

Snog's Audio Manager

Documentation

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What this is:

A lightweight, production-oriented audio framework for Unity that provides a central AudioManager, name-based clip libraries, pooled 3D SFX, a fully featured ambient system (profiles/stack/emitters/zones), gameplay triggers, and editor tooling (preview + auto-generation of audio assets).

1. Key Features

- **Centralized audio control** via AudioManager (singleton) with Music, Ambient, and FX routing.
- **Mixer volume control** mapped to dB and applied to AudioManager exposed parameters.
- **Mixer snapshot transitions** via a **user-defined snapshot list**. Add any number of snapshots (Name + AudioManagerSnapshot reference) in the AudioManager inspector and transition by snapshot name at runtime.
- **SFX playback**
 - 2D OneShot SFX (PlaySfx2D) via a dedicated 2D FX AudioSource.
 - 3D spatial SFX (PlaySfx3D) via a pooled AudioSource system.
- **Music playback** with optional delay and fade-in/out.
- **Ambient system**
 - Ambient **profiles** made of layers (tracks + volumes).
 - A **stack** of profiles (push/pop tokens, replace/clear).
 - **World emitters** that are scored (priority + distance) and voice-capped.
 - **Ambient zones** to apply profiles by trigger volumes (Replace or Stack modes).
- **Gameplay trigger component** (AudioTrigger) to fire SFX/Music/Ambient actions and snapshot transitions when a tag enters/exits a trigger collider.
- **Editor tooling**
 - Custom inspectors with runtime testing and editor clip preview.
 - “Scan → Generate → Assign” pipeline to create ScriptableObject track assets and fill libraries automatically.

2. Requirements

- **Unity AudioMixer** workflow (AudioMixer + groups + snapshots). The manager routes sources to mixer groups and transitions snapshots.
- A Unity version that includes:
 - `FindFirstObjectByType<T>()` (used for listener discovery).
 - `FindAnyObjectByType<T>()` (used by editor inspectors).

If your Unity version does not have these APIs, replace them with `FindObjectOfType<T>()` equivalents in the few call sites (runtime is otherwise unaffected).

3. Installation

1. Import the package into your Unity project.
2. Ensure the scripts compile (Editor scripts are guarded by `#if UNITY_EDITOR`).
3. Create an AudioManager GameObject and add required components (see next section).

4. Project Setup (Mixer + Manager)

4.1 Create / Configure the AudioManager

Create an AudioManager with (at minimum) these **exposed parameters**:

- MasterVolume
- MusicVolume
- AmbientVolume
- FXVolume

AudioManager.SetVolume() writes dB values into these parameters.

4.2 Create Groups

Create mixer groups to route the system's sources:

- Music group → assign to musicGroup
- Ambient group → assign to ambientGroup
- FX group → assign to fxGroup

4.3 Create Snapshots

1. Create any mixer snapshots in your AudioManager (e.g., Default, Combat, Stealth, Underwater, Menu, LowHealth, etc.).
2. In AudioManager, add entries to Snapshots:
 - Name: the key you'll call at runtime (must be unique)
 - Snapshot: the AudioManagerSnapshot reference
3. At runtime, call TransitionToSnapshot("SnapshotName", transitionTime).

Important: Snapshot names should be **unique**. If two entries share the same name, the system will pick one (and your implementation should warn)

4.4 Create the AudioManager GameObject

Create a GameObject (e.g., Audio) and add:

- AudioManager (singleton)
- SoundLibrary
- MusicLibrary
- AmbientLibrary

AudioManager has [RequireComponent] attributes for all three libraries.

In the AudioManager inspector, assign:

- mainMixer
- musicGroup, ambientGroup, fxGroup
- snapshot references (if used)

On Awake, the manager creates internal 2D FX and Music AudioSources and applies routing.

4.5 3D FX Pool

- If fxPool is not assigned, AudioManager auto-creates an AudioSourcePool child GameObject (FX Pool) and initializes it with fxPoolSize and fxGroup.

5. Quick Start

5.1 Play SFX

```
AudioManager.Instance.PlaySfx2D("ButtonClick");
```

```
AudioManager.Instance.PlaySfx3D("Explosion", transform.position);
```

SFX names are resolved via `SoundLibrary.GetClipFromName()` and then played as 2D OneShot or via the 3D pool.

5.2 Play Music

```
AudioManager.Instance.PlayMusic("MainTheme", delay: 0f, fadeIn: 1.0f);
```

```
AudioManager.Instance.StopMusic(fadeOut: 1.0f);
```

Music names are resolved via `MusicLibrary.GetClipFromName()`. Fade-in/out is handled by coroutines inside `AudioManager`.

