

# Introduction

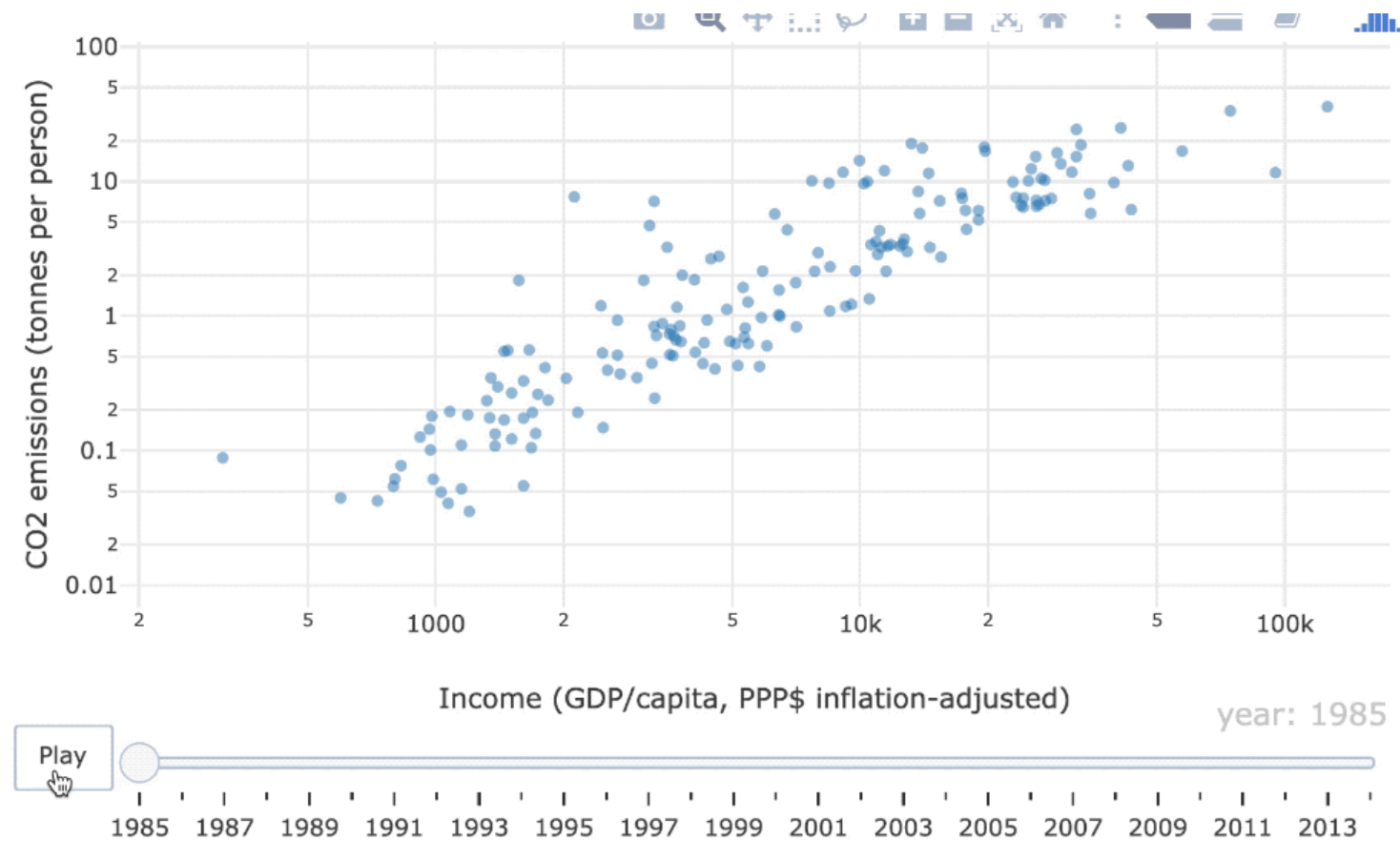
INTERMEDIATE INTERACTIVE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH PLOTLY IN R



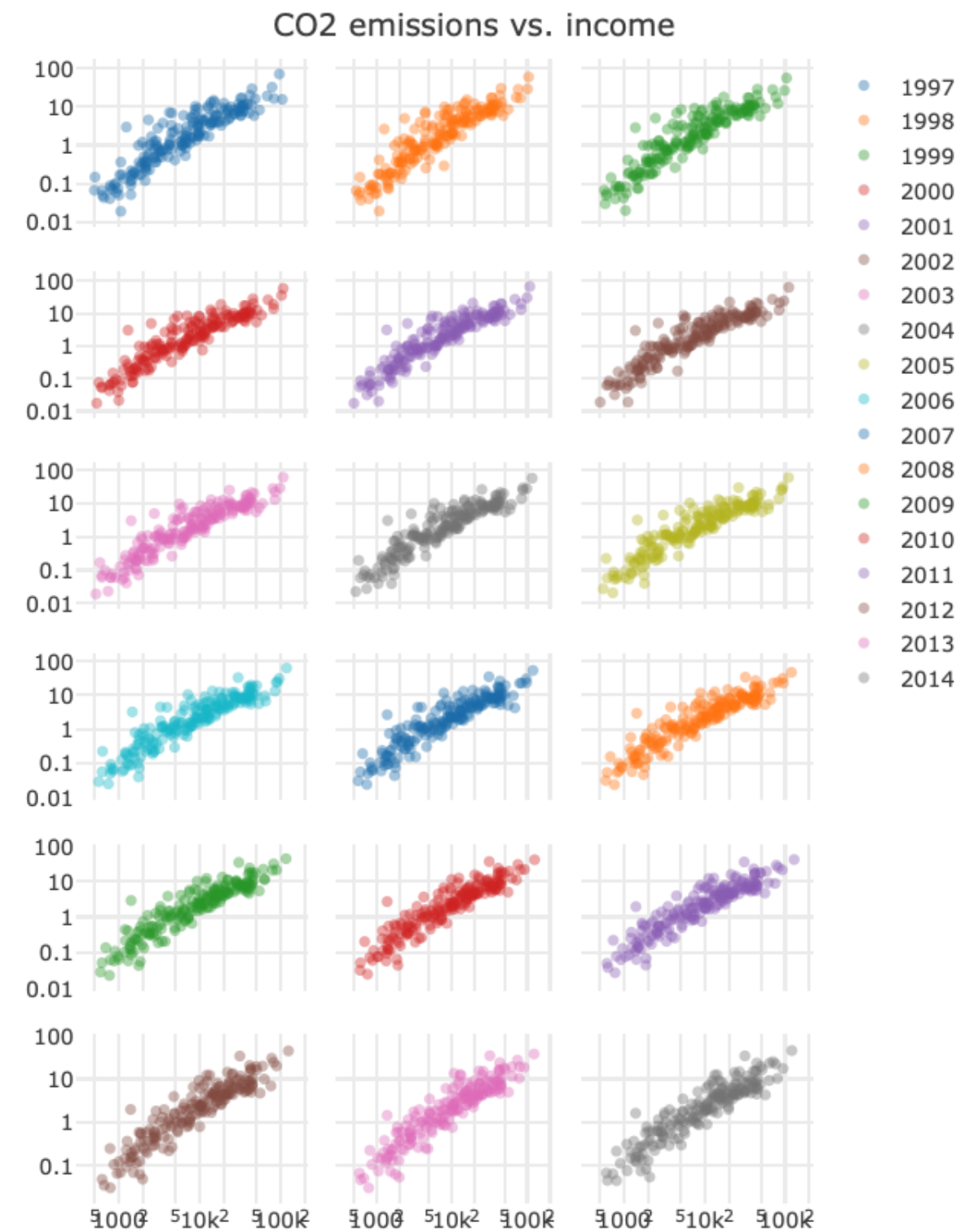
**Adam Loy**

Statistician, Carleton College

# Motivation



Is it easier to see the changes over time based on the animation? Or the faceted views?



