Volatility Models in Option

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Volatility models

Standard deviation(SD)

$$\sigma = \sqrt{rac{1}{n-1}\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - ar{X})}$$

 Exponentially Weighted Moving Average(EWMA)

$$\sigma_n = \lambda \sigma_{n-1}^2 + (1-\lambda)u_{n-1}^2$$

 Generalized AutoRegressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity(GARCH)

$$\sigma_n = (1-lpha-eta)V_L + lpha u_{n-1}^2 + eta \sigma_{n-1}^2$$

Stochastic Volatility(SA)

$$d
u_t = lpha_{
u,t} dt + eta_{
u,t} dB_t$$

Option pricing models

• Simple Black-Scholes

$$egin{split} Call &= Se^{-qt}N(d_1) - Ke^{-rt}N(d_2) \ Put &= Ke^{-rt}N(-d_2) - Se^{-qt}N(-d_1) \ \ d_{1,2} &= rac{log(rac{S}{K}) + (r - q \pm rac{\sigma^2}{2})t}{\sigma\sqrt{t}} \end{split}$$

• The Heston Model

$$egin{aligned} dS_t &= \mu S_t d_t + \sqrt{v_t} S_t dW_1 \ dv_t &= lpha(S_t, v_t, t) d_t + \sigma eta(S_t, v_t, t) dW2 \ dW_1 \cdot dW_2 &=
ho dt \ parameter &= (v_0, heta,
ho, \kappa, \xi) \end{aligned}$$

Results

3month-call option on Apple Inc. with following parameter.

• K = 120, S = 148.11, R = 0.0421, T = 0.25, Q = 0.0061, Actual call price = 31.35

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## BSM_SD BSM_EWMA BSM_GARCH BSM_SV Actual
## 1 In-the-Money 26.74217757 27.1084363 26.91855601 30.34989122 31.35
## 2 Out-of--Money 0 1.129831294 0.6713966474 2.089795823 2.19
```

Conclude:

- The results of standard deviation, EWMA, GARCH seems to be inaccurate. The most possible reason is that the calculation formula is based on European style, while the option provided by APPLE Inc.(AAPL) is American type. The actual trading option price must be higher than or equal to the results computed by Black-Scholes equation.
- Since the stochastic volatility models are calibrated to satisfy the implied volatility from the real market, the model capture the forward looking factors in the market. As a consequence, The Heston Model offers more precise prediction in option pricing.