

SOPHIA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)

Affiliated to

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

Programme: Information Technology

Programme Code: SBTTEC

F.Y.B.Sc. I.T. 2018-19

(Choice Based Credit System with effect from the year 2018-19)

Programme Outline: FYBSc IT (SEMESTER I)

Course Code	Unit No.	Name of the Unit	Credits
SBTTEC101		IMPERATIVE PROGRAMMING	2
	1	Introduction and fundamentals	
	2	Operators, Expressions, Data Input and	
		Output	
	3	Conditional Statements, Loops and	
		Functions	
	4	Program structure, Preprocessor, Arrays	
	5	Pointers, Structures and Unions	
SBTTEC102		DIGITAL ELECTRONICS	2
	1	Number system, Binary Arithmetic	
	2	Boolean Algebra and Logic GatesMinterm,	
		Maxterm and Karnaugh Maps	
	3	Combinational Logic Circuits, Arithmetic	
		Circuits	
	4	Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, ALU, Encoder	
		and Decoder Sequential Circuits: Flip-Flop	
	5	Counters, Shift Register	
SBTTEC103		OPERATING SYSTEMS	2
	1	Introduction, Processes and Threads	
	2	Memory Management, File Systems	
	3	Input-Output, Deadlocks	
	4	Virtualization and Cloud	
		Multiple Processor Systems	
	5	Case Study on LINUX and ANDROID,	
		Case Study on Windows	
SBTTEC104		DISCRETE MATHEMATICS	2
	1	Introduction, Set Theory	
		The Logic of Compound Statements	

	2	Quantified Statements, Elementary	
		Number Theory and Methods of Proof	
	3	Sequences, Mathematical Induction, and	
		Recursion Functions	
	4	Relations, Graphs and Trees	
_	5	Counting and Probability	
SBTTEC105		COMMUNICATION SKILLS	2
	1	The Seven Cs of EffectiveCommunication	
		Understanding Business Communication	
	2	Writing Business Messages and Documents	
		Developing Oral Communication	
		Skills for Business	
	3	Developing Oral CommunicationSkills for	
		Business Understanding Specific	
		Communication Needs	
	4	Understanding Specific Communication	
		Needs	
	5	Presentation Process	
SBTTECP101		IMPERATIVE PROGRAMMING	2
		PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP102		DIGITAL ELECTRONICS	2
		PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP103		OPERATING SYSTEMS	2
		PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP104		DISCRETE MATHEMATICS	2
		PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP105		COMMUNICATION SKILLS	2
		PRACTICAL	
I		Total Credits	20

Programme Outline: FYBSc IT (SEMESTER II)

Course Code	Unit No.	Name of the Unit	Credits
SBTTEC201		OBJECT ORIENTED ROGRAMMING	2
	1	Object Oriented Methodology, Principles	
		of OOPS	
	2	Classes and Objects, Constructors and	
		Destructors	
	3	Polymorphism, Virtual Functions	
	4	Program development using Inheritance,	
		Exception Handling	
	5	Templates, Working with Files	
SBTTEC202		MICROPROCESSOR	2
		ARCHITECTURE	
	1	Microprocessor, microcomputers, and	
		Assembly Language, Microprocessor	
		Architecture and Microcomputer System	
		8085 Microprocessor Architecture and	
		Memory Interface	
	2	Interfacing of I/O Devices Introduction to	
		8085 Assembly Language Programming	
		Introduction to 8085 Instructions	
	3	Programming Techniques WithAdditional	
		Instructions Counters and Time Delays	
		Stacks and Sub-Routines	
	4	Code Conversion, BCD Arithmetic, and 16-	
		Bit Data Operations Software Development	
		System and Assemblers Interrupts	
	5	The Pentium and Pentium Pro	
		microprocessors Core 2 and later	

		Microprocessors SUN SPARC	
		Microprocessor	
SBTTEC203		WEB PROGRAMMING	2
	1	Internet and the World Wide Web HTML5	
	2	HTML5 Page layout and navigation	
		HTML5 Tables, Forms and Media	
	3	Java Script, Core JavaScript Properties and	
		Methods, Events and Event Handlers	
	4	PHP	
	5	Advanced PHP and MySQL	
SBTTEC204		NUMERICAL AND STATISTICAL	2
		METHODS	
	1	Mathematical Modeling and Engineering	
		Problem Solving Approximations and	
		Round-Off ErrorsTruncation Errors and the	
		Taylor Series	
	2	Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental	
		Equations Interpolation	
	3	Solution of simultaneous algebraic	
		equations (linear) using iterative methods,	
		Numerical differentiation and Integration	
		Numerical solution of 1st and 2 nd order	
		differential equations	
	4	Least-Squares Regression Linear	
		Programming	
	5	Random variables Distributions	
SBTTEC205		GREEN COMPUTING	2
	1	Overview and Issues Initiatives and	
		Standards	
	2	Minimizing Power Usage Cooling	

	3	Changing the Way of Work Going	
		Paperless	
	4	Recycling Hardware Considerations	
	5	Greening Your Information Systems	
		Staying Green	
SBTTECP201	1	OBJECT ORIENTEDPROGRAMMING	2
		PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP202	2	MICROPROCESSOR	2
		ARCHITECTURE PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP203	3	WEB PROGRAMMING	2
		PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP204	4	NUMERICAL AND STATISTICAL	2
		METHODS PRACTICAL	
SBTTECP205	5	GREEN COMPUTING PRACTICAL	2
		Total Credits	20

Preamble:

Information Technology (IT) refers to the use, development, and management of computer systems, software, and networks to process, store, retrieve, and exchange information. It encompasses a broad range of technologies and practices aimed at solving problems, improving efficiency, and enabling communication within and between organizations and individuals.

In an era marked by rapid digital transformation and technological advancements, our program is designed to equip students with a comprehensive understanding of the foundational and emerging concepts in Information Technology.

Our BSc IT curriculum integrates theoretical knowledge with practical skills, preparing students to tackle real-world challenges and excel in a diverse range of IT careers. Through a combination of rigorous coursework, industry-relevant projects, and learning experiences, we aim to develop well-rounded professionals who are adept at problem-solving and equipped with the tools to drive technological innovation.

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

PO 1	To think analytically and creatively in developing robust, extensible and maintainable technological solutions to simple and complex problems.
PO 2	To work effectively as a part of a team to achieve a common stated goal.
PO 3	To imbibe quality software development practices.
PO 4	To apply their knowledge and skills to be employed and excel in IT professional
	careers and/or to continue their education in IT and/or related post graduate
	1 5
	programmes.
PO 5	To communicate effectively with a range of audiences both technical and non-
	technical.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO 1	The Learner will be able to demonstrate a strong understanding of fundamental concepts in information technology including programming, databases,
	networking, and software engineering principles.
PSO 2	The Learner will be able to apply technical skills in software development, system analysis, and design using contemporary tools and technologies.
PSO 3	The Learner will able to have proficiency in identifying, formulating, and solving IT-related problems using appropriate techniques, algorithms, and methodologies.
PSO 4	The Learner will be able to have understanding of project management principles and methodologies relevant to IT projects, including planning, scheduling, and resource management
PSO 5	The Learner will be able to have effective communication skills, both oral and written, necessary for articulating technical concepts and collaborating in a team environment.

Semester – I			
NAMEOF THE COURSE	IMPERATIVE PROGR	AMMING	
CLASS	FYBSc IT		
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC101		
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2		
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5		
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END	
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION	
TOTAL MARKS	25	75	
PASSING MARKS	10	30	

CO 1.	The course aims to train the student to the basic concepts of the C-programming language.
CO 2.	It aims to train the students to understand the concept of conditional statement, loop, nested loop and break a large problem into smaller parts as a module or function.
CO 3.	It aims to train the students to understand the concept of string and be able to use anarray.to store multiple pieces of homogeneous data
CO 4.	It aims to train the students to understand the concept of pointer, and use a structure to storemultiple pieces of heterogeneous data.
CO 5.	This course involves a lab component which is designed to give the student hands-onexperience with the concepts.

CLO 1.	Read, understand and trace the execution of programs in C language.
CLO 2.	Draw flowchart and write the C code for a given algorithm.
CLO 3.	Implement the concept of control statements, loops, and functions to write a C program.
CLO 4.	Implement Programs with pointers and arrays, perform pointer arithmetic, and use the pre-processor.
CLO 5.	Implement Programs with structures and union

UNIT 1	INTRODUCTION AND FUNDAMENTALS (15 LECTURES)	
1.1	Introduction: Types of Programming languages, History, features and	
	application.Simple program logic, program development cycle, pseudocode	
	statements and flow chart symbols, sentinel value to end a program,	
	programming and userenvironments, evolution of programming models.,	
	desirable program characteristics.	
1.2	Fundamentals:	
	Structure of a program. Compilation and Execution of a Program, Character	
	Set, identifiers and keywords, data types, constants, variables and arrays,	
	declarations, expressions, statements, Variable definition, symbolic constants.	
UNIT 2	OPERATORS, EXPRESSIONS, DATA INPUT AND OUTPUT:	
	(15 LECTURES)	
2.1	Operators and Expressions:	
	Arithmetic operators, unary operators, relational and logical operators, assignment	
	operators, assignment operators, the conditional operator, library functions.	
2.2	Data Input and output:	
	Single character input and output, entering input data, scanf function, printf	
	function, gets and puts functions, interactive programming.	
UNIT 3	CONDITIONAL STATEMENTS, LOOPS AND FUNCTIONS:	
	(15 LECTURES)	
3.1	Conditional Statements and Loops:	
	Decision Making Within A Program, Conditions, Relational Operators, Logical	
	Connectives, If Statement, If-Else Statement, Loops: While Loop, Do While, For	
	Loop. Nested Loops, Infinite Loops, Switch Statement.	
3.2		
3.2		
3.2	Functions: Overview, defining a function, accessing a function, passing arguments to a function, specifying argument data types, function prototypes, recursion,	
3.2	Functions: Overview, defining a function, accessing a function, passing arguments	

UNIT 4	Program structure, Preprocessor, Arrays: (15 LECTURES)		
4.1	Program structure: Storage classes, automatic variables, external variables,		
	static variables, multi file programs, more library functions,		
4.2	Preprocessor: Features, #define and #include, Directives and Macros		
	Arrays: Definition, processing, passing arrays to functions, multidimensional		
	arrays, arrays and strings.		
UNIT 5	Pointers, Structures and Unions: (15 LECTURES)		
5.1	Pointers:		
	Fundamentals, declarations, Pointers Address Operators, Pointer Type Declaration,		
	Pointer Assignment, Pointer Initialization, Pointer Arithmetic, Functions and		
	Pointers, Arrays And Pointers, Pointer Arrays, passing functions to other functions		
5.2	Structures and Unions:		
	Structure Variables, Initialization, Structure Assignment, Nested		
	Structure, Structures and Functions, Structures and Arrays: Arrays of Structures,		
	Structures Containing Arrays, Unions, Structures and pointers.		

