

University of Konstanz  
Data Analysis and Visualization Group



# **MMDBS**

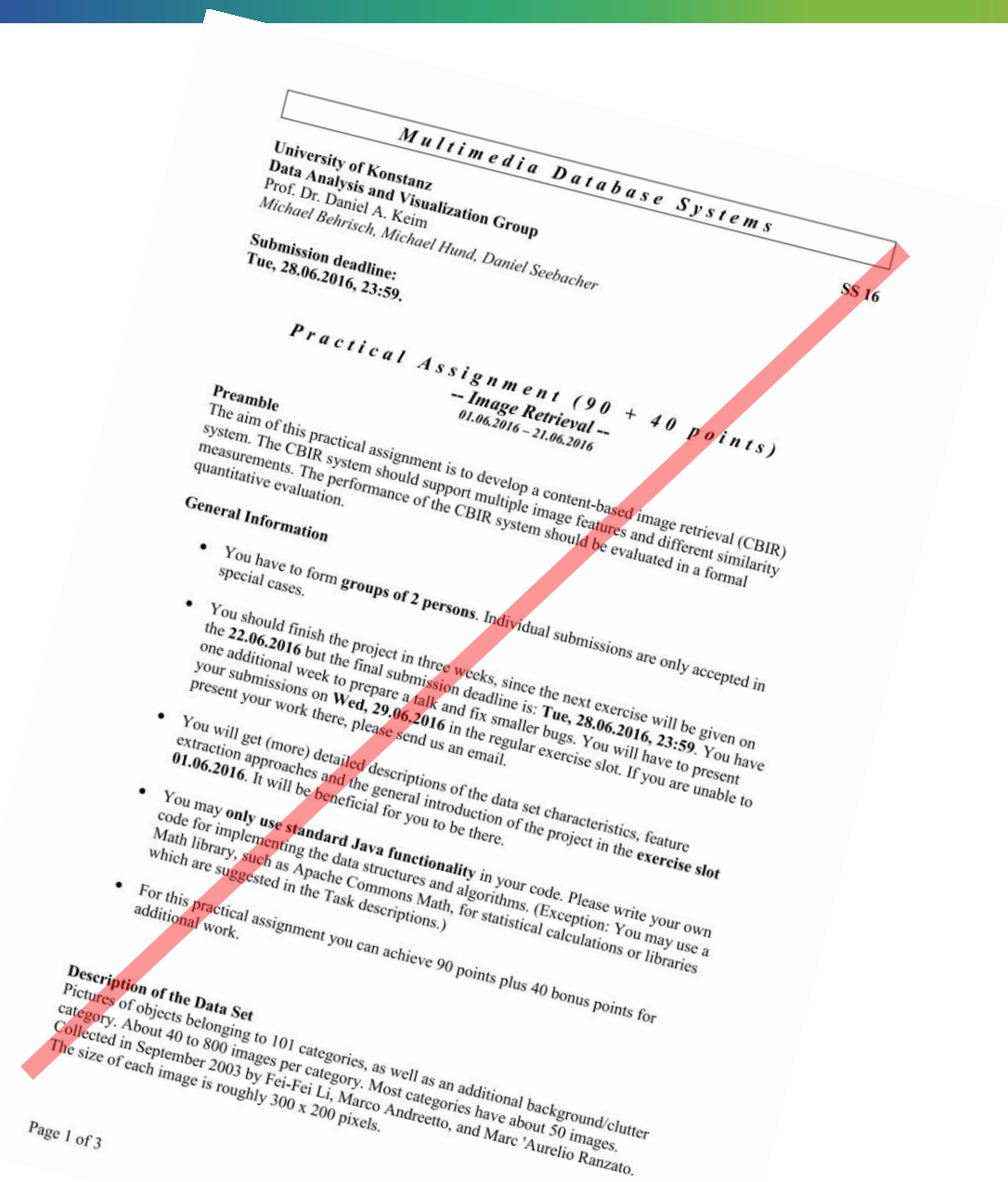
# **Practical Assignment**

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# Disclaimer

Assignment sheet will be updated on Ilias



# Project Overview

- Development of a Content-based Image Retrieval (CBIR) System



Query



Analysis Result

# Project Overview

- Development of a Content-based Image Retrieval (CBIR) System supporting the following features
  - Feature Extraction [5 + 10 + 15 Points]
  - Similarity Functions [5 + 15 + 10 Points]
  - A GUI [10 Points]
  - An Evaluation [20 Points]
  - **Optional:** Nice Features (weighting, index structures etc.) [20 Points]

