# Java Quiz: Chapter 4

**Guidelines:** Answer the questions below by ticking the box next to the correct response(s) to each question. Be sure to check your answers to ensure that they are correct.

		Be s	ure to check your answers to ensure that they are correct.			
1.	What is a programming library? Choose one answer.					
			Any code that is temporary is referred to as library code A programming forum where experts can discuss solutions to common problems Code that can be purchased for additional functionality A collection of pre-written classes that are ready for use in any program			
2.	In Java, what is a package? Choose one answer.					
		В. С.	A group of related classes A package belongs to a class; a class may hold several packages A term used to describe a group of related methods A package belongs to a method; a method may hold several packages			
3.	3. The code below is an example of:					
			<pre>double x = Math.round(34.54456456);</pre>			
	Cho	Choose one answer.				
		C.	Concatenation A non-static method An instantiated method A static method			
4.	The	The code below is an example of:				
			<pre>Date myDateObj = new Date(85,1,15); String myDate = myDateObj.toString();</pre>			
	Choose one answer.					
			A static method A non-static method Selection Concatenation			
5.	What is the purpose of this line of code?					
			BufferedReader x = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));			
	Choose one answer.					
		A. B. C.	Import a stream reader into a project Creates a new BufferedReader object to store saved data Instantiates a BufferedReader object that can gather user input from the command- line			
		D.	Creates a duplicate of the BufferedReader object to retrieve lost data			

6.	When	using this line of code in a program, which package must first be imported?	
		<pre>BufferedReader x = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));</pre>	
	Choose one answer.		
	<ul><li>□ B.</li><li>□ C.</li></ul>	<pre>import java.lang.*; import java.io.*; import java.util.*; import java.text.*;</pre>	
7.	7. What is the purpose of the [readLine()] method? Choose one answer.		
	□ C.	To wait for and read a text response entered into the command-line by the user To read multiple lines simultaneously from the command-line To output text to the command-line To change the default input method used in the command-line	
8.	s the purpose of the [try/catch] technique? one answer.		
	□ B.	To 'try and catch' a text entry from a user Try/catch is another selection technique (like IF statements) used to provide alternative paths	
		Try/catch is used to concatenate answers together To catch any unexpected errors that may occur during the run-time of a program	
9.	9. What is the value of the myDouble variable?		
		<pre>String myNumber = 3.44; double myDouble; myDouble = Double.parseDouble(myNumber);</pre>	
	Choose at least one answer.		
		3 6.88 No value 3.44	

## 10. What would be the output of this statement if the user entered the value 50.54?

```
String myNumber = null;
int newNumber;
BufferedReader x = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
System.out.println("Enter a number:");
try{
         myNumber = x.readLine();
}catch(IOException e){
System.out.println("Error Encountered");
}
newNumber = Integer.parseInt(myNumber);
System.out.println(newNumber + " + 25 = " + (newNumber + 25));
```

### Choose one answer.

- $\Box$  A. 50 + 25 = 75.54
- □ B. Error Encountered
- $\Box$  C. 50 + 25 = 75
- $\square$  D. 50.54 + 25 = 75.54

# 11. What would be the output of this statement if the user entered the value 'hello'?

```
String myNumber = null;
int newNumber;
BufferedReader x = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
System.out.println("Enter a number:");
try{
        myNumber = x.readLine();
}catch(IOException e){
        System.out.println("Error: " + e);
}
newNumber = Integer.parseInt(myNumber);
System.out.println(newNumber + " + 25 = " + (newNumber + 25));
```

# Choose one answer.

- □ A. Error Encountered
- $\square$  B. hello + 25 = hello
- ☐ C. hello
- ☐ D. hello + hello = hello