

10)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	0	4	8	12	16	20	0	4	8	12	16	20	0	4	8	12	16	20
5	0	5	10	15	20	0	5	10	15	20	0	5	10	15	20	0	5	10	15	20	0	5	10	15
6	0	6	12	18	0	6	12	18	0	6	12	18	0	6	12	18	0	6	12	18	0	6	12	18
7	0	7	14	21	0	7	14	21	0	7	14	21	0	7	14	21	0	7	14	21	0	7	14	21
8	0	8	16	0	8	16	0	8	16	0	8	16	0	8	16	0	8	16	0	8	16	0	8	16
9	0	9	18	3	12	21	6	15	0	9	18	3	12	21	6	15	0	9	18	3	12	21	6	15
10	0	10	20	6	16	5	12	22	1	19	4	14	0	10	20	6	16	5	12	22	1	19	4	14
11	0	11	22	9	20	7	18	5	18	3	14	1	12	23	10	21	8	19	6	14	4	15	2	11
12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12
13	0	13	1	15	4	17	8	14	8	22	10	23	12	1	14	3	16	5	19	7	20	9	22	11
14	0	14	4	18	8	22	12	2	16	6	20	10	0	14	4	18	8	22	12	2	16	6	20	10
15	0	15	6	20	12	8	18	9	0	15	6	21	12	3	18	9	0	15	6	21	12	3	18	9
16	0	16	8	0	16	8	0	16	8	0	16	8	0	16	8	0	16	8	0	16	8	0	16	8
17	0	17	10	3	20	13	6	23	16	9	2	19	12	5	23	15	8	13	18	11	4	21	10	2
18	0	18	12	6	0	18	12	6	0	18	12	6	0	18	12	6	0	18	12	6	0	18	12	6
19	0	19	14	9	4	23	18	13	8	3	22	17	12	7	2	21	16	11	6	1	20	15	10	5
20	0	20	16	12	8	4	0	20	16	12	8	4	0	20	16	12	8	4	0	20	16	12	8	4
21	0	21	18	15	12	9	6	3	9	27	18	15	12	9	6	3	9	27	18	15	12	9	6	3
22	0	22	20	18	16	14	12	10	8	6	4	2	0	22	20	18	16	14	12	10	8	6	4	2
23	0	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

portanto,

$$a = 1, \text{ ou,}$$

$$a = 5, \text{ ou}$$

$$a = 7, \text{ ou,}$$

$$a = 11, \text{ ou,}$$

$$a = 13, \text{ ou,}$$

$$a = 19, \text{ ou,}$$

$$a = 23.$$

ou seja, $u(\mathbb{Z}_{24}) =$
elementos respectivamente.

$\{1, 5, 7, 11, 13, 19, 23\}$, sendo os inversos desses elementos os próprios,
portanto, 1 é o inverso de 1, 5 de 5, 7 de 7, 11 de 11, 13 de 13, 19 de 19, 23 de 23.

Matemática Discreta II

Tarefa V

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$$9) \bar{x} \oplus (\bar{7} \odot \bar{11}) = (\bar{2} \odot \bar{x}) \oplus (\bar{2} \odot \bar{9})$$
$$\bar{x} \oplus \bar{5} = (\bar{2} \odot \bar{x}) \oplus \bar{6}$$

$$\bar{x} \oplus \bar{5} = \overline{2x} \oplus \bar{6}$$

$$\bar{5} \oplus \bar{6} = \overline{2x} \oplus \bar{x}$$

$$\bar{11} = \bar{x}$$

portanto, o valor de x para $x \in \mathbb{Z}$ tal que $0 \leq x \leq 11$ e a igualdade $\bar{x} \oplus (\bar{7} \odot \bar{11}) = \bar{2} \odot (\bar{x} \oplus \bar{9})$ é verdadeira em \mathbb{Z}_{12} é

$$\underline{x = 11}$$