

Differential Expression Analysis (Ballgown)

[Ballgown](#) is an R/Bioconductor package for flexible, isoform-level differential expression analysis of RNA-seq data [9]. Ballgown's data structures make it easy to use table-based packages like limma ([Smyth \(2005\)](#)), limma Voom ([Law et al. \(2014\)](#)), DESeq ([Anders & Huber \(2010\)](#)), DEXSeq ([Anders et al. \(2012\)](#)), or edgeR ([Robinson et al. \(2010\)](#)) for differential expression analysis.

Ballgown requires three pre-processing steps:

1. MeRIP-Seq reads should be aligned to a reference genome. (**HISAT2**)
2. A transcriptome should be assembled, or a reference transcriptome should be downloaded. (**StringTie**)
3. Expression for the features (transcript, exon, and intron junctions) in the transcriptome should be estimated in a Ballgown readable format. (**StringTie**)

Differential Expression Analysis

An example of the working directory:

```
stringtie_homo/  
  SRR5978827/  
    e2t.ctab  
    e_data.ctab  
    i2t.ctab  
    i_data.ctab  
    t_data.ctab  
  SRR5978828/  
    e2t.ctab  
    e_data.ctab  
    i2t.ctab  
    i_data.ctab  
    t_data.ctab  
  ...
```

Create an R script `load_bg.R` for loading ballgown object:

```
library(ballgown)  
bg <- ballgown(dataDir="/path/to/stringtie_homo", samplePattern='SRR',  
meas='all')  
save(bg, file='bg.rda')
```

Then run this script in terminal

```
$ R CMD BATCH load_bg.R
```

Differential expression analysis with Ballgown:

```
# Set directory  
setwd("/path/to/ballgown/")
```

```

# Load R packages
library(ballgown)
library(genefilter)

# Load data
bg = ballgown(dataDir="/path/to/stringtie_homo", samplePattern='SRR',
meas='all')
# Save data for backup
save(bg, file='bg.rda')

# Load all attributes and gene names
bg_table = texpr(bg, 'all')
bg_gene_names = unique(bg_table[, 9:10])

# Get gene expression data frame
gene_expression = as.data.frame(gexpr(bg))

# Add pData specifying groups
group = c(rep("iSLK-KSHV_BAC16-48hr-input", 3), rep("iSLK-uninf-input", 3))
pData(bg) = data.frame(id=sampleNames(bg), group=group)

# Perform differential expression (DE) analysis with no filtering
results_transcripts = statstest(bg, feature="transcript", covariate="group",
getFC=TRUE, meas="FPKM")
results_genes = statstest(bg, feature="gene", covariate="group", getFC=TRUE,
meas="FPKM")
results_genes = merge(results_genes, bg_gene_names, by.x=c("id"),
by.y=c("gene_id"))

# Filter low-abundance genes.
bg_filt = subset(bg,"rowVars(texpr(bg)) > 1", genomesubset=TRUE)

# Load all attributes including gene name
bg_filt_table = texpr(bg_filt , 'all')
bg_filt_gene_names = unique(bg_filt_table[, 9:10])

# Perform DE analysis now using the filtered data
results_transcripts = statstest(bg_filt, feature="transcript", covariate="group",
getFC=TRUE, meas="FPKM")
results_genes = statstest(bg_filt, feature="gene", covariate="group", getFC=TRUE,
meas="FPKM")
results_genes = merge(results_genes, bg_filt_gene_names, by.x=c("id"),
by.y=c("gene_id"))

# Identify the significant genes with p-value < 0.05
sig_transcripts = subset(results_transcripts, results_transcripts$pval < 0.05)
sig_genes = subset(results_genes, results_genes$pval < 0.05)

# Visualization1: view the range of values and general distribution of FPKM
values
FPKM_dist = function(gene_expression) {
  log_fpkm = log2(gene_expression+1)
  fpkm_long = gather(data.frame(log_fpkm), "Sample", "log2(FPKM+1)")
  index_table = pData(bg)
  index_table$id = paste("FPKM.", index_table$id, sep='')
  colnames(index_table) = c("Sample", "Group")
  fpkm_long = left_join(fpkm_long, index_table, by = "Sample")
  p = ggplot(fpkm_long, aes(x=Sample, y=`log2(FPKM+1)`, fill = Group)) +