# plotly

- Visualization library for interactive and dynamic web-based graphics
- Still under active development

# Types of graphics

- Static
- Interactive
- Dynamic

# Static graphics

A static graphic is permanently fixed after it is created



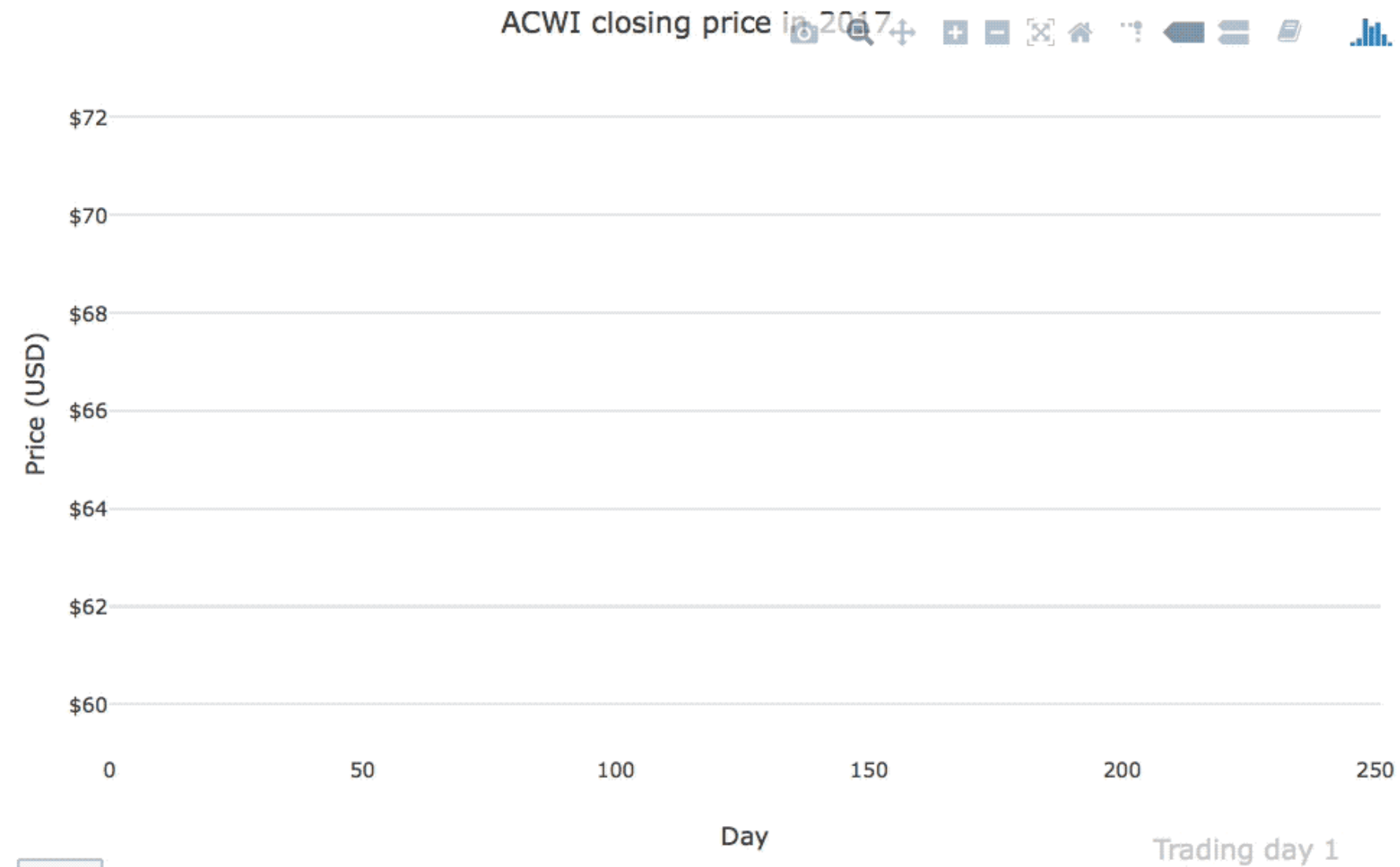
# Interactive graphics

An interactive graphic changes based on an action performed by the user



# Dynamic graphics

A dynamic graphic changes periodically without user input



# plotly review

msci

```
# A tibble: 251 x 7
  Date      Open High   Low Close Volume Adjusted
  <date>    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>  <int>    <dbl>
1 2017-01-03  79.8  79.8  78.4  78.7  646000    77.4
2 2017-01-04  79.1  81.1  79.1  80.7  849200    79.3
3 2017-01-05  80.4  81.8  80.4  81.6  557500    80.2
4 2017-01-06  81.8  83.9  81.8  83.4  597800    82.0
5 2017-01-09  83.1  83.5  82.6  82.7  668100    81.3
6 2017-01-10  82.3  82.6  81.1  81.5  558900    80.1
7 2017-01-11  81.2  81.6  80.8  81.5  365500    80.1
# ... with 244 more rows
```



# plotly review

```
library(plotly)

msci %>%
  plot_ly(x = ~Date, y = ~Close) %>%
  add_lines()
```



# Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE INTERACTIVE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH PLOTLY IN R

