```
function [f,k,m]=pa2dr(t,v,vd)
%==================%
% t - time
v = [x;y;z;w]
% xd - derivative of x
% yd - derivative of y
% zd - derivative of z
% wd - derivative of w
% We suppose: xd^2+yd^2=1
x=v(1); y=v(2); z=v(3); w=v(4);
xd=vd(1); yd=vd(2); zd=vd(3); wd=vd(4);
[vxy dx_vxy dy_vxy dx_dx_vxy dy_dx_vxy dx_dy_vxy dy_dy_vxy] =
cv2dr(v);
% vxy- sound velocity field
k_31=(w*dx_dx_vxy-z*dx_dy_vxy)/vxy-(w*dx_vxy-z*dy_vxy)*dx_vxy/vxy^2;
k_32=(w*dy_dx_vxy-z*dy_dy_vxy)/vxy-(w*dx_vxy-z*dy_vxy)*dy_vxy/vxy^2;
k_33=-wd-dy_vxy/vxy;
k_34=zd+dx_vxy/vxy;
k 41=0;
k_42=0;
k 43=zd;
k_44=wd;
% System of differential equations without equal sign and all reduced
% to the left hand side
f = [xd - z;
  yd-w;
  zd*w-wd*z+(w*dx_vxy-z*dy_vxy)/vxy;
 % zd*z+wd*w-vxy*(dx_vxy*z+dy_vxy*w)];
  zd*z+wd*w];
% Jacobian with respect to vector v: x,y,z,w
k=[0,0,-1,0;
  0,0,0,-1;
   k_31,k_32,k_33,k_34;
   k_41,k_42,k_43,k_44];
%Jacobian with respect to vector vd: xd, yd, zd, wd
m = [1, 0, 0, 0;
  0,1,0,0;
  0,0,w,-z;
  0,0,z,w];
end
```

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