BST 140.751 Problem Set 2

1 Linear models

- 1. Let $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \epsilon_i$ where $\epsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$.
 - A. Derive the MLEs for β_0 , β_1 and σ^2 .
 - B. Relate β_1 to the correlation between Y_i and X_i .
 - C. Suppose that you standardize (i.e. take $(Y_i \bar{Y})/S_y$ and $(X_i \bar{X})/S_X$) X_i and Y_i . Derive the estimates of β_0 and β_1 .
- 2. Let $Y_{ij} = \alpha_0 + \beta_j + \epsilon_{ij}$ for $i = 1, \dots, I$ and $j = 1, \dots, J$.
 - A. Write out the design matrix for the associated linear model.
 - B. Show what the estimates are under the following constraints:

i.
$$\alpha_0 = 0$$

ii.
$$\beta_1 = 0$$

iii.
$$\beta_J = 0$$

iv.
$$\sum_{j=1}^{J} \beta_j = 0$$

- 3. Let Σ be a known matrix. Consider the model $Y=X\beta+\epsilon$ where $\epsilon\sim N(0,\Sigma)$. Derive the ML estimate of β .
- 4. Let P be a rotation matrix and consider the model $Y=X\beta+\epsilon$ where $\epsilon\sim N(0,\sigma^2I)$. Suppose someone gave you the ML estimates for $\tilde{\beta}$ and $\tilde{\sigma}^2$ from fitting the model $\tilde{Y}=\tilde{X}\tilde{\beta}+\tilde{\epsilon}$ where $\tilde{Y}=PY$ and $\tilde{X}=PX$ and $\tilde{\epsilon}\sim N(0,\tilde{\sigma}^2)$. Relate these estimates to the ML estimates of β and σ^2 .
- 5. Let $Y \mid \beta \sim N(X\beta, \sigma^2 I)$ and $\beta \sim N(\beta 0, \tau^2 I)$. What is the posterior distribution of β ?
- 6. Consider the model $Y = X\beta + \epsilon$. Let F be an invertible $p \times p$ matrix and $\tilde{X} = XF$.
 - A. Consider another model $Y = \tilde{X}\tilde{\beta} + \epsilon$. Argue that the models are equivalent.
 - B. Show that the least squares estimate of $\tilde{\beta}$ from the second model is $F^{-1}\hat{\beta}$ where $\hat{\beta}$ is the least squares estimate from the first model.
 - C. Suppose that you have a linear regression equation where one of the regressors is temperature. Use the results above to relate the beta coefficients if the regressor is input as Celsius or Fahrenheit.
- 7. Consider a linear model with iid errors $N(0, \sigma^2)$ errors. Show that $\frac{1}{n-p}e'e$, where e is the vector of residuals, is the ML estimate of σ^2 . Further show that this estimate is unbiased.

A. Argue that
$$\frac{1}{\sigma^2}(y-X\beta)'(y-X\beta)$$
 is χ^2_n

- B. Argue that $\frac{1}{\sigma^2}e'e$ is χ^2_{n-p} .
- C. Argue that $\frac{1}{\sigma^2}(y-X\beta)'X(X'X)^{-1}X'(y-X\beta)$ is χ^2_p .
- D. In each of the above cases, use the expected value calculation for quadratic forms to verify that the expected values equals the Chi squared df.

2 Multivariate means, variances and normals

- 1. Let X be a multivariate vector with mean μ . Show that $E[AX + b] = A\mu + b$.
- 2. Consider the previous problem; assume that $Var(X) = \Sigma$. Show that $Var(AX + b) = A\Sigma A'$.
- 3. Show that $E[(X \mu)(X \mu)'] = E[XX'] \mu\mu'$.
- 4. Argue that Var(X) is non-negative definite.
- 5. Let C(X,Y) be the multivariate covariance function, $E[(X-\mu_x)(Y-\mu_y)']$. Show that $C(X,Y)=E[XY']-\mu_X\mu_y'$.
- 6. Show that $C(X_1 + X_2, Y) = C(X_1, Y) + C(X_2, Y)$.
- 7. Argue that C(X,Y) = C(Y,X)'.
- 8. Argue that Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + C(X, Y) + C(Y, X) + V(Y).
- 9. Argue that C(AX, BY) = AC(X, Y)B'.
- 10. Let $X \sim N(0, I)$. Argue that $aX/\sqrt{a'a} \sim N(0, 1)$ for any non-zero vector a.
- 11. Let $X \sim N(0, I)$. Argue that if AA' = I then $AX \sim N(0, I)$. Argue geometrically why this occurs.
- 12. Let X_i for $i=1,\ldots,I$ be iid k dimensional vectors from a distribution with mean μ and variance Σ . What is the mean and variance of the multivariate pointwise sample average of the vectors?
- 13. Let X_i be iid k dimensional vectors from a distribution with mean μ and variance Σ . Give an unbiased estimate of Σ when μ is known.
- 14. Consider a covariance matrix that is of the form

$$\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \theta \mathbf{1} \mathbf{1}'$$

where σ^2 and θ are positive constants and $\mathbf 1$ is a vector of ones. Argue that this matrix describes random vectors where every pair of elements of the vector are equally correlated and every elemant has the same variance. Give this correlation and variance.

- 15. Let $X = (X_1' \ X_2')' \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$.
 - A. Derive the marginal distribution of X_1

- B. Derive the conditional distribution $X_1 \mid X_2$.
- 16. Let $X \mid \mu \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$ and $\mu \sim N(\alpha, \tau I)$. Derive the distribution of $\mu \mid X$.
- 17. Argue that if $Y \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$, the quadratic form $(Y \mu)'\Sigma^{-1}(Y \mu)$ is χ_p^2 .

3 Computing and analysis

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