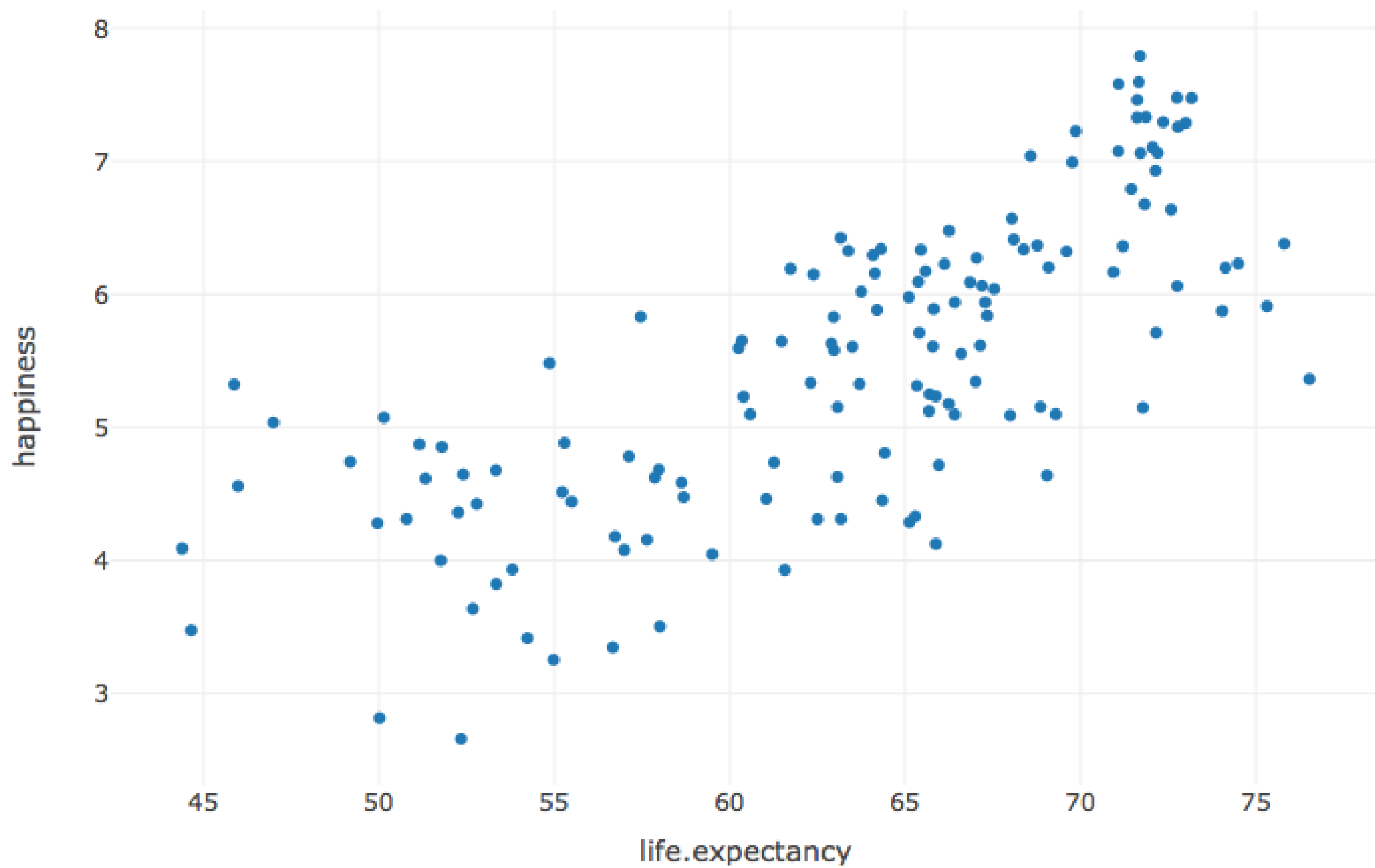
# Utilizing color, symbol and size

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Statistician, Carleton College



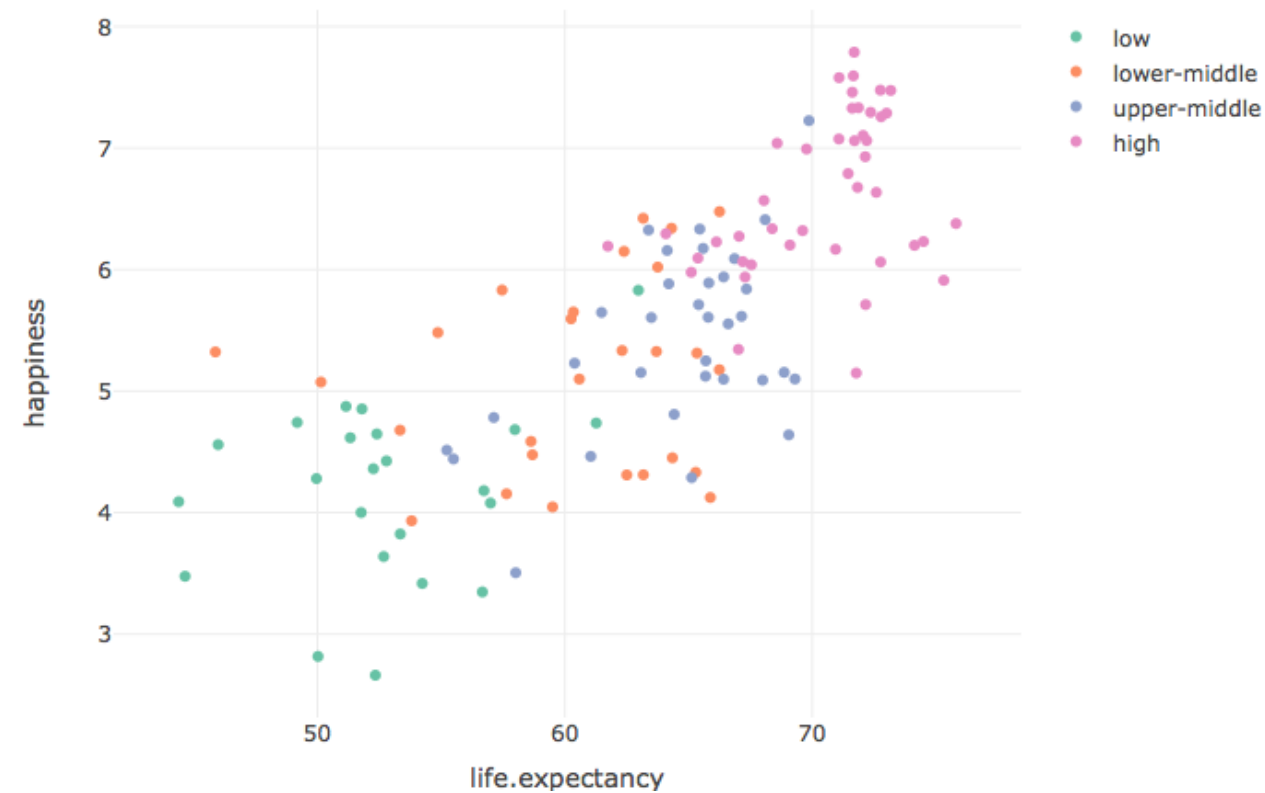
# World happiness data

```
dplyr::glimpse(happy)
```

```
Observations: 141
Variables: 11
$ country      <chr> "Afghanistan", "Albania", "Algeria", ...
$ happiness    <dbl> 2.661718, 4.639548, 5.248912, 6.039330, ...
$ region       <chr> "South Asia", "Central and Eastern Europe", ...
$ population   <dbl> 35530081, 2873457, 41318142, 44271041, ...
$ log.gdp      <dbl> 7.460144, 9.373718, 9.540244, 9.843519, ...
$ income       <fct> low, upper-middle, upper-middle, high, ...
$ life.expectancy <dbl> 52.33953, 69.05166, 65.69919, 67.53870, ...
$ social.support <dbl> 0.4908801, 0.6376983, 0.8067539, 0.9066991, ...
$ freedom      <dbl> 0.4270109, 0.7496110, 0.4366705, 0.8319662, ...
$ generosity   <dbl> -0.106340349, -0.035140377, -0.194670126, -0.18629...
$ corruption   <dbl> 0.9543926, 0.8761346, 0.6997742, 0.8410525, ...
```

