

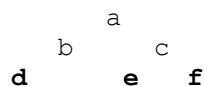
Being a reasoner

A TBox contains the following axioms :

```
Tree ≡ child only Tree
SmallTree1 ≡ child only Leaf
SmallTree2 ≡ left only Leaf and right only Leaf
right subproperty of child
left subproperty of child
right is functional
left is functional
```

1. Given the ABox

```
Tree(a)   Tree(b)   Tree(c)   Tree(d)   Tree(e)   Tree(f)
Leaf(d)   Leaf(e)   Leaf(f)
left(a,b)  right(a,c) left(b,d)  left(c,e)  right(c,f)
```



what would be the inferred members of SmallTree1 and SmallTree2? Motivate your answers (remember that we are doing open-world reasoning).

2. Consider the ABox

```
Tree(a)   Tree(b)
child(a,b) child(b,a)
```

- What about the consistency of this ABox together with the TBox?
- What does this (in)consistency mean?

3. Write additional axioms to define the notion of *incomplete tree* (a binary tree is complete if it is either a leaf (no child) or its left and right children are complete)