## Primitivas Imediatas

Na lista de primitivas que se segue,  $f:I\longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$  é uma função derivável no intervalo I e  $\mathcal{C}$  denota uma constante real arbitrária.

1. 
$$\int a \, dx = ax + \mathcal{C} \quad (a \in \mathbb{R})$$

2. 
$$\int f'(x) f^{\alpha}(x) dx = \frac{f^{\alpha+1}(x)}{\alpha+1} + C \quad (\alpha \neq -1)$$

3. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log |f(x)| + C$$

**4.** 
$$\int a^{f(x)} f'(x) dx = \frac{a^{f(x)}}{\log a} + C \quad (a \in \mathbb{R}^+ \setminus \{1\})$$

5. 
$$\int f'(x)\cos(f(x)) dx = \sin(f(x)) + C$$

6. 
$$\int f'(x) \operatorname{sen}(f(x)) dx = -\cos(f(x)) + C$$

7. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\cos^2(f(x))} dx = \operatorname{tg}(f(x)) + C$$

8. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\sin^2(f(x))} dx = -\cot(f(x)) + C$$

9. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\sqrt{1-f^2(x)}} dx = \arcsin(f(x)) + C$$

10. 
$$\int \frac{-f'(x)}{\sqrt{1-f^2(x)}} dx = \arccos(f(x)) + C$$

11. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{1 + f^2(x)} dx = \arctan(f(x)) + C$$

12. 
$$\int \frac{-f'(x)}{1+f^2(x)} dx = \operatorname{arccotg}(f(x)) + C$$

13. 
$$\int f'(x) \operatorname{ch}(f(x)) dx = \operatorname{sh}(f(x)) + C$$

14. 
$$\int f'(x) \operatorname{sh}(f(x)) dx = \operatorname{ch}(f(x)) + C$$

15. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\cosh^2(f(x))} dx = \operatorname{th}(f(x)) + C$$

16. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\sinh^2(f(x))} dx = -\coth(f(x)) + C$$

17. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\sqrt{f^2(x)+1}} dx = \operatorname{argsh}(f(x)) + C$$

18. 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{\sqrt{f^2(x)-1}} dx = \operatorname{argch}(f(x)) + C$$

**19.** 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{1 - f^2(x)} dx = \operatorname{argth}(f(x)) + C$$

**20.** 
$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{1 - f^2(x)} dx = \operatorname{argcoth}(f(x)) + C$$