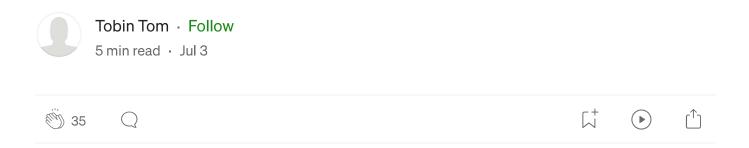
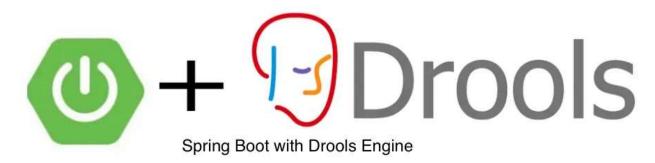






Spring Boot with Drools Rules Engine





SpringBoot with Drools

A rules engine is used to serve as pluggable software components which execute business rules that a business rules approach has externalized or separated from application code. This externalization or separation allows business users to modify the rules without the need for IT intervention. In cases of large distributed applications that process complex logic, a rules engine can be used to isolate the application code from common rules logic that can be applied commonly across the distributed platform.

In this article we will be building a sample Spring Boot REST service that uses the **Drools Rule Engine** to determine the outcome of various inputs.

The Drools Rules Engine (<u>https://www.drools.org/</u>) is an open source rules engine implementation from JBoss.

The KIE project (https://www.kie.org/about/) allows integration of the Drools Rules engine with Spring Boot.

Application Setup

We will create a simple REST service application using SpringBoot which will use a Drools Engine to determine output of the service.

We will have a Banking Service that takes an applicant's details and returns a loan rate of interest.

```
→ B drools

→ 

⊕ com.drools.sample

       DroolsSampleApp.java

→ 
⊕ com.drools.sample.config

       DroolsApplicationConfig.java

    # com.drools.sample.controller

       DroolsSampleController.java

→ 
⊕ com.drools.sample.model

       Participant.java
       > 🛭 Rate.java

w ## com.drools.sample.service

       DroolsService.java

→ Prules

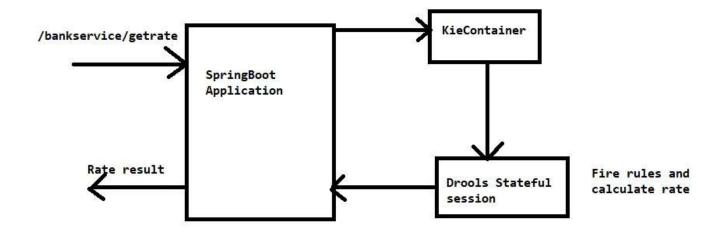
         loan_rate.drl
       application.properties
```

Application Structure

Pom.xml

```
<name>droolsSample
<description>DroolsSample</description>
cproperties>
     <java.version>11</java.version>
     <maven-jar-plugin.version>3.1.1/maven-jar-plugin.version>
     <drools.version>8.40.0.Final</drools.version>
  </properties>
  <dependencies>
     <dependency>
         <groupId>org.springframework.boot
         <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
         <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
         <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
         <optional>true</optional>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
         <groupId>org.springframework.boot
         <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
         <scope>test</scope>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
         <groupId>org.drools
         <artifactId>drools-core</artifactId>
         <version>${drools.version}</version>
     </dependency>
      <dependency>
         <groupId>org.drools
         <artifactId>drools-compiler</artifactId>
         <version>${drools.version}</version>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
         <groupId>org.drools
         <artifactId>drools-decisiontables</artifactId>
         <version>${drools.version}</version>
     </dependency>
     <dependency>
```

In the pom.xml, we will need to define the drools dependencies, the drools-core, drools-compiler, drools-mvel and decisiontables.



The service accepts a request payload and invokes the Drools Rules engine to fire all configured rules and returns a response.

