Performance enhancement using CUDA in a simulation of heat diffusion

Gonçalo Lourenço n°55780 gm.lourenco@campus.fct.unl.pt Joana Faria n°55754 js.faria@campus.fct.unl.pt

I. INTRODUCTION

This assignment aims to optimize a base code, written in C, that computes a simulation for heat diffusion. For the optimization, we seek to take advantage of GPU programming using CUDA, and explore several alternatives to find the most efficient one.

To find the best performance we will explore different approaches, namely analyzing different configurations, exploring the impact of using shared memory, and the difference between using streams and not.

Knowing that the architecture of the system influences the performance obtained, the first step of our work is to understand the architecture of the system where our program will run. So we present the characteristics below:

```
Device: NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1050 Ti
CUDA Driver Version: 11.4
Runtime Version: 11.2
CUDA Capability Major/Minor version number: 6.1
6 Multiprocessors (SM)
Max Grid sizes: 2 147 483 647, 65 535, 65 535
Max Block sizes: 1024, 1024, 64
Max Blocks per SM: 32
Max threads per Block: 1024
Warp size: 32
Total global memory: 4 137 024 MB
Shared Mem per SM: 98 304
Max ShMem per Block: 49 152
```

II. RESULTS

To accurately compare the different versions all the tests were performed in the university cluster and averaged the execution times over ten execution. The parameters chosen were:

```
const int nx = 200;// Width of the area
const int ny = 200;// Height of the area
const float a = 0.5;// Diffusion constant
const float h = 0.005;// h=dx=dy grid spacing
const int numSteps = 100000;// Number of time
    steps to simulate (time=numSteps*dt)
const int outputEvery = 100000;// How frequently
```

A. Sequential Verion

We start by analyzing and profiling the sequential version to understand what improvements can be done, and what parts are the more problematic. By a quick analysis of the code, we expect the cycle present in the main function to be the biggest problem. This assumption is supported by the reports of the profiling tools. The output of these tools can be seen in the files results/sequential/gprof and results/sequential/perf.