasising the most fundamental functional requirements: upload and annotate.

- Planned a different set of tasks. We are pleased that we successfully completed all tasks from the previous snapshot. In this snapshot, We selected a new collection of user stories from the product backlog and we are embarking on a fresh set of tasks, with a strong emphasis on implementing the web UI and database components.
- Added a new user story. During our meeting with the tutor, we discovered a new user story about allowing the admin to review user annotation and approve or reject based on a set of rules. We added the new user story to the product backlog.
- Started on the mockup. Before jumping into coding, we need to communicate with the clients and within the team as well in terms of what the product should look like, how will the customer interact with it, etc. We decided to use Figma to build a simple mock up for this purpose.
- Drafted database schema The database schema has been drafted and is pending review by the team members at the moment.
- Started coding. In this second snapshot, The team has been actively working on the web front-end(interface and implementation) and backend(database and express.js). Currently, we don't have a mockup yet so we can only write some skeleton code and set up the frameworks.

Snapshot 3:

Last week's snapshot had a focus on the most fundamental functional requirements: upload and annotate. We allocated tasks on database design and front-end coding but quickly realized that we couldn't jump into coding without agreeing on a general design first. So this week we made a mockup in preparation for the coming client meeting with the tutor, where we will demonstrate the website design and validate user requirements before the building starts.

• A mockup was made using Figma. The mockup shows the layout of the website homepage, the user interactions when uploading files, searching in the attackflow database, and annotating reports (not yet finished).

We discussed the design during a team meeting and were able to reach an agreement.

- The front-end development environment is set up. Vue, node.js are installed and skeleton code is written for the website homepage based on the design of the mockup. The front-end code is uploaded to the git repository and read-me files were added/edited.
- Database initial setup is complete. A database schema is made and a database was setup using MariaDB.

What went well in the sprint?

We not only achieved a harmonious collaboration but also laid a robust groundwork for our project, setting a positive trajectory for future developments. The meticulous planning and execution of tasks, coupled with a clear vision delineated through the mockup, are testament to a sprint well executed. Especially on:

Mockup Development

Before delving into coding, we recognized the importance of having a clear vision of what the end product should encompass. Hence, we utilized Figma to create a mockup, illustrating the layout of the website homepage and depicting user interactions for various functionalities such as uploading files and searching in the attack flow database. This mockup served as a blueprint, facilitating discussions and agreements during team meetings.

Database Schema

We drafted a database schema, which is currently under review by team members. This schema will play a crucial role in the subsequent stages of development, ensuring a structured approach to database management.

What could be improved?

Although we did much work on frontend, jobs on debugging and connection with backend are still under discussion. The good news is we had agreed to go with Express for the backend framework, MySQL as our database, Sequelize as our ORM, and Axios for client-server communication.

From the task board snapshot, it is observed that there are tasks in various stages - to do, in progress, and done. Streamlining the task allocation process and adhering to the estimated deadlines would foster a more productive work environment. The task of implementing a function to retrieve data from the database to the website was estimated to take 2 hours but is still in progress. Enhancing the accuracy of time estimates and ensuring timely completion of tasks would be beneficial.

What will the group commit to improve in the next sprint?

We are committed to fostering a collaborative work environment, where each team member actively contributes to the project's success. This includes ensuring that all scrum members understand how to build up the implementation and assigning tasks to each member based on their expertise and the project's requirements.

As we prepare for the upcoming client meeting with the tutor, we are committed to ensuring that our presentation is well-prepared, showcasing our mockup and elucidating the user requirements to gather valuable feedback and insights.

In essence, our commitments for the next sprint are centered around enhancing the user experience, leveraging technological advancements, and fostering a collaborative work environment. We are poised to not only address the areas of improvement identified in the previous sprint but also to set new benchmarks of excellence

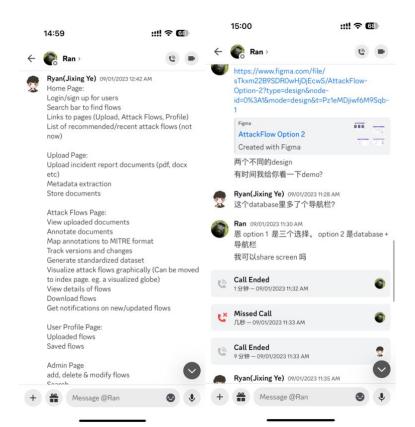
in our project development journey.