DroolsSampleApp.java

```
package com.drools.sample;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

@SpringBootApplication
public class DroolsSampleApp {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      SpringApplication.run(DroolsSampleApp.class, args);
   }
}
```

DroolsApplicationConfig.java

```
package com.drools.sample.config;

import org.kie.api.KieServices;
import org.kie.api.builder.KieBuilder;
import org.kie.api.builder.KieFileSystem;
import org.kie.api.builder.KieModule;
import org.kie.api.runtime.KieContainer;
import org.kie.internal.io.ResourceFactory;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
```

```
@Configuration
public class DroolsApplicationConfig {

private static final KieServices kieServices = KieServices.Factory.get();
private static final String RULES_CUSTOMER_RULES_DRL = "rules/loan_rate.drl";

@Bean
   public KieContainer kieContainer() {
        KieFileSystem kieFileSystem = kieServices.newKieFileSystem();
        kieFileSystem.write(ResourceFactory.newClassPathResource(RULES_CUSTOMER
        KieBuilder kb = kieServices.newKieBuilder(kieFileSystem);
        kb.buildAll();
        KieModule kieModule = kb.getKieModule();
        KieContainer kieContainer = kieServices.newKieContainer(kieModule.getRe return kieContainer;
   }
}
```

Here we define the rules being placed in the /rules folder under /src/main/resources and we have defined a rule file loan_rate.drl. The actual Drools Rules are defined in files with the drl extension.

loan_rate.drl

import com.drools.sample.model.Participant;
global com.drools.sample.model.Rate rate;
dialect "mvel"

```
rule "Checking Existing Debt Against Loan Amount"
 when
 Participant(loanAmount > (2 * existingDebt))
 then
 rate.setLoanStatus("Rejected - Too Much Debt");
 rate.setLoanRate(999);
end
rule "Checking Annual Salary is greater than 50000"
 when
 Participant(annualSalary <= 50000)</pre>
 then
 rate.setLoanStatus("Rejected - Too low salary");
 rate.setLoanRate(999);
end
rule "Checking Credit Score less than 550"
 when
 Participant(creditScore < 550 , annualSalary > 50000, loanAmount < (2 * exist
 then
 rate.setLoanStatus("Rejected");
 rate.setLoanRate(999);
end
rule "Checking Credit Score less than 650"
 when
 Participant((creditScore < 650 && creditScore >= 550), annualSalary > 50000,
 then
 rate.setLoanStatus("Approved");
 rate.setLoanRate(7.25);
end
rule "Checking Credit Score less than 750"
 when
 Participant((creditScore < 750 && creditScore >= 650), annualSalary > 50000,
 then
 rate.setLoanStatus("Approved");
 rate.setLoanRate(6.25);
end
```

```
rule "Checking Credit Score greater than 750"
  when
   Participant(creditScore >= 750, annualSalary > 50000, loanAmount < (2 * exist
   then
    rate.setLoanStatus("Approved");
   rate.setLoanRate(5.25);
end</pre>
```

Here we define the rules of execution:

- 1. If the user is asking for a loan amount > (twice the existing debt), the loan process is rejected.
- 2. If the user has an annual salary of 50000 or less, the loan process is rejected.
- 3. If the user satisfies the above conditions, then the loan rate is decided by the credit score.

MODEL REQUESTS:

PARTICIPANT REQUEST OBJECT:

```
package com.drools.sample.model;
import lombok.Getter;
```

```
import lombok.Setter;

@Getter
@Setter
public class Participant {

   private String name;
   private int age;
   private int creditScore;
   private long annualSalary;
   private long existingDebt;
   private long loanAmount;
}
```

RATE RESPONSE OBJECT:

```
package com.drools.sample.model;
import lombok.Getter;
import lombok.Setter;

@Getter
@Setter
public class Rate {

   private String loanStatus;
   private double loanRate;
}
```

DROOLS SERVICE:

```
package com.drools.sample.service;
import org.kie.api.runtime.KieContainer;
import org.kie.api.runtime.KieSession;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import com.drools.sample.model.Participant;
import com.drools.sample.model.Rate;
@Service
public class DroolsService {
 @Autowired
    private KieContainer kieContainer;
  public Rate getRate(Participant applicantRequest) {
    Rate rate = new Rate();
         KieSession kieSession = kieContainer.newKieSession();
         kieSession.setGlobal("rate", rate);
         kieSession.insert(applicantRequest);
         kieSession.fireAllRules();
         kieSession.dispose();
         return rate;
```

DROOLS CONTROLLER:

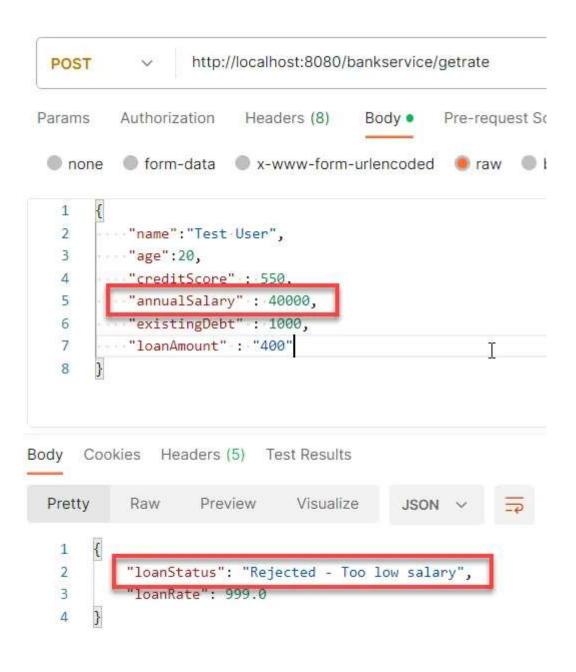
```
package com.drools.sample.controller;
```

```
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import com.drools.sample.model.Participant;
import com.drools.sample.model.Rate;
import com.drools.sample.service.DroolsService;
@RestController()
@RequestMapping("/bankservice")
public class DroolsSampleController {
 @Autowired
 private DroolsService bankService;
 @PostMapping("/getrate")
 public ResponseEntity<Rate> getRate(@RequestBody Participant request){
 Rate rate = bankService.getRate(request);
 return new ResponseEntity<>(rate, HttpStatus.OK);
```

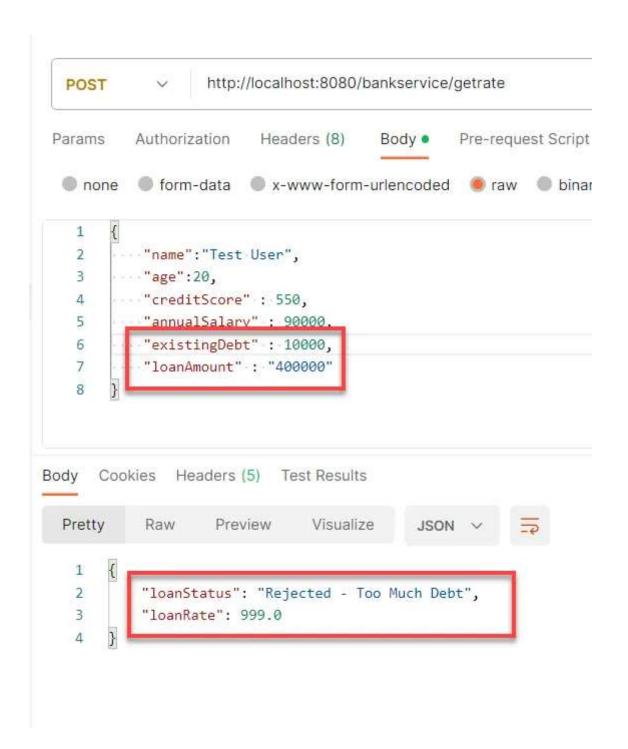
The controller takes in a Participant.java object and fires the rules configured in the loan_rate.drl and returns a Rate.java object as response.

Testing the Service

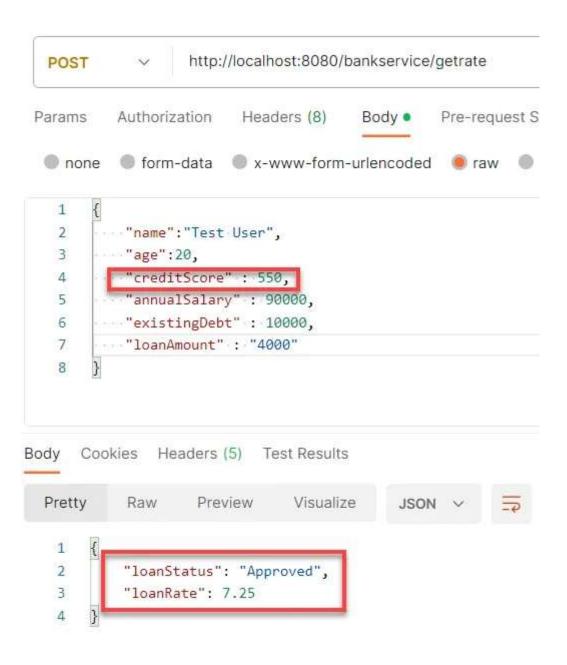
Now we can build the Spring Boot application and run tests against it at: http://localhost:8080/bankservice/getrate 1. Testing with Salary less than 50000:

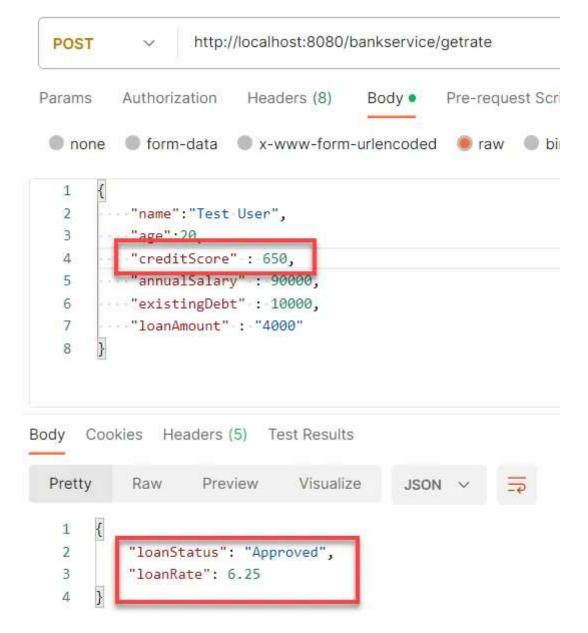


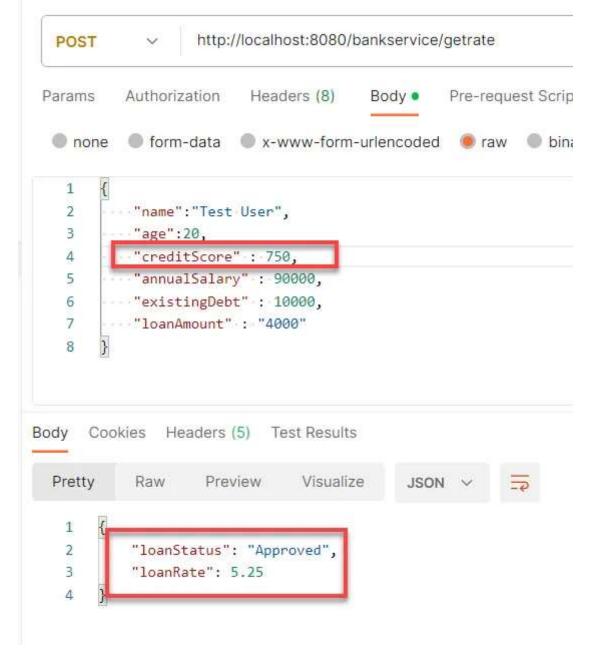
2. Testing with High salary, but too much debt:



3. Testing with Credit Scores:







Credit score greater than or equal to 750



Written by Tobin Tom





72 Followers

I am a full stack J2EE developer with over 15 years of development experience in various technologies and platforms.

More from Tobin Tom









Introducing Kafka Streams with Spring Boot

Apache Kafka (https://kafka.apache.org/documentation/) i...

10 min read - Nov 29, 2022







Spring Cloud Gateway OAuth2 Security with Keycloak, JWT...

In this article we will refer to my previous article on building a microservices...

8 min read • Nov 18, 2022



ET (1973)











Spring Boot Microservices with

Microservices are now the norm when

Consul, Spring Cloud Gateway an...

building service applications and Spring Bo...



Tobin Tom



Tobin Tom in DevOps.dev

Documenting OAuth2 secured Spring Boot Microservices with...

When we build APIs, especially when it is a microservices application, it becomes...

8 min read • Nov 19, 2022



£179 63

9 min read - Oct 19, 2022



 \Box

Help Status Blog Careers Privacy Terms About Text to speech Teams