- Let us C, Yashavant Kanetkar, BPB Publications
- Programming in C, 3RD Edition, Ashok N. Kamthane & Amit Ashok Kamthane, Pearson India Education Services
- Head first C, David Griffiths & Dawn Griffiths, Shroff Publishers & Distributors

NAME OF THE COURSE	IMPERATIVE PROGRAMMING	
	PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP101	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS		50
PASSING MARKS		20

List of I	List of Practical: (Can be done in any imperative language)	
1.	Basic Programs:	
1.1.	Write a program to display the message HELLO WORLD.	
1.2.	Write a program to declare some variables of type int, float and double. Assign some	
	values to these variables and display these values.	
1.3.	Write a program to find the addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of two	
	numbers.	
2.	Programs on variables:	
2.1.	Write a program to swap two numbers without using third variable.	
2.2.	Write a program to find the area of rectangle, square and circle.	
2.3.	Write a program to find the volume of a cube, sphere, and cylinder.	
3.	Conditional statements and loops(basic)	
3.1.	Write a program to enter a number from the user and display the month name. If	
	number >13 then display invalid input using switch case.	
3.2.	Write a program to check whether the number is even or odd.	
3.3.	Write a program to check whether the number is positive, negative or zero.	
3.4.	Write a program to find the factorial of a number.	

3.5.	Write a program to check whether the entered number is prime or not.
3.6.	Write a program to find the largest of three numbers.
4.	Conditional statements and loops(advanced)
4.1.	Write a program to find the sum of squares of digits of a number.
4.2.	Write a program to reverse the digits of an integer.
4.3.	Write a program to find the sum of numbers from 1 to 100.
4.4.	Write a program to print the Fibonacci series.
4.5.	Write a program to find the reverse of a number.
4.6.	Write a program to find whether a given number is palindrome or not.
4.7	Write a program that solve the quadratic equation
	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2 a}$
4.8	Write a program to check whether the entered number is Armstrong or not.
4.9	Write a program to count the digit in a number
5.	Programs on patterns:
5.1.	Programs on different patterns.
6.	Functions:
6.1.	Programs on Functions.
7.	Recursive functions
7.1.	Write a program to find the factorial of a number using recursive function.
7.2.	Write a program to find the sum of natural number using recursive function.
8.	Arrays
8.1.	Write a program to find the largest value that is stored in the array.
8.2.	Write a program using pointers to compute the sum of all elements stored in an array.
8.3.	Write a program to arrange the 'n' numbers stored in the array in ascending and
	descending order.
8.4.	Write a program that performs addition and subtraction of matrices.
8.5.	Write a program that performs multiplication of matrices.
9.	Pointers

9.1	Write a program to demonstrate the use of pointers.
9.2.	Write a program to perform addition and subtraction of two pointer variables.
10.	Structures and Unions
10.1	Programs on structures.
10.2	Programs on unions.

Semester – I		
NAMEOF THE COURSE	DIGITAL	
	ELECTRONICS	
CLASS	FYBSc IT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC102	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5	
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	25	75
PASSING MARKS	10	30

CO 1.	To acquire the basic knowledge of digital logic levels and application of
	knowledge to understand digital electronics circuits.
CO 2.	To introduce the basic concepts and laws involved in the Boolean algebra and
	logic families and digital circuits
CO 3.	To familiarize with the different number systems, logic gates, and combinational
	and sequential circuits utilized in the different digital circuits and systems.
CO 4.	The course will help in design and analysis of the digital circuit and system
CO 5.	The course will help in design and analysis of counters and shift registers

CLO 1.	Gain knowledge between different types of number systems, and their
	conversions.
CLO 2.	Design various logic gates and simplify Boolean equations.
CLO 3.	To design and implement combinational logic & arithmetic circuits.

CLO 4.	Design various flip flops, conversion from one type of flip-flop to another CLO 5
	Design different types of counters and shift registers.
CLO 5.	Design different types of counters and shift registers.

NUMBER SYSTEM, BINARY ARITHMETIC (15 LECTURES)
Number System:
Analog System, digital system, numbering system, binary number system, octal
number system, hexadecimal number system, conversion from one number
system to another, weighted codes binary coded decimal, non-weighted codes
Excess – 3 code, Gray code, Alphanumeric codes – ASCII Code, EBCDIC,
ISCII Code, Hollerith Code, Morse Code, Teletypewriter (TTY), Error detection
and correction, Universal Product Code, Code conversion.
Binary Arithmetic:
Binary addition, Binary subtraction, Negative number representation,
Subtraction using 1's complement and 2's complement, Binary multiplication
and division, Arithmetic in octal number system, Arithmetic in hexadecimal
number system, BCD and Excess – 3 arithmetic.
BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC GATES, MINTERM, MAXTERM
AND KARNAUGH MAPS: (15 LECTURES)
Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates: Introduction, Logic (AND OR NOT),
Boolean theorems, Boolean Laws, De-Morgan's Theorem, Perfect Induction,
Reduction of Logic expression using Boolean Algebra, Deriving Boolean
expression from given circuit, exclusive OR and Exclusive NOR gates, Universal
Logic gates, Implementation of other gates using universal gates, Input bubbled
logic, Assertion level.
Minterm, Maxterm and Karnaugh Maps:
Introduction, minterms and sum of minterm form, maxterm and Product of
maxterm form, Reduction technique using Karnaugh maps $-2/3/4/5/6$ variable K-
maps, Grouping of variables in K-maps, K-maps for product of sum form,

minimize Boolean expression using K-map and obtain K-map from Boolean
expression, Quine Mc Cluskey Method.
COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS, ARITHMETIC CIRCUITS:
(15 LECTURES)
Combinational Logic Circuits:
Introduction, Multi-input, multi-output Combinational circuits, Code converters
design and implementations
Arithmetic Circuits:
Introduction, Adder, BCD Adder, Excess – 3 Adder, Binary Subtractors, BCD
Subtractor, Multiplier, Comparator.
MULTIPLEXER, DEMULTIPLEXER, ALU, ENCODER AND DECODER
SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS: FLIP-FLOP (15 LECTURES))
Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Alu, Encoder And Decoder: Introduction,
Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Decoder, ALU, Encoders.
Sequential Circuits: Flip-Flop:
Introduction, Terminologies used, S-R flip-flop, D flip-fop, J-K flip flop, Race-
around condition, Master-slave JK flip-flop, T flip-flop, conversion from one
type of flip-flop to another, Application of flip-flops
COUNTERS, SHIFT REGISTER: (15 LECTURES)
Counters:
Introduction, Asynchronous counter, Terms related to counters, IC
7493 (4-bit binary counter), Synchronous counter, Bushing, Type T Design, Type
JK Design, Presettable counter, IC 7490, IC 7492, Synchronous counter ICs,
Analysis of counter circuits.
Shift Register:
Introduction, parallel and shift registers, serial shifting, serial-in serial- out,
serial-in parallel-out, parallel-in parallel-out, Ring counter, Johnson counter,
Applications of shift registers, Pseudo-random binary sequence generator,
IC7495, Seven Segment displays, analysis of shift counters.

- Digital Electronics and Logic Design, N. G. Palan , Technova, 2nd revised edition
- Fundamentals of digital logic with Verilog Design, 2nd Edition, Brown, Stephen & Vranesic, Zvonko
- Digital circuits and design, 5th edition, 2018, Salivahanan S. & Arivazhagan S.

NAME OF THE COURSE	DIGITAL ELECTRONICS PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP102	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION 50
TOTAL MARKS		20
PASSING MARKS		

List of	List of Practical	
1.	Study of Logic gates and their ICs and universal gates:	
1.1.	Study of AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR, NAND and NOR gates	
1.2.	IC 7400, 7402, 7404, 7408, 7432, 7486, 74266	
1.3.	Implement AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR using NAND gates.	
1.4	Implement AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR using NOR gates.	
2.	Implement the given Boolean expressions using minimum number of gates.	
2.1.	Verifying De Morgan's laws.	
2.2.	Implement other given expressions using minimum number of gates.	
2.3.	Implement other given expressions using minimum number of ICs.	
3.	Implement combinational circuits.	
3.1.	Design and implement combinational circuit based on the problem given and	
	minimizing using K-maps.	
4.	Implement code converters.	

4.1.	Design and implement Binary – to – Gray code converter.		
4.2.	Design and implement Gray – to – Binary code converter.		
4.3.	Design and implement Binary – to – BCD code converter		
4.4.	Design and implement Binary – to – XS-3 code converter		
5.	Implement Adder and Subtractor Arithmetic circuits.		
5.1.	Design and implement Half adder and Full adder.		
5.2.	Design and implement BCD adder.		
5.3.	Design and implement XS – 3 adder.		
5.4.	Design and implement binary subtractor.		
5.5.	Design and implement BCD subtractor.		
5.6.	Design and implement XS – 3 subtractor.		
6.	Implement Arithmetic circuits.		
6.1	Design and implement a 2-bit by 2-bit multiplier.		
6.2	Design and implement a 2-bit comparator.		
7.	Implement Encode and Decoder and Multiplexer and Demultiplexers.		
7.1	Design and implement 8:3 encoder.		
7.2	Design and implement 3:8 decoder.		
7.3	Design and implement 4:1 multiplexer. Study of IC 74153, 74157		
7.4	Design and implement 1:4 demultiplexer. Study of IC 74139		
7.5	Implement the given expression using IC 74151 8:1 multiplexer.		
7.6	Implement the given expression using IC 74138 3:8 decoder.		
8.	Study of flip-flops and counters.		
8.1.	Study of IC 7473.		
8.2.	Study of IC 7474.		
8.3.	Study of IC 7476.		
8.4.	Conversion of Flip-flops.		
8.5.	Design of 3-bit synchronous counter using 7473 and required gates.		
8.6	Design of 3-bit ripple counter using IC 7473.		
9.	Study of counter ICs and designing Mod-N counters.		
9.1	Study of IC 7490, 7492, 7493 and designing mod-n counters using these.		

9.2	Designing mod-n counters using IC 7473 and 7400 (NAND gates)	
10.	Design of shift registers and shift register counters.	
10.1	Design serial – in serial – out, serial – in parallel – out, parallel – in serial – out,	
	parallel – in parallel – out and bidirectional shift registers using IC 7474.	
10.2	Study of ID 7495.	
10.3	Implementation of digits using seven segment displays.	

