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# The Babylonian method for finding square roots - also known as Herons method

Reference: Algorithmen - von Hammurapi bis Gödel, 4. Auflage, Springer Spektrum, Wiesbaden 2016, 3.2 1

### 1 The standard procedure

The algorithm of Heron, in general, only gives approximate solutions. It it artificially stopped when the precision reached in the process reaches a certain threshold level, given by the value of a variable called epsilon.

```
(%i1) epsilon: 0.000000001 $;
(%i2) Heron(a) :=
       block([x:a],
        while abs(a-x*x) > epsilon do x: (x+a/x)/2,
        x) $;
                     /* For highest precision integer and fractional arithmetic is applied */
(%i3) Heron(5);
      4870847
      2178309
(%i4) Heron(5.0); /* The input 5.0 signals that floating point arithmetic is wanted */
(%04) 2.236067977499978
(%i5) Heron(25);
      3433683820310959228731558640897
       686736764054813148116827907533
                      /* an effect of floating point arithmetic */
(%i6) Heron(25.0);
(%06) 5.00000000053722
```

# 2 Some experiments with number formats and precision

```
(%i7) fpprec : 100; /* set precision to 100 */
(fpprec) 100

(%i8) epsilon : bfloat(1.0e-100); /* set epsilon to high value */;
(epsilon)

1.00000000000000000199918998026[45 Ziffern]5554346761767628861329299b-100

(%i9) Heron(bfloat(25));
(%o9) 5.0b0
```

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```
(%i10) Heron(bfloat(25.0));
(%o10) 5.0b0

(%i11) %^2;
(%o11) 2.5b1

(%i12) Heron(28); /* very long integers are not fully displayed */
(%o12)

420201030217856789823046486169[758 Ziffern]082255392129985727377479940097
/
794105304721133035682668109886[757 Ziffern]693488613714378385682910352384
```

## 3 Enforce complete display of long integers

```
(%i13) set_display(ascii) $ /* display integers in full length - mind the division sign / */
(%i14) Heron(28);
```

(%o14) 42020103021785678982304648616990686401445444313142507583121065358627224 210198527601946082255392129985727377479940097/79410530472113303568266810988633 

```
(%i15) Heron(bfloat(28.0));
```

(%o15) 5.291502622129181181003231507278520851420518366164900360736668918402137\ 646460567255520785772949087221b0

```
(%i16) %^2; /* square the last output */
(%o16) 2.8b1
```

#### 4 Several output types

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```
/* output type: [fraction, floating point number, bigfloat] */
(%i17) Heron 2(a) :=
       block([x:a],
        while abs(a-x*x) > epsilon do x: (x+a/x)/2,
        [x, float(x), bfloat(x)] ) $;
(%i18) Heron 2(5);
           316837008400094222150776738483768236006420971486980607
```

141693817714056513234709965875411919657707794958199867

Some checks

% gives the last output

^2 operates on every element of the output list

97245410520925637804899414414408378782275b0]

#### (%i19) %**^2**;

(%o19) [1003856898919213766887542399928262567048796276831819015150993986134656\ 18884806971304035121947368905594088449/200771379783842753377508479985652513409 75925536636380303019879722693123776961394260807024389473781118817689. 5.00000000000001, 5.0b0]

2.23606797749979, 2.2360679774997896964091736687312762354406183596115257242708

Some checks with the same results using map and lambda

#### (%i20) map(lambda([x], x^2), Heron\_2(5));

(%o20) [1003856898919213766887542399928262567048796276831819015150993986134656\ 18884806971304035121947368905594088449/200771379783842753377508479985652513409 75925536636380303019879722693123776961394260807024389473781118817689, 5.00000000000001, 5.0b0]