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stats

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hw5: Sections 9.3-9.4 Exercise 9.2, 9.5, 9.6, 9.8, 9.11. Study the textbook Examples in Sections 9.1-9.4.

9.2 An electrical firm manufactures light bulbs that have a length of life that is approximately normally distributed with a standard deviation of 40 hours. If a sample of 30 bulbs has an average life of 780 hours, find a 96% confidence interval for the population mean of all bulbs produced by this firm.

$$n = 30$$

$$\bar{x} = 780$$

$$\sigma = 40$$

$$P = 0.96$$

$$\bar{x} \pm z_{0.02}(\sigma/n^{1/2}) = 780 \pm 2.0537(40/30^{1/2})$$

= 780 ± 14.9981
 $\rightarrow (765.0019, 794.9981)$

- 9.5 A random sample of 100 automobile owners in the state of Virginia shows that an automobile is driven on average 23,500 kilometers per year with a standard deviation of 3900 kilometers. Assume the distribution of measurements to be approximately normal.
- (a) Construct a 99% confidence interval for the average number of kilometers an automobile is driven annually in Virginia.

$$n = 100$$
$$\bar{x} = 23500$$
$$s = 3900$$

$$\bar{x} \pm z_{0.005} \cdot \frac{s}{n^{1/2}} = 23500 \pm 2.5758(3900/10)$$

 $\rightarrow (22495.438, 24504.562)$

(b) What can we assert with 99% confidence about the possible size of our error if we estimate the average number of kilometers driven by car owners in Virginia to be 23,500 kilometers per year?

$$error \le z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{s}{n^{1/2}}$$

= 2.5758(390)
= 1004.562

It is at most 1004.562.

9.6 How large a sample is needed in Exercise 9.2 if we wish to be 96% confident that our sample mean will be within 10 hours of the true mean?

$$\begin{array}{l} n=30\\ \bar{x}=780\\ \sigma=40\\ err=10\\ P=.96 \end{array}$$
 needed $n=\lceil(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}\sigma}{err})^2\rceil=\lceil(\frac{2.055\cdot 40}{10})^2\rceil=68$

9.8 An efficiency expert wishes to determine the average time that it takes to drill three holes in a certain metal clamp. How large a sample will she need to be 95% confident that her sample mean will be within 15 seconds of the true mean? Assume that it is known from previous studies that $\sigma=40$ seconds.

$$\sigma=40$$

$$err=15$$

$$P=.95$$

$$\mathrm{needed}\ n=\lceil(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}\sigma}{err})^2\rceil=\lceil(1.9599\cdot 40/15)^2\rceil=28$$

9.11 A machine produces metal pieces that are cylindrical in shape. A sample of pieces is taken, and the diameters are found to be 1.01, 0.97, 1.03, 1.04, 0.99, 0.98, 0.99, 1.01, and 1.03 centimeters. Find a 99% confidence interval for the mean diameter of pieces from this machine, assuming an approximately normal distribution.

$$\bar{x} = \sum x_i/n \approx 1.0055$$

$$s = \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}\right)^{1/2} = 0.0246$$

$$ci = \bar{x} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} \cdot s/n^{1/2}$$

$$= 1.0056 \pm 0.0275$$

$$= (0.9781, 1.0331)$$