Semester – I			
NAMEOF THE COURSE	OPERATING		
	SYSTEMS		
CLASS	FYBSc IT		
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC103		
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2		
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5		
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END	
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION	
TOTAL MARKS	25	75	
PASSING MARKS	10	30	

CO 1.	To understand the services provided by and the design of an operating system
CO 2.	To make aware of different types of Operating System and their services.
CO 3.	To understand what a process is and learn different process scheduling algorithms and synchronization techniques to achieve better performance of a computer system.
CO 4.	To understand different approaches to memory management.
CO 5.	To understand the structure and organization of the file system.

CLO 1.	Explain the role of the operating system as a high-level interface to the hardware.
CLO 2.	Use OS as a resource manager that supports multiprogramming.
CLO 3.	Understands the different services provided by Operating System at different
	level.

CLO 4.	Understands the use of different process scheduling algorithm and	
	synchronization techniques to avoid deadlock	
CLO 5.	Understands the different services provided by Operating System at different	
	level	

UNIT 1	INTRODUCTION, PROCESSES AND THREADS: (15 LECTURES)		
1.1	Introduction: What is an operating system? History of operating system,		
	computer hardware, different operating systems, operating system concepts,		
	system calls, operating system structure.		
1.2	Processes and Threads: Processes, threads, inter process communication,		
	scheduling, IPC problems.		
UNIT 2	MEMORY MANAGEMENT, FILE SYSTEMS :(15 LECTURES)		
2.1	Memory Management:		
	No memory abstraction, memory abstraction: address spaces, virtual memory,		
	page replacement algorithms, design issues for paging systems, implementation		
	issues, segmentation.		
2.2	File Systems:		
	Files, directories, file system implementation, file-system management and		
	optimization, MS-DOS file system, UNIX V7 file system, CD ROM file system.		
UNIT 3	INPUT-OUTPUT, DEADLOCKS :(15 LECTURES)		
3.1	Input-Output:		
	Principles of I/O hardware, Principles of I/O software, I/O software layers, disks,		
	clocks, user interfaces: keyboard, mouse, monitor, thin clients, power		
	management,		
3.2	Deadlocks:		
	Resources, introduction to deadlocks, the ostrich algorithm, deadlock detection		
	and recovery, deadlock avoidance, deadlock prevention, issues.		
UNIT 4	VIRTUALIZATION AND CLOUD, MULTIPLE PROCESSOR		
	SYSTEMS: (15 LECTURES)		
4.1	Virtualization and Cloud:		

	History, requirements for virtualization, type 1 and 2 hypervisors, techniques for		
	efficient virtualization, hypervisor microkernels, memory virtualization, I/O		
	virtualization, Virtual appliances, virtual machines on multicore CPUs, Clouds.		
4.2	Multiple Processor Systems		
	Multiprocessors, multicomputer, distributed systems.		
UNIT 5	CASE STUDY ON LINUX ANDANDROID, CASE STUDY ON WINDOWS:		
	(15 LECTURES)		
5.1	Case Study on LINUX and ANDROID:		
	History of Unix and Linux, Linux Overview, Processes in Linux, Memory		
	management in Linux, I/O in Linux, Linux file system, security in Linux. Android		
5.2	Case Study on Windows:		
	History of windows through Windows 10, programming windows, system		
	structure, processes and threads in windows, memory management, caching in		
	windows, I/O in windows, Windows NT file system, Windows power		
	management, Security in windows.		

- Operating System Concepts 8th Edition by Silberschatz, Abraham and others.
- Operating systems 3rd Edition by Godbole, Kahate, Atul and Achyut S.
- Operating Systems: A concept based approach 3rd Edition by Dhamdhare, Dhananjay M.

NAME OF THE COURSE	OPERATING SYSTEMS	OPERATING SYSTEMS PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP103		
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2		
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3		
WEEK			
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45		
LECTURES PER SEMESTER			
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END	
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION 50	
TOTAL MARKS		20	
PASSING MARKS			

List of l	List of Practical			
1.	Installation of virtual machine software.			
2.	Installation of Linux operating system (RedHat / Ubuntu) on virtual machine.			
3.	Installation of Windows operating system on virtial machine.			
4.	Linux commands: Working with Directories:			
4.1	pwd, cd, absolute and relative paths, ls, mkdir, rmdir,			
4.2	file, touch, rm, cp. mv, rename, head, tail, cat, tac, more, less, strings, chmod			
5.	Linux commands: Working with files:			
5.1.	ps, top, kill, pkill, bg, fg,			
5.2.	grep, locate, find, locate.			
5.3.	date, cal, uptime, w, whoami, finger, uname, man, df, du, free, whereis, which.			
5.4.	Compression: tar, gzip.			
6.	Windows (DOS) Commands – 1			
6.1.	Date, time, prompt, md, cd, rd, path.			
6.2.	Chkdsk, copy, xcopy, format, fidsk, cls, defrag, del, move.			
7.	Windows (DOS) Commands – 2			
7.1.	Diskcomp, diskcopy, diskpart, doskey, echo			
7.2.	Edit, fc, find, rename, set, type, ver			
8.	Working with Windows Desktop and utilities			

8.1.	Notepad
8.2.	Wordpad
8.3.	Paint
8.4.	Taskbar
8.5.	Adjusting display resolution
8.6.	Using the browsers
8.7.	Configuring simple networking
8.8.	Creating users and shares
9.	Working with Linux Desktop and utilities
9.1.	The vi editor.
9.2.	Graphics
9.3.	Terminal
9.4.	Adjusting display resolution
9.5.	Using the browsers
9.6.	Configuring simple networking
9.7.	Creating users and shares
10.	Installing utility software on Linux and Windows

Semester – I			
NAMEOF THE COURSE	DISCRETE		
	MATHEMATICS		
CLASS	FYBSc IT		
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC104		
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2		
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5		
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END	
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION	
TOTAL MARKS	25	75	
PASSING MARKS	10	30	

CO 1.	The course objective is to provide students with an overview of discrete
	mathematics. To introduce the concepts of mathematical logic and set theory.
CO 2.	To introduce the concepts of logic, quantifiers, conditional propositions and
	Elementary Number Theory.
CO 3.	To learn various concepts like Mathematical Induction, sequences and recurrence
	relations.
CO 4.	To demonstrate Relations on Sets, Reflexivity, Symmetry, and Transitivity
	property. Understanding basic concepts and properties related to Graphs and
	Trees.
CO 5.	To acquire the basic knowledge of Probability Axioms, Conditional Probability,
	Multiplication rule and Independent Events.

CLO 1.	To perform the operations associated with sets, functions, and relations. Construct
	truth tables for expressions involving the logical connectives. Determine if a
	logical argument is valid or invalid.
CLO 2.	Construct correct direct and indirect proofs involving elementary number theory.
	Use a counterexample to show that a proposed statement involving concepts from
	elementary number theory is false. State and explain the Quotient Remainder
	Theorem (Division Algorithm).
CLO 3.	State the Principle of Mathematical Induction. Define and use the terms related to
	functions. Explain one-to-one, onto functions. Students will be able to solve
	problems based on each concept.
CLO 4.	State and explain binary relation, reflexive, symmetric, transitive, equivalence
	relations. Explain Properties of Graphs, Trees and use graph theory for solving
	problems.
CLO 5.	Apply principles of Probability, Permutations to solve various problems

UNIT 1	INTRODUCTION, SET THEORY, THE LOGIC OF COMPOUND	
	STATEMENTS: (15 LECTURES)	
1.1	Introduction: Variables, The Language of Sets, The Language of Relations and	
	Function	
1.2	Set Theory: Definitions and the Element Method of Proof, Properties of Sets,	
	Disproofs, Algebraic Proofs, Boolean Algebras, Russell's Paradox and the	
	Halting Problem.	
1.3	The Logic of Compound Statements: Logical Form and Logical Equivalence,	
	Conditional Statements, Valid and Invalid Arguments	
UNIT 2	QUANTIFIED STATEMENTS, ELEMENTARY NUMBER THEORY AND	
	METHODS OF PROOF :(15 LECTURES)	
2.1	Quantified Statements: Predicates and Quantified Statements, Statements with	
	Multiple Quantifiers, Arguments with Quantified Statements.	

2.2	Elementary Number Theory and Methods of Proof: Introduction to Direct	
	Proofs, Rational Numbers, Divisibility, Division into Cases and the Quotient-	
	Remainder Theorem, Applications in algorithms.	
UNIT 3	SEQUENCES, MATHEMATICAL INDUCTION, AND RECURSION,	
	FUNCTIONS: (15 LECTURES)	
3.1	Sequences, Mathematical Induction, and Recursion: Sequences,	
	Mathematical Induction, Strong Mathematical Induction and the WellOrdering	
	Principle for the Integers, Correctness of algorithms, defining sequences	
	recursively, solving recurrence relations by iteration, Second order linear	
	homogenous recurrence relations with constant coefficients. General recursive	
	definitions and structural induction.	
3.2	Functions: Functions Defined on General Sets, One-to-One and Onto, Inverse	
	Functions, Composition of Functions, Cardinality with Applications to	
	Computability	
UNIT 4	RELATIONS, GRAPHS AND TREES :(15 LECTURES)	
4.1	Relations: Relations on Sets, Reflexivity, Symmetry, and Transitivity, Equivalence	
	Relations.	
4.2	Graphs and Trees: Definitions and Basic Properties, Trails, Paths, and Circuits,	
	Matrix Representations of Graphs, Isomorphism's of Graphs, Trees, Rooted Trees,	
	Isomorphism's of Graphs, Spanning trees and shortest paths.	
UNIT 5	COUNTING AND PROBABILITY: (15 LECTURES)	
5.1	Counting and Probability: Introduction, Possibility Trees and the Multiplication	
	Rule, Possibility Trees and the Multiplication Rule,	
5.2	Probability Axioms and Expected Value, Conditional Probability, Bayes' Formula,	
	and Independent Events.	
1	1	

- Discrete Mathematics with Applications Sussana S. Epp Cengage Learning 4th2010
- Elements of discrete mathematics: A computer oriented approach. 4th ed. Liu, C.L. & Mohapatra D.P.
- Discrete Mathematics for computer scientists and mathematicians 2nd ed.Mott, Joe L

NAME OF THE COURSE DISCRETE MATHEMATICS PRACTICAL		TICS PRACTICAL
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP104	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS		50
PASSING MARKS		20

List of F	Practical: Write the programs for the following using SCILAB
1.	Set Theory
1.1	Inclusion Exclusion principle.
1.2	Power Sets
1.3	Mathematical Induction
2.	Functions and Algorithms
2.1.	Recursively defined functions
2.2.	Cardinality
2.3.	Polynomial evaluation
2.4.	Greatest Common Divisor
3.	Counting
3.1.	Sum rule principle
3.2.	Product rule principle
3.3.	Factorial
3.4.	Binomial coefficients
3.5.	Permutations
3.6.	Permutations with repetitions
3.7.	Combinations
3.8.	Combinations with repetitions