Comment on your progress this sprint:

What I have done:

- 1. Participated in all the meetings and engaged in sprint discussions.
- 2. Work with Ran Qi to build the website mockup with Figma.

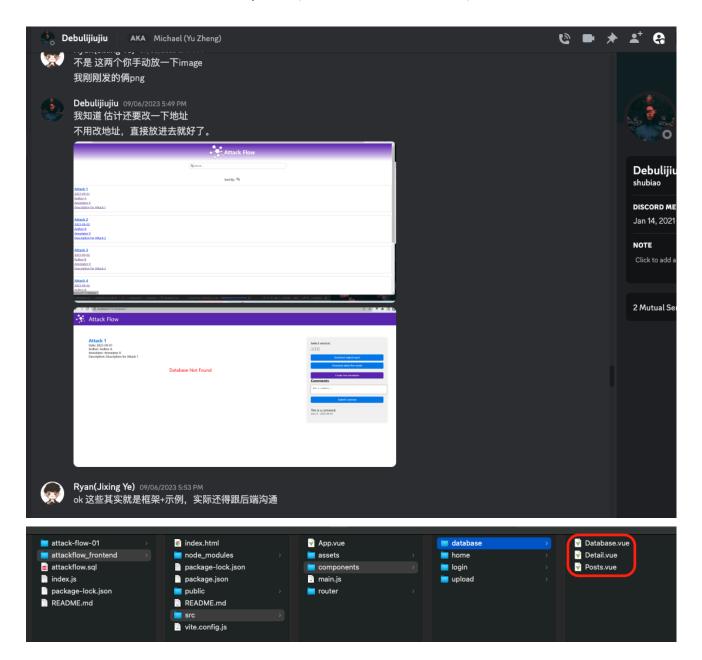
Evidence of our communication: (Since both of us are Chinese)

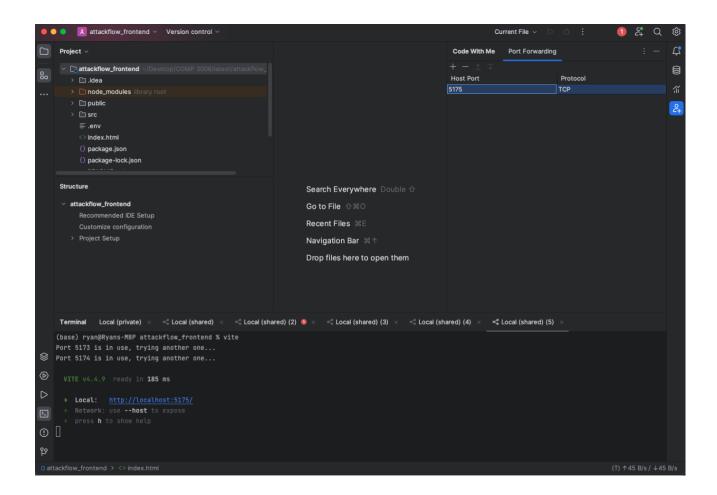


3. Work with Yu Zheng to build the web interface by using IntelliJ Idea. I build the database part with Database.vue, Detail.vue and Posts.vue to achieve a well-structured, user-friendly web application for viewing a database of "attacks." The main component is Database.vue, which serves as a container and master layout for listing all the posts. It imports and uses Header.vue and Posts.vue components to build its structure. The Database.vue implements features such as a search bar, sort functionality, and pagination, with a pre-defined list of "attack" posts. The Posts.vue component is designed to display individual posts succinctly, utilizing Vue's router-link feature to link to a detailed view of each post, implying a single-page application (SPA) architectural design. This detailed view is constructed in the Detail.vue file, which provides a comprehensive look at a single post, and facilitates user interaction such as selecting different versions of a post and commenting functionality, leveraging Vue's reactivity system through the ref function to handle dynamic data.

