

Assignment 09

Task 9.1

$n = 2600$: amount of potential partners

$r \in [1, 2600]$: ranks

$r = 1$: absolute best applicant when we watch all 2600.

If the woman sees $n=5$ persons: $[3, 2, 5, 1, 4]$

After the first 3 persons: $[2, 1, 3]$, Person 2 is the best so far.

The basic idea I have is that she should let pass a specific number of applicants. After that amount she picks whoever is better than applicant A. (My call would be $\sim \frac{1}{3}$)

x : amount of people strategically rejected

A: Applicant who was best until x

The calculation follows the idea that we want to find the probability that the $x+1$ th applicant is better than A. (For calculation purposes I switch it up: $x \rightarrow x-1$, $x+1 \rightarrow x$)

$$P_x = \sum_{i=x}^n P(\text{best applicant } i, n \text{ selected applicant})$$

This is what we want to solve. I found a bit of help on the website www.cut-the-knot.org.

We can split that formula with Bayes rule

$$= \sum_{i=x}^n P(\text{best applicant } i) \cdot P(\text{selected app } i | \text{best app } i)$$

Now we can pull out $\frac{1}{n}$ and just look at the first $x-1$ cases

$$= \sum_{i=x}^n \frac{1}{n} P(\text{best of first } i-1 \text{ applicants before } i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=x}^n \frac{1}{n} \frac{x-1}{i-1} = \frac{x-1}{n} \sum_{i=x}^n \frac{1}{i-1}$$

Back to searching for the threshold x that maximizes P_x .

Therefore we need to satisfy $1 \geq \sum_{k=x+1}^n \frac{1}{k-1} = f(x) \approx \left(\frac{n}{x}\right)$

$\rightarrow x \approx e$, so P_x is $\approx \frac{1}{e}$. We need to reject the first 3.7 applicants.