### INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

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#### Research?

- > A careful investigation for new facts in any branch of knowledge
- Redman and Mory: Research is a systematic effort to gain new knowledge

#### Research?

- Clifford Woody: Research-
- defining and redefining problems, formulating hypothesis/objectives;
- collecting, organizing and evaluating data;
- making deductions and reaching conclusions;
- testing the conclusions to determine whether
  they fit the formulating hypothesis/objectives

- Desire to get a research degree along with its consequential benefits
- Desire to face the challenge in solving the unsolved problems
- Desire to get intellectual joy of doing some creative work
- Desire to be of service to society
- Desire to get respectability
- Directives of government, employment conditions etc.

## Why do research?...

- Validate intuition
- Improve methods
- Demands of the Job
- o For publication/patent

## Choose a subject

- Based on an idea
- Based on your experience
- Based on your reading
- Originality

## The important features of a research design

> A plan

Specify the sources & types of information relevant to the research problem

A strategy

Which approach will be used for gathering and analyzing the data

> The time and budgets

Most studies are done under these two constraints

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF RESEARCH

- Systematic All steps must be inter related one to another
- Logical- Agreeing with the principles of logic
- Empirical-Conclusions should be based on evidences/observations

#### CHARACTERISTICS OF RESEARCH...

- Objectivity- It must answer the research questions
- Replicable- reproducible
- > Transmittable
- Quality control- Accurate measurements
- All well designed and conducted research has potential application

## Define Your objectives

- Try to keep these simple
- o The more variables the more difficult
- O Use the opportunity
- o Get help at this stage
  - Senior colleagues
  - Experienced researchers

### Literature search

- Check to see if your idea is original
- Get articles
- Read articles and their references
- Most of these will be vital when writing up reports
- Find gap areas
- Find obsolete measurements and results
- Define objectives of the study

## Steps involved in a research

- Choose a subject
- Literature survey
- Defining and formulation of specific objectives
- Prepare Synopsis
- Procuring of suitable apparatus/materials
- Design of experimental set up
- Preliminary experiments
- Execution of the project
- Accurate measurements/data collection

## Steps involved in a research...

- Data analysis and error compounding
- Hypothesis testing and verification
- Results and discussion
- Generalization, interpretation and drawing conclusions
- Preparation of the project report or writing thesis

#### The Process of Research

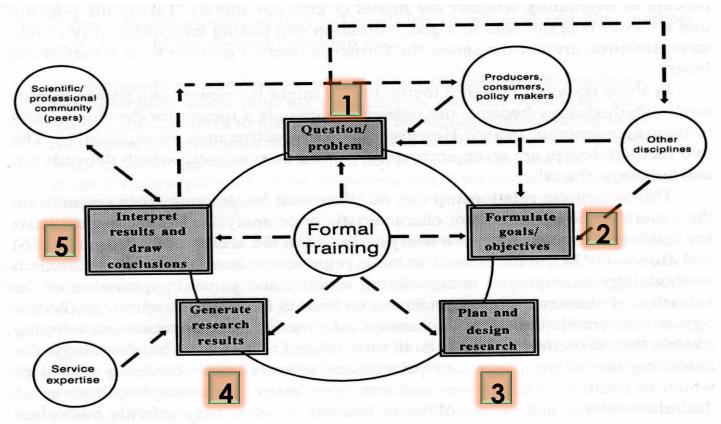


Figure 2.2. Schematic of research process.

## Research article writing

- Find suitable/specified journals
- Get copy of Instructions to authors
- Prepare article as per instructions
- Select suitable titles
- Authors and affiliations
- Abstract
- Highlights

- Novelty statements
- Introduction
- Materials and methods
- Results and discussion
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements
- References

## Authorship/ethics

- All authors should directly involved in entire study
- Article is free from plagiarism
- Should follow ethics

## A Research Report

#### A Research Report generally include:

- Introduction and Statement of problem
- Review of relevant literature
- Statement of hypothesis or research objectives
- Theoretical resume
- Description of research design
- Description Experimental design
- Description of measurement and data analysis
- Error compounding
- Presentation of Results
- Discussion
- Conclusion, limitations, and implications
- Suggestions for future work
- Acknowledgements
- References cited
- Appendices

## Types of research

1. Application- Pure and Applied Research

Applied- Finding solutions for immediate problems facing a society/industry

Pure- Concerned with generalization and formulation of a theory

2. Inquiry Mode- Quantitative and qualitative Quantitatative- Measurements of quantity or amount Qualitative- Concerned with qualitative phenomena (reasons for human behavior)

#### Research Studies

- Based on research objectives:
- Exploratory or formulative research- To gain familiarity with a phenomenon or to achieve new insights into it
- descriptive research- To study accurately the characteristics of a particular individual, situation or a group-includes survey

#### Research Studies

- Diagnostic research- To determine the frequency with which something occurs or with which it is associated with something else
- \* hypothesis-testing research- To test a hypothesis of a causal relationship between variables

### More on Research

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EUax A0ryjeA

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## "Science is not belief, but the will to find out."

# Thank you

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