# Organizational Requirements

- Form groups of **2 persons**
- Working period: 01.06.2016 – 22.06.2016 (3 weeks)
- Submission: 28.06.2016
- **Presentation: 29.06.2016** (medical certificate if you are not able to present)

## Achievable Points

- 30 weeks \* 20 Points \* 1.5 = **90 Points** (count into Bonus of all exercises)
- 20 Bonus Points

# Organizational Requirements

- Programming language: Java
- You may **only use standard Java functionality**
  - No external libraries, if not specified
  - Exception: Apache Commons Math for statistical calculations

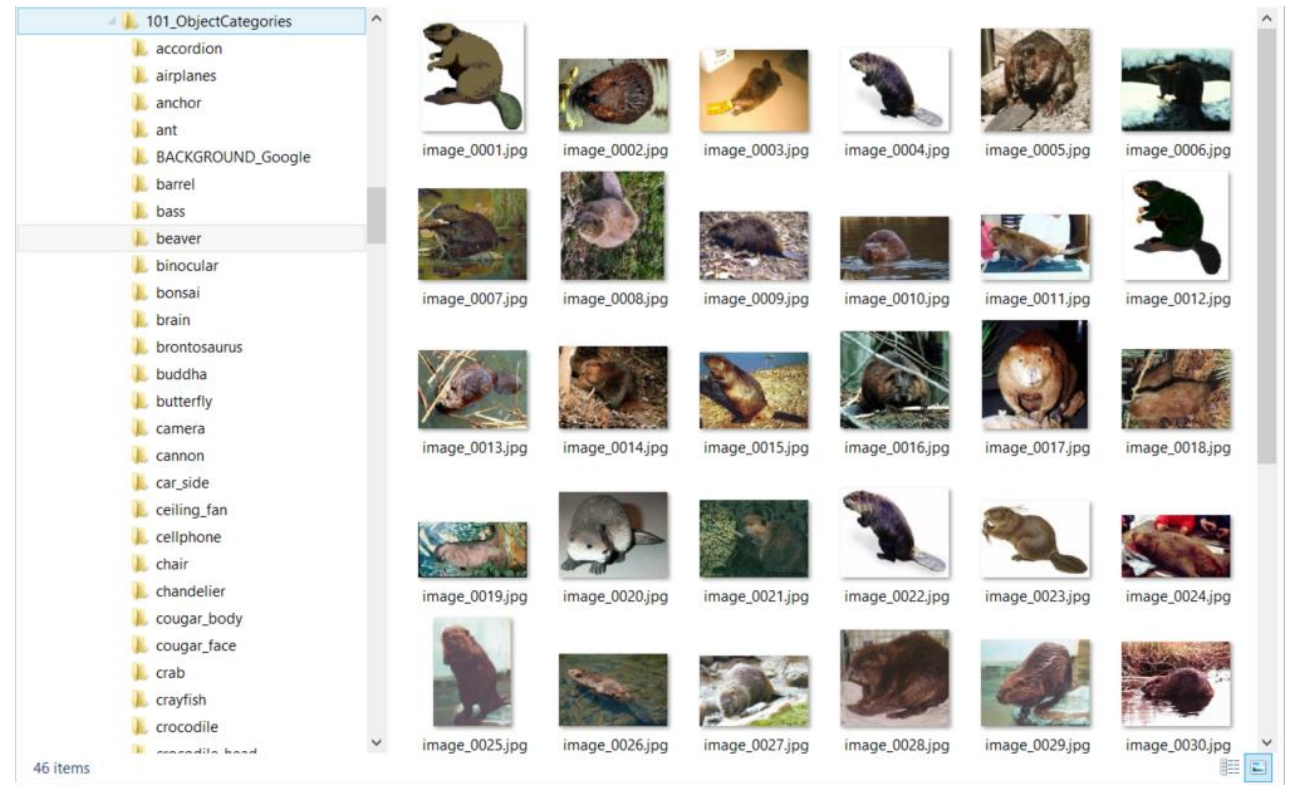
# Deliverables @ 28.06.2016 / Presentation 29.06.2016

A single ZIP-File containing the following parts

- ZIP File of your Eclipse/Netbeans project source code
- A PDF describing a short summary what you implemented and what is missing.
- A PDF for the evaluation with descriptions of your findings + screenshots of your tool + precision/recall curves etc.
- A PDF describing how to start and use your tool (short with a few screenshots)
- Your presentation

