

Financial Econometrics I

Problem Set 1: Warm-up

November 23, 2018

Learning objectives: After solving the following questions you should be able to

- (a) Get yourself familiar with the basic usage of R.
- (b) Know stylized features in financial returns data.
- (c) Understand the efficient markets hypothesis and test its validity using data.

1. Getting Started with R

The point of this question is to get you started using the programming language R. This is a pure reading assignment, and so you do *not* need to hand in anything for this question.

- (a) I prepared a series of R tutorials for (absolute) beginners. To view and/or download the tutorial materials, visit [R tutorial](#). At this stage, reading Tutorial 1-5 will suffice¹.
- (b) Read Section 1.6 and 2.10 of Fan and Yao (2017) (referred to as FY hereafter).
- (c) Read Chapter 4-6 of “[R Programming for Data Science](#)” by Roger Peng.

2. Behavior of Financial Return Data

You are given historical data (1995-2017) of the Nasdaq index². See `nasdaqd`, `nasdaqw`, and `nasdaqm` respectively for daily, weekly, and monthly data. For this question, you will need to use *only* the “adj close” (adjusted closing) data, which is the closing index adjusted for all splits and dividends.

- (a) Compute the (log) daily, weekly, and monthly returns of the Nasdaq index.
- (b) Use the index and return data from Part (a) to reproduce Figures 1.3, 1.5, and 1.7 in the textbook. Hint: You will need to install the `TSA` package and use its `acf` function.
- (c) Read Section 1.5.2. Perform the Jarque-Bera test to the daily, weekly, and monthly return data you obtained in Part (a). Hint: You will need to first install the `tseries` package, and then use its `jarque.bera.test` function.

3. FY Exercise 1.2

Hint: Recall that $\widehat{Var}(\gamma_t, \dots, \gamma_{t+k})$ is positive semi-definite by construction.

4. FY Exercise 1.3

Hint: You may use R functions `pnorm` and `pt`.

5. FY Exercise 1.9

Hint: Read Section 1.4.1 and 1.4.2 first.

¹You may find that these notes are not very reader-friendly as they are supposed to be lectured in a couple of tutorial sessions. Therefore, starting from a well-written book (like Part (c)) may be a better strategy for getting a quick start-up, especially for those whose have 0 coding experience.

²These CSV data are downloaded from *Yahoo!Finance*

6. FY Exercise 1.10 & 1.11

This question tests the finite sample performance of the Ljung-Box statistic via a small scale Monte Carlo experiment. Monte Carlo methods have a wide range of applications in many fields. From this question, you can learn the general procedure for conducting a Monte Carlo simulation. To solve this question, you may need to use a series of R functions for density (PDF), distribution (CDF), quantile/percentile, and random number generating functions³ as well as compute a histogram of the given data.

7. FY Exercise 1.13 (Optional)

³For normal distribution, they are `dnorm`, `pnorm`, `qnorm`, and `rnorm`, respectively. To compute empirical quantile/percentile and histogram of the data, you may use `quantile` and `hist`, respectively.