

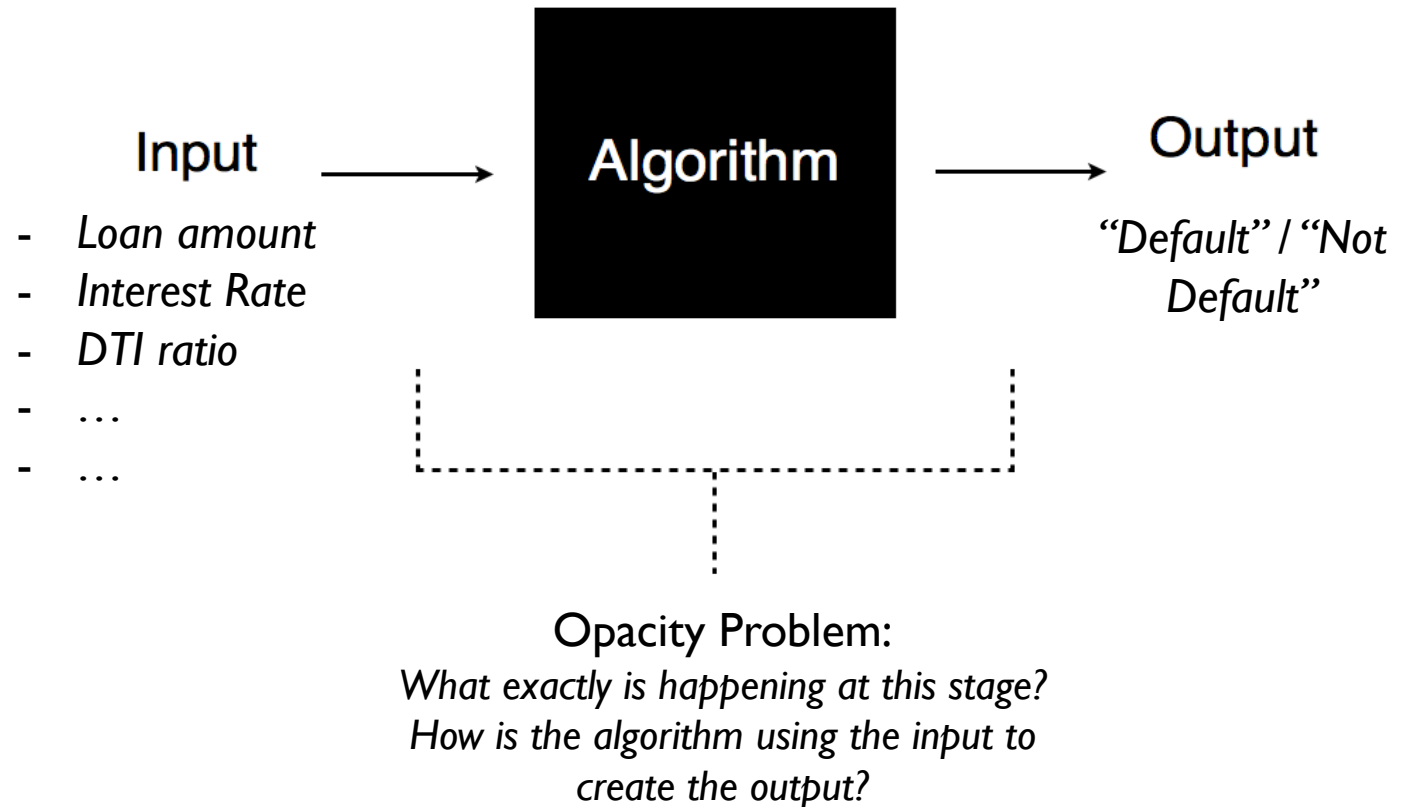
**“I think we need to be a little more specific during step 2”**

# EXPLAINING BLACK BOX CREDIT RISK MODELS

JOSEPH MCHUGH

# THE PROBLEM OF EXPLAINABILITY

- Complex machine learning algorithms are being increasingly used by lending institutions
- The lack of explainability that these black box models present has become problematic.





