

## Poker Playbook Analysis: A Comparative Study of Winner and Losing players

Presentation n

João Miguel Cortez Sobral

# Poker Hand Rankings



#### Straight:

Five consecutive cards of different suits.

#### Three of a Kind:

Three cards of the same rank.

#### **Two Pairs:**

Two sets of two cards with the same rank.

#### One Pair:

Two cards of the same rank.

#### High Card:

The highest card in the hand

# Poker terminology





Measures winnings per 100 hands 1bb/100 = 0.20 cents per 100 hands 10bb/100 = 2 euros per 100 hands - 10bb/100 = - 2 euros per 100 hands **Voluntarily put money in pot(VPIP)** 

Percentage of Hands a Player plays



# Background and Methodology

01

### **Project Details**

The primary goal of this project was to dive into players behavior in online poker, focusing on the NL 25 room of PokerKing.

By analyzing strategies employed during gameplay, we aimed to uncover insights into winning and losing player dynamics.

02

#### **Data Details**

We acquired a substantial dataset of 1.5 million poker hands from HH dealer.

This raw data was then transformed into a usable format through PokerTracker, facilitating its analysis. The dataset was further refined and processed using Jupyter Notebook and SQL to draw meaningful conclusions.

03

## Hypothesis testing

Our project's hypothesis centered around understanding which specific gameplay statistics had the most influence on winnings and losses.

Through rigorous statistical testing, we aimed to pinpoint these influential factors and establish their significance in player performance.

04

## **Logistic regression**

To gain a deeper understanding of player types, we classified participants as either "sharks" (successful players) or "fishes" (less successful players) based on their in-game winnings. Utilizing logistic regression, we modeled the relationships between various statistics and player classification, imrpoving our insights into the distinct strategies adopted by different player categories.

# Key findings on hypothesis testing

Null Hypothesis (HO): The means of all the statistics are the same for "Fish" players compared to "Shark" players.

Alternative Hypothesis (Ha): At least one of the means of all the statistics are different for "Fish" players compared to "Shark" players.

With a 95% confidence level, the results indicated that the means of several statistics significantly differ between "Fish" and "Shark" players therefore we reject HO and confirm the Ha:(At least one of the means of all the statistics are different for "Fish" players compared to "Shark" players.)



## Sharks(winning players)

- -Play less hands in general (VPIP mean: 24.8%)
- -Call less hands (Call any preflop raise mean: 13.5%)
- -Make less limps (Limp mean: 1.1%)
- -Are more agressive when playing (3 bet mean: 8.7%)(4bet mean: 7.65%)
- -Give up more versus agression when playing (Fold to 3 bet mean: 75%) (Fold to 4 bet + mean: 60%)



## Fishes(Losing players)

- -Play more hands in general (VPIP mean: 28.8%)
- -Call more hands (Call any preflop raise mean:21.4%)
- -Make more limps (Limp mean: 4.5%)
- -Are less agressive when playing (3 bet mean: 7.7%) (4bet mean: 6.2%)
- -Give up less versus agression when playing (Fold to 3 bet mean: 70.5%) (Fold to 4 bet + mean: 56.8%)

# Diving deeper into findings



#### Sharks(winning players)

- -Play less hands in general (VPIP mean: 24.8%)
- -Call less hands (Call any preflop raise mean: 13.5%)
- -Make less limps (Limp mean: 1.1%)
- -Are more agressive when playing (3 bet mean: 8.7%)(4bet mean: 7.65%)
- -Give up more versus agression when playing (Fold to 3 bet mean: 75%) (Fold to 4 bet + mean: 60%)

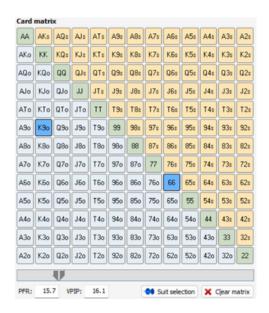
#### Avg Played hands by sharks (VPIP)



## Avg call any preflop raise by sharks(cpfr))



#### **Avg limp by sharks**





#### Fishes(Losing players)

- -Play more hands in general (VPIP mean: 28.8%)
- -Call more hands (Call any preflop raise mean:21.4%)
- -Make more limps (Limp mean: 4.5%)
- -Are less agressive when playing (3 bet mean: 7.7%) (4bet mean: 6.2%)
- -Give up less versus agression when playing (Fold to 3 bet mean: 70.5%) (Fold to 4 bet + mean: 56.8%)