5.3 Ambient with Profiles + Zones

1. Create `AmbientTrack` assets.
2. Place `AmbientEmitter` components in the scene and assign each one an `AmbientTrack`.
3. Create an `AmbientProfile` asset and add layers referencing the same `AmbientTrack` assets.
4. Add `AmbientZone` triggers in your level and assign the `AmbientProfile`.

The manager uses a stack of profiles to decide which tracks are desired, scores emitters, and fades allowed emitters toward the target volume.

5.4 Use AudioTrigger

Add `AudioTrigger` to a trigger collider and configure:

- Tag to compare (default `Player`)
- Fire on Enter/Exit
- Audio Type (SFX/Music/Ambient)
- Action (e.g., `Play2D`, `Play3D`, `PlayFadeIn`, `StopMusic`, `SnapshotCombat...`)

6. Core Concepts

6.1 AudioManager

Responsibilities

- Holds mixer references and exposed volume sliders.
- Creates core sources:
 - FX 2D AudioSource (fx2DSource, 2D)
 - Music AudioSource (musicSource, 2D)
- Initializes / uses a pooled 3D FX system via AudioSourcePool.
- Runs the ambient loop coroutine that rescoreing emitters at ambientRescoreInterval and stepping volumes every frame.

Public API

Volumes

- SetVolume(float volume01, AudioChannel channel) → converts volume01 into dB and writes to AudioManager parameters.
- GetMixerVolumeDB(string parameterName) → reads a mixer parameter.

Snapshots

- TransitionToSnapshot(string snapshotName, float transitionTime)

SFX

- PlaySfx2D(string soundName) → uses fx2DSource.PlayOneShot() with scaled volume (fxVolume * masterVolume).
- PlaySfx3D(string soundName, Vector3 position) → uses fxPool.PlayClip() with scaled volume.

Music

- PlayMusic(string trackName, float delay = 0f, float fadeIn = 0f) → sets clip and optionally fades in.
- StopMusic(float fadeOut = 0f) → stops immediately or fades out then stops.

Ambient

- RegisterEmitter(AmbientEmitter emitter) / UnregisterEmitter(AmbientEmitter emitter)
- Stack operations:
 - SetAmbientProfile(AmbientProfile profile, float fade = -1f) (replace stack)
 - ClearAmbient(float fade = -1f)

- PushAmbientProfile(AmbientProfile profile, int priority = 0, float fade = -1f) returns a token.
- PopAmbientToken(int token, float fade = -1f)
- PopAmbientProfile(AmbientProfile profile, float fade = -1f)

Helpers

- TryGetSoundNames(out string[] names) / TryGetMusicNames(...) / TryGetAmbientNames(...) return sorted name lists from libraries.

6.2 Libraries (SFX/Music/Ambient)

Libraries provide **name** → **clip** resolution.

SoundLibrary

- Stores List<SoundClipData> tracks and optional InlineSoundData[] inlineSounds.
- Builds Dictionary<string, AudioClip[]> and returns a random clip variation for a given sound name.

MusicLibrary

- Stores List<MusicTrack> tracks and builds Dictionary<string, AudioClip>.

AmbientLibrary

- Stores List<AmbientTrack> tracks and builds Dictionary<string, AudioClip>.

All libraries provide

- AudioClip GetClipFromName(string name)
- string[] GetAllClipNames()
- Editor context menu: “Rebuild ... Dictionary”.

6.3 ScriptableObject Clip Assets

SoundClipData

- soundName + AudioClip[] clips (variants).

MusicTrack

- trackName, moodTag, clip, loop, description.

AmbientTrack

- trackName, moodTag, clip, description.

Note: In the current runtime implementation, `MusicTrack.loop` controls whether this track loops at runtime. If loop is enabled, the `AudioManager` sets the music `AudioSource` to loop for this track; if disabled, it plays once and stops

6.4 3D SFX Pool

`AudioSourcePool` provides pooled spatial `AudioSources`.

- Pre-builds `poolSize` sources and assigns them to `fxGroup`.
- Applies default spatial settings (`spatialBlend=1`, rolloff, min/max distance, doppler).
- `PlayClip(AudioClip clip, Vector3 pos, float volume)` plays the clip and returns the source to the pool once finished.

6.5 Ambient System

The ambient system is built from 4 pieces:

1. **AmbientTrack:** the clip data asset.
2. **AmbientEmitter:** a world object that can play an `AmbientTrack` and is controlled by the manager.
3. **AmbientProfile:** a `ScriptableObject` holding layers that reference tracks and define desired volumes.
4. **AudioManager Ambient Stack:** determines desired tracks and voice budget, scores emitters, and fades them in/out.

