

Sea $\sigma(x) = 1 / (1 + \exp(-x))$ Comprobar que $d/dx \sigma(x) = \sigma(x) * (1 - \sigma(x))$.

$$\begin{aligned} d/dx \sigma(x) &= d/dx 1 / (1 + \exp(-x)) = d/dx (1 + \exp(-x))^{-1} = -[1 + \exp(-x)]^{-2} * [-\exp(-x)] \\ &= \exp(-x) / (1 + \exp(-x))^2 = 1 / (1 + \exp(-x)) * \exp(-x) / (1 + \exp(-x)) \\ &= 1 / (1 + \exp(-x)) * [(1 + \exp(-x)) / (1 + \exp(-x)) - (1 / (1 + \exp(-x)))] \\ &= 1 / (1 + \exp(-x)) * [1 - 1 / (1 + \exp(-x))] \end{aligned}$$

Reescribiendo

$$= \sigma(x) * (1 - \sigma(x))$$