*“it is often the case that neither the trained model nor its individual predictions are readily explainable, but regulators and consumers demand explanations”*

*–FICO, 2018*

## WHY DOES IT MATTER?

1. Regulatory Compliance
2. Customer Understanding
3. Identifying Biases

# DATA USED

- Lending Club Data
- Period is from 2007-2018
- 2.6 million observations
- 148 feature columns



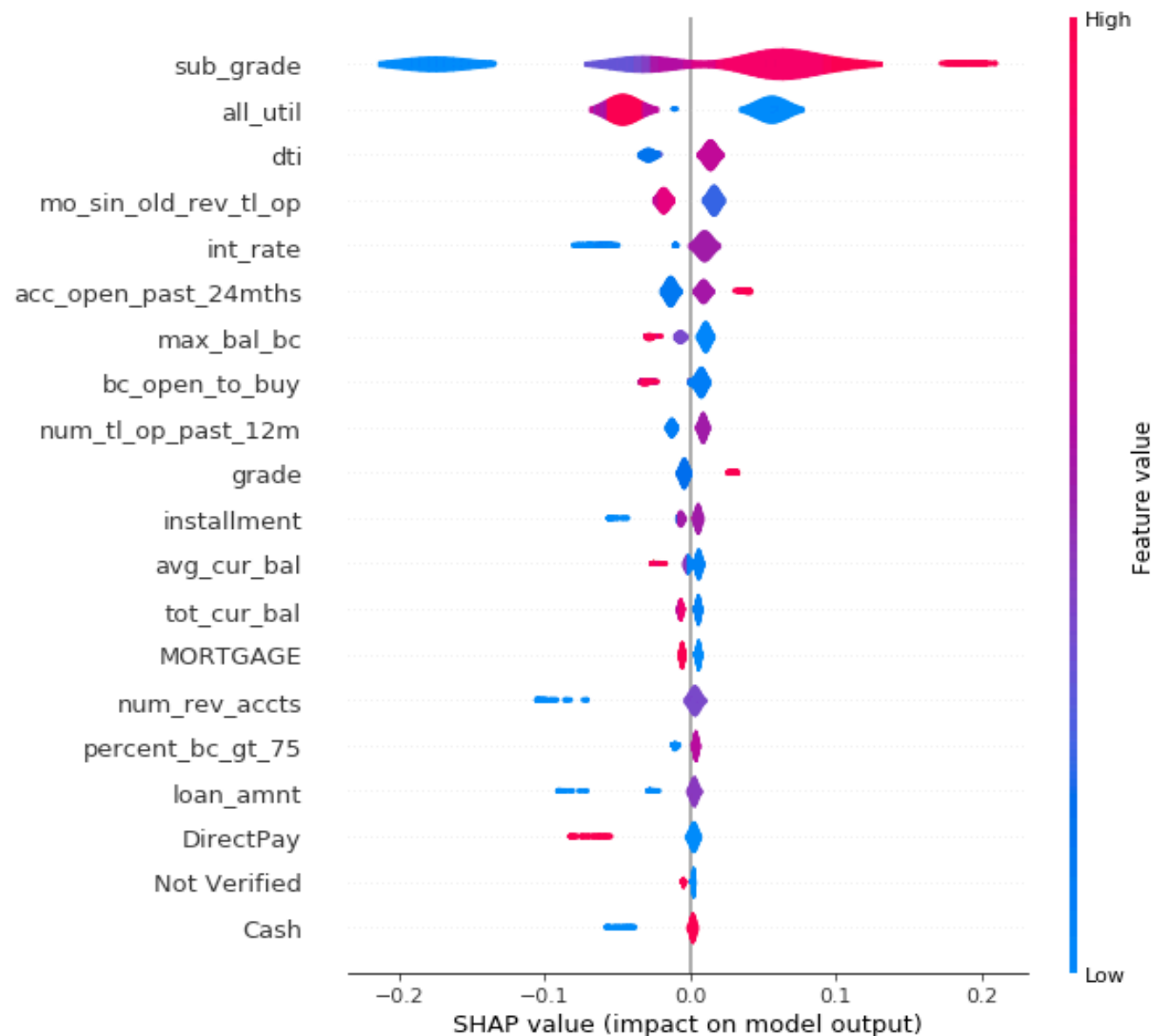


# THE MODEL: SEQUENTIAL NEURAL NETWORK

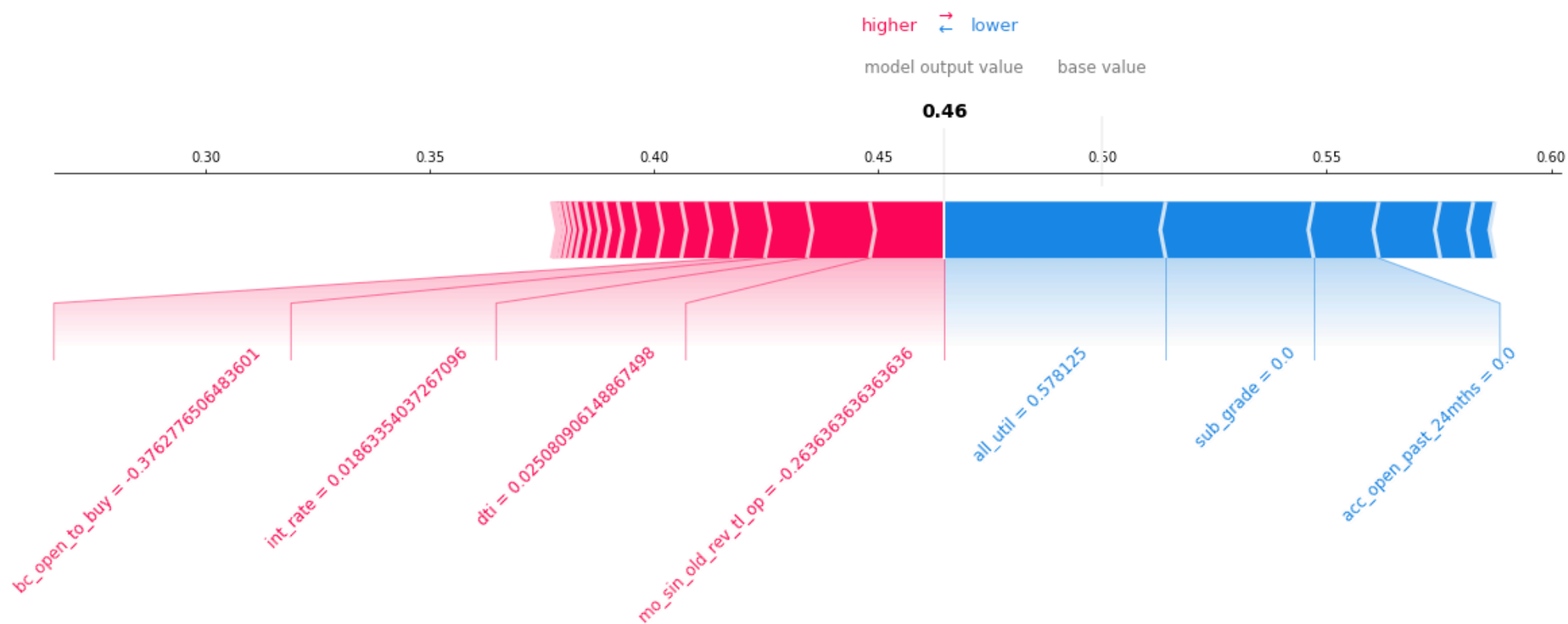
Recall: 0.806

AUC: 0.762

# USING SHAP VALUES TO OPEN THE BLACK BOX:



# MORE IMPORTANTLY: LOCAL EXPLANATIONS



# APPLICATIONS



- Lenders can now highlight at a global level the interior workings of an algorithm to regulators
- Customers can have explanations as to why they were denied a loan
- Customers can receive “feedback” on how to improve loan applications in the future



# FUTURE WORK

- Build software that can highlight information for bank applicants in a succinct way
- Optimizing models with different probability thresholds to achieve optimal tradeoffs between risk mitigation and loan revenue

## RECOMMENDED CHANGES