AmbientProfile & AmbientLayer

- `AmbientProfile` contains `AmbientLayer[]` layers and a `defaultFade`.
- Each `AmbientLayer` references an `AmbientTrack` and a target volume (0..1).
- Layers include additional metadata (priority, `randomStartTime`, `pitchRange`) and validate ranges in editor.

AmbientEmitter

- Requires an `AudioSource`, registers/unregisters with `AudioManager` on enable/disable.
- `EnsurePlaying(AudioMixerGroup)` assigns clip and plays (optionally random start time and pitch)..
- `SetTargetVolume01()` sets the desired volume; `StepVolume()` interpolates and stops the source when faded to ~ 0 .

- Ambient looping is controlled by `AmbientEmitter.loop` (per emitter). `AmbientTrack` does not define looping at runtime; emitters decide whether the clip loops.

Scoring & Voice Budget (How it decides what's audible)

At `ambientRescoreInterval`, the manager:

- Builds **desired volume per track** from all ambient profiles in the stack (max volume wins).
- Scores each emitter using:
 - stack entry priority
 - emitter priority
 - base volume
 - audibility term derived from distance to the listener
- Selects up to `maxAmbientVoices` emitters (and optionally enforces one emitter per track).
- Ensures allowed emitters are playing and sets their target volumes; disallowed emitters fade out.

Listener transform is chosen from `listenerOverride`, or auto-detected via `AudioListener` / `Camera.main`.

AmbientZone (Level Design Workflow)

`AmbientZone` is a trigger volume that activates a profile on enter.

- Supports multi-collider characters by tracking colliders inside and only reacting on the first enter / last exit.
- Two modes:
 - **Replace:** `SetAmbientProfile(profile, fade)`
 - **Stack:** `PushAmbientProfile(profile, priority, fade)` storing a token for later pop.
- Exit behavior:
 - Replace: optionally `ClearAmbient(fade)` / `ClearAmbient(0)`
 - Stack: pops the stored token (optionally with fade).
- Draws gizmos for Box/Sphere/Capsule trigger colliders.

6.6 Gameplay Triggers

`AudioTrigger` is a simple collider trigger that calls `AudioManager` actions.

- Requires a Collider and sets it to trigger in `Reset()`.

- Filters by TagToCompare (default Player) and supports firing on enter and/or exit.
- Supports delay (playDelay) and fade durations (fadeDuration).

SFX actions

- Play2D → AudioManager.PlaySfx2D(soundName)
- Play3D → AudioManager.PlaySfx3D(soundName, position) with optional local-space override position.

Music actions

- Play / PlayFadeIn → AudioManager.PlayMusic(trackName, 0f, fadeDuration)
- StopMusic → AudioManager.StopMusic(fadeDuration)
- Snapshot → AudioManager.TransitionToSnapshot(snapshotName, fadeDuration)

Ambient actions

- Play / PlayFadeIn creates a temporary AmbientProfile with one layer referencing the assigned AmbientTrack, then pushes it and stores the token.
- Stop / PopAmbient pops the stored token and clears it.

6.7 Mixer Snapshots (User-Defined)

- What it is (list of Name + Snapshot reference)
- Naming rules (unique names, avoid trailing spaces)
- How to call it (string API)
- How AudioTrigger uses it (Snapshot + snapshotName)

7. Editor Tools

7.1 AudioManager Inspector (Runtime Tools)

AudioManagerEditor adds a “ Runtime Tools” panel with:

- **Utilities (Editor):**
 - Set root audio folder
 - One-click pipeline: Scan → Generate → Assign
 - Refresh clip lists / refresh emitters
- **SFX testing:** select a sound name, play 2D/3D at a position, or preview in editor.
- **Music testing:** play with delay and fade settings, stop with fade, preview in editor.
- **Ambient stack testing:** set/clear profile, push/pop profile, pop token, inspect last token.
- **Emitters browser:** lists scene AmbientEmitter objects, ping/select them, preview their clips.
- **Snapshots:** select from the configured snapshot list.
- **Debug meters:** shows ambient stack count and dB meters for mixer parameters.

7.2 AudioTrigger Inspector

AudioTriggerEditor provides a more guided inspector:

- Shows AudioManager presence status (“Found in scene / Not found”).
- Displays only the relevant fields for selected Audio Type and Action.
- Adds preview buttons for assigned clips (SFX/Music/Ambient).
- Offers runtime music buttons (Play/Fade/Stop) if AudioManager is found.

