26. These two courses of the world, which are white and black, are verily considered eternal. By the one a man goes to the State of Non-return; by the other he returns again.

Ete, these two; gatī, courses; jagatah, of the world; which are śukla-krsne, white and black (124)—white because it is a revealer of Knowledge, and black because there is absence of that (revelation); are hi, verily; mate, considered; śāśvate, eternal, because the world is eternal. These two courses are possible for those who are qualified for Knowledge and for rites and duties; not for everybody. This being so, ekayā, by the one, by the white one; yāti, a man goes; anāvrttim, to the State of Non-return; anyayā, by the other; āvartate, he returns; punah, again.

## नैते सृती पार्थ जानन्योगी मुह्यति कश्चन। तस्मात्सर्वेषु कालेषु योगयुक्तो भवार्जुन॥२७॥

27. O son of Prthā, no yogī (125) whosoever has known these two courses becomes deluded. Therefore, O Arjuna, be you steadfast in Yog at all times.

O son of Prthā, *na kaścana yogī*, no yogī whosoever; *jānan*, has known; *ete srtī*, these two courses as described—that one leads to worldly life, and the other to Liberation; *muhyati*, becomes deluded. *Tasmāt*, therefore; O Arjuna, *bhava*, be you; *Yog-yuktah*, steadfast in Yog; *sarvesu kālesu*, at all times.

Hear about the greatness of that Yog:

वेदेषु यज्ञेषु तप:सु चैव दानेषु यत्पुण्यफलं प्रदिष्टम्। अत्येति तत्सर्वमिदं विदित्वा योगी परं स्थानमुपैति चाद्यम्॥२८॥

28. Having known this, the yogī transcends all those results of righteous deeds that are declared with regard to the Vedas,