# Glyph color

```
happy %>%  
  plot_ly(x = ~life.expectancy, y = ~happiness) %>%  
  add_markers(color = ~income)
```

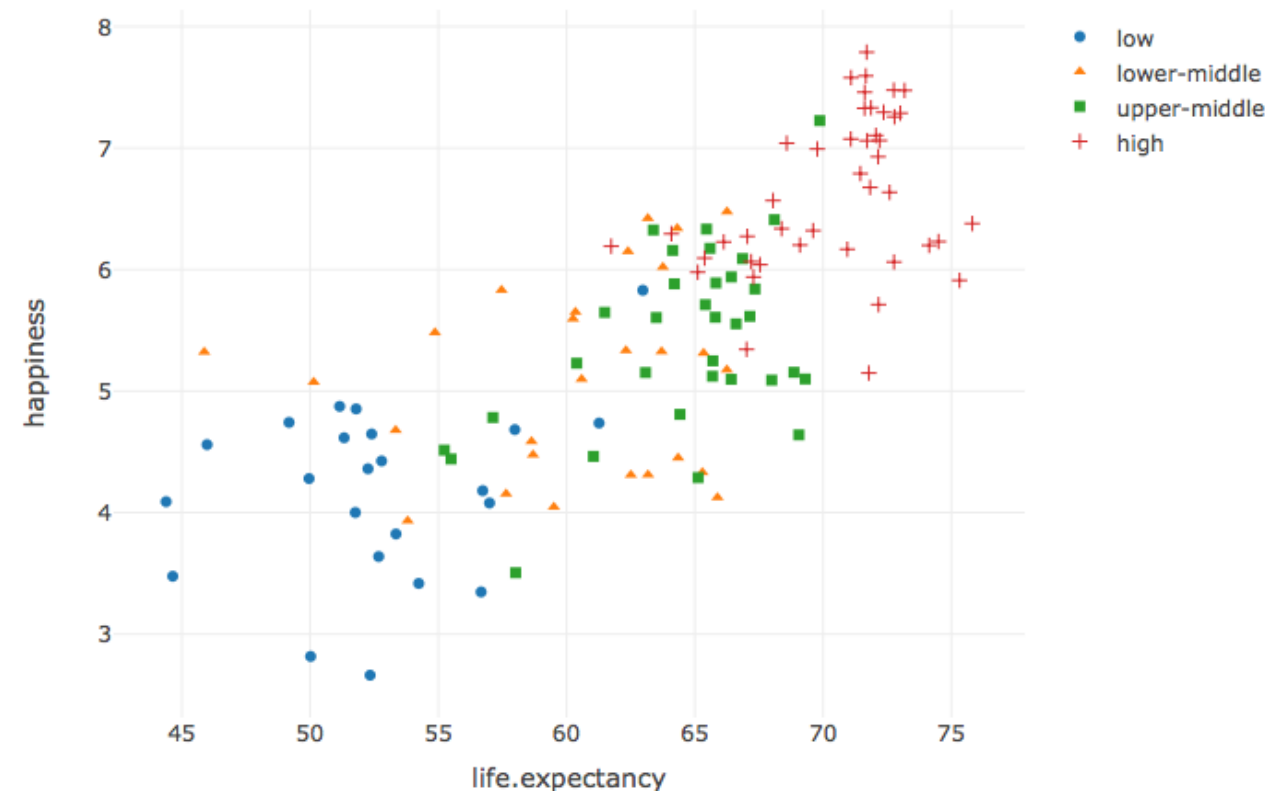


# Glyph symbol

```
happy %>%
```

```
  plot_ly(x = ~life.expectancy, y = ~happiness) %>%
```

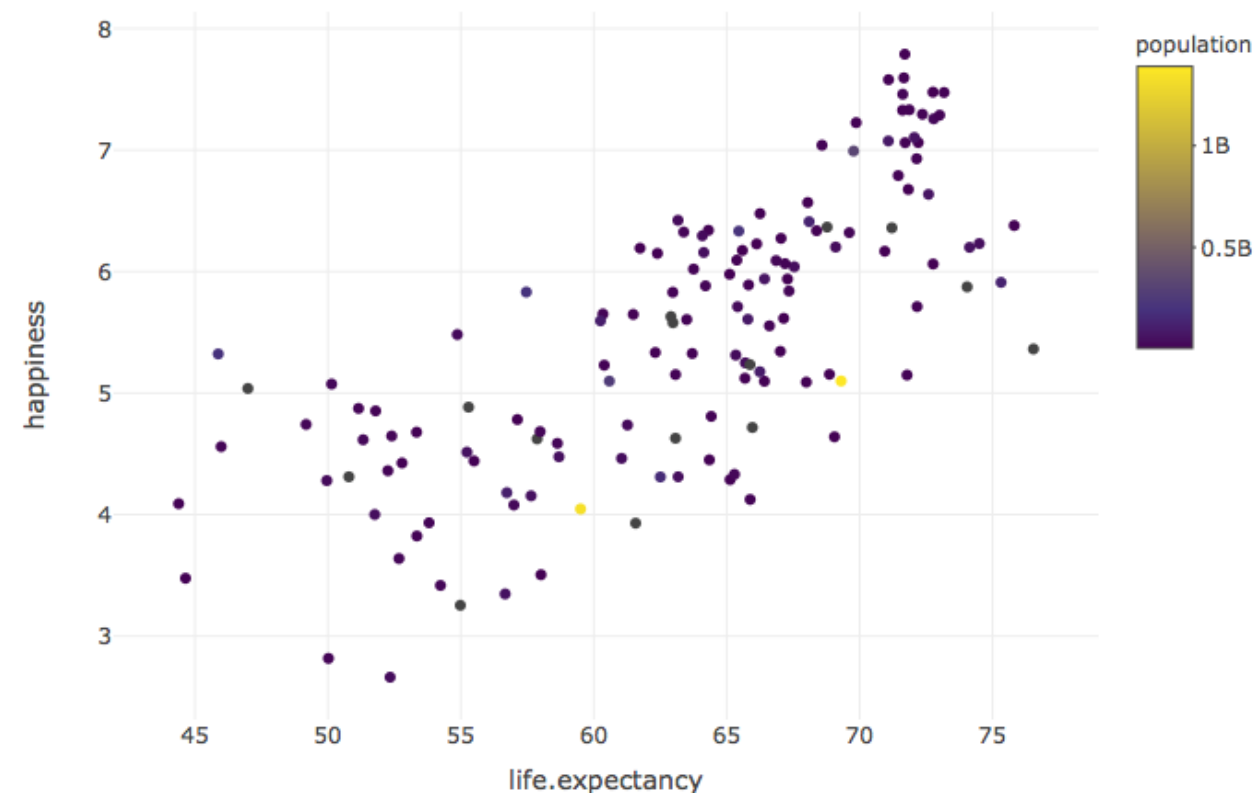
```
  add_markers(symbol = ~income)
```





