

A Digital Odometer



An odometer is the display in a car that tells you how many miles you have traveled. Each number is displayed **in its own “window”** and, as you drive, the odometer counts up.

The problem:

Write a program that simulates a digital odometer. It has 6 “windows” and will output the miles as you travel, starting at 000000 and ending at 999999 (after which you probably want to sell the car anyway ...).

How?

Create a one dimensional integer array of size 6, `int win[6]`, where each element of the array represents one window of the odometer. `win[5]` represents the right-most window and `win[0]` the left-most.

Create six for loops one inside the other and call the indices of the loops `i0` through `i5`, where `i0` is the index of the outermost loop, and `i5` the index of the innermost loop. You can use the index values to populate the array `win`.

At each iteration `win` will represent a new configuration of the odometer. So, each time a new configuration is generated, print it out to the screen.