We also enhanced a trial on annotating the attackflow data with generated Al.

Evidence of our communication and my work: (Since both of us are Chinese)





Appendix

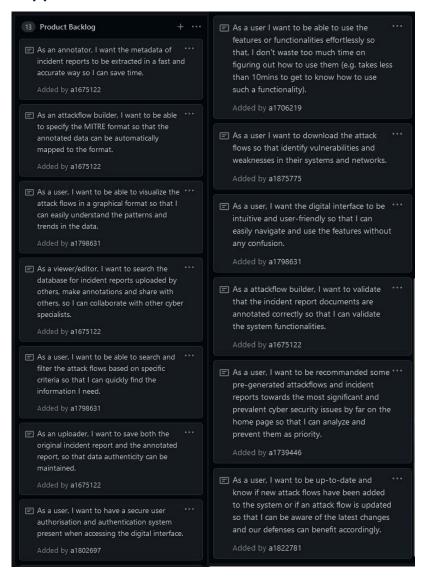


Figure 1&2: Product Backlog (Sprint 2&3)

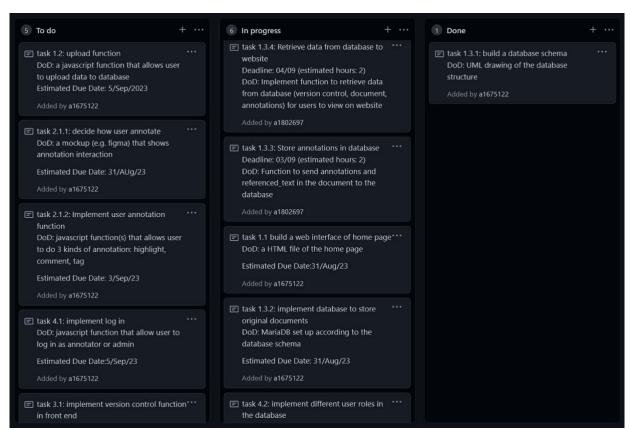


Figure 3: Task board (Sprint 2)

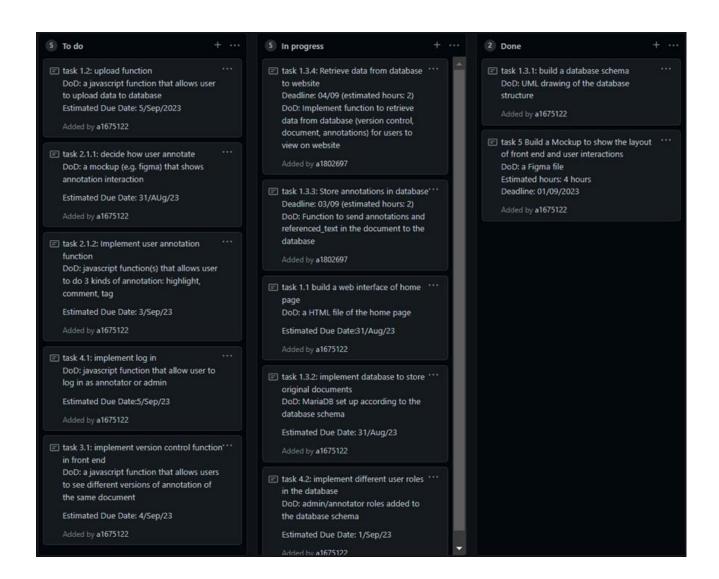


Figure 4: Task board (Sprint 3)

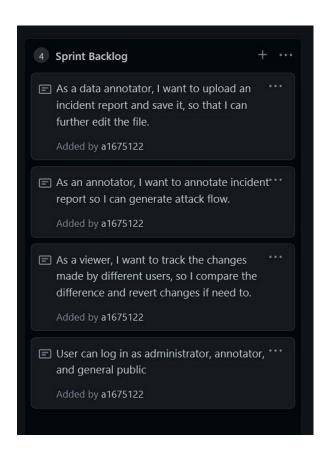


Figure 5: Sprint Backlog (Sprint 2&3)