```

```

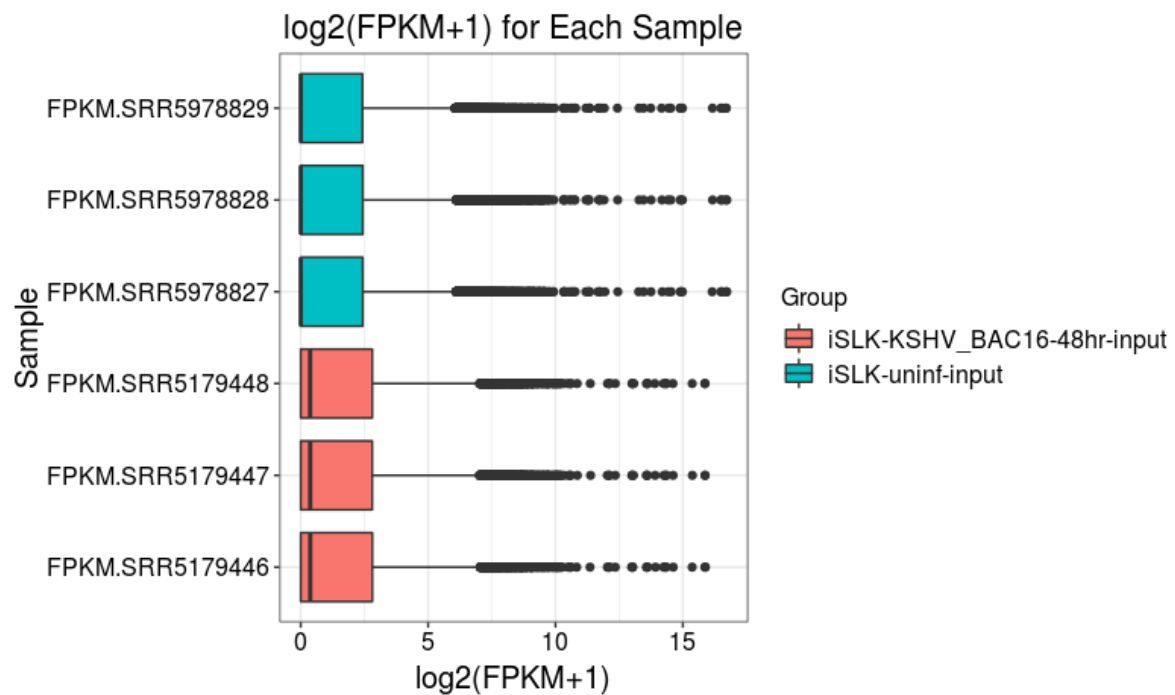
geom_boxplot() + coord_flip() +
labs(title = "log2(FPKM+1) for Each Sample") +
theme_bw() +
theme(plot.title = element_text( size=18, vjust=0.5, hjust=0.5),
      axis.title.x = element_text(size=15, vjust=0.5),
      axis.title.y = element_text( size=15, vjust=0.5),
      axis.text.x = element_text(size=12, colour="black"),
      axis.text.y = element_text(size=12, colour="black"),
      legend.text = element_text(size=12, colour="black"),
      legend.title = element_text(size=12, colour="black"),
      plot.caption = element_text(size=12, colour="gray75", face="italic",
hjust = 1, vjust = 1))
  return(p)
}
p1 = FPKM_dist(gene_expression)

# visualization2: heat map of differential expression
heatmap = function(gene_expression, results_genes){
  library(RColorBrewer)
  Colors=brewer.pal(11,"Spectral")
  results_genes[, "de"] = log2(results_genes[, "fc"])
  sigpi = which(results_genes[, "pval"] < 0.05)
  topn = order(abs(results_genes[sigpi, "fc"]), decreasing=TRUE)[1:25]
  topn = order(results_genes[sigpi, "qval"])[1:25]
