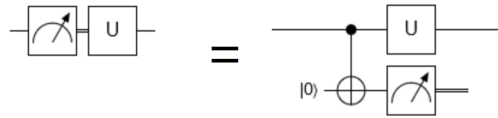


(Deferred measurement principle) It is possible to avoid doing any intermediate measurements in a quantum circuit, using one auxiliary qubit for each measurement that needs to be delayed until the end of the computation.

Exercise 8.1. [10pts] (Moving measurements onto a fresh ancilla qubit.)

Show that for any unitary U the following two circuits produce the same result (in the first qubit).

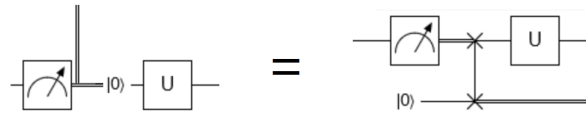


Swap gate swaps the classical values $|xy\rangle \mapsto |yx\rangle$

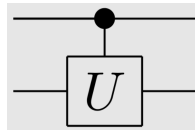


Exercise 8.2. [10pts] (Using fresh qubits instead of resets.)

Show that for any unitary U the following two circuits produce the same result.



(Controlled- U gate). If U is a unitary n -qubit operator, then Controlled- U is an $n + 1$ -qubit operator that applies U to the last n qubits if the first qubit is 1.



Exercise 8.3. [10pts] (Deferring measurements until later.)

Show that for any unitary U the following two circuits produce the same result.