3.9	Ordered partitions
3.10	Unordered partitions
4.	Probability Theory
4.1.	Sample space and events
4.2.	Finite probability spaces
4.3.	Equiprobable spaces
4.4.	Addition Principle
4.5.	Conditional Probability
4.6.	Multiplication theorem for conditional probability
4.7.	Independent events
4.8.	Repeated trials with two outcomes
5.	Graph Theory
5.1	Paths and connectivity
5.2	Minimum spanning tree
5.3	Isomorphism
6.	Directed Graphs
6.1	Adjacency matrix
6.1	Adjacency matrix Path matrix
6.2	Path matrix
6.2 7.	Path matrix Properties of integers
6.2 7. 7.1.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm
6.2 7. 7.1. 7.2.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes
6.2 7. 7.1. 7.2. 7.3.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes Euclidean algorithm
7.1. 7.2. 7.3. 7.4.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes Euclidean algorithm Fundamental theorem of arithmetic
7. 7.1. 7.2. 7.3. 7.4. 7.5.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes Euclidean algorithm Fundamental theorem of arithmetic Congruence relation
7.1. 7.2. 7.3. 7.4. 7.5.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes Euclidean algorithm Fundamental theorem of arithmetic Congruence relation Linear congruence equation
7.1. 7.2. 7.3. 7.4. 7.6. 8.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes Euclidean algorithm Fundamental theorem of arithmetic Congruence relation Linear congruence equation Algebraic Systems
7.1. 7.2. 7.3. 7.4. 7.6. 8.	Path matrix Properties of integers Division algorithm Primes Euclidean algorithm Fundamental theorem of arithmetic Congruence relation Linear congruence equation Algebraic Systems Properties of operations

9.2.	Boolean algebra as lattices
10.	Recurrence relations
10.1.	Linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients
10.2.	Solving linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients
10.3.	Solving general homogeneous linear recurrence relations

Semester – I		
NAMEOF THE COURSE	COMMUNICATION	1
	SKILLS	
CLASS	FYBSc IT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC105	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5	
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER	75	
SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	25	75
PASSING MARKS	10	30

CO 1.	The course is intended to emphasize the essential aspects of effective written and
	verbal communication necessary for professional success. Familiarize students
	with the basics of Technology-enabled Business Communication.
CO 2.	The course is designed to empower students to carry out day to day
	communication at the work place. To impart adequate understanding of various
	types of communication to facilitate efficient interpersonal communication. To
	impart the correct practices and strategies of Effective Business writing
CO 3.	This course is designed to develop the skills of the students in preparing for job
	search and negotiating their use in GDs and interviews. Helps students in
	Communicating across Functional Areas.
CO 4.	Understanding Ethics in Business Communication and Business Communication
	Aids. CO 5. The course is designed to develop competence in communication
	skills related to production & presentation of messages in multiple formats &
	understand the importance of body language.

CLO 1.	The students should be able to: Apply Verbal and Non-Verbal Communication
	Techniques in the Professional Environment. Students will be able to deliver
	messages that incorporate the appropriate use of organizing content, language,
	vocabulary, kinesics, eye contact, appearance, visual aids, and time constraints.
CLO 2.	Demonstrate ability to interpret texts and observe the rules of good writing.
	Prepare and present effective presentations aided by ICT tools. The student will be
	able to write an impressive resume and face the interview confidently. CLO 3. The
	students will be able to apply good Oral Communication Skills for Business
	purpose like in meetings, conferences, GDs etc.
CLO 3.	The students will be able to apply good Oral Communication Skills for Business
	purpose like in meetings, conferences, GDs etc.
CLO 4.	The Student will be able to conduct themselves using proper business ethics and
	will be able to use various Business Communication Aids
CLO 5.	The student will be able to write impressive official correspondence and also learn
	to make and give effective presentations.

UNIT 1	THE SEVEN CS OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION UNDERSTANDING BUSINESS COMMUNICATION: (15 LECTURES)
1.1	The Seven Cs of Effective Communication:
	Completeness, Conciseness, Consideration, Concreteness, Clarity, Courtesy,
	Correctness
1.2	Understanding Business Communication:
	Nature and Scope of Communication, Non-verbal Communication, Cross- cultural
	communication, Technology-enabled Business Communication
UNIT 2	WRITING BUSINESS MESSAGES AND DOCUMENTS, DEVELOPING
	ORAL COMMUNICATION SKILLS FOR BUSINESS: (15 LECTURES)
2.1	Writing Business Messages and Documents:

	Business writing, Business Correspondence, Instructions Business Reports and		
	Proposals, Career building and Resume writing.		
2.2	Developing Oral Communication Skills for Business:		
	Effective Listening, Business Presentations and Public Speaking, Conversations,		
	Interviews		
UNIT 3	DEVELOPING ORAL COMMUNICATIONSKILLS FOR BUSINESS		
	UNDERSTANDING SPECIFIC COMMUNICATION NEEDS :(15		
	LECTURES)		
3.1	Developing Oral Communication Skills for Business:		
	Meetings and Conferences, Group Discussions and Team Presentations, Team		
	Briefing,		
3.2	Understanding Specific Communication Needs:		
	Communication across Functional Areas		
UNIT 4	UNDERSTANDING SPECIFIC COMMUNICATION NEEDS:		
	(15 LECTURES)		
4.1	Understanding Specific Communication Needs:		
	Corporate Communication, Persuasive Strategies in Business Communication,		
	Ethics in Business Communication, Business Communication Aids		
UNIT 5	PRESENTATION PROCESS :(15 LECTURES)		
5.1	Presentation Process: Planning the presentations, executing the presentations,		
	Impressing the audience by performing, Planning stage: Brainstorming, mind		
	maps / concept maps, executing stage: chunking theory, creating outlines, Use of		
	templates. Adding graphics to your presentation: Visual communication, Impress		
	stage: use of font, colour, layout, Importance of practice and performance		

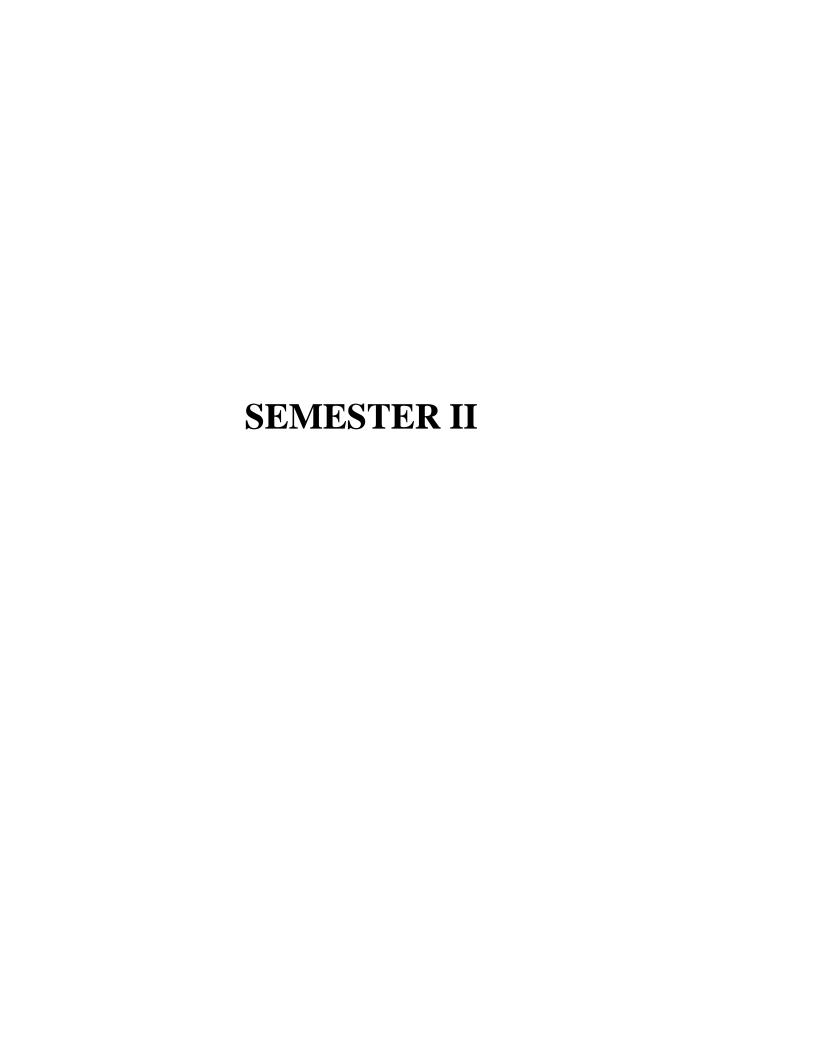
• Business Communication Meenakshi Raman and Prakash Singh Oxford University Press 2nd ed.

• Basic Business Communication: Making connections in a digital world. 11th ed. Lesikar Raymond V

- Professional Communication Koneru, Aruna
- Business correspondence and report writing: A poractical approach to business & technical communication. 4th ed.

NAME OF THE COURSE	COMMUNICATION SKILLS PRACTICAL		
CLASS	FYBSCIT		
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP105		
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2		
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3		
WEEK			
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45		
LECTURES PER SEMESTER			
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END	
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION	
TOTAL MARKS		50	
PASSING MARKS		20	

List of	List of Practical Questions:		
1.	Communication Origami, Guessing Game, Guessing the emotion		
2.	Body Language, Follow All Instructions, Effective Feedback Skills		
3.	The Name Game, Square Talk (Effective Communication), Room 101 (Influential		
	and persuasive skills)		
4.	Back to Back Communication, Paper Shapes (Importance of two-way		
	communication), Memory Test(Presentation Skills)		
5.	Exercises on Communication Principles		
6.	Exercises on communication icebreakers		
7.	Communication exercises		
	For the following practicals, Microsoft Office, Open Office, Libre Office or any		
	other software suite can be used.		
8.	Use of word processing tools for communication		
9.	Use of spreadsheet tools for communication		
10.	Use of presentation tools for communication		



Semester – II				
NAMEOF THE COURSE	OBJECT ORIENTED)		
	PROGRAMMING			
CLASS	FYBSc IT			
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC201			
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2			
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5			
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75			
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END		
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION		
TOTAL MARKS	25	75		
PASSING MARKS	10	30		

CO 1.	The objective of the course is to teach the basic concepts and techniques which
	form the object-oriented programming paradigm.
CO 2.	To learn the concept of class and object using C++ and develop classes for simple
	applications.
CO 3.	To learn the concept of Constructors and destructors in C++. program.
CO 4.	To learn the concept of function overloading, operator overloading, virtual
	functions and polymorphism.
CO 5.	Classify inheritance with the understanding of early and late binding, usage of
	exception handling.