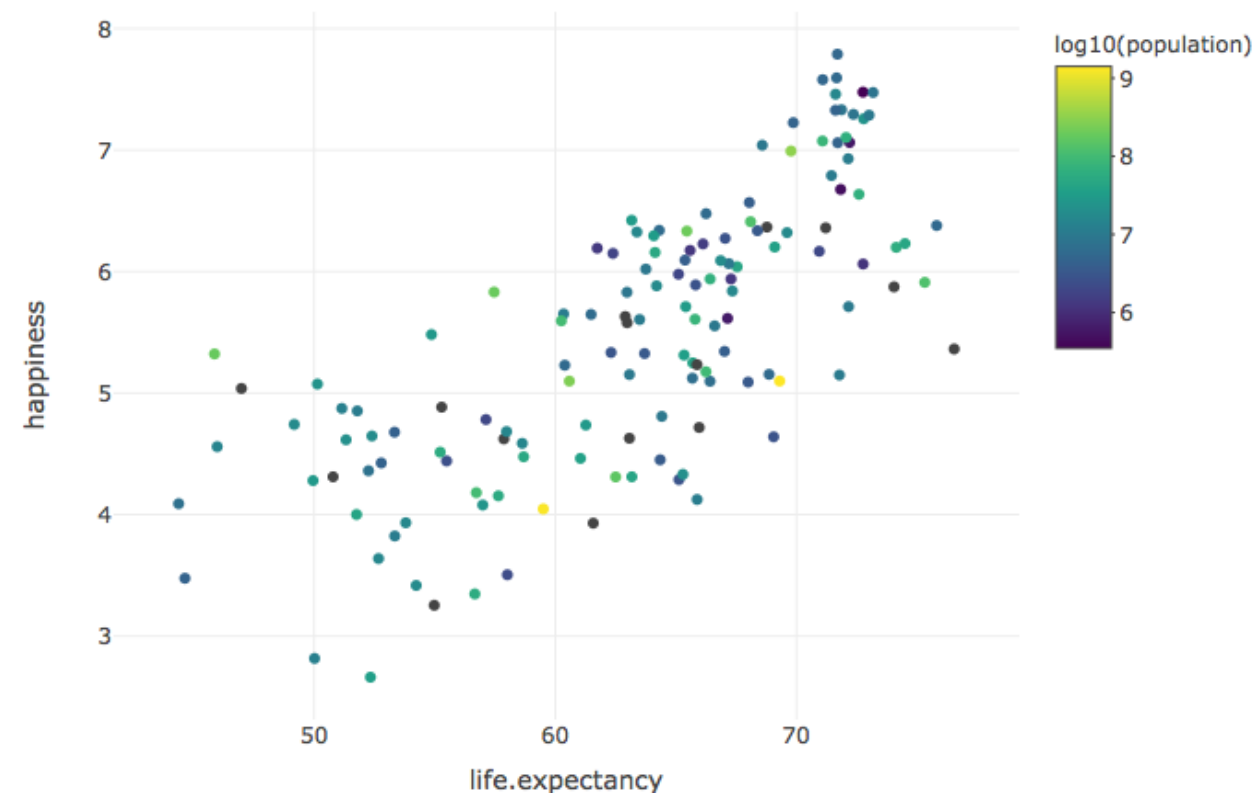
# Color based on a quantitative variable

```
happy %>%  
  plot_ly(x = ~life.expectancy, y = ~happiness) %>%  
  add_markers(color = ~population)
```



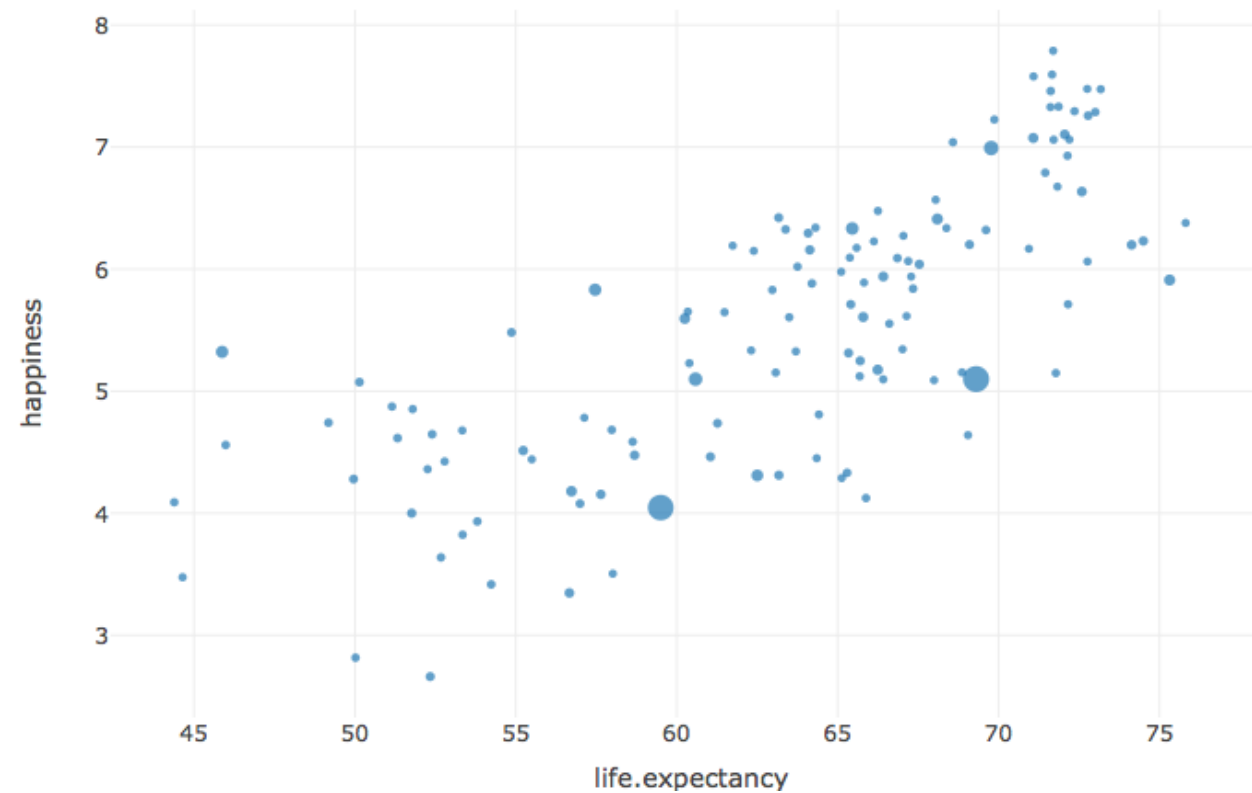
# Transformations

```
happy %>%  
  plot_ly(x = ~life.expectancy, y = ~happiness) %>%  
  add_markers(color = ~log10(population))
```



