# FINAL PRESENTATION

Project System Design

Group 1

Apollinaire Criquet Johan Klassén Hendrik Lindgen

Nell Party Omid Najafi

#### PLAN



INTRODUCTION

2 DESIGN





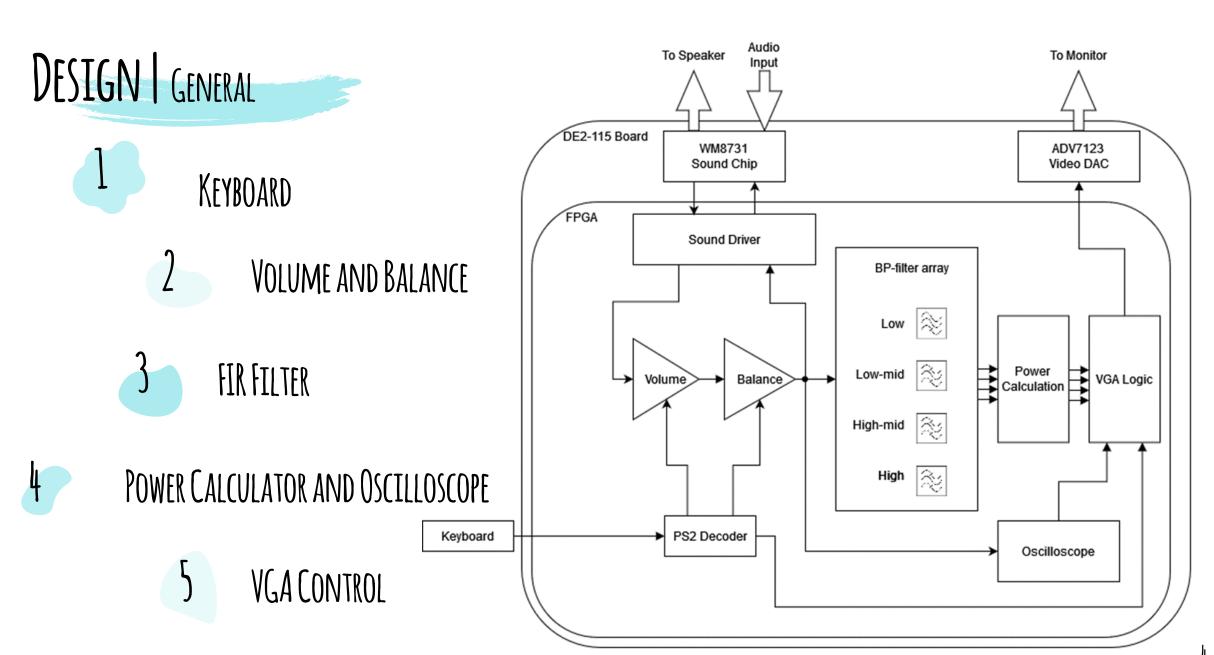


## INTRODUCTION

# VISUALIZATION

- Volume
- Balance
  - Frequencies analyses
- Oscilloscope

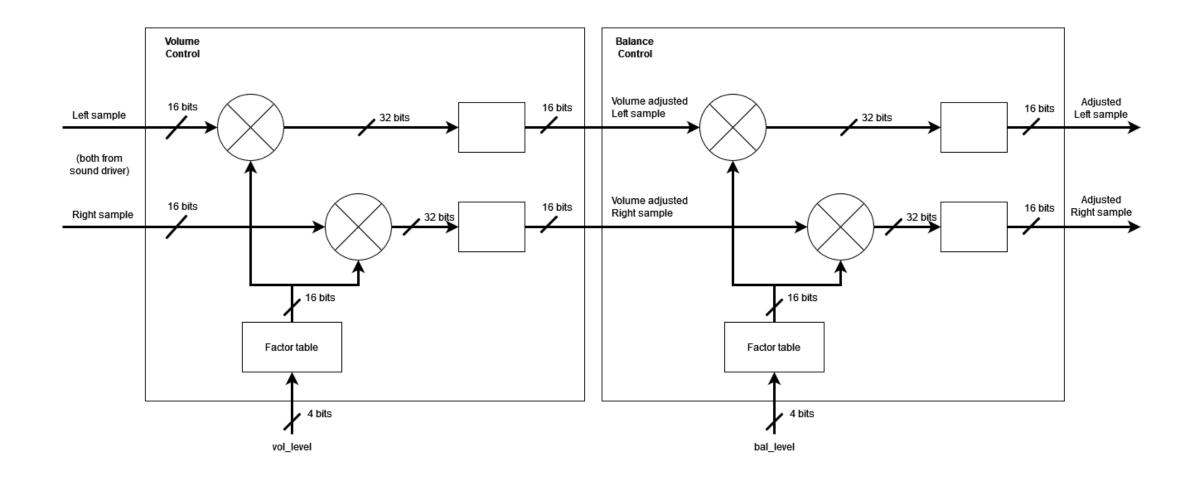




# DESIGN | KEYBOARD

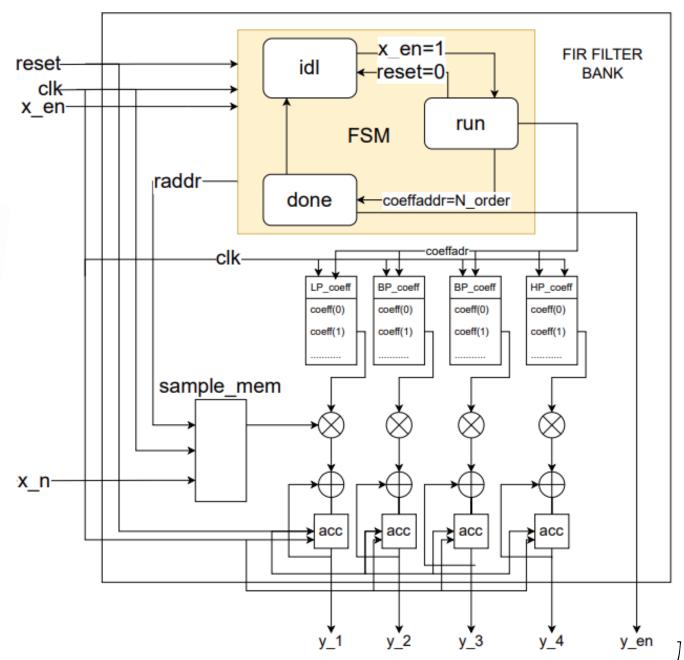
KEY	SCANCODE	ACTION
