

Functions, Loops, Scope, Tuples, and Sets

1: Using the return Statement

```
def cube(num):
```

```
    return num ** 3
```

```
print("Task 1 Output:", cube(3)) # Output: 27
```

2: Using break in a Loop

```
while True:
```

```
    num = int(input("Task 2 - Enter a number: "))
```

```
    if num < 0:
```

```
        print("Negative number entered. Exiting.")
```

```
        break
```

```
    print("Cube:", num ** 3)
```

3: Using continue in a Loop

```
print("Task 3 Output:")
```

```
for i in range(1, 21):
```

```
    if i % 2 != 0:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    print(i)
```

4: Using break and continue in a Loop

```
total = 0
```

```
while True:
```

```
    num = int(input("Task 4 - Enter a number (0 to stop): "))
```

```
    if num < 0:
```

```
        continue
```

```
    if num == 0:
        break
    total += num

print("Task 4 Output - Sum of positive numbers:", total)
```

5: Local Scope in Functions

```
def square():
    local_var = 5
    result = local_var ** 2
    print("Task 5 Output - Square is:", result)

square()

# print(local_var) # Uncommenting this will cause an error: NameError
```

6: Modifying a Global Variable Inside a Function

```
counter = 0

def increment():
    global counter
    counter += 1
    print("Task 6 Output - Counter:", counter)

increment()
increment()
increment()
```

7: Demonstrating Local and Global Scope

x = 10

def modify_global():

global x

x = 20

print("Task 7 Output - Inside function, global x:", x)

def local_scope():

y = 30

print("Task 7 Output - Inside function, local y:", y)

modify_global()

print("Task 7 Output - Outside function, global x:", x)

local_scope()

print(y) # Uncommenting this will cause an error: NameError

8: Working with Tuples in Python

fruits = ("apple", "banana", "cherry")

print("Task 8 Output - Second element:", fruits[1])

fruits[1] = "orange" # This will raise a TypeError

fruits_list = list(fruits)

fruits_list[1] = "orange"

fruits = tuple(fruits_list)

print("Task 8 Output - Modified tuple:", fruits)

9: Working with Sets in Python

```
set1 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
```

```
set2 = {4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
```

```
print("Task 9 Output - Union:", set1 | set2)
```

```
print("Task 9 Output - Intersection:", set1 & set2)
```

```
print("Task 9 Output - Difference:", set1 - set2)
```

```
set1.add(6)
```

```
set2.remove(4)
```

```
print("Task 9 Output - Updated set1:", set1)
```

```
print("Task 9 Output - Updated set2:", set2)
```

```
print("Task 9 Output - Is 3 in set1?", 3 in set1)
```

10: Tuple and Set Operations

```
my_tuple = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
```

```
print("Task 10 Output - Third element:", my_tuple[2])
```

```
my_set = set(my_tuple)
```

```
my_set.add(60)
```

```
print("Task 10 Output - Updated set:", my_set)
```

11: List to Set Conversion & Basic Set Operations

```
num_list = [1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5]
```

```
unique_set = set(num_list)
```

```
print("Task 11 Output - Unique elements:", unique_set)
```

```
another_set = {3, 4, 5, 6, 7}
```

```
print("Task 11 Output - Intersection:", unique_set & another_set)
```

```
print("Task 11 Output - Union:", unique_set | another_set)
```

#12: Working with Tuples, Sets, and Lists

```
num_list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
```

```
num_list.append(60)
```

```
num_tuple = tuple(num_list)
```

```
print("Task 12 Output - Tuple:", num_tuple)
```

```
num_set = set(num_list)
```

```
print("Task 12 Output - Unique values (set):", num_set)
```