# **Characterising Volunteers' Task Execution Patterns Across Projects**

on Multi-Project Citizen Science Platforms







## Citizen Science

Partnership

SCIENTISTS + ORDINARY PEOPLE



#### **Citizen Science Projects**

Want to work on some real NASA science? Click on one of the projects below to get started.

Projects with the  $\dot{\mathbf{X}}$  icon can be done by anyone, anywhere, with just a cellphone or laptop.

# Wey ■ Universe ■ Solar System ■ Sun ■ Earth Stardust@Home ★ GLOBE Observer: Clouds, Land Cover, Mosquito...







https://science.nasa.gov/citizenscience

## Offline and Online



#### FEATURED PROJECT

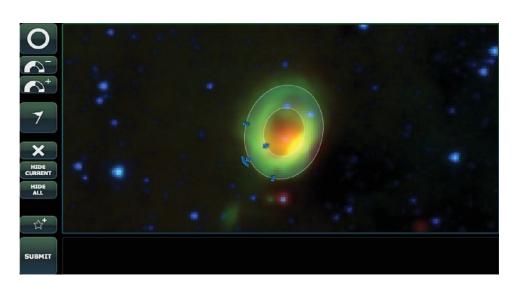


https://zooniverse.org

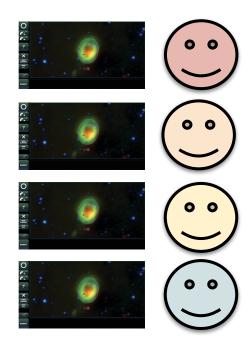
### **Motivations of Volunteers**

- Wish to contribute to science
- Willing to volunteer for a cause
- Feel it is important to help
- Have a personal interest in the topic studied
- Desire to learn something new
- Desire to discover something new
- Desire to spend time in nature
- Socialising with like-minded people

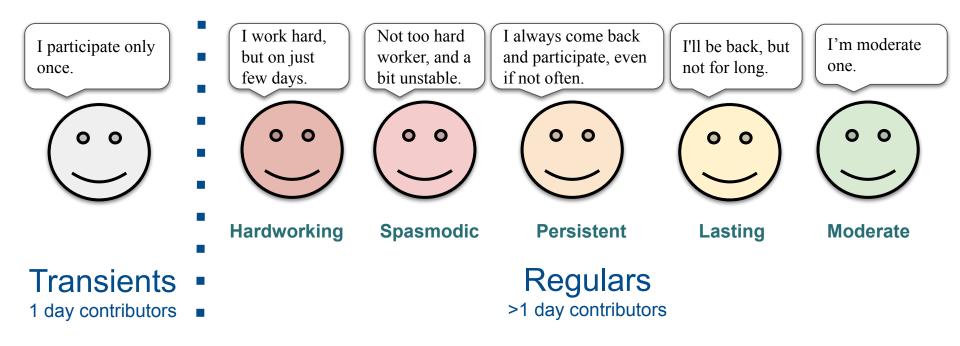
## Crowd-sourced Citizen Science Projects Human Computation Tasks



Example of a task from **The Milky Way Project** 



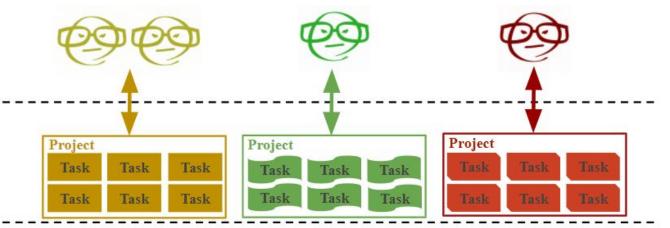
## Volunteers' Engagement Profiles



## Multi-Project Platforms

**Scientists** (or research teams) join the platform, create projects, their tasks, and receive their outcomes

**Platform** manages projects, the execution of tasks, and activities of scientists and volunteers



**Volunteers** join the platform, search for projects, and perform tasks on those they are willing to participate











#### **Research Questions**

### <u>Understanding</u>

- 1. to what extent the multi-project nature of platforms facilitate the attraction of volunteers to new projects
- 2. to what extent the existence of multiple projects can lead volunteers to engage with the platform regularly
- 3. what are the main features of multi-project platforms fostering a cross-project engagement

## Using Goal, Question and Metrics (GQM) for Measuring Cross-Project Engagement

Perspective	Goal	Question	Metric
Volunteer	To discover new relevant projects in which they can contribute and sustainably engage with them.	To what extent does the volun- teer experience the diversity of projects available on the plat- form?	Exploration rate
		To what extent does the volunteer regularly engage with the projects available on the platform?	Engagement rate
		Do multi-project volunteers stay on the platform longer than single- project volunteers?	Relative activity duration

## Metrics for multi-project citizen science

#### **VOLUNTEERS**

Exploration rate

Engagement rate

Relative activity duration

#### **PLATFORM**

Inequality in volunteers' recruitment by the projects

Inequality in the received contribution by the projects

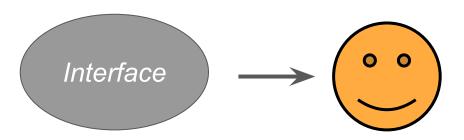
#### **SCIENTISTS**

Balance in recruitment

Balance in computing

## Using Semiotic Inspection Method (SIM) for Inspecting Cross-Project Features

Our purpose is to understand what the designers are communicating to the users about multiples projects.