Up arrow	E075	Increase the volume
Down arrow	E072	Decrease the volume
Left arrow	E06B	Shift the balance to the left speaker
Right arrow	E074	Shift the balance to the right speaker
М	3A	Toggle mute on the sound output

### DESIGN | VOLUME & BALANCE



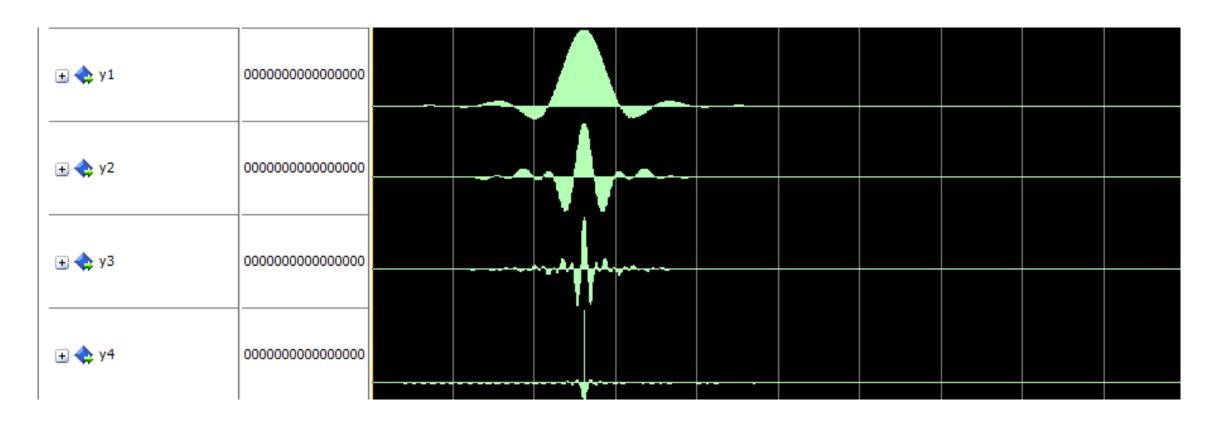
#### DESIGN | FIR FILTER

- 4 different frequency band
- Lowpass, bandpass and highpass fir filters
- Sample memory and coefficient memory inside the FPGA



