

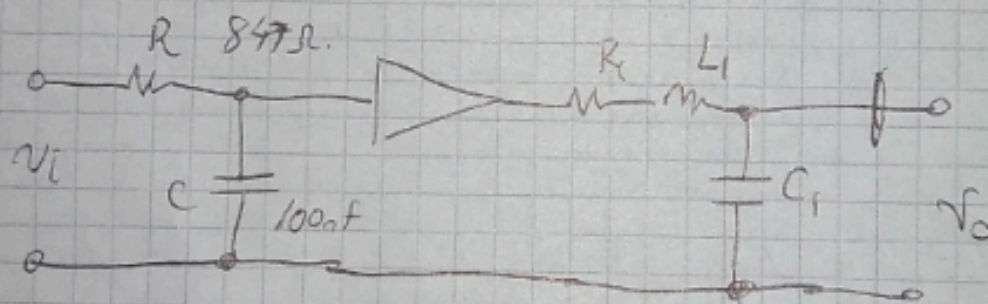
Si disponemos capacitores de 100 nF debemos normalizar de tal manera que la Z_{norm} dependa de ω según a la frecuencia butterworth.

$$C_n = 1, \quad \omega_0 = 1,252$$

$$\text{Si } f_0 = 1,5 \text{ KHz} \Rightarrow \omega_{0B} = 2\pi f_0 \omega_B \Rightarrow \omega_{0B} = 11,799 \text{ KS}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Si } C = 10^{-7} \text{ F} \Rightarrow Z_n = \frac{1}{\omega C} \Rightarrow Z_n = \frac{1}{11,799 \cdot 10^3 [\text{S}^{-1}] 10^{-7} [\text{F}]}$$

$$\text{Luego normalizamos las etapas} \quad Z_n = 847,5 \Omega$$



$$\frac{1}{RC} = \omega \Rightarrow C=1 \Rightarrow R = \frac{1}{\omega_B} \Rightarrow R = 0,798$$

$$[C=100] \Rightarrow \text{para } \omega_c = 1500 \cdot 2\pi \Rightarrow Z_n = \frac{1}{\omega_0 C} \Rightarrow Z_n = 1061$$

$$R = 0,798 \cdot 1061 \Rightarrow [R = 846,67 \Omega]$$

luego a

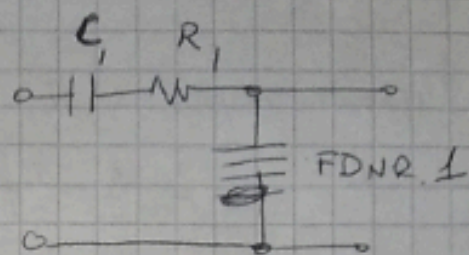
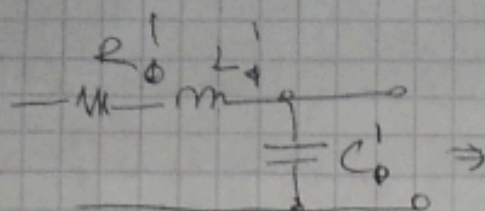
$$C_0 = 1 \quad \text{y} \quad C_n = 10^{-7} \Rightarrow \text{si } \frac{C_n}{C} = \frac{1}{Z_n \omega_0} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{C_n \omega_0}{C} \right)^{-1} = Z_n$$

$$\cancel{Z_n = 1061 \Omega} \quad Z_n = 1061 \Omega \Rightarrow$$

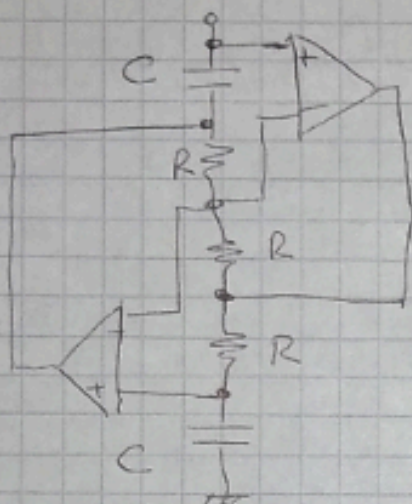
$$L_1 = (C \omega_0^2)^{-1} \Rightarrow L_1 = 0,637 \Rightarrow L_1 = \frac{0,637 \cdot Z_n}{2\pi \cdot f_0}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{\omega_0 \cdot L_1}{Q} \Rightarrow [R_1 = 0,798 \cdot Z_n]$$

para Cambio a FDNK.



Para el FDNR.1:



$$\text{dando} \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{\Omega_z \Omega_w}$$

$$R = \Omega_z$$

$$\text{con } \Omega_z = 1,061 \text{kr}$$

$$\Omega_w = 1$$

luego

$$C_1 = \frac{1/R_1}{\Omega_z \Omega_w} \quad R_1 = L_1 \Omega_z$$