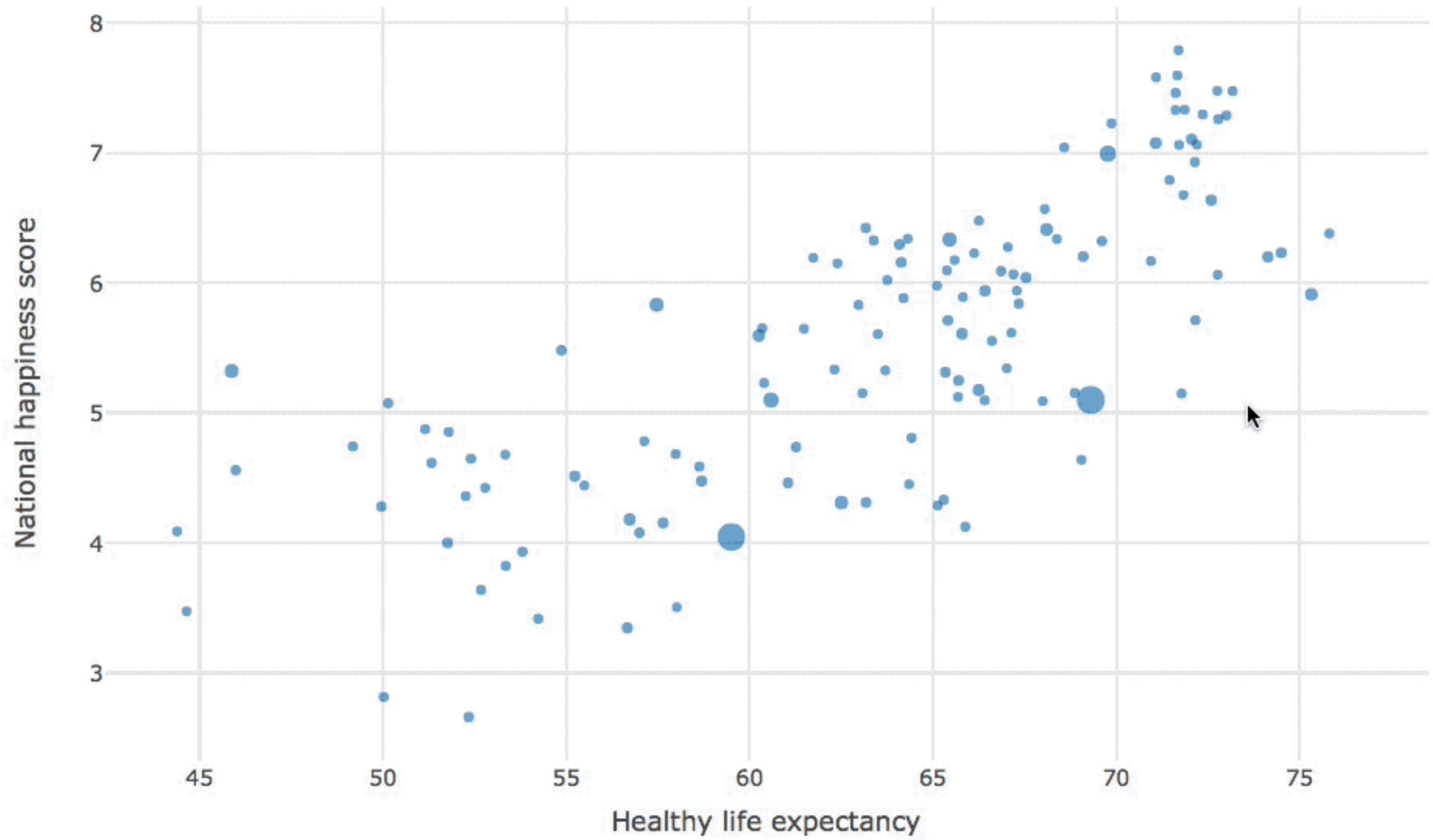
# Glyph size

```
happy %>%  
  plot_ly(x = ~life.expectancy, y = ~happiness) %>%  
  add_markers(size = ~population)
```



# Polishing labels

```
happy %>%  
  plot_ly(  
    x = ~life.expectancy, y = ~happiness,  
    hoverinfo = "text",  
    text = ~paste("Country: ", country,  
                  "</br> Population: ", population)  
  ) %>%  
  add_markers(size = ~population) %>%  
  layout(  
    xaxis = list(title = "Healthy life expectancy"),  
    yaxis = list(title = "National happiness score")  
  )
```



# Let's practice!

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# Moving Beyond Simple Interactivity

INTERMEDIATE INTERACTIVE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH PLOTLY IN R



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# Country-level economic indicators

Source: gapminder.org

```
world_indicators
```

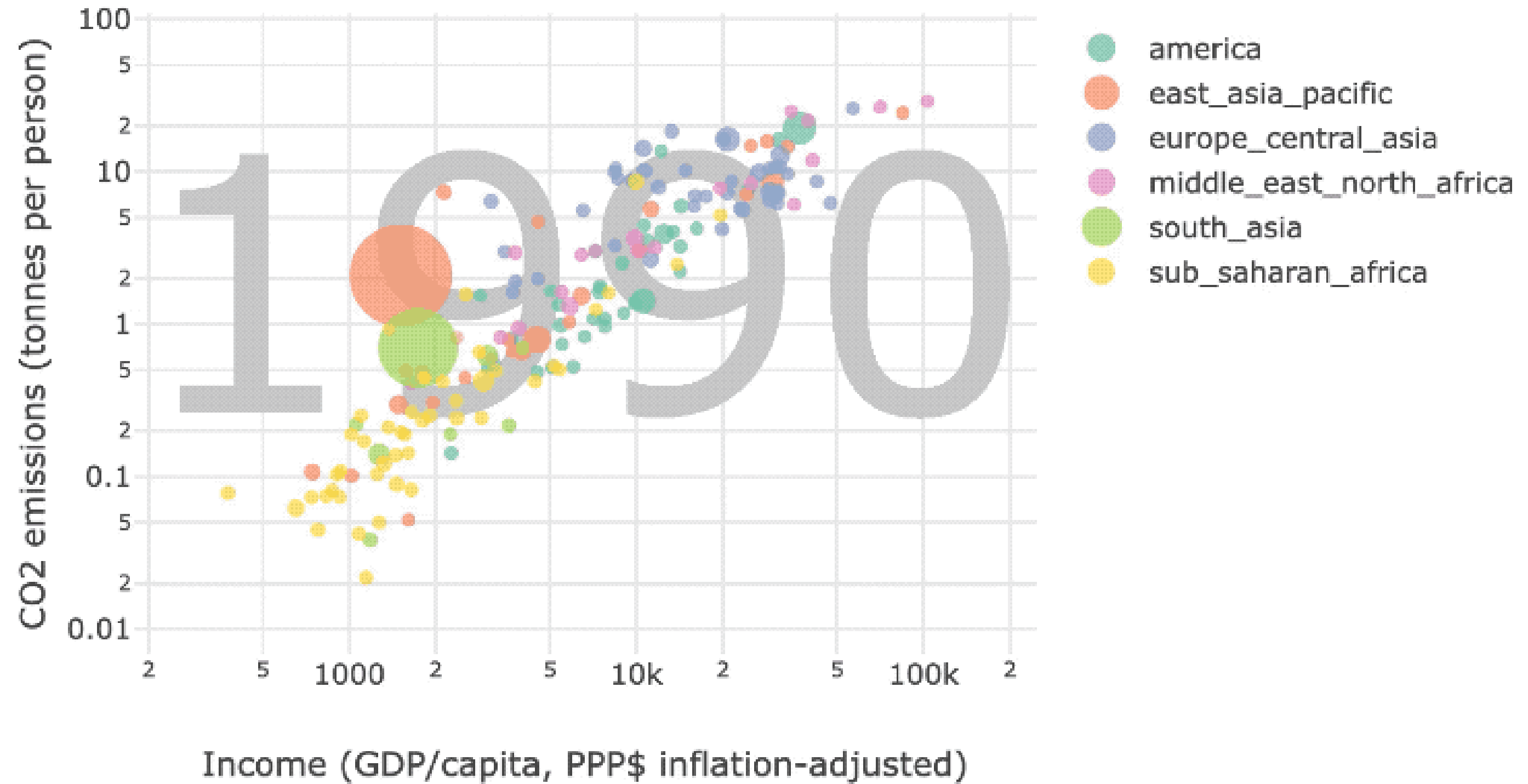
```
# A tibble: 11,387 x 11
  country   year income      co2 military population  urban life_expectancy four_regions
  <chr>    <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>    <chr>
1 Afghan... 1960   1210  0.0461      NA    9000000 7.56e5    38.6  asia
2 Albania  1960   2790  1.24        NA   1640000 4.94e5    62.7  europe
3 Algeria  1960   6520  0.554        NA  11100000 3.39e6    52    africa
4 Andorra  1960  15200  NA          NA    13400  7.84e3    NA    europe
5 Angola   1960   3860  0.0975      NA   5640000 5.89e5    42.4  africa
# ... with 1.138e+04 more rows, and 2 more variables: eight_regions <chr>, six_regions <chr>
```