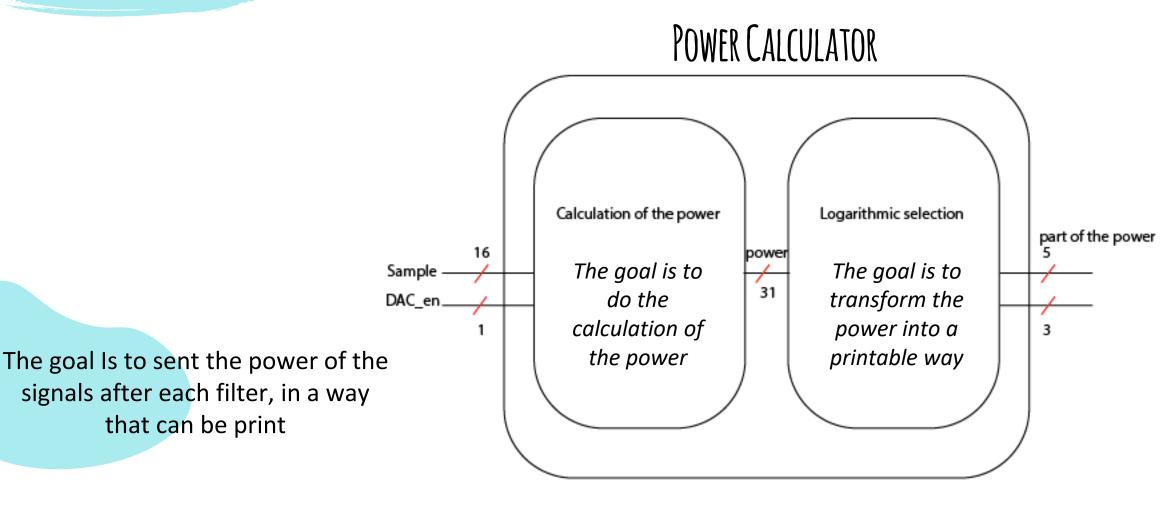
# DESIGN | FIR FILTER

#### SIMULATION IN MODELSIM



25/10/2022 TSIU03 – Final Presentation

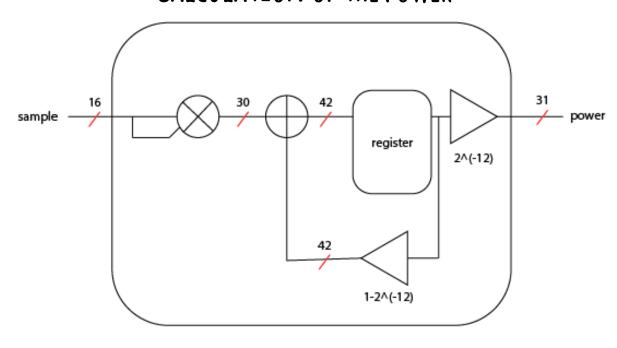
# DESIGN | POWER CALCULATOR



that can be print

### DESIGN | POWER CALCULATOR

#### CALCULATION OF THE POWER

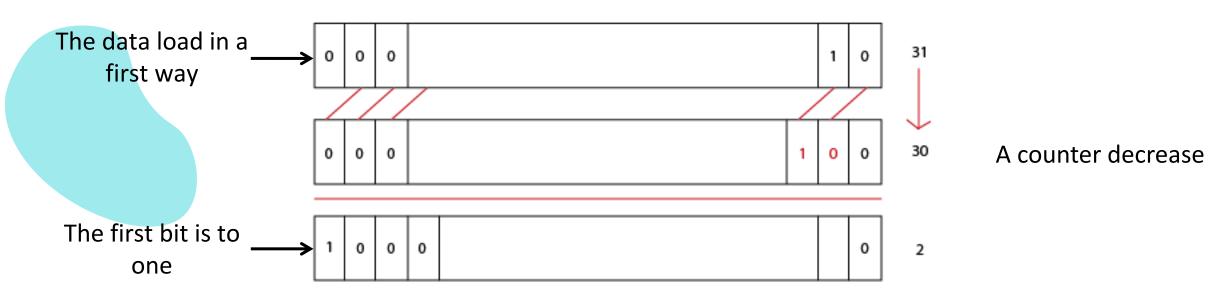


In this way we have the formula:

$$P = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x[n] \cdot (1 - H)^n$$

# DESIGN | POWER CALCULATOR

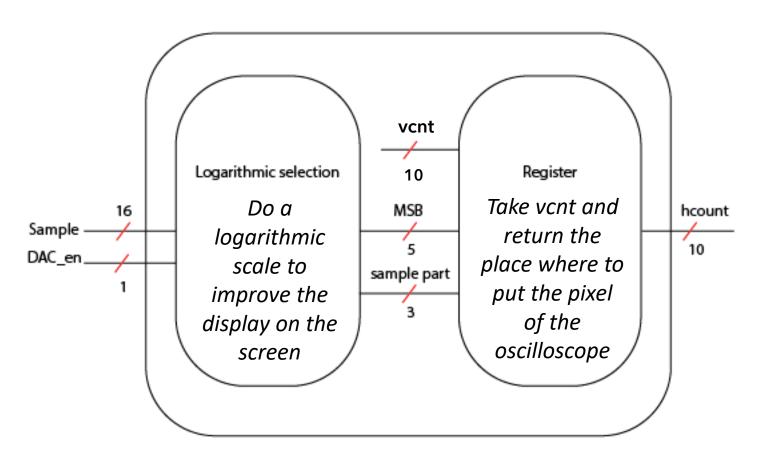
#### LOGARITHMIC SCALE



We take the 3 bits after to improve the display

### DESIGN | OSCILLOSCOPE

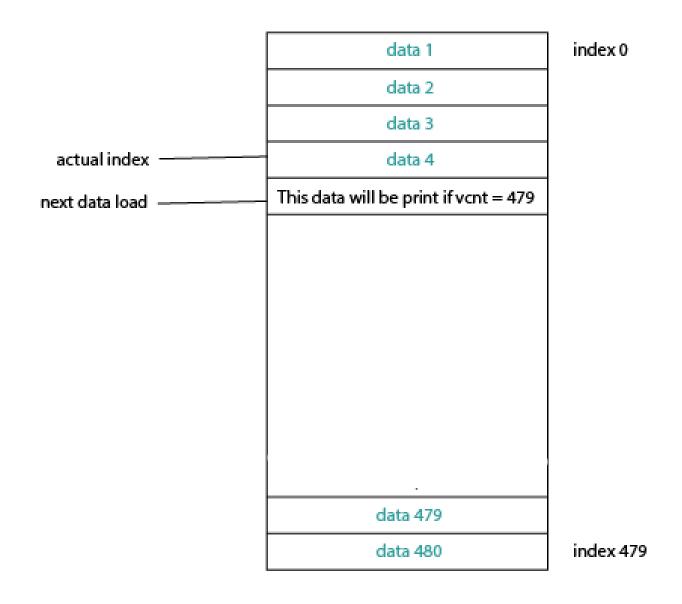
#### OSCILLOSCOPE



The goal is to send where to put the pixel of the oscilloscope for each line

## DESIGN | OSCILLOSCOPE

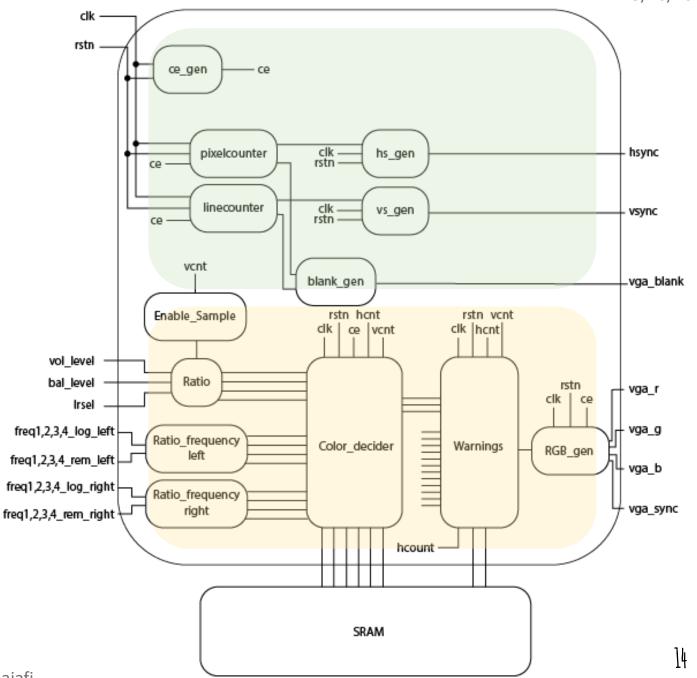




# DESIGN | VGA CONTROL

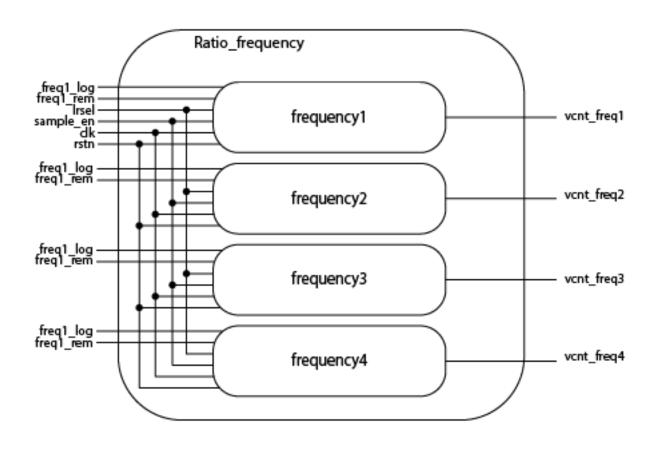
CONTROL PART: generate all the control signals needed to use the VGA screen

COLOR PART: decides and generates the color code for each pixel