CLO 1.	Creating simple programs using classes and objects in C++.
CLO 2.	Implement programs using constructors, destructors and operator overloading.

CLO 3.	Apply fundamental algorithmic problems including polymorphism and virtual
	function.
CLO 4.	Implement Object Oriented Programs using the concept of inheritance and
	exceptional handling.
CLO 5.	Implement Object Oriented Programs using templates and file handling concepts.

UNIT 1	OBJECT ORIENTED METHODOLOGY, PRINCIPLES OF OOPS : (15		
	LECTURES)		
1.1	Object Oriented Methodology: Introduction, Advantages and Disadvantages of		
	Procedure Oriented Languages, what is Object Oriented? What is Object Oriented		
	Development? Object Oriented Themes, Benefits and Application of OOPS.		
1.2	Principles of OOPS: OOPS Paradigm, Basic Concepts of OOPS: Objects, Classes,		
	Data Abstraction and Data Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Dynamic		
	Binding, Message Passing		
UNIT 2	CLASSES AND OBJECTS, CONSTRUCTORS AND DESTRUCTORS:		
	(15 LECTURES)		
2.1	Classes and Objects: Simple classes (Class specification, class members		
	accessing), Defining member functions, passing object as an argument, Returning		
	object from functions, friend classes, Pointer to object, Array of pointer to object.		
2.2	Constructors and Destructors: Introduction, Default Constructor, Parameterized		
	Constructor and examples, Destructors		
UNIT 3	POLYMORPHISM, VIRTUAL FUNCTIONS : (15 LECTURES)		
3.1	Polymorphism: Concept of function overloading, overloaded operators,		
	overloading unary and binary operators, overloading comparison operator,		
	overloading arithmetic assignment operator, Data Conversion between objects		
	and basic types		
3.2	Virtual Functions: Introduction and need, Pure Virtual Functions, Static		
	Functions, this Pointer, abstract classes, virtual destructors.		

UNIT 4	PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT USING INHERITANCE, EXCEPTION		
	HANDLING :(15 LECTURES)		
4.1	Program development using Inheritance: Introduction, understanding		
	inheritance, Advantages provided by inheritance, choosing the access specifier,		
	Derived class declaration, derived class constructors, class hierarchies, multiple		
	inheritance, multilevel inheritance, containership, hybrid inheritance.		
4.2	Exception Handling: Introduction, Exception Handling Mechanism, Concept of		
	throw & catch with example		
UNIT 5	TEMPLATES, WORKING WITH FILES: (15 LECTURES)		
5.1	Templates: Introduction, Function Template and examples, Class Template and		
	examples		
5.2	Working with Files: Introduction, File Operations, Various File Modes, File		
	Pointer and their Manipulation		

- Object-oriented programming with C++., Balaguruswamy, E., Tata McGraw-Hill 1995
- Mastering C++., Venugopal, K.R. & Buyya, Rajkumar, McGraw Hill Education (India) 2013
- Let us C++. 2nd ed., Kanetkar, Yashavant, BPB Publications, 2010
- C++: The complete reference. 4th ed.Schildt, Herbert, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co 2003

NAME OF THE COURSE	OBJECT ORIENTED PRO	OGRAMMING
	PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP201	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION 50
TOTAL MARKS		
PASSING MARKS		20

List of	List of Practical: To be implemented using object oriented language	
1.	Classes and methods	
1.1	Design an employee class for reading and displaying the employee information, the	
	getInfo() and displayInfo() methods will be used repectively. Where getInfo() will	
	be private method	
1.2	Design the class student containing getData() and displayData() as two of its	
	methodswhich will be used for reading and displaying the student information	
	respectively. Where getData() will be private method.	
1.3	Design the class Demo which will contain the following methods: readNo(),	
	factorial() for calculating the factorial of a number, reverseNo() will reverse the	
	givennumber, isPalindrome() will check the given number is palindrome,	
	isArmstrong() which will calculate the given number is armStrong or not.Where	
	readNo() will be private method.	
1.4	Write a program to demonstrate function definition outside class and accessing class	
	members in function definition.	
2.	Using friend functions.	
2.1	Write a friend function for adding the two complex numbers, using a single class	

2.2	Write a friend function for adding the two different distances and display its sum,	
	using two classes.	
2.3	Write a friend function for adding the two matrix from two different classes and	
	display its sum.	
3.	Constructors and method overloading.	
3.1	Design a class Complex for adding the two complex numbers and also show the use	
	of constructor.	
3.2	Design a class Geometry containing the methods area() and volume() and also	
	overload the area() function.	
3.3	Design a class StaticDemo to show the implementation of static variable and static	
	function.	
4.	Operator Overloading	
4.1	Overload the operator unary(-) for demonstrating operator overloading.	
4.2	Overload the operator + for adding the timings of two clocks, And also pass	
	objects as an argument.	
4.3	Overload the + for concatenating the two strings. For e.g "Py" + "thon" = Python	
5.	Inheritance	
5.1	Design a class for single level inheritance using public and private type derivation.	
5.2	Design a class for multiple inheritance.	
5.3	Implement the hierarchical inheritance.	
6.	Virtual functions and abstract classes	
6.1	Implement the concept of method overriding.	
6.2	Show the use of virtual function	
6.3	Show the implementation of abstract class.	
7.	String handling	
7.1	String operations for string length, string concatenation	
7.2	String operations for string reverse, string comparison,	
7.3	Console formatting functions.	

8.	Exception handling
8.1	Show the implementation of exception handling
8.2	Show the implementation for exception handling for strings
8.3	Show the implementation of exception handling for using the pointers.
9.	File handling
9.1	Design a class FileDemo open a file in read mode and display the total number of
	words and lines in the file.
9.2	Design a class to handle multiple files and file operations
9.3	Design a editor for appending and editing the files
10.	Templates
10.1	Show the implementation for the following
10.2	Show the implementation of template class library for swap function.
10.3	Design the template class library for sorting ascending to descending and viceversa

Semester – II		
NAMEOF THE COURSE	MICROPROCESSOR ARCHITECUTURE	
CLASS	FYBSc IT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC202	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5	
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	25	75
PASSING MARKS	10	30

CO 1.	Students will be able to differentiate between Microprocessor, Microcontroller
	and Microcomputers and will also learn 8085 architectures.
CO 2.	Students will be able to write Assembly Language Programs and will learn about
	stacks, subroutines and interrupts.
CO 3.	Students will be able to distinguish between Counters and Timers and will study
	about stacks and subroutines.
CO 4.	Students will be able to do Code Conversion, BCD Arithmetic, and 16-Bit Data
	Operations and will learn about Programming Tools and Interrupts.
CO 5.	Students will be able to gain knowledge about Pentium and Pentium Pro
	microprocessors

CLO 1.	Compare Microprocessor and Microcontroller. Explain 8085 architecture.
CLO 2.	Writing Assembly Language Programs.
CLO 3.	Distinguish between Counters and Timers.
CLO 4.	State and explain the code conversions and various data operations.
CLO 5.	Explain Pentium and Pentium Pro microprocessors

UNIT 1	MICROPROCESSOR, MICROCOMPUTERS, ANDASSEMBLY		
	LANGUAGE, MICROPROCESSOR ARCHITECTURE AND		
	MICROCOMPUTER SYSTEM 8085 MICROPROCESSOR		
	ARCHITECTURE AND MEMORY INTERFACE :(15 LECTURES)		
1.1	Microprocessor, microcomputers, and Assembly Language:		
	Microprocessor, Microprocessor Instruction Set and Computer Languages,		
	From Large Computers to Single-Chip Microcontrollers, Applications.		
1.2	Microprocessor Architecture and Microcomputer System:		
	Microprocessor Architecture and its operation's, Memory, I/O Devices,		
	Microcomputer System, Logic Devices and Interfacing, Microprocessor-Based		
	System Application.		
	8085 Microprocessor Architecture and Memory Interface:		
	Introduction, 8085 Microprocessor unit, 8085-Based Microcomputer, Memory		
1.3	Interfacing, Interfacing the 8155 Memory Segment, Illustrative Example:		
	Designing Memory for the MCTS Project, Testing and Troubleshooting		
	Memory Interfacing Circuit, 8085-Based Single-Board microcomputer.		
UNIT 2	INTERFACING OF I/O DEVICES INTRODUCTION TO 8085		
	ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING INTRODUCTION TO 8085		
	INSTRUCTIONS: (15 LECTURES)		
2.1	Interfacing of I/O Devices		
	Basic Interfacing concepts, Interfacing Output Displays, Interfacing Input		
	Devices, Memory Mapped I/O, Testing and Troubleshooting I/O Interfacing		
	Circuits.		
2.2	Introduction to 8085 Assembly Language Programming:		
	The 8085 Programming Model, Instruction Classification, Instruction, Data and		
	Storage, Writing assembling and Execution of a simple program, Overview of		
	8085 Instruction Set, Writing and Assembling Program.		
2.3	Introduction to 8085 Instructions:		

	Data Transfer Operations, Arithmetic Operations, Logic Operation, Branch
	Operation, Writing Assembly Languages Programs, Debugging a Program.
UNIT 3	PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES WITHADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS
	COUNTERS AND TIME DELAYS STACKS AND SUB-ROUTINES :(15
	LECTURES)
3.1	Programming Techniques With Additional Instructions:
	Programming Techniques: Looping, Counting and Indexing, Additional Data
	Transfer and 16-Bit Arithmetic Instructions, Arithmetic Instruction Related to
	Memory, Logic Operations: Rotate, Logics Operations: Compare, Dynamic
	Debugging.
3.2	Counters and Time Delays:
	Counters and Time Delays, Illustrative Program: Hexadecimal Counter,
	Illustrative Program: zero-to-nine (Modulo Ten) Counter, Generating Pulse
	Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs.
3.3	Stacks and Sub-Routines:
3.3	Stack, Subroutine, Restart, Conditional Call, Return Instructions, Advanced
	Subroutine concepts.
UNIT 4	CODE CONVERSION, BCD ARITHMETIC, AND 16-BIT DATA
	OPERATIONS SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM AND
	ASSEMBLERS INTERRUPTS (15 LECTURES)
4.1	Code Conversion, BCD Arithmetic, and 16-Bit Data Operations:
	BCD-to-Binary Conversion, Binary-to-BCD Conversion, BCD-toSeven-
	Segment- LED Code Conversion, Binary-to-ASCII and ASCIIto-Binary Code
	Conversion, BCD Addition, BCD Subtraction, Introduction To Advanced
	Instructions and Applications, Multiplication, Subtraction With Carry.
4.2	Software Development System and Assemblers: Microprocessors-Based
	Software Development system, Operating System and Programming Tools,
	Assemblers and Cross-Assemblers, Writing Program Using Cross Assemblers.
4.3	Interrupts:

	The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored Interrupts, Restart as S/W Instructions,
	Additional I/O Concepts and processes
UNIT 5	THE PENTIUM AND PENTIUM PROMICROPROCESSORS CORE 2
	AND LATER MICROPROCESSORS SUN SPARC MICROPROCESSOR:
	(15 LECTURES)
5.1	The Pentium and Pentium Pro microprocessors: Introduction, Special Pentium
	registers, Memory management, Pentium instructions, Pentium Pro
	microprocessor, Special Pentium Pro features.
5.2	Core 2 and later Microprocessors: Introduction, Pentium II software
	changes, Pentium IV and Core 2, i3, i5 and i7.
5.3	SUN SPARC Microprocessor: Architecture, Register file, data types and
	instruction format

- Microprocessors Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085 Ramesh Gaonkar PENRAM Fifth 2012
- The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Muhammad Ali Mazidi Pearson Second 2011

NAME OF THE COURSE	MICROPROCESSOR AR	CHITECUTURE
	PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP202	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS		50
PASSING MARKS		20

List of Practical		
1.	Perform the following Operations related to memory locations.	
1.1	Store the data byte 32H into memory location 4000H.	
1.2	Exchange the contents of memory locations 2000H and 4000H	
2.	Simple assembly language programs.	
2.1	Subtract the contents of memory location 4001H from the memory location 2000H	
	and place the result in memory location 4002H.	
2.2	Subtract two 8-bit numbers.	
2.3	Add the 16-bit number in memory locations 4000H and 4001H to the 16-bit number	
	in memory locations 4002H and 4003H. The most significant eight bits of the two	
	numbers to be added are in memory locations 4001H and 4003H. Store the result in	
	memory locations 4004H and 4005H with the most significant byte in memory	
	location 4005H.	
2.4	Add the contents of memory locations 40001H and 4001H and place the result in	
	the memory locations 4002Hand 4003H.	
2.5	Subtract the 16-bit number in memory locations 4002H and 4003H from the 16-bit	
	number in memory locations 4000H and 4001H. The most significant eight bits of	
	thetwo numbers are in memory locations 4001H and 4003H. Store the result in	
	memory locations 4004H and 4005H with the most significant byte in memory	
	location 4005H.	
2.6	Find the l's complement of the number stored at memory location 4400H and store	
	the complemented number at memory location 4300H.	
2.7	Find the 2's complement of the number stored at memory location 4200H and store	
	the complemented number at memory location 4300H.	
3.	Packing and unpacking operations.	
3.1	Pack the two unpacked BCD numbers stored in memory locations 4200H and	
	4201Hand store result in memory location 4300H. Assume the least significant digit	
	is stored at 4200H.	
3.2	Two digit BCD number is stored in memory location 4200H. Unpack the BCD	

	number and store the two digits in memory locations 4300H and 4301H such that
	memory location 4300H will have lower BCD digit.
4.	Register Operations.
4.1	Write a program to shift an eight bit data four bits right. Assume that data is in
	register C.
4.2	Program to shift a 16-bit data 1 bit left. Assume data is in the HL register pair
4.3	Write a set of instructions to alter the contents of flag register in 8085.
4.4	Write a program to count number of l's in the contents of D register and store the
	count in the B register.
5.	Multiple memory locations.
5.1	Calculate the sum of series of numbers. The length of the series is in memory
	location 4200H and the series begins from memory location 4201H.
	a. Consider the sum to be 8 bit number. So, ignore carries. Store the sum at memory
	location 4300H.
	b. Consider the sum to be 16 bit number. Store the sum at memory locations 4300H
	and 4301H
5.2	Multiply two 8-bit numbers stored in memory locations 2200H and 2201H by
	repetitive addition and store the result in memory locations 2300H and 2301H.
5.3	Divide 16 bit number stored in memory locations 2200H and 2201H by the 8 bit
	number stored at memory location 2202H. Store the quotient in memory locations
	2300H and 2301H and remainder in memory locations 2302H and 2303H.
5.4	Find the number of negative elements (most significant bit 1) in a block of data. The
	length of the block is in memory location 2200H and the block itself begins in
	memory location 2201H. Store the number of negative elements in memory location
	2300H
5.5	Find the largest number in a block of data. The length of the block is in memory
	location 2200H and the block itself starts from memory location 2201H. Store the
	maximum number in memory location 2300H. Assume that the numbers in the
	block are all 8 bit unsigned binary numbers.
6.	Calculations with respect to memory locations.

6.1	Write a program to sort given 10 numbers from memory location 2200H in the
	ascending order.
6.2	Calculate the sum of series of even numbers from the list of numbers. The length of
	the list is in memory location 2200H and the series itself begins from memory
	location 2201H. Assume the sum to be 8 bit number so you can ignore carries and
	store the sum at memory location 2Sample problem:
6.3	Calculate the sum of series of odd numbers from the list of numbers. The length of
	the list is in memory location 2200H and the series itself begins from memory
	location 2201H. Assume the sum to be 16-bit. Store the sum at memory locations
	2300H and 2301H.
6.4	Find the square of the given numbers from memory location 6100H and store the
	result from memory location 7000H
6.5	Search the given byte in the list of 50 numbers stored in the consecutive memory
	locations and store the address of memory location in the memory locations 2200H
	and 2201H. Assume byte is in the C register and starting address of the list is
	2000H.If byte is not found store 00 at 2200H and 2201H
6.6	Two decimal numbers six digits each, are stored in BCD package form. Each
	numberoccupies a sequence of byte in the memory. The starting address of first
	number is 6000H Write an assembly language program that adds these two numbers
	and stores the sum in the same format starting from memory location 6200H
6.7	Add 2 arrays having ten 8-bit numbers each and generate a third array of result. It is
	necessary to add the first element of array 1 with the first element of array-2 and so
	on. The starting addresses of array l, array2 and array3 are 2200H, 2300H and
	2400H, respectively
7.	Assembly programs on memory locations.
7.1	Write an assembly language program to separate even numbers from the given list
	of 50 numbers and store them in the another list starting from 2300H. Assume
	startingaddress of 50 number list is 2200H
7.2	Write assembly language program with proper comments for the following:
i I	A block of data consisting of 256 bytes is stored in memory starting at 3000H.

	This block is to be shifted (relocated) in memory from 3050H onwards. Do not shift
	the block or part of the block anywhere else in the memory.
7.3	Add even parity to a string of 7-bit ASCII characters. The length of the string is in
	memory location 2040H and the string itself begins in memory location 2041H.
	Place even parity in the most significant bit of each character.
7.4	A list of 50 numbers is stored in memory, starting at 6000H. Find number of
	negative, zero and positive numbers from this list and store these results in memory
	locations 7000H, 7001H, and 7002H respectively
7.5	Write an assembly language program to generate fibonacci number.
7.6	Program to calculate the factorial of a number between 0 to 8.
8.	String operations in assembly programs.
8.1	Write an 8085 assembly language program to insert a string of four characters from
	the tenth location in the given array of 50 characters
8.2	Write an 8085 assembly language program to delete a string of 4 characters from the
	tenth location in the given array of 50 characters.
8.3	Multiply the 8-bit unsigned number in memory location 2200H by the 8-bit
	unsignednumber in memory location 2201H. Store the 8 least significant bits of the
	result in memory location 2300H and the 8 most significant bits in memory location
	2301Н.
8.4	Divide the 16-bit unsigned number in memory locations 2200H and 2201H (most
	significant bits in 2201H) by the B-bit unsigned number in memory location 2300H
	store the quotient in memory location 2400H and remainder in 2401H
8.5	DAA instruction is not present. Write a sub routine which will perform the same
	task as DAA.
9.	Calculations on memory locations.
9.1	To test RAM by writing '1' and reading it back and later writing '0' (zero) and
	reading it back. RAM addresses to be checked are 40FFH to 40FFH. In case of any
	error, it isindicated by writing 01H at port 10
9.2	Arrange an array of 8 bit unsigned no in descending order
9.3	Transfer ten bytes of data from one memory to another memory block. Source
l	I .

	memory block starts from memory location 2200H where as destination memory
	block starts from memory location 2300H
9.4	Write a program to find the Square Root of an 8 bit binary number. The binary
	number is stored in memory location 4200H and store the square root in 4201H.
9.5	Write a simple program to Split a HEX data into two nibbles and store it in memory
10.	Operations on BCD numbers.
10.1	Add two 4 digit BCD numbers in HL and DE register pairs and store result in
	memory locations, 2300H and 2301H. Ignore carry after 16 bit.
10.2	Subtract the BCD number stored in E register from the number stored in the D
	register
10.3	Write an assembly language program to multiply 2 BCD numbers

Semester – II		
NAMEOF THE COURSE	WEB PROGRAMMIN	NG
CLASS	FYBSc IT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC203	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5	
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	25	75
PASSING MARKS	10	30

CO 1.	Develop the ability to logically plan and develop web pages
CO 2.	Learn to write, test, and debug web pages using HTML and JavaScript
CO 3.	Understand the principles of creating an effective web page, including an in-depth consideration of information architecture.
CO 4.	Develop basic programming skills using JavaScript and Angular JS.
CO 5.	Become familiar with PHP & Description and learn how to implement theories into practice.

CLO 1.	Describe the concepts of World Wide Web, and the requirements of effective web
	design.
CLO 2.	Develop web pages using the HTML and CSS features with different layouts as
	per need of applications.
CLO 3.	To construct basic websites using HTML and Cascading Style Sheets.
CLO 4.	Use the JavaScript to develop the dynamic web pages.
CLO 5.	Construct simple web pages in PHP and MySQL.

