# Introduction to Machine Learning (CSCI-UA.473): Homework 4

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### **Submission Instructions**

You must typeset the answers using  $\LaTeX$  and compile them into a single PDF file. Name the pdf file as:  $\langle \text{Your-NetID} \rangle$ \_hw4.pdf. For the programming part of the assignment, complete the Jupyter notebook named HW4.ipynb. Create a ZIP file containing both the PDF file and the completed Jupyter notebook. Name it  $\langle \text{Your-NetID} \rangle$ \_hw4.zip. Submit the ZIP file on Brightspace. The due date is **November** 18<sup>th</sup>, 2021, 11:59 **PM**.

## Theory

# Question T1: Back propagation of a 2D Convolution Operation (15 points)

Let the input be an 2D gray scale image of size  $m \times n$ , denoted by the matrix  $X \in \Re^{m \times n}$ . Let the parameters of the  $p \times p$  convolution kernel be denoted by [W,b], where  $W \in \Re^{p \times p}$  are the weights of the kernel and b is the bias associated with the kernel. Let us denote by L the loss function of your model and by  $\delta$  the gradient of the loss with respect to the output of the convolution operation. Write the expression for the following:

- 1. (5 points) Gradient of the loss function L with respect to the inputs  $X\colon \frac{dL}{dX}$
- 2. (5 points) Gradient of the loss function L with respect to the weights W:  $\frac{dL}{dW}$
- 3. (5 points) Gradient of the loss function L with respect to the bias b:  $\frac{dL}{db}$

Please write all the steps that led you to the final expression. No points will be given if only the final expression is provided without the steps.

### Question T2: Back propagation of other functions (15 points)

Compute the back propagation expression (the gradient of the loss function L with respect to the input x, where  $x \in \Re^d$  is the 1D input vector of size d), for the following functions:

- 1. (5 points) Tanh:  $f(x) = \tanh(x) = \frac{e^x e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$
- 2. (5 points) Max pooling:  $f(x) = \max_{i \in \{1,\dots,d\}} x_i$
- 3. (5 points) Average pooling:  $f(x) = \frac{1}{d} \sum_{i=1}^{d} x_i$

Here again, assume that you know the gradient of the loss L with respect to the output of each function and denote it by  $\delta$ . Please write all the steps that led you to the final expression. No points will be given if only the final expression is provided without the steps.

#### **Practicum**

See the accompanying Python notebook.

Question P1: Long-Short Term Memory Networks for sequence modeling (35 points)

Question P2: Ensemble of neural networks for multi-class classification (35 points)