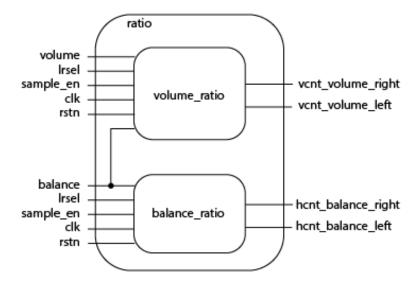


25/10/2022

# DESIGN | VGA CONTROL

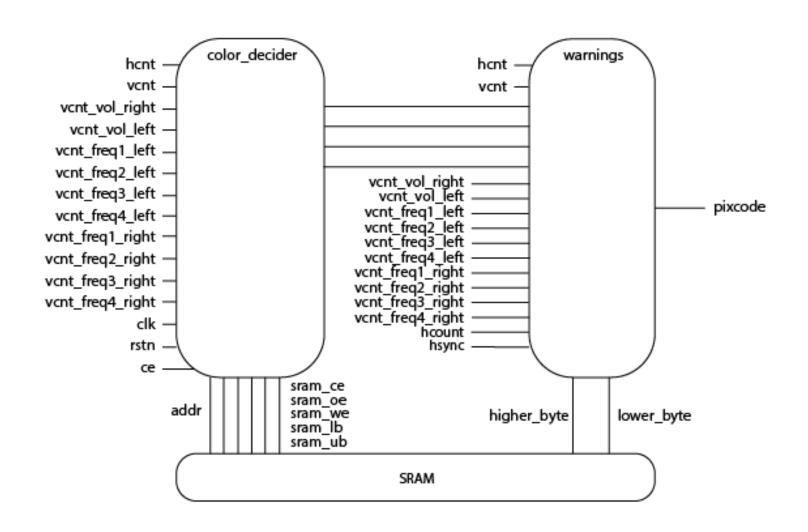


Convert power values into gauge limits between colored area and the rest of the gauge



### DESIGN | VGA CONTROL

- Decides the color of the pixel depending all the parameters
  gauge limits, warnings, mute and oscilloscope
- IF statements
- Background picture store in the SRAM



## CHALLENGES & EXPERIENCES | CHALLENGES



TIME-CONSUMING (FIR FILTER): lot of adjustments needed to obtain the expected result



 ${\sf COMMUNICATION}$ : different schedules that reduce the time together to talk about the project

