The wheel of action started by Prajapati on the basis of Veda and sacrifice.

यत्त्वात्मरतिरेव स्यादात्मतृतश्च मानवः॥ श्रात्मन्येव च सन्तुष्टस्तस्य कार्यं न विद्यते॥१७॥ III. 17.

तु But यः मानवः thet man आत्मरितः devoted to the Self एव alone च and आत्मतृप्तः satisfied with the Self च and आत्मिन in the Self एव alone सन्तुटः content स्थात् may be तस्य his कार्य work to be done (i. e. duty) न not विकात exists.

But the man who is devoted to the Self, and is satisfied with the Self, and content in the Self alone, he has no obligatory duty.

नेव तस्य कृतेनार्थों नाकृतेनेह कश्चन॥ न चास्य सर्वभृतेषु कश्चिदर्थव्यपाश्रयः॥१८॥ ॥। ।।।

तस्य Of that man इह in this world कृतेन by action done अर्थ: object न not एव surely (अस्ति, is) अकृतेन by action not done कश्चन any (loss) न not (अस्ति, is) च and अस्य of this man सर्वभूतेषु among all beings कश्चित् any अर्थव्यवाश्वयः depending for any object न not.

He has no object in this world (to gain) by doing (an action), nor (does he incur any loss) by non-performance of action,—nor has he (need of) depending on any being for any object.

तस्मादसक्तः सततं कार्यं कर्म समाचर॥ असको ह्याचरन्कर्म परमाप्नोति पूरुषः॥१६॥