

Assignment 2 Report

Software Verification and Validation

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1 HTML Unit

While defining the HTML Unit tests, some adaptations were made to the JSP files. The *name* property was added to some HTML elements, in order to be able to get them using HTML Unit's API, those adaptations were made to the following files:

- CustomerInfo.jsp
- SalesInfo.jsp
- ShowSalesDelivery.jsp
- addSaleDelivery.jsp

2 DB Setup

2.1 Sales Behavior

The first Junit test verifies that it is not possible to add a sale to an non existent customer.

```
public void extraSaleBehaviour1() throws
    ApplicationException {
    int vat = 503183504;
    assertFalse(hasClient(vat));
    assertThrows(ApplicationException.class, () -> {
        SaleService.INSTANCE.addSale(vat);
    });
}
```

All new sales created for a new customer must have its date the same as of creation, a total of 0.0, an open status and it needs to be associated to the right vat.

```
public void extraSaleBehaviour2() throws
    ApplicationException {
    int vat = 503183504;
    assertFalse(hasClient(vat));
    CustomerService.INSTANCE.addCustomer(vat, "FCUL",
        217500000);
    assertTrue(hasClient(vat));
    SaleService.INSTANCE.addSale(vat);
    List<SaleDTO> sales =
        SaleService.INSTANCE.getSaleByCustomerVat(vat).sales;
    SimpleDateFormat dateFormat = new
        SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
    for (SaleDTO curr : sales) {
        assertEquals(dateFormat.format(new Date()),
            curr.data.toString());
        assertEquals(new Double(0.0), curr.total);
        assertEquals("O", curr.statusId);
        assertEquals(vat, curr.customerVat);
    }
}
```

2.2 Sale Deliveries Behavior

After a sale has been closed, it should not be possible to add a delivery for that sale

```
public void extraSaleDeliveryBehaviour1() throws
    ApplicationException {
    int vat = 197672337;
    assertTrue(hasClient(vat));
    SaleService.INSTANCE.addSale(vat);
    assertEquals("O",
        SaleService.INSTANCE.getSaleById(1).statusId);
    SaleService.INSTANCE.updateSale(1);
    assertEquals("C",
        SaleService.INSTANCE.getSaleById(1).statusId);
    assertThrows(ApplicationException.class, () -> {
        SaleService.INSTANCE.addSaleDelivery(1, 1);
    });
}
```

After removing a customer, its sale deliveries should be removed as well

```
public void extraSaleDeliveryBehaviour2() throws
    ApplicationException {
    int vat = 197672337;
    assertTrue(hasClient(vat));
    SaleService.INSTANCE.addSaleDelivery(1, 1);
    assertNotEquals(0, SaleService.INSTANCE
        .getSalesDeliveryByVat(vat).sales_delivery.size());
    CustomerService.INSTANCE.removeCustomer(vat);
    assertFalse(hasClient(vat));
    assertEquals(0, SaleService.INSTANCE
        .getSalesDeliveryByVat(vat).sales_delivery.size());
}
```

3 Mockito

4 Bugs found

4.1 Customer Removal

After removing a registered customer from the system, its addresses, sales and sale deliveries were still kept in the database.

4.1.1 Reproduction

1. Create e new customer
2. Add an address
3. Insert a new sale
4. Insert a new sale delivery using the previous two information
5. Remove the customer
6. Use the customer's vat number to search for sales/sale deliveries

4.1.2 Solution

First implement in the Address, Sale and SaleDelivery RDGW classes, the methods responsible for deleting all addresses, sales and sale deliveries, respectively, given a customer VAT number. Then, use them to delete the information in the *removeCustomer* method in the *CustomerService* Java class.

4.2 Insert new sales for non-existent customers

The system allows the creation of new sales associated to VAT numbers that do not belong to any customer registered in the system.

4.2.1 Reproduction

1. Click on "Enter new sale"
2. Enter a VAT number that is not registered to any customer

4.2.2 Solution

Within the *addSale* method from the *SaleService* class, use the method *getCustomerByVATNumber* from the *CustomerRDGW* class, to query the Customer's DB table, using his VAT number. If such customer does not exist, the system should raise an exception.

4.3 Adding an address

The system allows the addition of addresses with invalid/empty parameters. For instance, one could add an address empty address or even an address where the zip code has no numbers, or a locality that is only numbers.

4.3.1 Reproduction

1. Click on "Insert new Address to Customer"
2. Enter a VAT number that is registered to a customer
3. Fill the fields with wrong values, or leave them empty
4. Insert the address

4.3.2 Solution

Before inserting the address into the database, there should be a validation of the fields written by the user. There could also be a regular expression validation in the form itself.

4.4 Adding a sale delivery for a closed sale

The system allows the creation of a Sale Delivery for a Sale that has already been closed.

4.4.1 Reproduction

1. Add a Customer
2. Add an address and sale for that Customer
3. Close the sale previously created
4. Create a Sale Delivery using the address and sale created previously

4.4.2 Solution

Before creating the Sale delivery, the system should verify that the sale chosen is still open. This could be done through the use of SaleRDGW's `getSaleById` method.

4.5 RDGW missing attribute initialization

The constructor of *SaleDeliveryRowDataGateway* is not initializing the attribute *address_id* and the constructor of *SaleRowDataGateway* is not initializing the attributes *total* and *statusId*.

4.5.1 Solution

Using the *ResultSet* object passed to the constructor, initialize the previously mentioned attributes.

4.6 Creation of unnecessary objects

The RDGW classes have empty constructors, that are being used to create RDGW objects in order to use their instance methods. This is a bad practice, this methods should be re factored to static, and the empty constructors removed. The methods in particular are getters, that return a RDGW object, or a list of RDGW's.

4.6.1 Solution

Remove all RDGW empty constructors, then the Eclipse IDE will signal the places where they were previously used to invoke instance methods, change those methods to static, and then instead of using "new xRDGW().get..." use "xRDGW.get...".