# Dataset

- Image data of 101 different categories / classes + 1 noise class
- 40-800 (typically 50) images per class
- Average size: 300x200 pixels
- Download at [http://www.vision.caltech.edu/Image\\_Datasets/Caltech101/Caltech101.html](http://www.vision.caltech.edu/Image_Datasets/Caltech101/Caltech101.html)
- Delete noise class





# Task 1: Data Acquisition [0 Points]

- Download data
- Get an overview

## Task 2: Implementation of Feature Descriptors [30 Points]

- **Color Histogram** [5 Points] with the following parameters
  - #bins
  - #cells
- **Global Edge Histogram** [10 Points]
  - Convolve image with a Sobel-Operator beforehand  
Java provide methods for the convolution of images (c.f. ConvolveOp)
- **Texture Haralick Features** [15 Points]
  - Implement the gray-level co-occurrence matrix (see exercise 7)
  - Implement the first 12 Haralick features (Descriptions are in the paper [1])

## Task 3: Implement Similarity Functions

- **Euclidean Distance** [5 Points]
- **Quadratic Form Distance** [15 Points]
  - Similarity matrix must not be hard coded
  - You will get a matrix with a weighting based on human perception in about a week
- Quadratic Form Distance (**Lower-bound property**) [5 + 5 Points]
  - Singular Value Decomposition of Matrix + initial Eigenvector multiplication
  - Eigenvalue limitation / dimension reduction

# Query Processing for Quadratic Forms

- i.e. there is a diagonal matrix  $W = \text{diag}(w_1, \dots, w_n)$  and an orthonormal matrix  $V$  with:  $A = VWV^T$
- for all vectors (histograms)  $p$  and  $q$  this means:

$$D_A(p, q) = \sqrt{(p - q) \cdot VWV^T \cdot (p - q)^T} = \sqrt{(pV - qV) \cdot W \cdot (pV - qV)^T} = D_W(pV, qV)$$

- $D_A$  is therefore equivalent to the weighted Euclidean Distance transformation  $D_W$ , after transforming all vectors by the basis  $V$
- The weights are the Eigenvalues of matrix  $A$ , the columns in  $V$  are the Eigenvectors of  $A$

# Query Processing for Quadratic Forms

- Dimension reduction
  - As  $A$  is positive definite, all Eigenvalues  $w_i$  are positive. That is  $w_i > 0$ ; and a truncation of the  $d$ -dimensional Vectors  $pV$  and  $qV$  to  $r < d$  dimensions provides a guaranteed lower bound for  $D_W = D_A$ :

$$D_{W,r}(pV, qV) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^r w_i (pV_i - qV_i)^2} \leq \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^d w_i (pV_i - qV_i)^2} = D_W(pV, qV)$$

- The lower bounding property provides completeness of query processing
- Observation: The transformation depends on the similarity matrix  $A$

## Task 4: GUI [10 Points]

- Your user interface needs to have at least the following features
  - Load a folder with your image dataset
  - Select a query image
  - Choose a feature descriptor (incl. parameters, e.g. #cells in color histograms)
  - Choose a similarity function (incl. parameters, e.g. #eigenvalues in QFD)
  - Show most similar images to query image

## Task 5: Evaluation [20 Points]

- Test at least 5 different query objects
  - Create a precision/recall plot
- **Interpret your results** (reason on the performance of the feature descriptors, and all parameter settings)

## Optional Task: Surprise us! [20 Points]

- Improve your CBIR System by nice features, e.g.
  - Combine / weight feature descriptors and distance functions
  - Implement a more advanced image feature descriptor (e.g. check OpenCV, OpenIMAJ, ...)
  - Implement a multi-scale approach that takes into account differently scaled version of the input image to compute the descriptors
  - Use an index structure to speed up the calculation.
  - ...
- You may use external libraries for this task.
- Show the usefulness (e.g. speedup + higher accuracy) with a short evaluation.



# Plan for the next weeks

- 01.06.2016 Project Introduction
- 08.06.2016 Optional exercise: you can ask questions
- 15.06.2016 Optional exercise: you can ask questions
- 21.06.2016 Exercise 8 online
- 22.06.2016 Optional exercise: you can ask questions
- 28.06.2016 Exercise 9 online
- 29.06.2016 Presentation of Practical Assignment
- 06.07.2016 Discussion Exercise 8 + 9 + Questions before Exam
- 11.07.2016\*\* Oral Exam