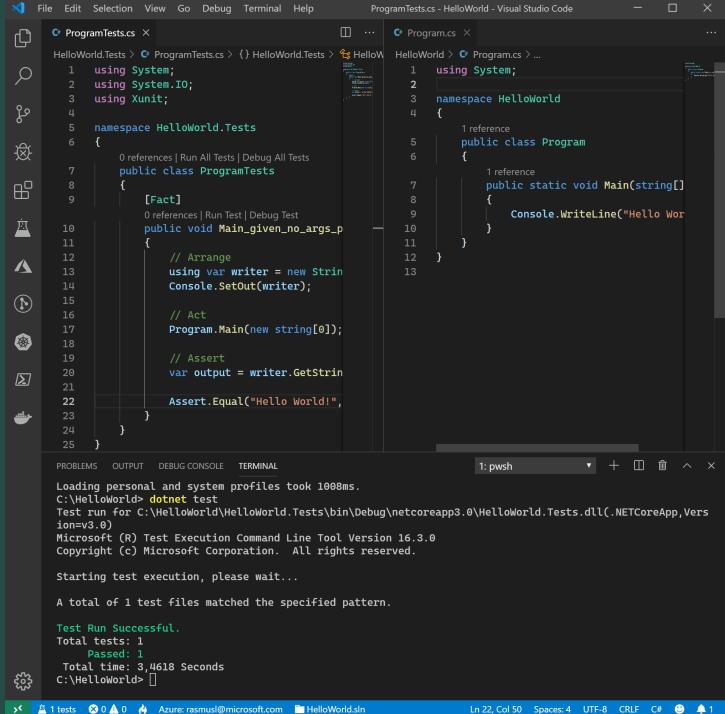
Asynchronous and **Parallel Programming**

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Agenda

Dictionary

Threads

Task Parallel Library

Asynchronous Programming

Async ≠ Parallel ≠ Threads

Concurrency

Concurrency I

A property of systems in which several computations are executing simultaneously, and potentially interacting with each other. The computations may be executing on multiple cores in the same chip, preemptively time-shared threads on the same processor, or executed on physically separated processors.

Concurrency II

Multiple tasks which start, run, and complete in overlapping time periods, in no specific order

Parallelism

Parallelism

When multiple tasks OR several parts of a unique task literally run at the same time, e.g. on a multi-core processor.

Multithreading

Multithreading

Software implementation which allows different threads to be executed concurrently.

A multithreaded program appears to be doing several things at the same time even when it's running on a single-core machine.

Compare to chatting with different people through various IM windows; although you're switching back and forth, the net result is that you're having multiple conversations at the same time.

Asynchronous methods

Asynchronous methods

Not related to Concurrency and parallelism!

Asynchrony is used to present the impression of concurrent or parallel tasking.

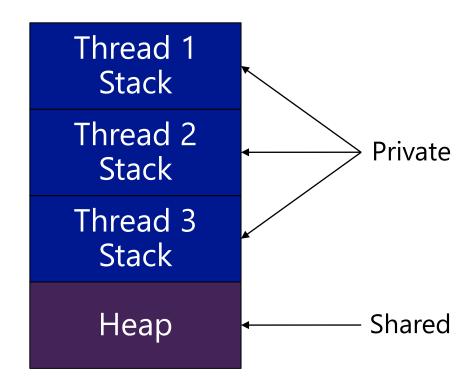
Normally used for a process that needs to do work away from the current application where we don't want to wait and block our application awaiting the response.

Threads

Threads

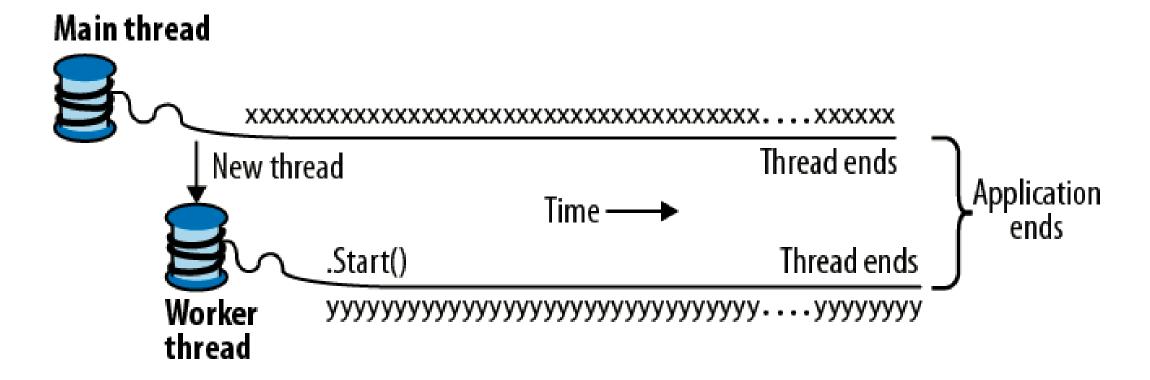
Stack Heap

Single Threaded Program



Multithreaded Program

Threads Example



Threads



Race Condition

Behavior of a program where the output is **dependent** on the **sequence** or **timing** of other **uncontrollable** events.

→ Bug, when events do not happen in the order the programmer intended.

Race Condition



Deadlock

A situation in which two or more competing actions are each waiting for the other to finish, and thus neither ever does.

Deadlock

Task Parallel Library

Task.Run

Task.Factory...

Task.Delay

Parallel.For

Parallel.ForEach

Parallel.Invoke

Parallel Linq → .AsParallel()

Task Parallel Library

System.Collections.Concurrent

ConcurrentQueue<T>

ConcurrentStack<T>

BlockingCollection<T>

ConcurrentDictionary<TKey, TValue>

Concurrent Collections

Asynchronous Programming

Asynchronous Programming

Asynchronous programming is a means of parallel **programming** in which a unit of work runs separately from the main application thread and notifies the calling thread of its completion, failure or progress.

Asynchronous Programming

async/await

async →

Method must return void, Task, Task<T>, or a task-like type. Specifically: a type, which satisfy the async pattern, meaning a GetAwaiter method must be accessible.

await \rightarrow Await task(s)...

Note: Main and *test* methods must return Task

Speed Multiprocessor Parallel execution

Async ≠ Parallel ≠ Threads

Non-blocking UI, background tasks, asynchronous Low-level building block
Do not use directly!