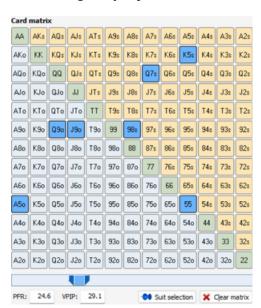
#### Avg Played hands by fishes (VPIP)



### Avg call any preflop raise by fishes(cpfr))



#### **Avg limp by fishes**



#### List of hands that Fishes play and sharks don't: List of hands that Fishes call and sharks don't:



10 0 5 K 0 0 0



List of hands that Fishes limp and sharks don't:



# Logistic regression

Our logistic regression model was designed to predict player types (Fish or Shark) based on significant gameplay statistics (discovered on hypothesis testing).

While achieving an accuracy of 65.59%, which signifies a moderate performance in classifying players, we observed certain variations in precision, recall, and F1-score metrics.

For Fish players, the model achieved a precision of 0.75, indicating that out of the instances predicted as Fish, 75% were indeed Fish. The recall for Fish was 0.67, meaning that the model identified 67% of actual Fish players. The F1-score, a harmonic mean of precision and recall, was 0.71 for Fish.

For Shark players, the precision was 0.54, signifying that 54% of instances predicted as Sharks were truly Sharks. The recall for Sharks was 0.63, indicating that the model successfully identified 63% of actual Shark players. The F1-score for Sharks was 0.58.

On what concerns to the confusion matrix, there were 38 instances of Fish players misclassified as Sharks, and 26 instances of Shark players misclassified as Fish.

Model Accuracy: 0.6559139784946236

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Fish	0.75	0.67	0.71	116
Shark	0.54	0.63	0.58	70
accuracy			0.66	186
macro avg	0.64	0.65	0.64	186
weighted avg	0.67	0.66	0.66	186

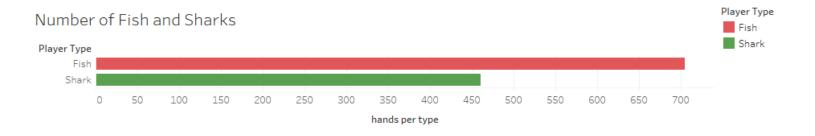
Confusion Matrix:

[[78 38] [26 44]]

C:\Users\jmcso\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\line
SQP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

the number of iterations (max\_iter sikit-learn.org/stable/modu to the documentati

## Data Visualizations with Tableau: **Insights through Interactive Graphics**



#### **Number of player by type:**

Fishes: 704 Sharks:460

Total players: 1164



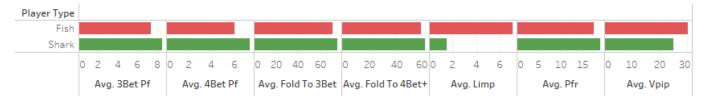


#### **Total hands played by type:**

Fishes: 3 301 180 Sharks: 3 652 707

Total hands played: 6 953 887

#### Average statistics for sharks(winning) and fishes(losing) players



#### Avg

winnings/100

hands

Player Typ

#### **Average winnings bb/100 by type:**

Fishes:  $-19.88 == -(0.25 \times 19.88) == Lose 4.97\$$  per 100 hands on average

Sharks: 10.15 == 0.25 +10.15 == Win 2.54\$ every 100 hands on average

# Lab: Identifying fishes through statistics

Read Me: The goal of this lab is to identify if a player is likely to be a fish or a shark and state at least 3 reasons for your decision.

Next to each player, you will be able to see a HUD( Heads-up Display) a tool frequently used by poker players to visualize each player statistics.

#### Hints

## Fishes (Losing players) profiling according to our findings:

- -Play more hands in general (bigger VPIP%)
- -Call more hands (bigger Call any preflop raise%)
- -Make more limps (bigger Limp%)
- -Are less agressive when playing (smaller 3 bet%)(smaller 4bet%)
- -Give up less versus agression when playing (smaller Fold to 3 bet %) (smaller Fold to 4 bet%)







# The floor is open for questions!

