

How Income Levels Affect Health Outcomes in the Hispanic Population in Florida



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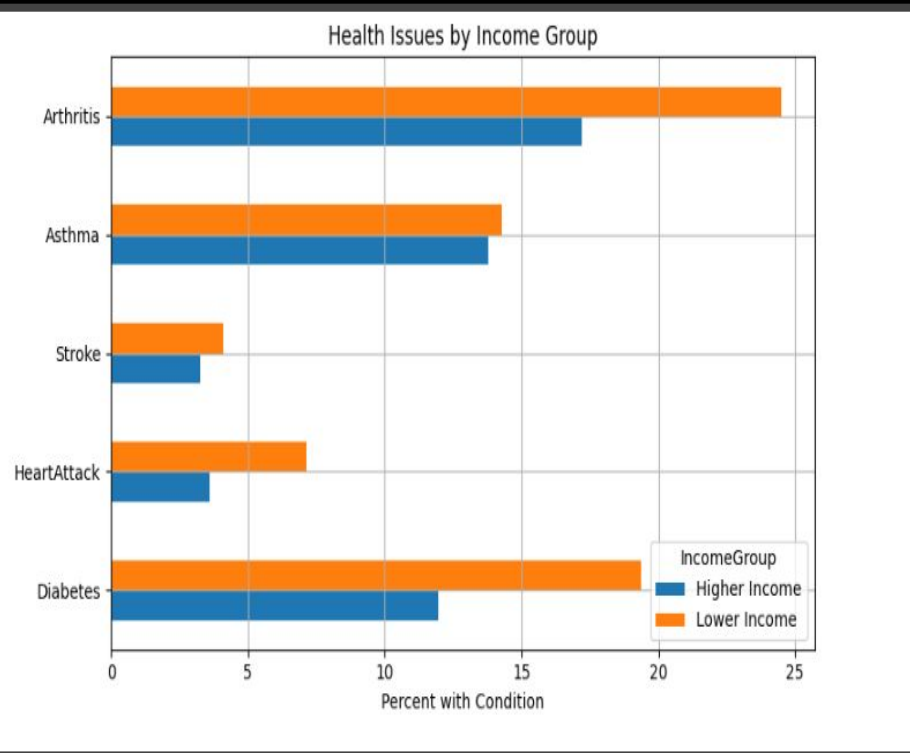
Why This Topic Matters

- Health disparities affect minority groups, especially those with lower income.
- Florida's Hispanic population is diverse, with wide income gaps.
- Income impacts access to care, insurance, and health outcomes.
- Studying this helps address healthcare gaps in this community.

Research Questions & Methodology

- What are the most common health issues in lower-income Hispanic individuals, and how do they compare with higher-income groups?-Jocelyn Moran
- How does income level correlate with access to healthcare services among the Hispanic population in Florida? - Alex Moller
- Does income predict the likelihood of having health insurance in the Hispanic community?- Jacob Papesch
- Dataset: 2023 BRFSS(**Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System**), filtered for Florida's Hispanic population from CDC
- Tools: Descriptive statistics, correlation, regression, hypothesis testing
- Software: Python, pandas, seaborn, scipy

What are the Most Common Health Issues?



How do they compare with higher-income groups?

- Diabetes and arthritis are significantly more common in lower-income Hispanic individuals
- Heart attacks, strokes, and asthma show small differences, but not statistically significant
- Lower-income individuals often face more limited access to healthcare and insurance

Analysis

- This suggests that income level plays a role in physical health outcomes, especially for chronic conditions like diabetes and arthritis.

Chi square test to
see if differences
Statistically
Significant

Significant results:

- Diabetes ($p = 0.0138$)
- Arthritis ($p = 0.034$)

Not Significant results:

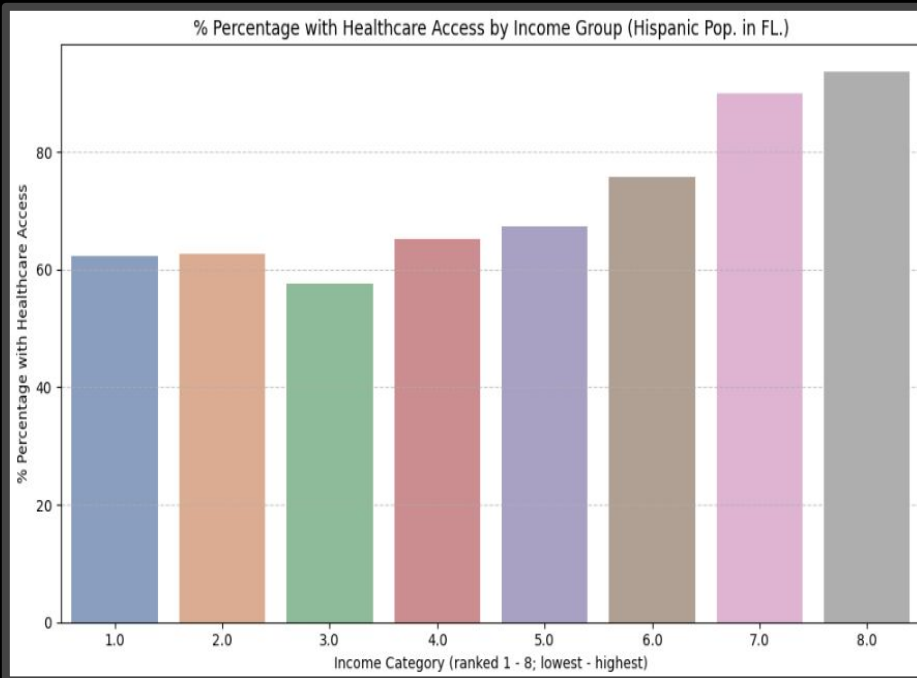
- Heart Attack
($p = 0.067$)
- Stroke ($p = 0.755$)
- Asthma ($p = 0.952$)

What It Means

- P value tests for diabetes and arthritis show statistically significant results (0.013 and $0.034 < 0.05$)

Are These Differences Real or Due to Chance?

How does income level correlate with access to healthcare services among the Hispanic population in Florida?



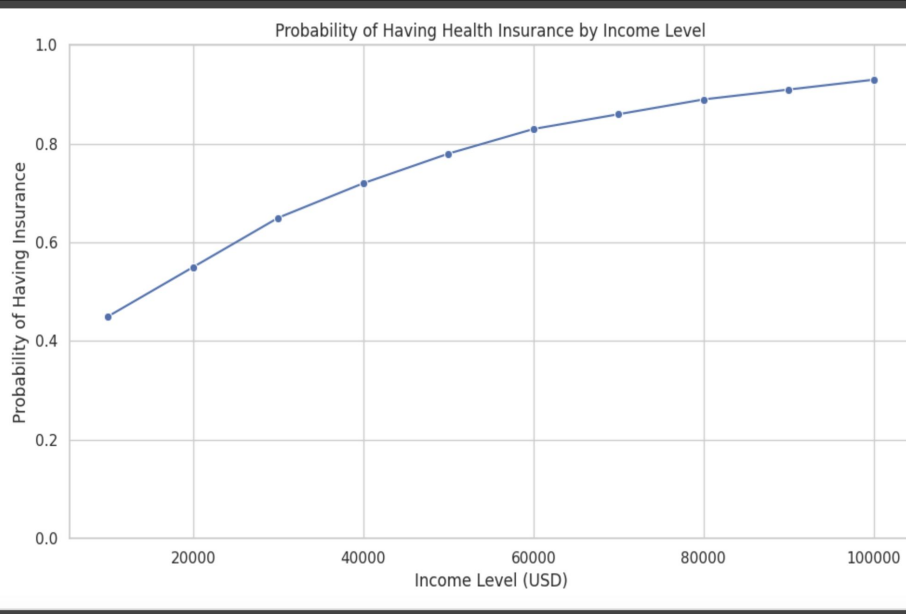
How does the variability in healthcare access differ between low-income and high-income Hispanic communities in Florida

- Higher-income (6-8): Consistent healthcare access
- Lower-income (1-3): Lower percentage of healthcare access
- Between the groups (5-6) show an significant economic difference where the graph starts to show a trend in the data, increasing.

Analysis

- The visualization presents data that corresponds with higher income groups with a greater % of healthcare access
- Groups (1 - 5) do not show any significant difference in coverage
- Since the P value is $0.00 < 0.05$, the values are statistically significant

Does income predict the likelihood of having health insurance in the Hispanic community?



How do they compare with higher-income groups?

- Based on the data, higher income households have up to about a 93% probability of having health insurance
- There is a probability disparity of probability of about 50% between the highest and lowest recorded income levels.

Analysis

- There is a consistent positive correlation in income and probability of having health insurance
- The most dramatic probability increase happens in income values up to 60 thousand
- The probability difference at income values of 60 thousands and above, while still a positive correlation, being to plateau

Conclusion

Summary of Findings:

- Lower-income groups have less access to healthcare and insurance
- Higher rates of chronic illnesses like diabetes and arthritis
- Income level strongly affects health outcomes in Florida's Hispanic community

Recommendations:

- Expand affordable and comprehensive health insurance
- Increase preventive care access in low-income communities
- Invest in affordable housing so families can prioritize health needs
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