1.1 Internet and the World Wide Web: What is Internet? Introduction to internet and its applications, E-mail, telm FTP, e-commerce, video conferencing, e-business. Internet service provided domain name server, internet address, World Wide Web (WWW): World Web and its evolution, uniform resource locator (URL), browsers – internet explorer, Netscape navigator, opera, Firefox, chrome, Mozilla. search engine web saver – apache, IIS, proxy server, HTTP protocol 1.2 HTML5:	ers, Wide et
FTP, e-commerce, video conferencing, e-business. Internet service provided domain name server, internet address, World Wide Web (WWW): World Web and its evolution, uniform resource locator (URL), browsers – internet explorer, Netscape navigator, opera, Firefox, chrome, Mozilla. search engine web saver – apache, IIS, proxy server, HTTP protocol	ers, Wide et
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explorer, Netscape navigator, opera, Firefox, chrome, Mozilla. search engi web saver – apache, IIS, proxy server, HTTP protocol	
web saver – apache, IIS, proxy server, HTTP protocol	ne,
1.2 HTML5:	
Introduction, Why HTML5? Formatting text by using tags, using lists and	
backgrounds, Creating hyperlinks and anchors. Style sheets, CSS formatting	ng text
using style sheets, formatting paragraphs using style sheets.	
2 HTML5 PAGE LAYOUT AND NAVIGATION, HTML5 TABLES, FORM	
AND MEDIA :(15 LECTURES)	
2.1 HTML5 Page layout and navigation:	
Creating navigational aids: planning site organization, creating text based	
navigationbar, creating graphics based navigation bar, creating graphical	
navigation bar, creating image map, redirecting to another URL, creating d	livision
based layouts: HTML5 semantic tags, creating divisions, creating HTML5	
semantic layout, positioning and formatting divisions.	
2.2 HTML5 Tables, Forms and Media:	
Creating tables: creating simple table, specifying the size of the table, spec	ifying
the width of the column, merging table cells, using tables for page layout,	
formatting tables: applying table borders, applying background and foreground	ound
fills, changing cell padding, spacing and alignment, creating user forms: cr	eating
basic form, using check boxes and option buttons, creating lists, additional	input
types in HTML5, Incorporating sound and video: audio and video in HTM	L5,
HTML multimedia basics, embedding video clips, incorporating audio on	web
page.	

EVENTS AND EVENT HANDLERS: (15 LECTURES) 3.1 Java Script: Introduction, Client-Side JavaScript, Server-Side JavaScript, JavaScript Objects, JavaScript Security, 3.2 Operators: Assignment Operators, Comparison Operators, Arithmetic Operators, % (Modulus), ++(Increment),(Decrement),(Unary Negation), Logical Operators, Short-Circuit Evaluation, String Operators, Special Operators, 2:(Conditional operator), , (Comma operator), delete, new, this, void 3.3 Statements: Break, comment, continue, delete, dowhile, export, for, forin, function, ifelse, import, labelled, return, switch, var, while, with 3.4 Core JavaScript (Properties and Methods of Each): Array, Boolean, Date, Function, Math, Number, Object, String, regExp 3.5 Document and its associated objects: document, Link, Area, Anchor, Image, Applet, Layer Events and Event Handlers: General Information about Events, Defining Event Handlers, event, onAbort, onBlur, onChange, onClick, onDblClick, onDragDrop, onError, onFocus, onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, onLoad, onMouseDown, onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload UNIT 4 PHP: (15 LECTURES) 4 PHP: Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables, superglobal arrays, strings and string functions, regular expressions, arrays,	UNIT 3	JAVA SCRIPT, CORE JAVASCRIPT PROPERTIES AND METHODS,
JavaScript Objects, JavaScript Security, 3.2 Operators: Assignment Operators, Comparison Operators, Arithmetic Operators, % (Modulus), ++(Increment),(Decrement), -(Unary Negation), Logical Operators, Short-Circuit Evaluation, String Operators, Special Operators, ?:(Conditional operator), , (Comma operator), delete, new, this, void 3.3 Statements: Break, comment, continue, delete, dowhile, export, for, forin, function, ifelse, import, labelled, return, switch, var, while, with 3.4 Core JavaScript (Properties and Methods of Each): Array, Boolean, Date, Function, Math, Number, Object, String, regExp 3.5 Document and its associated objects: document, Link, Area, Anchor, Image, Applet, Layer 3.6 Events and Event Handlers: General Information about Events, Defining Event Handlers, event, onAbort, onBlur, onChange, onClick, onDblClick, onDragDrop, onError, onFocus, onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, onLoad, onMouseDown, onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload UNIT 4 PHP: (15 LECTURES) 4 PHP: Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,		EVENTS AND EVENT HANDLERS :(15 LECTURES)
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onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload UNIT 4 PHP: (15 LECTURES) 4 PHP: Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,	5.0	Handlers, event, onAbort, onBlur, onChange, onClick, onDblClick, onDragDrop,
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UNIT 4 PHP: (15 LECTURES) 4 PHP: Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,		onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove, onReset,
4 PHP: Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,		onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload
Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,	UNIT 4	PHP:(15 LECTURES)
comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,	4	PHP:
passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,		Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables,
		comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions,
superglobal arrays, strings and string functions, regular expressions, arrays,		passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables,
		superglobal arrays, strings and string functions, regular expressions, arrays,
number handling, basic PHP errors/problems		number handling, basic PHP errors/problems
UNIT 5 ADVANCED PHP AND MYSQL :(15 LECTURES)	UNIT 5	ADVANCED PHP AND MYSQL :(15 LECTURES)
5 Advanced PHP and MySQL: PHP/MySQL Functions, Integrating	5	Advanced PHP and MySQL: PHP/MySQL Functions, Integrating
web forms and databases, Displaying queries in tables, Building Forms from		web forms and databases, Displaying queries in tables, Building Forms from
queries, String and Regular Expressions, Sessions, Cookies and HTTP, E-Mail		queries, String and Regular Expressions, Sessions, Cookies and HTTP, E-Mail

- Web Design The CompleteReference Thomas Powell Tata McGraw Hill -
- HTML5 Step by Step Faithe Wempen Microsoft Press 2011
- PHP 6 and MySQL Bible Steve Suehring, Tim Converse, Joyce Park Wiley 2009
- Head First HTML 5 programming Eric Freeman O'Reilly 2013
- JavaScript 2.0: The CompleteReference Thomas

NAME OF THE COURSE	WEB PROGRAMMING PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP203	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS		50
PASSING MARKS		20

List of	List of Practical	
1.	Use of Basic Tags	
1.1	Design a web page using different text formatting tags.	
1.2	Design a web page with links to different pages and allow navigation between web pages.	
1.3	Design a web page demonstrating all Style sheet types	
2.	Image maps, Tables, Forms and Media	
2.1	Design a web page with Imagemaps.	
2.2	Design a web page demonstrating different semantics	

7.	String Functions and arrays
7.1	Write a PHP program to demonstrate different string functions.
7.2	Write a PHP program to create one dimensional array.
8.	PHP and Database
8.1	Write a PHP code to create:
	Create a database College
	Create a table Department (Dname, Dno, Number_Of_faculty)
8.2	Write a PHP program to create a database named "College". Create a table named
	"Student" with following fields (sno, sname, percentage). Insert 3 records of your
	choice. Display the names of the students whose percentage is between 35 to 75 in
	a tabular format.
8.3	Design a PHP page for authenticating a user.
9.	Email
9.1.	Write a program to send email with attachment.
10.	Sessions and Cookies
10.1	Write a program to demonstrate use of sessions and cookies.

Semester – II		
NAMEOF THE COURSE	NUMERICAL STATI METHODS	ISTICAL
CLASS	FYBSc IT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC204	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5	
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	25	75
PASSING MARKS	10	30

CO 1.	To develop the student's ability to deal with numerical and quantitative issues in
	business
CO 2.	To enable the use of statistical, graphical and algebraic techniques wherever
	relevant.
CO 3.	To have a proper understanding of Statistical applications in IT and Research
	industry.
CO 4.	Recover deleted files, hidden files, and temporary information that would be used
	as proof.
CO 5.	To understand the usage of correct tools for forensic investigations.

CLO 1.	Understand the various approaches dealing the data using theory of probability.
CLO 2.	Develop a framework for estimating and predicting the different sample of data
	for handling the uncertainties.
CLO 3.	Understand error, source of error and its effect on any numerical computation and
	also analyzing the efficiency of any numerical algorithm.

CLO 4.	Learn how to obtain numerical solution of nonlinear equations using Bisection,
	Newton – Raphson and Regula – Falsi method iteration methods.
CLO 5.	Solve system of linear equations numerically using direct and iterative methods

UNIT 1	MATHEMATICAL MODELING AND ENGINEERING PROBLEM	
	SOLVING APPROXIMATIONS AND ROUND-OFF ERRORS	
	TRUNCATION ERRORS AND THE TAYLOR SERIES : (15 LECTURES)	
1.1	Mathematical Modeling and Engineering Problem Solving: A	
	Simple Mathematical Model, Conservation Laws and Engineering Problems	
1.2	Approximations and Round-Off Errors: Significant Figures,	
	Accuracy and Precision, Error Definitions, Round-Off Errors	
1.3	Truncation Errors and the Taylor Series:	
	The Taylor Series, Error Propagation, Total Numerical Errors, Formulation Errors	
	and Data Uncertainty	
UNIT 2 SOLUTIONS OF ALGEBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATIONS		
	INTERPOLATION :(15 LECTURES)	
2.1	Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: The Bisection Method,	
	The Newton-Raphson Method, The Regula-falsi method, The Secant Method.	
2.2	Interpolation: Forward Difference, Backward Difference, Newton's Forward	
	Difference Interpolation, Newton's Backward Difference Interpolation,	
	Lagrange's Interpolation.	
UNIT 3	SOLUTION OF SIMULTANEOUS ALGEBRAICEQUATIONS	
	(LINEAR) USING ITERATIVE METHODS, NUMERICAL	
	DIFFERENTIATION ANDINTEGRATION NUMERICAL SOLUTION	
	OF 1ST AND 2 ND ORDER DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS : (15	
	LECTURES)	
3.1	Solution of simultaneous algebraic equations (linear) using iterative methods:	
	Gauss-Jordan Method, Gauss-Seidel Method.	

3.2	Numerical differentiation and Integration: Numberical differentiation,	
	Numerical integration using Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson's 1/3 rd and 3/8 th rules.	
3.3	Numerical solution of 1st and 2nd order differential equations:	
	Taylor series, Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method, Runge-Kutta Method for	
	1 st and 2 nd Order Differential Equations.	
UNIT 4	LEAST-SQUARES REGRESSION LINEAR PROGRAMMING: (15	
	LECTURES)	
4.1	Least-Squares Regression: Linear Regression, Polynomial Regression, Multiple	
	Linear Regression, General Linear Least Squares, Nonlinear Regression	
4.2	Linear Programming: Linear optimization problem, Formulation and Graphical	
	solution, Basic solution and Feasible solution	
UNIT 5	RANDOM VARIABLES DISTRIBUTIONS: (15 LECTURES)	
5.1	Random variables: Discrete and Continuous random variables, Probability	
	density function, Probability distribution of random variables, Expected value,	
	Variance.	
5.2	Distributions: Discrete distributions: Uniform, Binomial, Poisson, Bernoulli,	
	Continuous distributions: uniform distributions, exponential, (derivation of mean	
	and variance only and state other properties and discuss their applications)	
	Normal distribution state all the properties and its applications.	

- Introductory methods of numerical analysis 5th Edition by Sastry, S. S.
- Fundamental of Mathematical statistics 11th Revised Edition by Gupta, S.C & Kapoor, V.K
- Introduction to Operations Research 10th Edition by Hillier, Frederick, and others.

