

Juan Moreno

Scribe

Evaluación 2.

1)

a) 35 a base 2

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \overline{) 12} \\ 1 \overline{) 17} \overline{) 12} \\ \underline{1} \quad 1 \quad 8 \overline{) 12} \\ \underline{0} \quad 4 \overline{) 12} \\ \underline{0} \quad 2 \overline{) 12} \\ \underline{0} \quad 1 \end{array}$$

$$35 = 100011$$

b) 38 a base 6.

$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \overline{) 6} \\ 2 \overline{) 6} \overline{) 6} \\ \underline{0} \quad 1 \end{array}$$

$$38 = 102_6$$

c) 491 a base 8

$$\begin{array}{r} 491 \overline{) 8} \\ 11 \overline{) 61} \overline{) 8} \\ \underline{3} \quad 5 \quad 7 \end{array}$$

$$491 = 753_8$$

d) 720 a base 16

$$\begin{array}{r} \overline{720} \overline{16} \\ 80 \quad 45 \overline{16} \\ \underline{0} \quad \underline{13} \quad \underline{2} \end{array}$$

$$720 = 2D0$$

2) Convertir a base 10

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

a) $10010101 = \underline{\underline{149}}$

$$1 \times 2^0 = 1$$

$$1 \times 2^2 = 4$$

$$1 \times 2^4 = 16$$

$$1 \times 2^7 = 128$$

c) $407_8 = \underline{\underline{263}}$

$$7 \times 8^0 = 7$$

$$4 \times 8^2 = 256$$

b) $162_6 =$



Es un numero invalido para base 6.

d) $F5A_{16} = \underline{\underline{3930}}_{10}$

$$10 \times 16^0 = 10$$

$$5 \times 16^1 = 80$$

$$15 \times 16^2 = 3840$$

3)

$$X_i = 1,75$$

$$X_i + h = 1,751$$

$$h = 0,001$$

$$f(x) = 0,55x^4 - 2,25x^3 + 0,75x + 2$$

$$f'(x) = 2,2x^3 - 6,75x^2 + 0,75$$

$$f''(x) = 6,6x^2 - 13,5x$$

$$f'''(x) = 13,2x - 13,5$$

Orden cero

$$\begin{aligned} f(1,751) &\approx 0,55(1,75)^4 - 2,25(1,75)^3 + 0,75(1,75) + 2 \\ &\approx -3,588 \end{aligned}$$

Primer orden

$$\begin{aligned} f(1,751) &\approx -3,588 + (2,2(1,75)^3 - 6,75(1,75)^2 + 0,75)(0,001) \\ &\approx -3,596 \end{aligned}$$

Segundo orden

$$\begin{aligned} f(1,751) &\approx -3,596 + (6,6(1,75)^2 - 13,5(1,75))(0,001)^2 \\ &\approx -3,596 \end{aligned}$$

Tercer orden

$$\begin{aligned} f(1,751) &\approx -3,596 + (13,2(1,75) - 13,5)(0,001)^3 \\ &\approx -3,595 \end{aligned}$$

Valor real:

$$f(1,751) = 0,55(1,751)^4 - 2,25(1,751)^3 + 0,75(1,751) + 2$$

$$f(1,751) = -3,595$$

4)

$$x = 1,2$$

$$h = 0,001$$

	X	y
X_{i-2}	1,198	0,7079572
X_{i-1}	1,199	0,7048909
X_i	1,2	0,701824
X_{i+1}	1,201	0,6987565
X_{i+2}	1,202	0,6956884

$$f(x) = 0,2x^5 - 0,4x^4 - 0,3x^3 + 0,8x^2 - 3x + 4$$

• Primera hacia adelante

$$f'(1,2) = \frac{0,6987 - 0,7018}{0,001} = -3,1$$

• Primera hacia atrás.

$$f'(1,2) = \frac{0,7018 - 0,7048}{0,001} = -3$$

• Primera centrada.

$$f'(1,2) = \frac{0,6987 - 0,7048}{0,002} = -3,05$$

- Segunda hacia adelante.

$$F''(1,2) = \frac{0.6956884 - 2(0.6987565) + 0.701824}{0.001^2} = -0.6$$

- Segunda hacia atras.

$$F''(1,2) = \frac{0.701824 - 2(0.7048909) + 0.7079572}{0.001^2} = -0.6$$

- Segunda centrada.

$$F''(1,2) = \frac{0.6987565 - 2(0.701824) + 0.7048909}{0.001^2} = -0.6$$

Derivadas reales

$$F(x) = x^4 - 1.6x^3 - 0.9x^2 + 1.6x - 3$$

$$F'(x) = 4x^3 - 4.8x^2 - 1.8x + 1.6$$

$$\bullet F'(1,2) = (1,2)^4 - 1.6(1,2)^3 - 0.9(1,2)^2 + 1.6(1,2) - 3$$

$$F'(1,2) = -3.0672$$

$$\bullet F''(1,2) = 4(1,2)^3 - 4.8(1,2)^2 - 1.8(1,2) + 1.6$$

$$F''(1,2) = -0.56$$