  sigp = results_genes[sigpi,]
  sigde = which(abs(sigp[, "de"]) >= 2)
  sig_tn_de = sigp[sigde,]
  mydist=function(c) {dist(c,method="euclidian")}
  myclust=function(c) {hclust(c,method="average")}
  main_title="Heatmap of Differential Expression"
  par(cex.main=0.8)
  sig_genes_de=sig_tn_de[, "id"]
  sig_gene_names_de=sig_tn_de[, "gene_name"]
  data=log2(as.matrix(gene_expression[as.vector(sig_genes_de),])+1)
  p = heatmap.2(data,
                hclustfun=myclust,
                distfun=mydist,
                na.rm = TRUE,
                scale="none",
                dendrogram="both",
                margins=c(7,5),
                Rowv=TRUE, Colv=TRUE,
                symbreaks=FALSE, key=TRUE, symkey=FALSE,
                density.info="none", trace="none",
                main=main_title,
                cexRow=0.8, cexCol=0.8,
                labRow=sig_gene_names_de,
                # col=rev(heat.colors(75)),
                col=Colors)

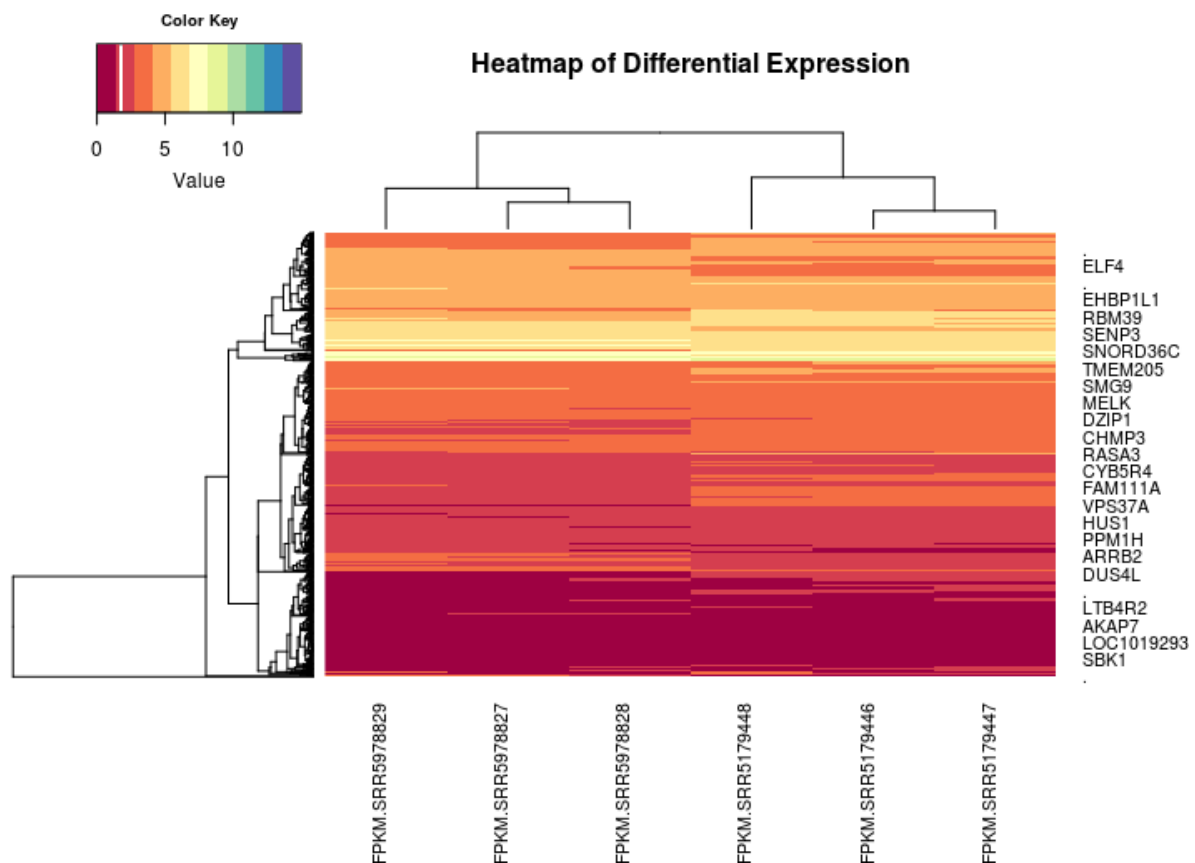
  return(p)
}
p2 = heatmap(gene_expression, results_genes)