Analysis of metalinguistic signs

Analysis of static signs

Analysis of dynamics signs

Collate & compare

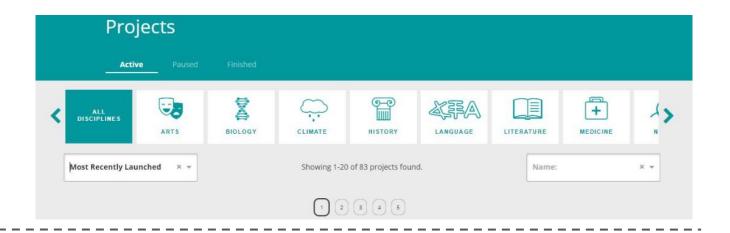
Appreciation of the quality of the metacommunication

### **Materials and Methods**

#### **Multi-Project Citizen Science Platforms**

Platform	#Volunteers	#Projects	Qualitative (GQM)	Qualitative (SIM)
Crowdcrafting	26,133	22	X (2012-2014)	X (2018)
GeoTagX	727	16	X (2013-2015)	-
Socientize	1,667	10	X (2014-2016)	-
Zooniverse	-	-	-	X (2018)
CitSci.org	-	-	-	X (2018)

## Signs of project search

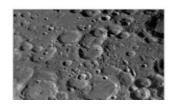


Featured projects

Signs of projects preferred or recommended by the platform

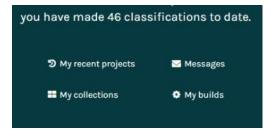








Signs of volunteer's projects

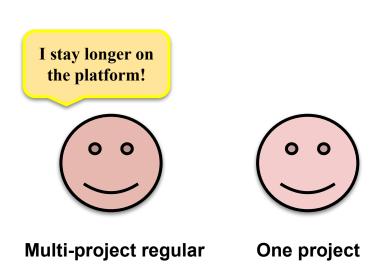


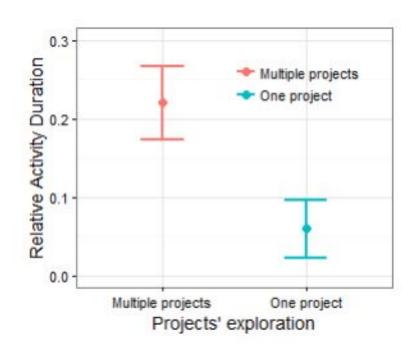
Show More		Member			
Show More +		Edit Profile			
# Home	<b>Ⅲ</b> My Projects	My Observations	<b>♥</b> My Locations	<b>■ My Preferences</b>	

## Volunteers typical behaviour: <u>platform transient</u>, and <u>one project</u>. Few volunteers are <u>multi-project explorers</u>.

Dimension	Classes	Crowdcrafting	Socientize	GeoTag-X
	Platform regular	7%	33%	27%
Platform	Platform transient	93%	67%	73%
	Sum	100%	100%	100%
Project	Multi-project explorer	15%	13%	26%
	Multi-project regular	1%	5%	6%
	One project	84%	82%	68%
	Sum	100%	100%	100%

### Multi-project regulars stay longer on the platform





Only regular Volunteers - GeoTag-X platform

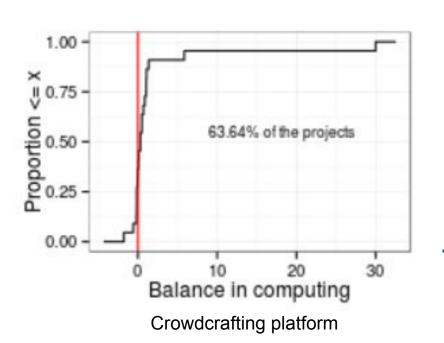
## Inequality: many projects, but few attract volunteers and few receive their contribution.

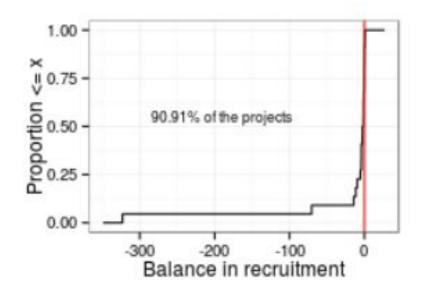
Platform	Inequality in volun- teers recruitment	Inequality in received contribution	
Crowdcrafting	0.93	0.95	
GeoTag-X	0.47	0.64	
Socientize 0.		0.80	

<sup>\*</sup> Gini coefficient

Few projects attract most of the attention from the volunteers and are responsible for most of the activity of the volunteers on the platforms.

## New projects inherit fewer volunteers from the platform than they recruit





... but such inherited volunteers perform more tasks than the recruited ones

### Implications for Design

- 1. Platforms should encourage a cross-project engagement
  - a. when the volunteer has not permanently engaged with a project
  - b. when the volunteer is exhibiting an explorer behaviour
  - c. when the project in which the volunteer is regular has been completed
- 2. Projects' recommendations should be personalised to each volunteer according to their participation preferences and behaviour
- 3. Platforms should provide feedback and recognition to the volunteers for their multi-project participation

### **Take Home Message**

- Volunteers participate, but they engage little in multiple projects
- There is significant inequality in the attention projects receive from volunteers in multi-project platforms
- Recruiting volunteers from other projects is a positive thing for projects, volunteers, and the platform

#### **Current and Future Work**

- 1. Citizen science in HCI research
- 2. Engagement online versus offline
- 3. Recommendations and explanations in Human Computation tasks

## Thank you!

If you are interested, read our paper:)



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