# State-level economic data

us\_economy

```
# A tibble: 1,071 x 9
  state  year    gdp employment home_owners house_price population region division
  <chr> <dbl>  <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>  <chr>
1 AK    1997 42262.      NA        67.2       159.      609. West   Pacific
2 AK    1998 41157.      NA        66.3       164.      615. West   Pacific
3 AK    1999 40722.      NA        66.4       169.      620. West   Pacific
4 AK    2000 39517.      NA        66.4       172.      628. West   Pacific
5 AK    2001 40974.      NA        65.3       181.      634. West   Pacific
# ... with 1,066 more rows
```



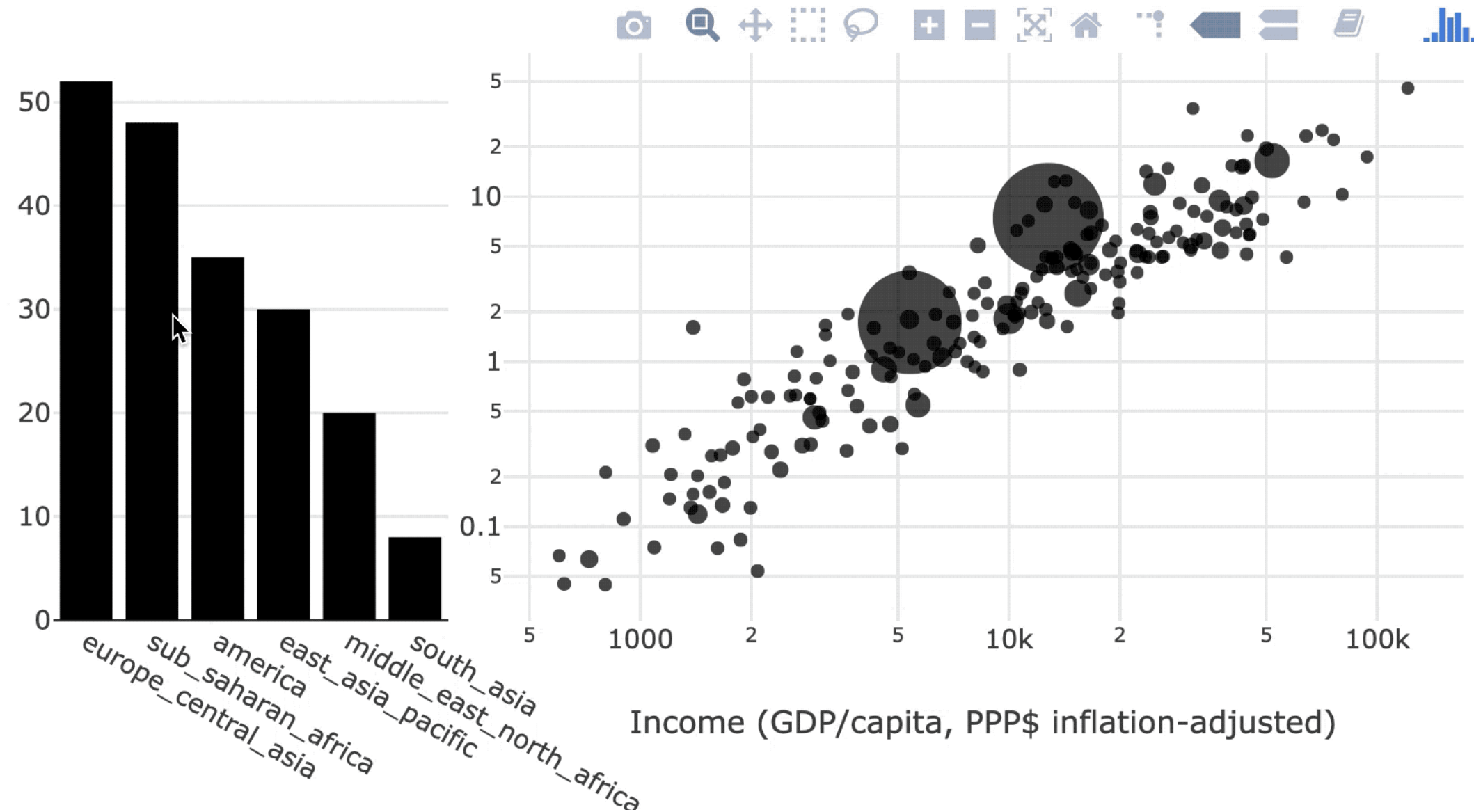
# Static bubble charts

```
world_indicators %>%  
  filter(year == 2014) %>%  
  plot_ly(  
    x = ~income, y = ~co2, hoverinfo = "text",  
    text = ~country  
  ) %>%  
  add_markers(  
    size = ~population, color = ~six_regions,  
    marker = list(opacity = 0.5,  
                  sizemode = "diameter",  
                  sizeref = 2)  
  )
```

