dhyāyato visayān pumsah sangas tesā 'pajāyate \\
sangāt samjāyate kāmah kāmāt krodho 'bhijāyate \|
ध्यायत dhyāyatah thinking चिपयान् visayān (on) objects
of the senses पुन pumsah of a man सन sangah attachment तेषु tesu in them चपनायते upajāyate arises समान्
sangāt from attachment स्नायते samjāyate is born पान
kāmah desire पानान् kāmāt from desire घोष krodhah
anger झिनाचारो abhijāyate arises

Brooding on the objects of senses, man develops attachment to them; from attachment comes desire; from desire anger sprouts forth.

क्रोथाद्भवति संमोहः संमोहात्स्मृतिविश्रमः । स्मृतिश्रंशाद्धदिनाशो बुद्धिनाशात्त्रणस्यति ॥ ६३

मोधात् भवति स मोह स-मोहातः स्मृति वि भ्रम । स्मृति भ्रम्बात् युद्धि-नाश वुद्धि-नाशात् प्र नस्यति ॥

krodhād bhavatı sammohalı sammohāt smrtıvıbhramalı i smrtı bhramsād buddhınāso buddhınāsāt pranasyatı ii

क्रोधात् krodhāt from anger भवति bhavatı comes संमोह sammohah delusion समोहात् sammohāt from delusion स्वतिविश्रम smrtivibhramah loss of memory सृति अशात् smrti bhramsāt from loss of memory सृति नाश buddhi nāšah the destruction of discrimination gिद्वनाशात् buddhināsāt from the destruction of discrimination प्रणद्यति pranasyati (he) perishes

From anger proceeds delusion; from delusion, confused memory; from confused memory the ruin of reason; due to the ruin of reason he perishes.

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What is enunciated here may be explained through a concrete example as follows —