

NOME: João Victor.

Turma: CT11348

Prontuário: 1990527

## Tarefa Básica

1-

$$a) 4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = \underline{\underline{24}} \quad (A)$$

$$b) 5! - 6! = 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 - 6 \cdot 5! \rightarrow 120 - 6 \cdot 120 = \\ 120 - 720 = \underline{\underline{-600}} \quad -H$$

$$c) \frac{9!}{6!} = \frac{9!}{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6!}{720} = \frac{504 \cdot 720}{720} =$$

504 (A)

$$d) \frac{98!}{100!} = \frac{98!}{100 \cdot 99 \cdot 98!} = \frac{1}{9900}$$

2-

$$\frac{1}{N!} - \frac{N}{(N+1)!} \rightarrow \frac{1}{N!} - \frac{N}{(N+1) \cdot N!} \rightarrow \frac{(N+1) \cdot 1 - N! \cdot (-N)}{N! \cdot (N+1) \cdot N!}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{N! \cdot (N+1) \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot (N)}{N! \cdot (N+1) \cdot N!} \rightarrow N! \cdot \frac{1}{N! \cdot (N+1) \cdot N!}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{N!}{N! \cdot (N+1)} = \frac{1}{(N+1)!} \quad (A)$$



3-

$$\frac{(N!)^2 - (N-1)! \cdot N!}{(N-1)! \cdot N!} \rightarrow \frac{(N!)^2 - (N-1)! \cdot N \cdot (N-1)!}{(N-1)! \cdot N \cdot (N-1)!}$$

$$\frac{N [N - (N-1)! \cdot (N-1)!]}{(N-1)! \cdot N \cdot (N-1)!} \rightarrow \frac{N - (N-1)!}{(N-1)!} =$$

N-1 (A)

4-

$$\frac{(N+2)! (N-2)!}{(N+1)! (N-1)!} = 4 \rightarrow \frac{(N+2) \cdot (N+1)! \cdot (N-2)!}{(N+1)! \cdot (N-1) \cdot (N-2)!} = 4$$

$$\frac{N+2}{N-1} = 4$$

$$\frac{N+2}{4+2} = \frac{4N-4}{3N}$$

$$\frac{6}{3} = N \quad N = 2$$

(A)

5-

$$\frac{(N+1)! - N!}{(N+1)!} = 7 \rightarrow \frac{(N+1) \cdot N! - N!}{(N+1) \cdot N!} = 7$$

$$\frac{N! [(N+1) - 1]}{(N+1) \cdot N!} = 7 \rightarrow \frac{N+1-1}{N+1} = 7$$

$$\frac{N}{N+1} = 7$$

$$N^2 + N = 7N + 7$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4AC$$

$$N^2 - 6N - 7 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 36 + 28$$

$$\Delta = 64$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2A}$$

(D)

$$x' = \frac{6+8}{2} = 7$$

$$x'' = \frac{6-8}{2} = -1$$

↳ NÃO pode ser negativo



$$6 - N \in N \quad (N-1)! [(N+1)! - N!]$$

$$N \geq 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (N-1)! [(N+1)! - N!] \\ & (N-1)! [(N+1) \cdot N \cdot (N-1)! - N \cdot (N-1)!] \\ & (N-1)! [(N-1)! [(N+1) \cdot N - N]] \\ & (N-1)! [(N-1)! [N(N+1-1)]] \\ & (N-1)! [(N-1)! [N \cdot N]] \\ & (N-1)! [(N-1)! [N^2]] \\ & (N-1)! [(N-1)! [N \cdot N]] \\ & [N(N-1)!] \cdot [N \cdot (N-1)!] \\ & (N!) \cdot (N!) = (N!)^2 \end{aligned} \quad \textcircled{D}$$

7-

$$\frac{N! + (N-1)!}{(N+1)! - N!} = \frac{6}{25} \rightarrow \frac{N \cdot (N-1)! + (N-1)!}{(N+1) \cdot N \cdot (N-1)! - N \cdot (N-1)!} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$$\frac{N \cdot (N-1)! + (N-1)!}{(N+1)[(N+1) \cdot N - N]} = \frac{6}{25} \rightarrow \frac{N + (N-1)}{(N+1) \cdot N - N} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$$(N+1) \cdot N - N = 25$$

$$N^2 = 25$$

$$N = 5$$

(C)

8-  $21! - 221 \rightarrow$  Algoritmo das dezenas

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccc} 21 & 20 & 19 & 18 & 17 & 16 & 15 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ \hline 420 & 342 & 272 & 210 & 156 & 110 & 504 & 720 & & & & & & & & & & & & & \end{array} - 221$$

$$51090942171709440000 - 221 =$$

(D)

$$51090942171709439791 \rightarrow \text{dezenas}$$