7.3 Asset Tools: Scan → Generate → Assign

This editor-only pipeline lives in AudioManagerAssetTools.Editor.cs and can drastically speed up setup:

1. **Set Root Audio Folder** (must be under Assets/).
2. **ScanFolders**
 - Finds all AudioClips under the folder
 - Categorizes them using folder/name hints, then by clip length thresholds.
3. **GenerateScriptableObjects**
 - Creates GeneratedTracks/Music → MusicTrack

- Creates GeneratedTracks/Ambient → AmbientTrack
- Creates GeneratedTracks/SFX → SoundClipData grouped by parent folder or filename prefix.

4. **AssignToLibraries**

- Adds generated assets to MusicLibrary, AmbientLibrary, SoundLibrary on the same GameObject.

Editor Preview Note: The preview buttons use reflection to call internal Unity editor utilities (UnityEditor.AudioUtil). If Unity changes internal APIs, preview may stop working, but runtime playback remains unaffected.

8. Recommended Folder Structure & Naming

While the system works with any layout, the Editor scanner performs best with clear folder naming conventions. It looks for hints

like /music/, /bgm/, /ambient/, /ambience/, /sfx/, /fx/ and filename hints

like theme, music, ambient, sfx.

Recommended structure:

```
Assets/  
  Audio/  
    Music/  
    Ambient/  
    SFX/
```

Recommended naming conventions:

- **SFX names:** stable keys like Footstep, Door_Open, UI_Click → stored in SoundClipData.soundName.
- **Music names:** stable keys like MainTheme, CombatLoop → stored in MusicTrack.trackName.
- **Ambient names:** stable keys like ForestWind, CaveDrips → stored in AmbientTrack.trackName.

9. Troubleshooting

9.1 “Volume sliders do nothing”

- Ensure your AudioManager has exposed float parameters named exactly:
 - MasterVolume, MusicVolume, AmbientVolume, FXVolume
- Ensure mainMixer is assigned in the AudioManager inspector.

9.2 “No clips found in dropdowns / Runtime Tools shows ‘No SFX Found’”

- Confirm your libraries have assets assigned (tracks lists).
- Use the editor utilities: **Scan** → **Generate** → **Assign** to populate libraries automatically.
- Use each library’s context menu “Rebuild ... Dictionary”.

9.3 “Ambient not playing”

Check these common causes:

- There are no AmbientEmitters in the scene (the editor panel will show a count).
- Emitters have no AmbientTrack assigned, or the track has no clip. AmbientEmitter will stop immediately in that case.
- Your ambient stack is empty (stack count shows in the AudioManager inspector).
- Your zone is not triggering (tag mismatch or collider not set as trigger). AmbientZone requires a trigger collider and filters by tagToCompare.

9.4 “Editor preview buttons don’t work”

- Preview uses reflection into Unity’s internal editor audio utilities. If Unity changes those internal APIs, preview may fail. Runtime playback is unaffected.

9.5 “AudioTrigger doesn’t compile”

If you are using a version where the SFX null/empty check was accidentally malformed, fix it as follows:

```
if (sfxClip == null || string.IsNullOrEmpty(sfxClip.soundName))
{
    return;
}
```

The trigger expects a valid AudioClipData and a non-empty soundName for SFX actions.

9.6 “Snapshots don’t work”

- Make sure the target snapshot exists in the AudioManager.
- Also ensure it is added to AudioManager > Snapshots (User-Defined) with a unique name.
- Don’t forget to call TransitionToSnapshot("Name", time) with the exact configured name.

10. FAQ

Q: Does this require an AudioManager?

Yes — AudioManager routes sources to AudioManagerGroups and sets exposed mixer parameters for volumes.

Q: Can I play many 3D SFX at once?

Yes — AudioSourcePool provides pooled sources, and if the pool is empty it will create an additional source to avoid missing playback.

Q: How does ambient voice limiting work?

The manager scores emitters by priority + distance and allows up to maxAmbientVoices (optionally enforcing only one emitter per track). It then fades allowed emitters toward their target volumes.

Q: Can I layer ambient (river over forest)?

Yes — use the ambient **stack** via PushAmbientProfile() or AmbientZone in **Stack** mode.

11. Support & Extending

Extending ideas (common additions)

- **Layer priority integration:** AmbientLayer contains a priority field but the provided manager scoring uses stack entry priority and emitter priority; you can incorporate layer priority into scoring if desired.
- **Listener caching:** ambient scoring calls listener discovery; you can set listenerOverride for explicit control.

For Additional Support

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Credits

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