NAME OF THE COURSE	NUMERICAL STATISTICAL METHODS PRACTICAL	
CLASS	FYBSCIT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP204	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3	
WEEK		
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45	
LECTURES PER SEMESTER		
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS		50
PASSING MARKS		20

List of Practical	
1.	Iterative Calculation
1.1	Program for iterative calculation.
1.2	Program to calculate the roots of a quadratic equation using the formula.
1.3	Program to evaluate e^x using infinite series.
2.	Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations:
2.1	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by bisection method.
2.2	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by false position method.
2.3	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by Secant method.
2.4	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by Newton Raphson method.
3.	Interpolation
3.1	Program for Newton's forward interpolation.
3.2	Program for Newton's backward interpolation.
3.3	Program for Lagrange's interpolation.
4.	Solving linear system of equations by iterative methods
4.1	Program for solving linear system of equations using Gauss Jordan method.
4.2	Program for solving linear system of equations using Gauss Seidel method.
5.	Numerical Differentiation
5.1.	Programing to obtain derivatives numerically.

6.	Numerical Integration
6.1	Program for numerical integration using Trapezoidal rule.
6.2	Program for numerical integration using Simpson's 1/3 rd rule.
6.3	Program for numerical integration using Simpson's 3/8 th rule.
7.	Solution of differential equations
7.1	Program to solve differential equation using Euler's method
7.2	Program to solve differential equation using modified Euler's method.
7.3	Program to solve differential equation using Runge-kutta 2 nd order and 4 th order
	methods.
8.	Regression
8.1	Program for Linear regression.
8.2	Program for Polynomial Regression.
8.3	Program for multiple linear regression.
8.4	Program for non-linear regression.
9.	Random variables and distributions
9.1	Program to generate random variables.
9.2	Program to fit binomial distribution.
9.3	Program to fit Poisson distribution.
10.	Distributions
10.1	Program for Uniform distribution.
10.2	Program for Bernoulli distribution
10.3	Program for Negative binomial distribution.

Semester – II		
NAMEOF THE COURSE	GREEN COMPUTIN	G
CLASS	FYBSc IT	
COURSE CODE	SBTTEC205	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	5	
TOTAL NUMBR OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	75	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESER END
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	25	75
PASSING MARKS	10	30

CO 1.	The goal of studying green computing is to attain economic viability and improve the way computing devices are used.
CO 2.	Reduce the use of hazardous materials, maximize energy efficiency during the product&s lifetime
CO 3.	Students learn how to measure computer power usage, minimize power usage, procure sustainable hardware, design green data centers, recycle computer equipment, configure computers to minimize power, use virtualization to reduce the number of servers, and other green technologies.
CO 4.	Students learn to examine cooling issues in the datacenter as well as where you can save money, and it provides some tips for adding cooling capacity without spending more money than need to
CO 5.	Students learn different metrics to track and analyze greening of information systems

CLO 1.	Listing organizations environmental issues and explain how to measure its carbon
	footprint.
CLO 2.	To minimize power usage and maximize cooling needs.
CLO 3.	To change to change the way we work and to create a paperless environment
CLO 4.	To identify recycling methods and hardware considerations
CLO 5.	To improve the Technology Infrastructure and analyze the Organizational Check-
	ups

UNIT 1	UNIT 1 OVERVIEW AND ISSUES INITIATIVES AND STANDARDS:		
	(15 LECTURES)		
1.1	Overview and Issues:		
	Problems: Toxins, Power Consumption, Equipment Disposal, Company's Carbon		
	Footprint: Measuring, Details, reasons to bother, Plan for the Future, Cost Savings:		
	Hardware, Power.		
1.2	Initiatives and Standards:		
	Global Initiatives: United Nations, Basel Action Network, Basel Convention, North		
	America: The United States, Canada, Australia, Europe, WEEE Directive, RoHS,		
	National Adoption, Asia: Japan, China, Korea.		
UNIT 2	MINIMIZING POWER USAGE COOLING: (15 LECTURES)		
2.1	Minimizing Power Usage:		
	Power Problems, Monitoring Power Usage, Servers, Low-Cost Options, Reducing		
	Power Use, Data De-Duplication, Virtualization, Management, Bigger Drives,		
	Involving the Utility Company, LowPower Computers, PCs, Linux, Components,		
	Servers, Computer Settings, Storage, Monitors, Power Supplies, Wireless Devices,		
	Software.		

4.2	Hardware Considerations:				
	David vs. America Online				
	CDs and DVDs, good and bad about CD and DVDs disposal, Change the mind-set,				
	Recycling, Consequences, cleaning a Hard Drive, Pros and cons of each method,				
	Recycling Companies, Finding the Best One, Checklist, Certifications, Hard Drive				
	Make the Decision, Life Cycle, from beginning to end, Life, Cost, Green Design,				
	Problems, China, Africa, Materials, Means of Disposal, Recycling, Refurbishing,				
4.1	Recycling:				
UNIT 4	RECYCLING HARDWARE CONSIDERATIONS :(15 LECTURES)				
	Advantages, Obstacles.				
	2007, Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), Nuts and Bolts, Value Added Networks,				
	Intranets, What to Include, Building an Intranet, Microsoft OfficeSharePoint Server				
	Billing, Handheld Computers vs. the Clipboard, Unified Communications,				
	Destruction, Going Paperless, Organizational Realities, Changing Over, Paperless				
	Paper Problems, The Environment, Costs: Paper and Office, Practicality, Storage,				
3.2	Going Paperless:				
	Outsource.				
	Pollutants, Teleworkers and Outsourcing, Telecommuting, Outsourcing, how to				
	Analysing the Global Impact of Local Actions, Steps: Water, Recycling, Energy,				
3.1	Old Behaviours, starting at the Top, Process Reengineering with Green in Mind,				
3.1	Changing the Way of Work:				
UNIT 3	CHANGING THE WAY OF WORK GOING PAPERLESS: (15 LECTURES)				
	Fans, Humidity, Adding Cooling, Fluid Considerations, System Design, Datacentre Design, Centralized Control, Design for Your Needs, Put Everything Together.				
	Prevent Recirculation of Equipment Exhaust, Supply Air Directly to Heat Sources,				
	Airflow, Hot Aisle/Cold Aisle, Raised Floors, CableManagement, Vapour Seal,				
	Cooling Costs, Economizers, On-Demand Cooling, HP's Solution, Optimizing				
	Cooling Costs, Power Cost, Causes of Cost, Calculating Cooling Needs, Reducing				
2.2	Cooling:				

	Certification Programs, EPEAT, RoHS, Energy Star, Computers, Monitors,		
	Printers, Scanners, All-in-Ones, Thin Clients, Servers, Blade Servers,		
	Consolidation, Products, Hardware Considerations, Planned Obsolescence,		
	Packaging, Toxins, Other Factors, Remote Desktop, Using Remote Desktop,		
	Establishing a Connection, In Practice		
UNIT 5	GREENING YOUR INFORMATION SYSTEMS: (15 LECTURES)		
5.1	Greening Your Information Systems:		
	Initial Improvement Calculations, Selecting Metrics, Tracking Progress, Change		
	Business Processes, Customer Interaction, Paper Reduction, Green Supply Chain,		
	Improve Technology Infrastructure, Reduce PCs and Servers, Shared Services,		
	Hardware Costs, Cooling.		
	Staying Green:		
5.2	Organizational Check-ups, Chief Green Officer, Evolution, Sell the CEO, SMART		
	Goals, Equipment Check-ups, Gather Data, Tracking the data, Baseline Data,		
	Benchmarking, Analyse Data, Conduct Audits, Certifications, Benefits, Realities,		
	Helpful Organizations.		

- Green IT Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, McGraw Hill 2008
- Green Computing Tools and Techniques for Saving Energy, Money and Resources, Bud E.Smith CRC Press 2014
- Green IT Deepak Shikarpur, Vishwkarma Publications, 2014

NAME OF THE COURSE	GREEN COMPUTING PRACTICAL		
CLASS	FYBSCIT		
COURSE CODE	SBTTECP205		
NUMBER OF CREDITS	2		
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER	3		
WEEK			
TOTAL NUMBER OF	45		
LECTURES PER SEMESTER			
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL	SEMESTER END	
	ASSESSMENT	EXAMINATION	
TOTAL MARKS		50	
PASSING MARKS		20	

Project	Project and Viva Voce				
1.	A project should be done based on the objectives of Green Computing. A report of				
	minimum 50 pages should be prepared. The report should have a font size of 12,				
	Times new roman and 1.5 line spacing. The headings should have font size 14. The				
	report should be hard bound.				
2.	The project can be done individually or a group of two students.				
3.	The students will have to present the project during the examination.				
4.	A certified copy of the project report is essential to appear for the examination.				

ASSESSMENT DETAILS:(this will be same for all the theory papers)

Internal Assessment (25 marks)

Part 1: Project Work (20 Marks) / Test

- At the beginning of the semester, students should be assigned projecttopics drawn from Unit 1 to Unit 5.
- Students can work in groups of not more than 3 per topic.
- Project Marks will be divided as written submission: 10 Marks &Presentation & Viva: 10 marks)
- The Project/Assignment can take the form of Street-Plays/Power-Point Presentations/Poster Exhibitions and similar other modes of presentation appropriate to the topic.
- Students must submit a hard copy of the Project before the lastteaching day of the semester

Part 2: Attendance – 05marks

Semester End Examination – External Assessment (75 marks)

- The duration of the paper will be two and a half hours.
- There shall be five compulsory questions
- Q1-5 shall correspond to the five units. Q1-5 shall contain an internal choice (attempt any 3 of 6). Q1-5 shall carry a maximum of 15 marks

Practical Assessment (for papers with practicals)

- The duration of the practical exam will be two and a half hours.
- The students are allowed to write the paper if the attendance for practicals is more than 75%
- To appear in the practical exam, students must bring a properly certified journal.

Evaluation Scheme:

1. Internal Evaluation (25 Marks).

i. Test: 1 Class test of 20 marks. (Can be taken online)

Q	Attempt <u>any four</u> of the following:	20
a.		
b.		
c.		
d.		
e.		
f.		

ii. 5 marks: Active participation in the class, overall conduct, attendance.

iii.

2. External Examination: (75 marks)

	All questions are compulsory	
Q1	(Based on Unit 1) Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:	15
a.		
b.		
c.		
d.		
e.		
f.		
Q2	(Based on Unit 2) Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:	15
Q3	(Based on Unit 3) Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:	15
Q4	(Based on Unit 4) Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:	15
Q5	(Based on Unit 5) Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:	15

3. Practical Exam: 50 marks

A Certified copy journal is essential to appear for the practical examination.

1.	Practical Question 1	20
2.	Practical Question 2	20
3.	Journal	5
4.	Viva Voce	5

OR

1.	Practical Question	40
2.	Journal	5
3.	Viva Voce	5