#### CHALLENGES & EXPERIENCES | EXPERIENCES



some problems just need TIME to be solved



simulation TESTBENCHES are a very powerful and useful tool



ORGANIZE the project well to make the integration of all individual parts smooth

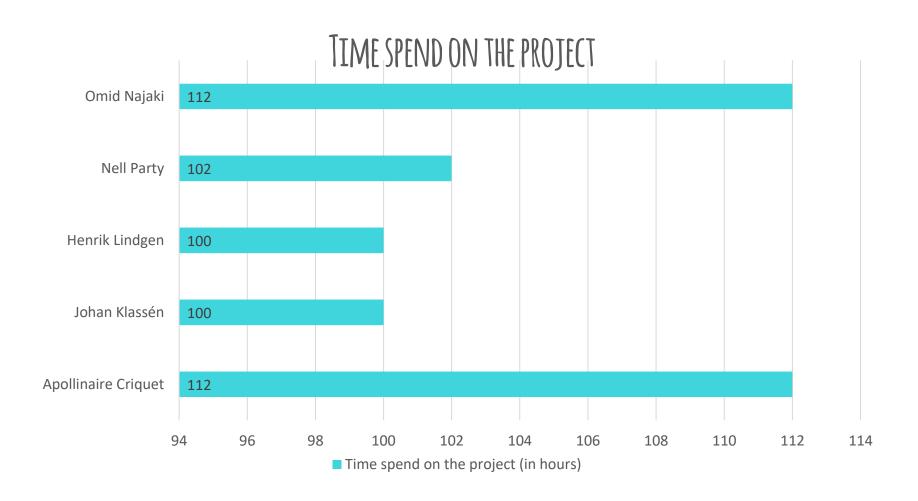


writing some DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS before doing any code

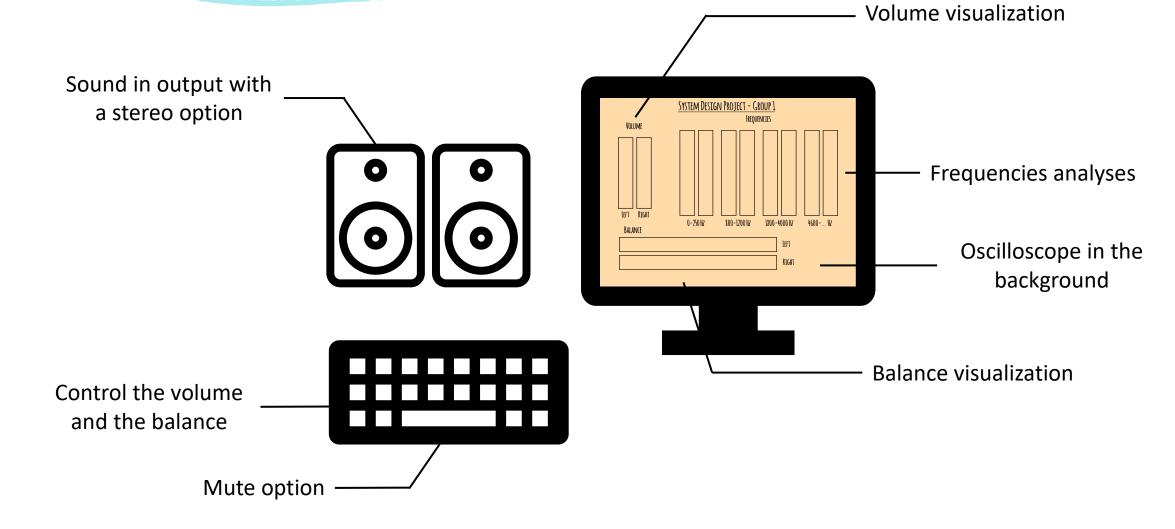


have good (OMMUNICATION to keep track of the advance in the project

# TIME SUMMARY



# USER MANUAL FUNCTIONALITIES

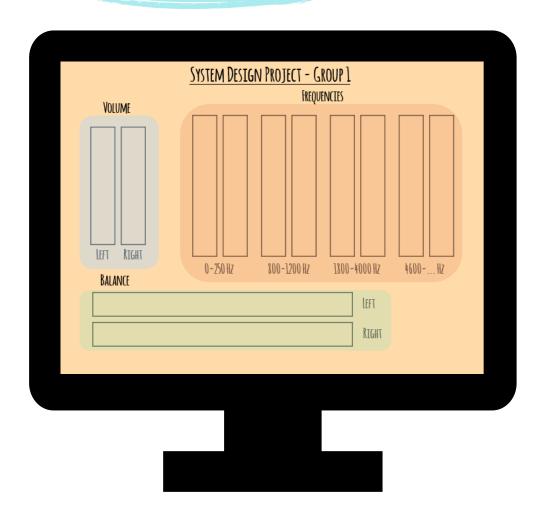


### USER MANUAL CONTROLS



- Volume control: up arrow increase the volume and down arrow decrease the volume
  - Balance control: left arrow shifts the balance to the right and right arrow shifts the balance to the left
    - Mute control: turn off the sound on the speakers

# USER MANUAL VISUALIZATION



Frequencies Analyses

Volume visualization

Balance visualization

An oscilloscope is visible on the background