t beings) लोको in the world सर्वाणि all भूतानि beings हार: (are) the Perishable कूटस्य: the Kutastha ग्रह्माः the Imperishable उच्यते is called.

There are two Purushas in the world,—the Perishable and the Imperishable. All beings are the Perishable, and the Kutastha is called Imperishable.

[ Two Purushas: Two categories—arranged in two separate groups of beings,—spoken of as 'Purushas,' as they are the Upâdhis of the Purusha.

Kutastha: That which manifests Itself in various forms of illusion and deception. It is said to be imperishable, as the seed of Samsâra is endless,—in the sense that it does not perish in the absence of Brahma-jnâna.]

## उत्तमः पुरुषस्त्वन्यः परमात्मेत्युदाहतः॥ यो लोकत्रयमाविश्य विभत्धेव्यय ईश्वरः ॥१७॥

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श्रन्यः Another तु but उत्तमः the Supreme पुरुषः Purusha परमात्मा the Highest Self इति thus उदाहतः called यः who ईश्वरः Lord श्रन्थयः the Immutable लोकनयं the three worlds श्राविश्य pervading जिम्हिं sustains (them).

But (there is) another, the Supreme Purusha, called the Highest Self,—He who, the Immutable Lord, pervading the three Worlds, sustains them.

[ Another: quite distinct from the two. The three Worlds: Bhuh (the Earth), Bhuvuh (the Mid-Region) and Svah (the Heaven).

यस्मात्त्तरमतीतोऽहमत्त्ररादिप चोत्तमः॥ अतोऽस्मि बोके वेदे च प्रियतः पुरुषोत्तमः॥१८॥