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Milestone 3:

1) all kernels that collectively consume more than 90% of the program time:

mxnet::op::forward_kernel(float*, float const *, float const *, int, int, int, int, int)

void mshadow::cuda::MapPlanLargeKernel<mshadow::sv::saveto, int=8, int=1024, mshadow::expr::Plan<mshadow::Tensor<mshadow::gpu, int=4, float>, float>, mshadow::expr::Plan<mshadow::expr::BinaryMapExp<mshadow::op::mul, mshadow::expr::ScalarExp<float>, mshadow::Tensor<mshadow::gpu, int=4, float>, float, int=1>, float>>(mshadow::gpu, unsigned int, mshadow::Shape<int=2>, int=4, int)

volta_sgemm_128x128_tn

[CUDA memcpy HtoD]

void op_generic_tensor_kernel<int=2, float, float, float, int=256, cudnnGenericOp_t=7, cudnnNanPropagation_t=0, cudnnDimOrder_t=0, int=1>(cudnnTensorStruct, float*, cudnnTensorStruct, float const *, cudnnTensorStruct, float, float, float, float, float, dimArray, reducedDivisorArray)

void cudnn::detail::pooling_fw_4d_kernel<float, float, cudnn::detail::maxpooling_func<float, cudnnNanPropagation_t=0>, int=0, bool=0>(cudnnTensorStruct, float const *, cudnn::detail::pooling_fw_4d_kernel<float, float, cudnn::detail::maxpooling_func<float, cudnnNanPropagation_t=0>, int=0, bool=0>, cudnnTensorStruct*, cudnnPoolingStruct, float, cudnnPoolingStruct, int, cudnn::reduced_divisor, float)

2) all CUDA API calls that collectively consume more than 90% of the program time:

cudaStreamCreateWithFlags

cudaMemGetInfo

cudaFree

3) difference between kernels and API calls:

Kernels are C functions defined by the user to execute N times in parallel by N CUDA threads. Therefore, a kernel launch is to execute the user defined C function.

API functions are the functions provided by CUDA to execute some operations on CUDA GPU. API function calls are when users adopt the provided CUDA functions.

4) output of rai running MXNet on the GPU:

*Running nvprof python m3.1py

New Inference Op Time: 0.042851 Op Time: 0.359589

Correctness: 0.7653 Model: ece408

5) output of rai running MXNet on CPU (2.1):

*Running nvprof python m2.1py

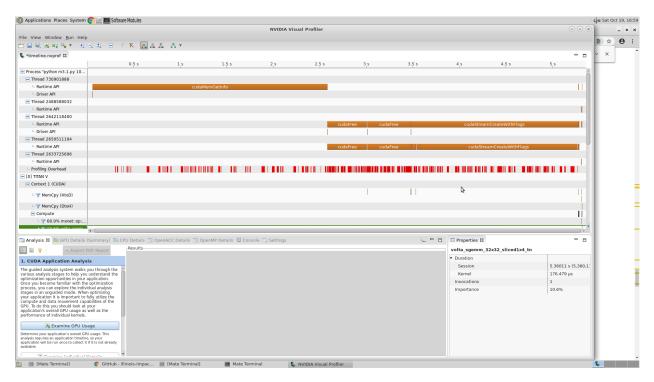
New Inference Op Time: 11.235300 Op Time: 60.05617

Correctness: 0.7653 Model: ece408

6) Whole program execution time

5.31user 3.38system 0:04.85elapsed 179%CPU (0avgtext+0avgdata 2989092maxresident)k

7) NVVP results



Milestone 2:

1) all kernels that collectively consume more than 90% of the program time: [CUDA memcpy HtoD]

2) all CUDA API calls that collectively consume more than 90% of the program time: cudaStreamCreateWithFlags

cudaMemGetInfo
cudaFree

3) difference between kernels and API calls:

Kernels are C functions defined by the user to execute N times in parallel by N CUDA threads. Therefore, a kernel launch is to execute the user defined C function. API functions are the functions provided by CUDA to execute some operations on CUDA GPU. API function calls are when users adopt the provided CUDA functions.

4) output of rai running MXNet on the CPU:

```
* Running /usr/bin/time python m1.1.py
Loading fashion-mnist data... done
Loading model... done
New Inference
EvalMetric: {'accuracy': 0.8154}
```

program runtime:

 $17.09 user \ 4.83 system \ 0:09.02 elapsed \ 243\% CPU \ (0 avgtext + 0 avgdata \ 6044912 max resident) kullulus kullus kuu kullus kullus kullus kullus kullus kullus kullus kullus kullus ku$

5) output of rai running MXNet on the GPU:

```
* Running /usr/bin/time python m1.2.py
Loading fashion-mnist data... done
Loading model... done
New Inference
EvalMetric: {'accuracy': 0.8154}
```

program runtime:

5.05user 3.23system 0:04.76elapsed 174%CPU (0avgtext+0avgdata 2963832maxresident)k

CPU Implementation:

6) Whole program execution time:

 $105.64 user \ 9.82 system \ 1:34.79 elapsed \ 121\% CPU \ (0 avgtext + 0 avgdata \ 6044512 max resident) kullulus sidenti kullut sidenti kullus sidenti$

7) Op times:

Op Time: 13.013842 Op Time: 77.417661