1 Electrònica

1.1 Díodes

$$V_p - V_n \ge V_\gamma \implies \text{PD}$$

no PD $\implies \text{PI}$
PD $\implies I \ne 0$
PI $\implies I = 0$
 $P_{cons} = \Delta VI$

PI i $\Delta V_{Z\text{co}} \geq V_{Z} \implies$ regió Zener

1.2 NMOS

$$V_{GS} = V_G - V_S$$
 $V_{DS} = V_D - V_S$
 $V_{GS} \le V_T \implies \text{Tall (OFF)} \implies I_D = 0$
 $V_{GS} > V_T \implies \text{Canal (ON)} \implies I_D \ne 0$
 $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_T \implies \text{Regi\'o \`ohmica}$
 $V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_T \implies \text{Regi\'o \'ot e saturaci\'o}$
 $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_T \iff V_{GD} > V_T$
 $V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_T \iff V_{GD} < V_T$

1.3 PMOS

$$V_{GS} \ge V_T \implies \text{Tall (OFF)}$$
 $V_{GS} < V_T \implies \text{Canal (ON)}$
 $V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_T \implies \text{Regi\'o \'ohmica}$
 $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_T \implies \text{Regi\'o de saturaci\'o}$

1.4 Shockley

Òhmica
$$\implies I_D = \beta \left((V_{GS} - V_T) V_{DS} - \frac{V_{DS}^2}{2} \right)$$

Saturació $\implies I_D = \frac{\beta}{2} (V_{GS} - V_T)^2$

1.5 CMOS

$$t_{\rm PHL} = 1, 7 \frac{C}{\beta_N V_{DD}}$$

$$t_{\rm PLH} = 1, 7 \frac{C}{\beta_P V_{DD}}$$

$$t_{\rm P} = \frac{t_{\rm PHL} + t_{\rm PLH}}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{U} = \frac{1}{2}CV_{DD}^{2}$$
$$P = fCV_{DD}^{2}$$
$$DP = Pt_{P}$$

2 Ones

2.1 Equació d'ona

Funció d'ona
$$\equiv \psi\left(x,t\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2}\psi}{\partial x^{2}} = \frac{1}{v^{2}}\frac{\partial^{2}\psi}{\partial t^{2}} \implies \psi\left(x,t\right) = f\left(x \pm vt\right)$$

$$f\left(x + vt\right) \implies \text{mov cap a la dreta}$$

$$f\left(x - vt\right) \implies \text{mov cap a l'equerra}$$

2.2 Ones harmòniques

$$\psi(x,t) = A\sin(k(x - vt) + \delta)$$

$$f = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2\pi f$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$v = \frac{\omega}{k}$$

$$v = \lambda f$$

$$I = \frac{P}{S}$$
(W/m²)

2.3 Ones electromatnètiques

$$c = v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\varepsilon_0 \mu_0}} = 3 \times 10^8 \,\text{m/s}$$

$$E = cB$$

$$\vec{E} \perp \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{u} = \frac{\vec{E} \times \vec{B}}{|\vec{E} \times \vec{B}|} \implies * \quad i \quad **$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{1}{c} \vec{u} \times \vec{E} \qquad (*)$$

$$\vec{E} = c \left(\vec{B} \times \vec{u} \right) \qquad (**)$$

$$\eta_E = \frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_0 E^2 \qquad \eta_B = \frac{1}{2} \frac{B^2}{\mu_0} \qquad (J/m^3)$$

$$\eta_{\text{ona}} = \varepsilon_0 E^2 = \frac{B^2}{\mu_0} = \frac{|E| |B|}{\mu_0 c} \qquad (J/\text{m}^3) \qquad \text{Destructiva} \implies \cos\left(\frac{k (x_1 - x_2)}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\text{Vec. de Poynting: } \vec{S} = \frac{\vec{E} \times \vec{B}}{\mu_0} \qquad (W/\text{m}^2) \qquad \implies \Delta x = (2n+1) \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

$$I = \left\langle \left| \vec{S} \right| \right\rangle = c \left\langle \eta_{\text{ona}} \right\rangle = \frac{E^2}{2c\mu_0} = \frac{B^2 c}{2\mu_0} \qquad \implies y_{\text{min}} = \frac{D}{2d} \lambda \left(2n+1\right)$$

2.4 Polarització

$$I_0 = \frac{E^2}{2c\mu_0}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{I_0}{2}$$

$$I_{n+1} = I_n \cos^2 \theta$$

2.5 Reflexió i refracció

$$n = \frac{c}{v} \implies n \ge 1$$

$$\lambda' = \frac{v}{f} = \frac{c}{f} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\lambda}{n}$$

$$n_1 \sin \alpha_1 = n_2 \sin \alpha_2$$

$$n_1 < n_2 \implies \alpha_2 < \alpha_1$$

$$n_2 < n_1 \implies \alpha_1 < \alpha_2$$

$$\alpha_1 = \alpha_c \implies \alpha_2 = 90^\circ$$

$$n_1 \sin \alpha_c = n_2 \sin 90^\circ \implies \sin \alpha_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\alpha_1 \ge \alpha_c \implies \text{Reflexi\'o total interna}$$

2.6 Fibres òptiques

$$n_{\text{recobriment}} < n_{\text{nucli}}$$

$$\sin \alpha_c = \frac{n_r}{n_n}$$

$$\sin \alpha_0 = n_n \sin (90^\circ - \alpha_c)$$

2.7Interferències

Constructiva
$$\implies \cos\left(\frac{k(x_1 - x_2)}{2}\right) = \pm 1$$

 $\implies \Delta x = n\lambda$
 $\implies y_{\text{max}} = \frac{D}{d}\lambda n$

Destructiva
$$\implies \cos\left(\frac{\kappa(x_1 - x_2)}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\implies \Delta x = (2n+1)\frac{\lambda}{2}$$

$$\implies y_{\min} = \frac{D}{2d}\lambda(2n+1)$$

Memòries òptiques

$$\lambda = 4d$$
$$\lambda_0 = \lambda n = 4dn$$

Làsers

$$E_f = hf$$