Āhuh, they, the wise persons, say; that phalam, the result; sukrtasya, of good; karmanah, work, that is acts having the sattva quality; is verily nirmalam, pure; and is sāttvikam, born of sattva. Tu, but; phalam, the result; rajasah, of rajas, that is of acts that have the quality of rajas—for the topic relates to actions; is duhkham, sorrow. In accordance with its cause, the result too is indeed sorrow, a product of rajas. So also ajñānam, ignorance; is, as before, (the result) tamasah, of tamas, of unrighteous acts that have the quality of tamas.

What else results from the qualities?

सत्त्वात्सञ्जायते ज्ञानं रजसो लोभ एव च। प्रमादमोहौ तमसो भवतोऽज्ञानमेव च॥१७॥

17. From *sattva* is born knowledge, (144) and from *rajas*, verily, avarice. From *tamas* are born inadvertence and delusion as also ignorance, to be sure.

Sattvāt, from sattva, when it predominates; sañjāyate, is born; jñānam, knowledge; and rajasah, from rajas; is verily born lobhah, avarice. Tamasah, from tamas; bhavatah, are born; both pramādamohau, inadvertence and delusion; as also ajñānam, ignorance (145); eva ca, to be sure.

Further,

ऊर्ध्वं गच्छन्ति सत्त्वस्था मध्ये तिष्ठन्ति राजसा:। जघन्यगुणवृत्तस्था अधो गच्छन्ति तामसा:॥१८॥

18. People who conform to *sattva* go higher up; those who conform to *rajas* stay in the middle; those who conform to *tamas*, who conform to the actions of the lowest quality, go down.

Sattvasthāh, people who conform to sattva, to the actions of sattva quality; gacchanti, go, are born; ūrdhvam, higher up, in the worlds of gods and others. Rājasāh, those who conform to rajas; (146) tisṭhanti, stay, are born; madhye, in the middle, among human beings. Tāmasāh, those who conform to tamas, jaghanya-