# Linked brushing

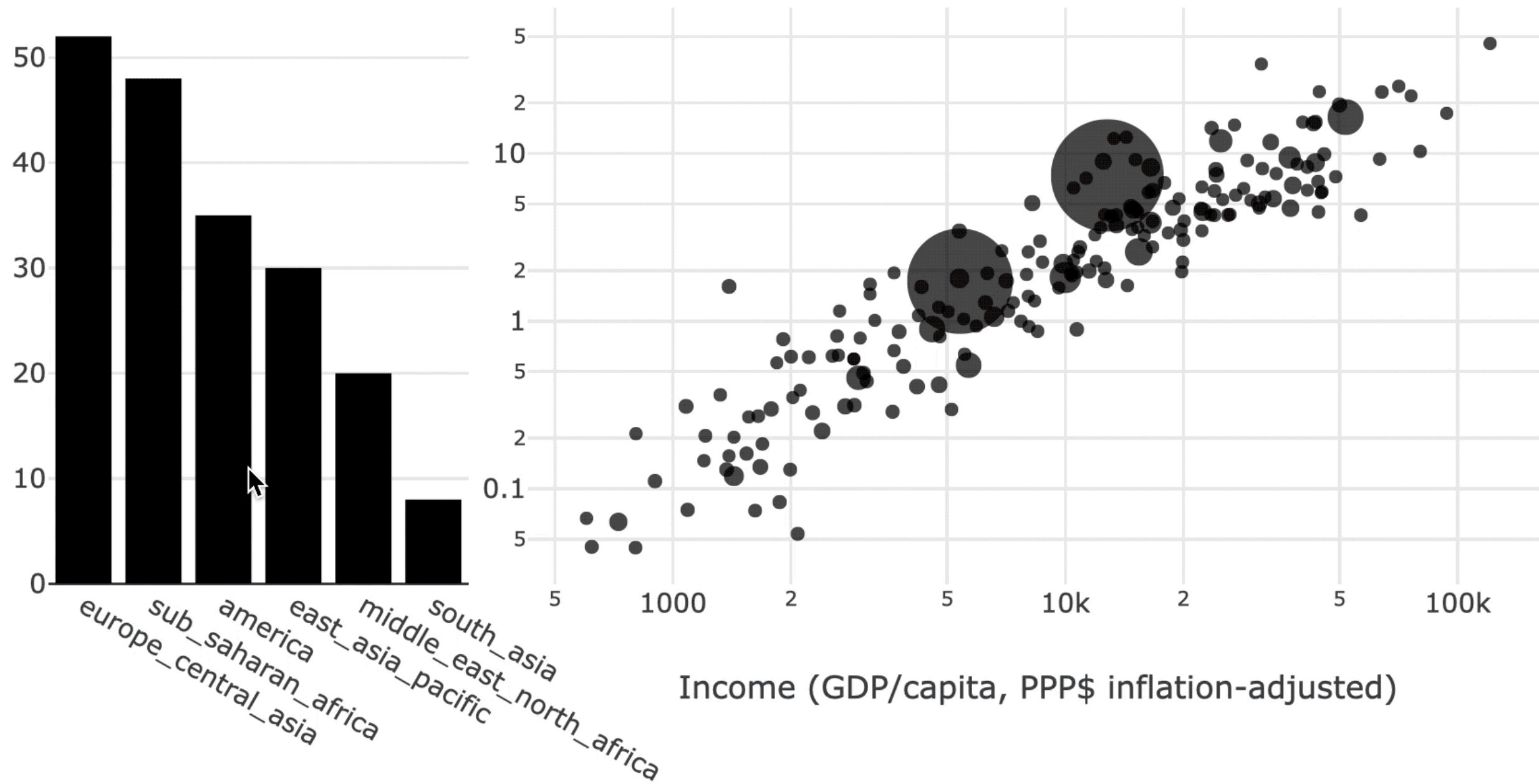
Brush color

RGBA(55

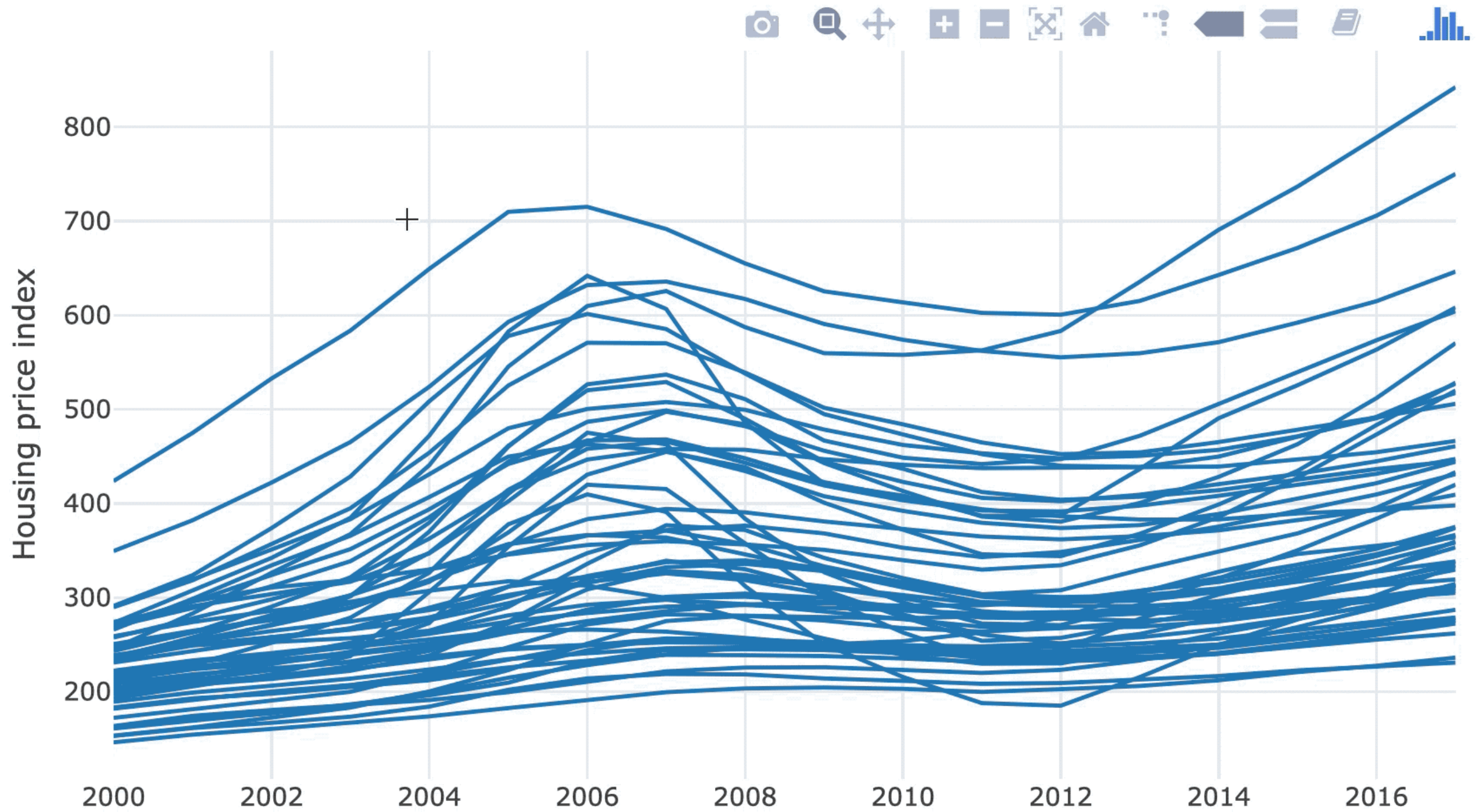


Brush color

`rgba(228`







# Let's explore!

INTERMEDIATE INTERACTIVE DATA VISUALIZATION WITH PLOTLY IN R