```

A barplot shows the range and general distribution of FPKM values:



A heat map shows the significant differential expressed genes among all samples:



Note that `pData` should hold a data frame of phenotype information for the samples in the experiment, and be added during ballgown object construction. It can also be added later.

Also note that you can remove all transcripts with a low variance across the samples before differential analysis.

Results

DE results for dataset GSE93676:

```
# To see the first few lines of significant genes and transcripts:
```

```
head(sig_transcripts)
```

```
#      feature id      fc      pval      qval
# 4 transcript  40 1.237362e-02 0.047948681 0.7342077
# 13 transcript 68 3.643648e-13 0.041800485 0.7342077
# 35 transcript 133 2.283918e+17 0.009168513 0.7342077
# 51 transcript 167 6.634653e-10 0.034473953 0.7342077
# 70 transcript 244 2.241706e-16 0.048610761 0.7342077
# 76 transcript 276 2.637682e-18 0.002536443 0.7342077
```

```
head(sig_genes)
```

```
#      id feature      fc      pval      qval gene_name
# 1    100128071 gene 1.445238e-59 0.04327419 0.7012609 FAM229A
# 16     119710 gene 1.378979e-51 0.01122029 0.6171722 c11orf74
# 57      6289 gene 1.718444e-71 0.01229523 0.6171722 SAA2
# 74 MSTRG.10000 gene 1.942633e+58 0.01965612 0.6250552 NGLY1
# 97 MSTRG.10028 gene 5.764237e+05 0.04138674 0.6962953 PDCD6IP
# 141 MSTRG.10096 gene 1.998718e-66 0.02531592 0.6422143 PTH1R
```

DE results for dataset GSE47217:

```
head(sig_transcripts)
```

```
#      feature id      fc      pval      qval
# 57 transcript 479 0.9339480 0.036290263 0.7220780
# 66 transcript 522 0.4784699 0.002714966 0.5205885
# 86 transcript 685 0.8718279 0.008432731 0.5794108
# 107 transcript 847 0.8360476 0.031839607 0.7176861
# 117 transcript 908 1.0784123 0.004445226 0.5428939
# 137 transcript 1051 0.4439950 0.036100181 0.7220780
```

```
head(sig_genes)
```

```
#      id feature      fc      pval      qval gene_name
# 1    MSTRG.1000 gene 1.0657124 0.04960470 0.5469039 Ppp1r15b
# 36 MSTRG.10096 gene 0.9003980 0.03641091 0.5417405 Lpin2
# 55 MSTRG.10153 gene 0.9036117 0.02278910 0.5227679 Birc6
# 56 MSTRG.10153 gene 0.9036117 0.02278910 0.5227679 .
# 85 MSTRG.1024 gene 1.2618979 0.03277910 0.5417405 Tmem183a
# 94 MSTRG.1027 gene 0.9601584 0.04558797 0.5458907 Adipor1
```