



$$P(\lambda) = P(2008) \text{ circle we Farbern}$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{1}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{7}{20} = 18.9\%$$

$$P(B) = P(2 w unlds) = 3 \cdot \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{7}{20} = 18.9\%$$

$$P(C) = P(Mindestens lines) = 1 - P(beines)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} = 0.973 = 97.3\%$$

$$P(D) = P(genan lines) = 3 \cdot \frac{7}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} = 18.9\%$$

$$P(E) = P(wsw) = \frac{3}{20} \cdot \frac{7}{20} \cdot \frac{3}{20} = 0.063 = 6.3\%$$

b)
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 $\frac{3}{7}$ \frac

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sufgabe 2:
on) 4x Warfely
    P(nur Ger) - 6.6.6.6 = (6) = 1296 = 0,00077
    P(genan eine 6) = 4. 6. 8. 5. 5 = 324 = 01385
    P (Mindesterneime6) - 1-P(beime6) = 1-8.8.8.8=1-(8)4=671=015177
     P(beine 6) = (3)4 = 625 = 0,4822
             | 540te | 3 | 21 elen mil duricklegen, damil PC+) = 12 PCb) = 12
du gabe 3:
   a) 2 mal & Ichen: P(mind. 1 malb) = 1 - P(teineb) = 1 - 12. 1 = 119 = 01826
  b) P(A) = 70 => 2.5.7 = 70 200 schiedene Kugely beinger 144
      mindatens eine tote 90% WS
             beinevote
              (2) h = OI
             n.lu(=) = lu(011)
              n= lu(011) = 412~Dalso miudatens 5mal
                       P(r) = P(g) = 4
Au gabe 4
                       P(w) = =
     P(A) = P(+9) = 4 4 = 16
     P(B) = P(+g)+P(g+) = 2.44 = 16
     P(c) = P(29/eiche Farben) = P(ww)+P(rr)+P(99) = 1-1+4+4=3
     P(D) = P(mind 1xw) = P(wr) + P(rw) + P(wg) + P(gr) + P(ww)
                        P(E) = P(garan 1×W) = P(wr)+P(rw)+P(wg)+P(gw)
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= 2.2.4 + 2.2.4 = 4 + 4 = 2

b) mindes tens 1x grain 95% WS

being in 5% $(\frac{3}{4})^{h} = 0.05$ $n \cdot \ln(\frac{3}{4}) = \ln(0.05)$ $n = \frac{\ln(0.05)}{\ln(\frac{3}{4})} = 10.141 \text{ AD also mindes tens 11 Hal}$

Aufgabe 5: Laplace-Experiment: Aufallsexperiment beiden onle Engelswisse gleich wahrschafulich

Reine de Aufgaben bis af ev. Afg. 2 Lavryten, alle 2a4len haben die gleiche WS) passt zu einem hapker-Experimed.