And he who serves Me with an unswerving devotion, he, going beyond the Gunas, is fitted for becoming Brahman.

Extreme devotion surges in the heart of the devotee who has made himself over to the Lord. He has nothing but Naravana to cognize both within and without. This intense fervour ends with his becoming Brahman. As darkness disappears when light comes, the three Gunas disappear when the dawn of the Brahma inana takes place.

The devotee sees Iswara in many forms. But when he gets into Samadhi this very Iswara is realized by him as the formless Infinite Nirgung Brahman. It is in this realization that Bhakti and Jnana get harmonized.

- Sri Ramakrishna

Is Bhakti the only means to go beyond the Gunas? The elucidation comes :-

> ब्रह्मणो हि प्रतिष्राहममृतस्याव्ययस्य च । शाश्वतस्य च धर्मस्य सुखस्यैकान्तिकस्य च ॥ २७

बहाण: हि प्रति-(स्था)छ। अहम अ-मृतस्य अ-वि-अयस्य च । शाश्वतस्य च धर्मस्य सखस्य एकान्तिकस्य च ॥

brahmaņo hi pratisthā 'ham amrtasyā 'vyayasya ca i sāsvatasya ca dharmasya sukhasyai 'kāntikasya ca II

बहाणः brahmanah of Brahman हि hi indeed प्रतिष्ठा pratisthā the abode अहम् aham I अमृतस्य amṛtasya the immortal अन्ययस्य avyayasya (of) the immutable च ca and शाश्वतस्य sāsvatasya (of) everlasting च ca and धर्मस्य dharmasya of dharma सुखस्य sukhasya of bliss एकान्तिकस्य ekāntikas ya absolute च ca and